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INTERNATIONAL
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...ATHER — PARIS: Friday, variable, ...rs. Temp. 17-9 (63-48). Saturday, ...LONDON: Friday, sunny, showers, ...(63-50). Saturday, sunny, some ...CHANNEL: Rough. ROME: Friday, ...g. 26-14 (77-57). NEW YORK: Friday, ...g. 26-16 (70-60).
...NAL WEATHER — COMICS PAGE.

Austria ... 13 S. | Lebanon ... 41.50
Belgium ... 20 B.Fr. | Luxembourg ... 20 L.Fr.
Denmark ... 3.50 D.Kr. | Morocco ... 2.50 Dr.
Eire ... 15 P. | Netherlands ... 1.50 Fior.
Finland ... 2.99 F.M. | Nigeria ... 50 K.
France ... 2.50 F. | Norway ... 3 N.Kr.
Germany ... 1.50 D.M. | Portugal ... 12 Esc.
Great Britain ... 15 P. | Sweden ... 2.50 S.Kr.
Greece ... 18 Drs. | Switzerland ... 1.70 S.Fr.
India ... Rs. 6 | Spain ... 30 Ptas.
Iran ... 40 Rials | Turkey ... T.£2
Italy ... 350 Lire | U.S. Military (Eur). $0.35
Israel ... I.£ 4.50 | Yugoslavia ... 12 D.

112 * * PARIS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1976 Established 1887

*Other Dates Pending*

## ...rd, Carter Plan ...t Debate Sept. 23

By Joseph Lelyveld

...NGTON, Sept. 2 (NYT). ... huge national tele... *...dience expected to be* ...n, President Ford and ...arter will debate domes... ...economic issues for 90 ...on Sept. 23 under an ... reached here yester... ...eir representatives. ...counter will be the first ...al debate since John ... and Richard Nixon ...ore the television cam... *...years ago. It will also* ...rst such debate involv... ...cumbent president. ...d and Mr. Carter will ...ree times. Under the ...t announced yesterday ...eague of Women Voters, *...d debate will be on for...* ...y and defense matters. ...d was described as being *...discussion on all issues.*" ...the second and third ... Sen. Robert Dole of ...nd Sen. Walter Mondale ...sota are scheduled to ... the first debate ever ...tween vice-presidential ...s.

**...ites Not Selected**

...es of the four debates ...been selected when the *...nounced yesterday that* ...idates had accepted the ... to meet under its aus... ...like in 1960, when the ...medy-Nixon debates were ...television studios, this ...counters will take place ... halls before audiences ...by the local league ...

...Kennedy-Nixon debates

## ...ole Phones ...rter, Vows ...lean Fight'

...ON, Ga., Sept. 2 (WP). ...blican vice-presidential ...ate Robert Dole made ...hour foray into Jimmy ...'s home state yesterday ...ephoned the Democra... ...residential candidate at ...me in Plains.

...will be a good clean ... the Kansas senator ...e former Georgia gov... "We're going to work ...ou work hard and we'll ...at happens in Novem...

...two-minute telephone ...sation, conducted from ...ing room at the Atlanta ..., ended on a cautious ...sant note. "Good luck ...o a point," Sen. Dole ... Mr. Carter, Mr. Carter ...dly returned the wish.

were limited to 60 minutes, whereas the first Ford-Carter *debate will be 90 minutes long.* The lengths and dates of the subsequent encounters between Mr. Ford and Mr. Carter, as well as the debate between their running mates, have yet to be determined.

*Speaking for the committee set* up by the League of Women Voters Education Fund to arrange the debates, Rita Hauser, a New York attorney, noted that the understandings announced yesterday were "subject to final agreement on all technical matters."

William Ruckelshaus, a former deputy attorney general who was one of President Ford's representatives in the talks, expressed confidence that the details would be easily resolved.

"We've got an essential agreement," he said. "The outlines of the agreement are firm."

Mr. Carter's *press secretary*, Jody Powell, commented on the high level of the negotiating sessions and said it had been an "honor" to take part in them.

The agreement coincided with neither the original proposal announced by the league nor a proposal outlined last week by President Ford.

At a news conference at Vail, Colo., the President had suggested that the first debate be held shortly after next Monday, Labor Day, and be limited to the subject of national defense. He said he wanted four debates in all, each 90 minutes long.

Mr. Carter's spokesmen had said the former Georgia governor supported the proposal of the league, which called for three 60-minute debates between the presidential candidates, with the first on Sept. 28.

**'Equal-Time' Provisions**

In sponsoring the presidential debates, the league sought to take advantage of a *ruling last fall by* the Federal Communications Commission, which held that such debates could be exempted from the "equal-time" provisions of the Federal Communications Act so long as they were televised in *their entirety and were sponsored* by an organization other than the networks.

That ruling could still be challenged in the courts by former Sen. Eugene McCarthy of Minnesota, who is running as an independent candidate, or former Gov. Lester Maddox of Georgia, the nominee of the American Independent party. But it has already been challenged and upheld at the Appellate Court level.

The cost of staging the debates will be borne by the league's Education Fund, which is soliciting contributions from individuals.



United Press International.

**HARMFUL STEAM BATH—Some of the thousands of ground fissures venting gases fatal to vegetation on slopes of Taal volcano, on Volcano Island in the Philippines.**

### But Ford Cuts Saudi Missile Order

## *U.S. Arms-Sale List to $5.9 Billion*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 (WP). —The Ford administration yesterday agreed to reduce its planned sale of Sidewinder and Maverick missiles to Saudi Arabia in an effort to head off a battle with Congress.

At the same time, executive branch officials notified Congress of plans to make additional arms sales to a long list of European, *Middle Eastern and Asian* countries.

The additions brought the planned arms sales reported to Congress to $5.9 billion without counting prospective deals with seven more countries that are *expected to be sent to Congress* soon.

The administration originally proposed to sell 2,000 Sidewinder air-to-air missiles to Saudi Arabia, then reduced the number to 1,000 under congressional pressure. The latest reduction, which was worked out between President Ford and influential members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee earlier this week, calls for the sale of 850 Sidewinders, according to informed *sources.*

The number of Maverick TV-guided air-to-ground missiles to be sold also was reduced, from 1,500 to 650.

It is not immediately clear whether these reductions will head off a congressional battle over the sales program.

Rep. Henry Waxman, D-Calif., called yesterday for disapproval of planned sales to Saudi Arabia and Iran. Other members of Congress were reported ready to object also.

Under a law passed last year, after formal notification, Congress has 30 days to veto arms sales of more than $25 million by a majority vote in both houses.

**Sketchy Data**

Defense Department officials submitted only sketchy data to Congress, classifying many details and dollar figures. Sen. Hubert Humphrey, D-Minn., sponsor of the new arms-sale law, said in a statement that "strong protests" have been made to the administration about its failure to make public more details.

By far the largest planned sale is a $3.8-billion deal with Iran for 160 F-16 jet fighters. Together with helicopter parts and other equipments the proposed total sale to Iran is about $4.5 billion, sources said.

The total sale to Saudi Arabia, including four F-5 jets and combat construction, is about $660 million.

Other proposed sales recently discussed with the Senate Foreign Relations Committee by Secretary of State Henry Kissinger included $169 million to Israel (Huey helicopter gunships, Walleye TV-guided bombs, Sidewinders, cluster bomb units) and $83 million to Pakistan (torpedoes, tank-recovery vehicles, armored personnel carriers, ammunition).

***Additional Deals***

Additional proposed sales reported to Congress yesterday—which were not listed by Mr. Kissinger during his testimony last week—were $137 million to South Korea (tanks, observation aircraft, Sidewinders); *$100 million* to Norway (missiles); $71 million to the Philippines (howitzers, F5-E jets); $28 million to Australia (naval reconnaissance aircraft); $39 million to West Germany (F-104 jets); $89 million to Morocco (T-2 jet trainers); $118 million to Singapore (F-5E jets) and $57 million to Tunisia (air-defense missiles).

In addition, Congress has been told that further sales will be submitted soon for South Korea, Spain, Israel, Iran, Canada, Kuwait and Thailand.

### *Giscard to Talk With Kissinger*

PARIS, Sept. 2 (AP).—Secretary of State Henry Kissinger will confer with President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing here Tuesday following Mr. Kissinger's meeting with South African Prime Minister John Vorster in Zurich, the presidential office announced.

French Foreign Minister Louis de Guiringaud will attend the meeting at the Elysée Palace, the announcement said. Mr. Kissinger last conferred with the French President *on June 21.*

## Colored Protesters Invade White District in Cape Town

*From Wire Dispatches*

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 2.—Police fired tear gas in downtown Cape Town today as 3,000 young colored people sought to bring a protest march into the city's principal shopping areas.

The disorder, which under the fumes of tear gas dissolved by early afternoon into a series of stone-throwing forays, was the first violent clash to take place in a white area since the wave of anti-apartheid violence began in South Africa two months ago.

No one was reported wounded during the downtown melee but later this evening the police said that a colored man had been shot to death and another wounded when violence erupted in one of the reserves for the Cape coloreds, or people of *mixed blood*, which ring the city.

In Johannesburg, the police reported that a black man was killed near the township of Soweto when his car was stoned.

In the afternoon Cape Town *clash, many persons, colored* marchers as well as white shoppers, were choked by the tear gas. The police reported that a number of demonstrators had been arrested but would not specify how many.

**Outnumber Blacks**

There was no immediate explanation for today's skirmish. However, it occurred after a succession of smaller demonstrations in the Cape Town townships and squatter camps where an estimated 120,000 of this country's 2.3 million colored persons live. The Cape coloreds far outnumber the blacks here.

*A number of them mounted* a demonstration two weeks ago at the major colored shool, the University of the Western Cape, claiming sympathy with blacks who had demonstrated in their own township reserves. During the black protest in Cape Town, 29 Africans were killed.

Subsequently, a number of colored students as well as some white sympathizers from the University of Cape Town were detained. And last week, the Rev. Alan Hendrikse, the chairman of the Colored Labor party, the major colored militant group, was arrested under provisions of a law that permits the detention without trial of persons judged to represent a menace to state security. Since the wave of riots began, at least 850 persons have been imprisoned under this law.

It is assumed by observers that these arrests formed one basis of today's protest. Norman Daniels, the only colored member of the South African Labor Council, said today that only direct intervention by Prime Minister John Vorster could ease colored anxieties and tensions. He urged that the Prime Minister meet with colored students to discuss their grievances.

A number of these stem from the government's policies of forcibly removing Cape colored families from areas not zoned for colored residences after the people have erected squatter villages.

Another focus of resentment

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

## Kosygin Future as Premier Is In Doubt

MOSCOW, Sept. 3 (Reuters).—The government announced today the appointment of a new first deputy premier, Nikolai Tikhonov, 71, in a move seen as strong indication that Premier Alexei Kosygin may retire soon.

The announcement coincided with reports here that Mr. Kosygin, 72, nearly drowned last month after he suffered a heart attack while swimming in a river near his country house outside the capital.

Since 1973, when Dmitri Polyansky was switched to the Ministry of Agricultu... there has been only one first deputy premier in the Kremlin—Kirill Mazurov, who is 62 and has long *been regarded as Mr. Kosygin's* most likely successor.

Diplomatic analysts could see no explanation for the appointment now of Mr. Tikhonov, like Mr. Mazurov an industrial specialist, except as a preparatory step for Mr. Kosygin's departure.

They also said that it was another demonstration of the continuing dominance of Communist party leader Leonid Brezhnev, 69, with whom Mr. Tikhonov has been closely associated for many years.

Like Mr. Brezhnev, the new first deputy premier, who began his working career as a train engineer's helper, has had his political base since the late 1920s in the southern Ukrainian city of Dnepropetrovsk. Both worked in the area's metallurgical industry.

Today's announcement was made in a decree signed by President Nikolai Podgorny. Since 1965, Mr. Tikhonov had been one of the least-noticed of 10 deputy premiers.

*It is considered likely that* Mr. Mazurov would take over as premier, leaving Mr. Tikhonov a support role.

The reports of Mr. Kosygin's swimming accident first appeared in London newspapers this week (IHT, Sept. 1) but Soviet officials refused to confirm or deny them. Unofficial Moscow sources said that the Premier *was vacationing* and would be back at work this month.



UPI.

**Nikolai Tikhonov**

But today he failed to appear at Moscow airport when almost the entire 15-man ruling Politburo of the Communist party saw Mr. Brezhnev off on a flight to Alma-Ata in central Asia, where he is expected to inspect the wheat harvest.

Communist sources in Moscow said they understood that the reports of the river incident were basically correct and that *Mr. Kosygin, although recovering,* was still getting hospital treatment.

Whatever Mr. Kosygin's future may be, Mr. Tikhonov is expected to be elected to full membership in the Politburo. This, the diplomatic *analysts said, would* strengthen Mr. Brezhnev's hand still further in the Kremlin's inner cabinet.

The Supreme Soviet is meeting this month to approve the 1976-80 five-year economic development plan, which Mr. Kosygin introduced at the 25th congress of the party in February and March. He is expected to address the Supreme Soviet on the plan.

## Rights Unit Finds U.K. Tortured In Ulster

By James A. Brown

STRASBOURG, Sept. 2 (IHT). —The European Commission on Human Rights said today that Britain failed to adhere to the Convention on Human Rights in Northern Ireland. Except for 24 cases of torture and ill-treatment of political prisoners, however, the commission said that this was justified by the extreme situation.

The commission also found that the measures of internment and detention taken by Britain *did not amount to discrimination* against the Roman Catholic minority in Ulster.

Furthermore, the commission did not accept the charge of the Irish Republic that Britain had failed to respect the treaty's general provision that *the signers* "shall secure to everyone within their jurisdiction the rights and freedoms defined in Section 1 of the convention."

The commission's findings were disclosed in a 687-page report *that was adopted on Jan. 25 but* not published until today because of the necessity of omitting names for reasons of security. There are thousands of pages of investigations, testimony and other documents that remain unpublished.

The commission's findings were partly revealed last week by leading newspapers in London and Dublin. A source said at the time that the press disclosures appeared to have been taken from one *section of the study that was* apparently leaked in Dublin.

**Case to Court**

The case has now been submitted to the Court of Human Rights. Public hearings leading to a decision are expected in January or February.

Ireland vs. the United Kingdom is the sixth case filed by one or more governments since the treaty came into effect in 1953. More than 5,000 individuals also have brought suit against governments. The rights convention pledges its signers to respect the right to life, liberty, security, justice, privacy, free elections and freedom of religion, speech and the right to organize unions.

It prohibits slavery, torture, inhuman or *degrading punishment* and requires "an effective remedy" for victims of violations. The signers are the 18 nations of the Council of Europe.

The report stemmed from a group of charges made by the Irish Republic against Britain, and accepted by the commission in 1972.

The commission, which acts as a kind of grand *jury for the* court, gave its findings on various measures involving the deprivation of liberty in Northern Ireland on a large scale after Aug. 9, 1971. On that date, the British rounded up more than 300 Catholics under terms of an act allowing internment of suspected terrorists without trial.

The main charge involved arrests and imprisonment without judicial proceedings. The commission unanimously considered that these measures, although *not conforming to the convention's* Article 5 (right of liberty and security of person), were justified by the exceptional cir-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

## *North Korean Guards Issued 2 Warnings on Pruning Tree*

By Don Oberdorfer

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 (WP). —North Korean guards twice warned a United Nations Command team against pruning a tree in the Korean Demilitarized Zone, Ford administration officials told congressmen yesterday.

The first warning was issued 12 days before two U.S. Army officers were killed near the tree and the second was made moments before the fatal attack.

In a lengthy session that made public many details of the circumstances surrounding the killings on Aug. 18, State and Defense Department officials maintained that the North Korean assault appeared to have been premeditated and made for political reasons.

They also reported for the first time that the United States had been concerned in advance that the tree-trimming would cause an incident.

Following the slayings, the *United States deployed* nuclear-capable F-4 and F-111 aircraft, dispatched a naval task force to the area, began daily "practice" bombing runs with B-52 aircraft and raised the defense-alert status of U.S. forces.

Assistant Secretary of State Arthur Hummel jr. and Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense Morton Abramowitz gave two *House Foreign Relations subcom*mittees the following accounts of the conflict over the tree:

In the first few days of last month, a survey team went into the Joint Security Area of the DMZ to investigate the large poplar tree, *whose foliage* was obstructing the line of sight between two UN Command guardposts.

On Aug. 6, a "work party" accompanied by four security guards went to the tree "for the *purpose of felling it.*" At that time, "North Korean guards told them to leave the tree alone," according to Mr. Hummel.

Mr. Abramowitz said, "I guess there was too much of a show of force in the area" for them to proceed.

On Aug. 5, North Korea had issued a statement charging the United States and South Korea

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

### ...ation Rejects Condition

## *...midt Calls on Kohl to Let ...uss Join in TV Debate*

...N, Sept. 2 (AP).—Chancellor Helmut Schmidt said today ...dered Franz-Josef Strauss, not Helmut Kohl, his chief rival ...month's West German election and would not debate one ...the other.

Schmidt, countering Mr. Kohl's challenge to a face-to-face ...proposed a 12-hour se...four-way television en... between himself and ...Minister Hans-Dietrich ...r on one side and Mr. ...and Mr. Kohl on the ...

...ohl rejected Mr. Schmidt's ...rming the idea for four ...ur marathon debates ...ue" and bordering on ...gantomania." The Chris...emocratic candidate re... his contention that Mr. ... was "ducking" a debate ...im and noted that the ...iders already were sched...take part in what is billed ...television discussion" on ...

**Schmidt's Reason**

...bate Mr. Kohl alone, Mr. ... said at a news confer... ...ould amount to a "cha... ...because "it is clear that ...unot act without Strauss." ...Strauss, former defense ...nance minister, is the ...l head of the Christian Union, the Bavarian ally ...Kohl's Christian Demo... Union. The sister parties ...icked Mr. Kohl as their ...ancellor candidate for the national election.

Schmidt described Mr. ...challenge to a two-way ...as an effort to "drive a ...between the Chancellor's Democratic party and its ...n partner, Mr. Genscher's ...emocratic party (FDP). ...on't intend to participate ... act of disloyalty to the ...he told newsmen.



UPI.

**Chancellor Helmut Schmidt announcing debate terms.**

At the same time, Mr. Schmidt *said, Mr. Kohl "cannot be allow*ed to hide his dependence on Strauss. Strauss cannot be missing... [because] I have considerable doubt that Minister-President Kohl is in a position to speak for the entire CDU and *CSU." Mr. Kohl is minister-presi*dent, the equivalent of governor, of the state of Rhineland-Palatinate.

## In South America, Racial Bias Is Denied but Quite Evident

By Joanne Omang

### *Economic Factors Affect Unconscious Attitudes*

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 2 (WP).—Heads turn, children point, people smile—it's a black man wearing a stylish fur coat, trying to hail a cab on a brisk winter day. Nothing unusual in the sight except in most of South America. "They're all like that, either queer or subversive," said a taxi driver, laughing.

Such attitudes, if less graphically put, are part of the norm on most of the continent, where to be white is to be better paid, better treated, better heard and in most places better off in general. Although governments and individuals usually deny any racial bias and criticize the United States for lacking racial harmony, the harmony here is one in which blacks and native Indians play on a decidedly lower scale.

Generalizations, of course, can be *misleading. Discriminatory* attitudes are most evident in the so-called "southern cone" of Argentina, Chile, Uruguay and Paraguay, where the total Indian and black population combined is very small—officially about a *million* scattered persons out of 42 million, less than 2 per cent.

At the other end of the scale, blacks run the governments of tiny Surinam (population 400,-000) and Guyana (population 763,000), where East Indians are the majority and whites make up less than 1 per cent.

In between are the nations where *mestizos*—of mixed Spanish or black blood—are the *numerically* dominant group: Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru. In Bolivia, native Indians are an oppressed majority. And then there is Brazil, as always in a class by itself, where 62 million of the 110 million citizens are classified as white, 20 per cent black and the rest a black-white-Indian mixture.

In all of these countries, racial bias is a daily fact of life, evident even in the statistics which list most Paraguayans and Chileans, for example, as white, since few of them like to admit their Indian blood. Often the attitude is most obvious in the strength with which it is denied.

"Oh, no, there's no discrimination against us," said Luis, a black chauffeur working in Lima. "Pretty soon now they're even going to admit us to the Naval Academy here."

Former Peruvian President *Juan Velasco Alvarado* took enormous pride in being a "cholo," of mixed Spanish-Indian blood, saying it gave him energy and insight denied to the oligarchs he worked to oust.

**Unconscious Acceptance**

It is this unconscious acceptance of basic difference and proper place that characterizes most social attitudes on the continent and has kept racial bias from becoming an issue. It is unusual for any man in Argentina's highly conformist culture to wear a fur coat but doubly so for a black to do it.

Aristocratic critics of Gen. Velasco Alvarado's revolution never failed to maintain that his policies were foundering be*cause he* and his backers were not equipped by background, training or culture to run the country. This attitude, part of the continent's Spanish heritage, is the common explanation for the absence of blacks or Indians in high government positions.

No blacks hold Cabinet posts anywhere except Guyana and Surinam, not even in Brazil. The armed forces tend to be headed by whites, though the troops are often Indian in the Andean countries. Indians are defined as lower class.

"The problem with the army here is that it's middle to lower class instead of middle to upper," said Cumilo Ponce, a former president of Ecuador. "These people do not have the training, the background to govern properly."

**Infuriating Stereotypes**

The overall question of capacity arouses expressions of sympathy for blacks and Indians that would infuriate North American militants. The stereotype of the happy-go-lucky, lazy black persists on most of the continent. It is at the heart of the distinction commonly made between Andean "highlanders" and so-called "tropicals," a division experienced Latin American experts often cite as crucial in understanding the people.

Highlanders, the notion goes, are brisker, more work-oriented, taciturn and, like their mountain climate, generally colder. The lowland tropicals, it then follows, are more easygoing, *cheerful, given to drink* and music and to showing up late for work.

Blacks, of course, tend to live along the steamy coast from Ecuador all the way around the continent to Rio de Janeiro, and on the eastern side of the Andes in the tropical Amazon basin. Like their North American counterparts, they arrived as slaves to work the fields and load the ships for the very first colonists in the 16th century. They were freed in the wake of the independence *movement* that swept Latin America in the early 1800s.

Mostly they stayed away from the cool mountain highlands, where the great cities arose with their opportunities for education and better jobs: Quito in Ecuador, Medellin, Bogota and Cali in Colombia, Caracas in Venezuela. The distinction thus tends to be self-perpetuating. Blacks belong on the coast and in the jungles, where they have fewer chances of acquiring the *wherewithal to move.*

The Indians of the Andean *altiplano*, or high plateaus, are "highlanders" in temperament, the argument continues, but

Continued on Page 2, Col. 4

Vows Not to Fight 'Egyptian Brothers'

# Qadhafi Makes Peace Offer, Suggests Talks With Sadat

TRIPOLI, Libya, Sept. 2 (AP).—Libya's leader, Col. Moamer Qadhafi, has extended an olive branch to Egyptian President Anwar Sadat, saying: "No Libyan soldier will ever fight his Egyptian brothers." He also appeared to suggest a meeting with Mr. Sadat to settle their differences.

In a 2 1/2-hour speech marking the seventh anniversary of his revolution against the Libyan monarchy, Col. Qadhafi also said last night that he has ordered the Libyan Army to "provide water, food and other provisions to Egyptian troops on the border because they were suffering from heat and hunger."

He said that the provisions came from a Libyan air base named for Gamal Abdel Nasser, the late Egyptian president.

Egypt reportedly has massed up to 30,000 troops along its border with Libya in recent weeks. Col. Qadhafi denied that Libyan troops are stationed on the border.

**Charges Exchanged**

Relations between the two countries have deteriorated, with Libya accusing Egypt of softness toward Israel and with Egyptian officials accusing the Qadhafi regime of instigating bombings, other sabotage and an air hijacking in Egypt.

The Libyan leader said last night that he was "embarrassed and saddened" by what he considered verbal attacks on him by Mr. Sadat.

But he continued his criticism of what he called Mr. Sadat's reactionary policies and Egypt's relations with the United States and Israel. He said, however, that he had decided against breaking diplomatic relations with Egypt.

"I am not breaking the ties, as I intended to do before, because our disputes are with the Egyptian President, Anwar Sadat, and not with the Egyptian people," he said.

"There is no reason why Sadat and I should not meet to settle our differences," he added.

Col. Qadhafi also announced that three Egyptians arrested here in recent days on spying charges have been released after questioning.

Tripoli, a coastal city 760 miles west of the border with Egypt, was festive for the anniversary celebration. There were noisy parades of taxis bearing large photos of Col. Qadhafi and Nasser, and houses were decorated with colored lights and 40-foot flags.

**Military Display**

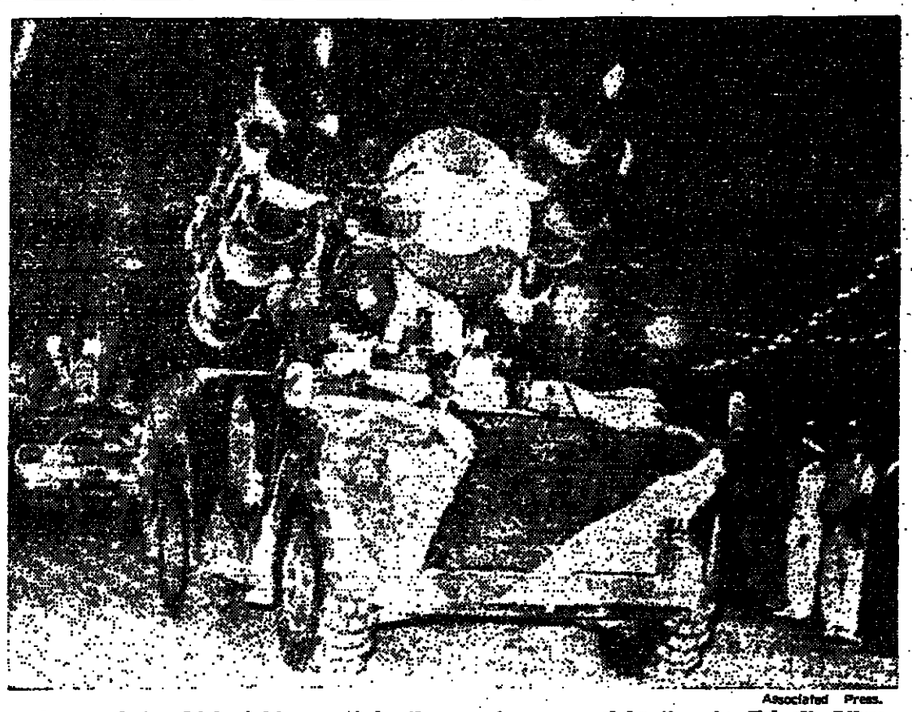
There was also a 2 1/2-hour parade of weapons including new Soviet missiles that Libyan officials claim are capable of reaching Israel. Authorities here said that the surface-to-surface Scud missiles have not been supplied to any other country by Moscow.

Other highlights of the parade were French Crotale missiles, Soviet-built SAM-2, SAM-3 and SAM-6 rockets and French Mirage jet fighters.

A British observer termed the display, the largest Libya has mounted, as "a very sophisticated, well-balanced arsenal."

For most of the first half of his speech, which lasted until well after midnight, Col. Qadhafi insisted that the Libyan revolution had originated with the people and not with him. He seemed to be trying to deflate a personality cult that has grown up around him. Several times students in the audience interrupted with Arabic chants of "Long live Qadhafi."

The nation's leader reacted by banging his fist on the rostrum and saying: "Those who talk about the Qadhafi regime are stupid. Your Qadhafi is not a president; he is an ordinary citizen."



Associated Press.

A four-rocket vehicle taking part in the anniversary celebration in Tripoli, Libya.

*Syrians vs. Palestinians on New Front*

# Fighting Flares in South Lebanon

BEIRUT, Sept. 2 (UPI).—Syrian and Palestinian forces battled in the mountains of south Lebanon today, opening a new front. Leftists and Palestinians charged that Israel was massing troops on the Lebanese border to support Christian villagers and threaten the Palestinians' rear.

Fierce battles with machine guns, rockets and mortars raged all night between Syrian forces dug in outside Jezzine and Palestinian forces based around Sidon, 14 miles to the west, both leftist and rightist reports said.

Officials of the Palestine Liberation Organization said the fighting continued sporadically throughout the day. They warned that a Syrian military push could be near.

"Syria has moved more troops into the Jezzine area. The Syrians are also moving new rocket launchers up into the central mountains," a PLO intelligence officer reported. "They are threatening another round of war."

**Stretched Thin**

Palestinian officials admitted privately that their forces were "stretched very thin" in south Lebanon and the prospect of two new fronts in the south was worrying.

A prominent leftist from south Lebanon, Deputy Ali al-Khalil, charged that Israel was preparing a quick military strike to seize the south. But a PLO intelligence officer said there was no evidence to justify the charge.

While Syria threatened leftist Moslem and Palestinian forces, it was negotiating with moderate Lebanese Moslem leaders. Syrian officials met with Moslem spiritual leader Imam Musa Sadr in Damascus and invited Chamber of Deputies Speaker Kamel Essad and former Premier Saeb Salam to talks.

Leftist sources said the Syrians apparently aimed at widening the divisions in the Moslem camp by separating "traditionalists" like Mr. Salam and Mr. Assad from militant leftist chief Kamal Jumblat.

At the same time, rightist leader Pierre Gemayel accepted an invitation from Egyptian President Anwar Sadat to visit Egypt, Phalangist officials said. It was the first time Egypt has opened direct talks with the rightists.

**Peace Plan Issue**

Strains between Mr. Gemayel and his rightist ally, Interior Minister Camille Chamoun, have emerged over the issue of the Arab League's new peace plan.

Al Amal, the newspaper of Mr. Gemayel's Phalangist party, carried the banner headline "A Political Solution Soon" after Mr. Gemayel and other Christian leaders presented league envoy Mohammed Hassan Ghoneim with a detailed response to the proposal—a sign of the Phalangists' interest in achieving a negotiated peace.

But Dany Chamoun, son of the more militant leader and a commander in his father's "Tiger" militia, said the league plan was "doomed to fail." "We will accept no conditional peace. We desire a radical, military solution to the problem," he said.

The elder Chamoun and hardline rightist President Suleiman Franjieh met for two hours today with U.S. envoys Robert Houghton and David Mack at Mr. Franjieh's mountain headquarters at Kfour, in the Christian-held zone north of Beirut.

Mr. Houghton told reporters he and Mr. Mack would meet with President-elect Elias Sarkis tomorrow.

**Hussein in Damascus**

DAMASCUS, Sept. 2 (AP).—King Hussein of Jordan arrived here unexpectedly today for talks with President Hafez al-Assad on the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Lebanese civil war.

The King drove with Mr. Assad from the airport to the Republican Palace, where they held a closed meeting. Further talks are to include political and military advisers of the two leaders.

Despite Recent Policy Accord

# Communists' Divergences Reappear

By Murray Seeger

MANDERSCHEID, West Germany, Sept. 2.—Europe's Communist parties have resumed their separate, divergent routes to power just six weeks after they endorsed a new common platform, according to qualified Western analysis.

Once the party delegations left East Berlin, where their conference was held at the end of June, their apparent consensus split into the several channels that have divided Communism in the last several years.

"Each party interpreted the final statement of the conference to mean what it wanted," Wolfgang Leonhard, an adjunct professor of history at Yale University, said in an interview at his home in the Eifel Mountains of Western Germany.

"Most important of all, the Soviet Union has been able to keep control of the parties most loyal to it in the Eastern European bloc," he added.

Prof. Leonhard now divides the Communist world into three camps, representing Moscow loyalists, independents and autonomous parties.

**Moscow's Control**

Since the final statement at East Berlin followed most closely the platforms of the independent parties, Western experts have been watching to see if the meeting would have any effect in loosening Moscow's control over the Eastern European bloc of Communist nations.

The 29 delegations which attended the conference never voted or debated the final document but merely issued it by consensus.

In sum, the statement supported the concept of independent national parties following their own policies to achieve power and rejected the historic claim of the Soviet Communists to hold a preeminent position in the Marxist world.

Within the weeks following the conference, however, none of the Eastern European Communist newspapers printed the text of the document except for the East German Neues Deutschland, which apparently was required to as the host party.

The other Eastern European newspapers printed in full the conference speeches given by Soviet Communist party chief Leonid Brezhnev and their own leaders and limited excerpts from the addresses given by other party spokesmen.

**Critics Censored**

Major victims of the party censors were the Italian and Spanish Communist leaders, who were especially critical of Moscow's historic efforts to establish itself as the leader of the Marxist-Leninist movement.

In the official Czechoslovak newspaper, Rude Pravo, for instance, the full texts of the speeches by Mr. Brezhnev and Gustav Husak, the Prague party boss, were printed and some of their most important statements were emphasized with bold-face type.

The other leaders' speeches were given equal space—the same space for Edward Gierek of the ruling Polish Communists as for Jakob Lechleitner of the insignificant Swiss party—except for the sharpest critic of Moscow, Santiago Carrillo of Spain.

Mr. Carrillo's 30-minute address, in which he said Moscow was no longer the Communists' "Rome," was boiled down to six lines which mentioned only the party's effort to win democracy in Spain.

Two weeks after the conference ended, the parties most loyal to Moscow began a counterattack against those leaders from Yugoslavia, Italy and Spain who have been the strongest advocates of autonomous, national Communism.

**'Pluralism' Condemned**

One of those papers which most clearly reflects Moscow's thinking, Rude Pravo, condemned "pluralism" and defended the concept of "proletarian internationalism."

The final statement from the East Berlin meeting had dropped that phrase, since the independent parties say it gives Moscow the right to interfere in national parties' affairs, as it did by overturning the Czechoslovak Communist liberals in 1968.

Instead, the East Berlin document said the parties stood for "internationalist, comradely and voluntary cooperation and solidarity."

The leading Soviet spokesman for relations with foreign Communists, Boris Ponomaryev, has now reduced that expression to a new slogan, "internationalist solidarity," in an authorit article printed earlier this m by all the East Bloc party n papers.

Western experts viewed article as a new statemen Moscow's claim to lead the munist movement and to the assertions of national autonomy by the indepe parties.

© Los Angeles Times

**Czechs Assail Italians**

PRAGUE, Sept. 2 (UPI).—Pravo today accused the It Communist party newspaper i of interfering in Czechos affairs and siding with those spread slander about Cz slovakia.

"We don't care when German publisher Axel Sp slanders our country," Pravo said. "But we cannot main silent when Unità, newspaper of the Italian munist party, joins the ran the slanderers."

Rude Pravo did not ela on the article carried by beyond stating that it wa open interference in the int affairs of the Czechoslovak munist party."

The Italian Communist Rude Pravo said, recently a at the Communist summit ference to observe the pri of sovereignty and indepen of all European Communist ties.

"It is critical and dang when Unità violates this ciple," Rude Pravo said.

Rude Pravo criticized Uni "disregarding the positive opments in Czechoslovakia 1968" and for trying to ment" the Czechoslovak Co nist party.

# Africans Ask UN Sanctions Over Namibia

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Sept. 2 (AP).—A 46-nation African group urged the UN Security Council this week to clamp sanctions on South Africa to force it to accept UN-supervised elections in South-West Africa, known as Namibia.

The 15-nation Council held a 40-minute meeting to discuss how to deal with South Africa's noncompliance with its resolution of last Jan. 30 calling for a South African declaration by Aug. 31—Tuesday—urging such elections in a move toward independence for the territory.

Henri Rasolondraibe of Madagascar, the African group's chairman, said the group "is in favor of a policy of sanctions against the Pretoria regime in the context of the Namibian question."

The UN has tried since 1966 to oust South Africa from Namibia. South Africa was given a League of Nations mandate in 1920 to prepare the territory for independence.

Mr. Rasolondraibe told the Security Council, "Only the organization of free elections under UN supervision and control can lead to these objectives, and the South African regime must be compelled to agree."

**Atrocities Admitted**

PRETORIA, Sept. 2 (UPI).—The chief of the South African defense force, Gen. Magnus Malan, has admitted individual South African soldiers have committed atrocities in South-West Africa but said they all have been dealt with by the courts of law.

Gen. Malan was reacting to charges made Monday in the Guardian newspaper in London by a former South African soldier who served in the northeastern part of the territory where Pretoria's forces are clashing with SWAPO (South-West African Peoples' Organization) guerrillas near the Angolan border.

Gen. Malan said, "To give an idea of the incidence of such cases I may report that only five soldiers were punished since 1968 as a result of such misconduct in the operational area." He said the former soldier's charges were "preposterous."

The ex-soldier said South African troops tortured Owambo tribesmen in the area and in one operation "saw troops beating the suspects with rifles, fists and kicks for two hours. All troops were welcome to join in the beating," the Guardian quoted him as saying.

# Pontiff Refrai... From Acting o... Bishop's Revol...

VATICAN CITY, Sept. 2 —Pope Paul VI said yest that he will take no further for the moment against the Rev. Marcel Lefebvre desp continued "public attacks a the Holy See, the Vatican cil and our person."

"You perhaps expect some ment from us on the case mass celebrated in Lille, F by Archbishop Lefebvre, wh ready had been suspend *divinis* [from holy orders] prohibited from celebrating because of his ordinatio priests at Econe, Switzerla the end of June," the Pop at his midweek public aud

"But no. We wish to a in this moment from refer such a theme," the Pontiff

"It is clear we cannot be plore very strongly this Paul said. "But for now, vite you and those who are ful to the Catholic Church, all those who enjoy co sense, who follow this matte interest, to pray to inspir confrere and his followers better judgment and eff faithfulness to the Ca Church, for whose peace unity we implore divine hel

**Dutch Mass Postpone**

STEIN, the Netherlands, (Reuters).—Archbishop Le has indefinitely postpone plan to celebrate a mass it was reported yesterday b Bertha Muelenberg, owne the private chapel where mass was to have been ed tomorrow. She said th had told her he was ill.

# European Rights Unit Finds U.K. Tortured Ulster Suspects

(Continued from Page 1)

cumstances in Northern Ireland at the time.

The commission found that the measures did not exceed the strict requirements of the exigencies of the situation of "public emergency threatening the life of the nation," which it said authorized Britain, under certain conditions, to disregard its normal obligations.

The commission also was unanimous in finding that the legislation on internment and detention had not been applied in a discriminatory way against Ulster's Roman Catholic community.

However, the commission did find Britain guilty of torturing suspected Irish terrorists during a three-month period in 1971. The commission unanimously regarded as such British use of five special techniques in the interrogation of 14 persons between August and October.

These techniques, since abandoned, consisted of hooding the prisoners, submitting them to continuous and monotonous noise, preventing them from sleeping, depriving them of food and water and making them stand for long periods against a wall in a painful posture.

The commission also said that 10 other persons had suffered ill-treatment and that in 1971 treatment of this kind, which took place at Palace Barracks near Belfast, amounted to "an administrative practice" in breach of Article 3. On the other hand, it unanimously concluded that such practices had not been found to exist at other places.

The notion of an "administrative practice" is one of the key guidelines in the commission's investigations. This is a still developing concept in international law implying repeated acts and official tolerance. A single act by a policeman or soldier would not constitute an "administrative practice."

Although Britain was found to have used torture as an "administrative practice" under Article 3, the commission ruled by a 12-1 vote that Article 1, the general provision, could not be the subject of a separate breach.

**Dublin Sees Deterrent**

DUBLIN, Sept. 2 (UPI).—The Irish government said today that the sole value in having Britain found guilty of torture by the Human Rights Commission was the protection it offered against it happening again.

"The impact of the case generally on governments in Western Europe will be considerable," a government spokesman said.

"The sole value of the findings is the protection it will offer to people in the future against the techniques condemned in the commission's report. It will make it more difficult for any government to indulge in these practices," the spokesman said.

An official government statement released through its information services said the Strasbourg proceedings "will not deflect the Irish government from continuing the close cooperation which exists between the two governments in their common fight against terrorism which ignores all human rights."

**Bill Passes Second Reading**

DUBLIN, Sept. 2 (UPI).—The Irish government today won by a comfortable majority the first major parliamentary test of its new anti-terrorist legislative package.

Parliament passed by 71 votes to 64 the second reading of the emergency powers bill that would enable the police to hold suspects without charge for seven days instead of 48 hours.

After the vote, parliament adjourned until Wednesday, when it will debate the next stage of the bill, which Premier Liam Cosgrave described as "essential" in the fight against subversion.

# 2d Warning By N. Koreans

(Continued from Page 1)

with seeking to trigger a war on the peninsula.

By Aug. 18, it had been decided to trim the tree's foliage rather than fell it. A U.S.-South Korean group went into the jointly maintained DMZ to do the trimming. A reaction platoon was stationed 200 yards away in case of trouble and three cameras were trained on the area. "We were worried about it [the pruning operation] ... It was a concern obviously," Mr. Abramowitz said.

**Accord Seen Near**

SEOUL, Sept. 2 (AP).—Representatives of the United States and North Korea scheduled another meeting tomorrow after failing to complete an agreement today on arrangements to prevent violence between their forces in the Panmunjom truce village.

The secretaries of the Korean Military Armistice Commission have been discussing North Korea's proposal that its forces and those of the UN Command be separated physically by the military demarcation line that runs through the middle of Panmunjom and the rest of the Demilitarized Zone.

# March Halted At Cape Town

(Continued from Page 1)

had been the rejection by the government in June of the recommendations of a government-appointed panel that had spent two years studying the situation of the colored people. The commission, headed by Erica Theron, a sociologist, urged that pay discrimination between coloreds and whites be ended, that coloreds be given limited political rights and that the Immorality Act, which forbids sexual relations between the races, be waived in cases involving coloreds and whites.

According to witnesses, today's disorders began when young colored students began arriving by buses and cars in an area leading to the main shopping district. The police, who had been on the alert since having turned back a smaller march the night before, sought to cordon off the shopping street but the youths, some of whom carried placards attacking apartheid, slipped through to join throngs of white shoppers. The police urged the youths to withdraw and then fired tear gas.

By late afternoon, when the police said that the majority of protesters had dispersed back to the townships, Justice Minister James Kruger announced the reimposition of a ban on all outdoor public meetings.

**Basque Bookshop Blast**

BAYONNE, France, Sept. 2 (Reuters).—A powerful bomb explosion early today wrecked a Bayonne bookshop specializing in Basque literature, police said. Nearby shops were also damaged.

# Lockheed Doubts Authenticity Of Notes Naming Andreotti

BURBANK, Calif., Sept. 2 (AP).—Documents alleging that Giulio Andreotti, the new Italian Premier, received $28,000 in bribes from the Lockheed Aircraft Corp. probably were forged, a Lockheed spokesman has said.

The Italian magazine L'Espresso published an article this week charging that Mr. Andreotti received the money from the aerospace firm in exchange for his aid in promoting aircraft sales to Italy.

It was the first time Mr. Andreotti had been linked to the Lockheed affair. He called the article "a matter of pure fiction."

L'Espresso itself expressed some reservations about the documents and the timing of the leak. But the magazine said it investigated the authenticity of the documents for two weeks and concluded that they should be published to contribute to a search for the truth.

**Company Opinion**

"Based on discussions with knowledgeable Lockheed personnel, the company is of the opinion the documents appear to be forgeries," Lockheed said in a statement.

The documents allegedly are intoroffice memos describing payments of $28,000 to Mr. Andreotti and of $12,000 to other influential Italian officials.

Lockheed spokesman Grover Nobles said several factors suggested that the memos were forged.

"For example, the handwritten memo attributed to Dale H. Daniels in April of 1970, indicating he was to set up an appointment for A. Carl Kotchian [a former Lockheed vice-president] with Minister Andreotti, is indeed strange," Mr. Nobles said, "since Daniels left Europe in 1964 and was employed in the United States on nonsales-related assignments through 1972.

"Furthermore, in response to inquiries on the subject, A. Carl Kotchian has stated that to his knowledge he has never met Minister Andreotti nor corresponded with anyone relative to these matters."

L'Espresso said it received the documents from "Lockheed officials and former officials whose identity we can't reveal for the moment."

"It is my understanding," the alleged memo reads, "that U.S. [$]23,000 of this will go to Mr. G. Andreotti to assure his and his party's valuable assistance in the sales of 18 P-3B Orions to the Italian Navy."

**Kodama Indicted Again**

TOKYO, Sept. 2 (AP).—The Tokyo District Prosecutor's Office today indicted Yoshio Kodama, a key man in the Lockheed payoff scandal, for the fourth time in connection with the case.

Mr. Kodama, 65, an influential rightist political figure, was indicted for violating the foreign-exchange and trade-control laws. His secretary, Tsuneo Tachikawa, was indicted on a similar charge.

# Atlantic Cable Starts Service

LONDON, Sept. 2 (UPI).—Two new telephone cables, one of which is transatlantic, went into service today, the British Post Office said.

It said Tat-6, one of the two, is the "world's largest-capacity undersea telephone cable," capable of carrying up to 4,000 calls at once.

The Tat-6 cable, financed by 20 European administrations and four U.S. companies, runs from Rhode Island to Saint-Hilaire, France. The other cable put into service today links Britain and France with a capacity of more than 2,500 telephone calls.

# Convicts in U.K. To End Protest

HULL, England, Sept. 2 (Reuters).—Rioting convicts who tore up most of the roof of Hull's maximum-security prison during a two-day rampage promised today to return to their cells tomorrow morning.

A Home Office spokesman reported that the men, who have taken over two-thirds of the jail and said they had freed all the 230 inmates from their cells, pledged to climb off the roof at 9 a.m. tomorrow.

Almost 48 hours after they started their effort to try to force a public inquiry into alleged prison brutality, the men tonight began to collect their belongings and climb down without any apparent assurance that their demand would be heeded.

# World's Methodist... End Dublin Congr...

DUBLIN, Sept. 2 (AP).— 13th World Methodist Co... ended this week with a c... continued talks with the R... Catholic Church on world c... unity and for similar discu... with the Lutheran and E... Orthodox Churches.

The congress urged respe... human rights in countries ... racism, discrimination and ... nomic oppression rob peo... freedom. It called for re... evangelical and missionary ... in the next five years an... pealed to delegates to go ... and fight for those policies

# In South America, Racial Bias Is Denied but Quite Evident

(Continued from Page 1)

suffer from generations of living "too high" up. It is said that they have been chewing the cola leaf instead of food for so long that they are permanently damaged and are an obstacle to progress.

"Bolivia will never get anywhere until the Indians are somehow dealt with," sighed a La Paz banker. "They are a dead weight around the country's neck." Yet Indians, mostly still illiterate and living outside the money economy, make up fully 80 per cent of Bolivia's 5.5 million inhabitants.

So far as is generally known, there are no groups or organizations anywhere in Latin America specifically dedicated to fighting racial discrimination. Neither are pay scales, employment figures or demographic data generally broken down racially, which makes discrimination difficult to document. This does not mean there is no discrimination, however, but rather that it is generally perceived as economic and not racial bias.

Some groups such as the Bolivian tin miners' unions and Colombian and Peruvian campesino peasant organizations have memberships that are exclusively Indian, but their appeal is to economic bonds, not racial ones. Similarly, a few groups dedicated to preserving native Indian culture, notably in Paraguay and Brazil, tend to seek protection for the indigeneous peoples and isolation from 20th-century life, rather than equal rights under it or integration into it.

A group of anthropologists that tried to educate Paraguayan Indians into pressing for land and social benefits was broken up and its leader, Miguel Chase-Sardi, jailed and tortured last year on charges of being subversive. Catholic priests sponsoring meditation groups among the poor, who tend to be black or Indian, are routinely accused of being Marxists or worse.

This governmental suspicion is a danger that any group trying to protest current policy would face in most of South America, where military dictatorships now run 8 of the 13 countries.

Merely being black in Argentina, Uruguay and Chile means being subject to more than the usual scrutiny by police and military authorities. Indians in those countries were all but wiped out in great 19th-century land wars, while blacks never became established as field workers. There are so few blacks in these countries that most are either Brazilian tourists or foreign diplomats.

A tendency to associate blacks with U.S. riots, militant African nations and Cuba may contribute to the suspicion with which blacks say they are regarded in the southern cone. The former interim president of Uruguay, Alberto Demicheli, said in an interview that the United States had to help Uruguay stop Communism. How? "You must keep the niggers (Negritos) of Angola from invading us," he said.

Blacks are the cause of the U.S. crime problem, many Argentines say privately. "We have none, you see. We have no street crime," explained an Argentine Army colonel.

Casual, unconscious racism is common even among persons who pride themselves on being liberal on questions like human rights. Blacks are routinely called "fuzzheads" in Argentina and "monkeys" in Uruguay, while servants are excused for blunders as being part Indian.

Indians were hunted for sport in this century in Paraguay, where reports of mindless killings persist. The continuing discovery of very primitive jungle tribes in the Amazon basin occasionally reinforces the prevailing image of Indians as vaguely subhuman.

Even in Brazil, which has prided itself on being a racial melting pot since its founding, blacks occupy a secondary level in social prestige. Although they are not barred from private clubs, as they occasionally are in Chile and Argentina, blacks still tend to find fame only in the relatively restricted fields of sports and entertainment.

**History Recognized**

None of this is to suggest that black and Indian contributions to South American history are not widely recognized even promoted. In Br... particularly, black history, m... and culture are an integral p... of the society as a whole ... are annually celebrated in c... nival. Bolivia and Peru ... a major tourist business f... their Inca past and t... Indian handicrafts, which ... sell in Ecuador, Paraguay ... northern Argentina. Peru ... made Indian rebel leader Tu... Amaru one of its nati... heroes, while most Paraguay... also speak Guarani, an Ind... language that is the count... official tongue along w... Spanish.

Still, the colorful native ... is more commonly glorified ... modern Indian or black ind... duals. Nowhere are there bl... or Indian faces on televis... news shows or in newspa... editorial offices, even tho... women have invaded th... fields.

"Black people aren't ready ... major responsibility yet," ... a Venezuelan oil-company ... ficial, expressing the gene... attitude. "Let them get educa... ed first and the time will com...

4. Your brother's jokes.
(A good reason to call home.)
An international call is the next best thing to being there.

*...er Washington Explosion*

# ...ther Atomic Alarms Cited ...t Plant by U.S. Aides...

By Bill Richards

...CHLAND, Wash., Sept. 2 ...).—U.S. government officials ...yesterday that "a number ...dividuals" were seriously con...ated in 1964 by an explosion ...plutonium recovery facility ...e Hanford Nuclear Reserva... near here, where an ex...n Monday contaminated ... persons.

...icials of both the Energy ...rch and Development Ad...tration and the Atlantic ...field Hanford Co., which ...tes part of the nuclear ...ty for the ERDA, have deni...nce Monday's incident that ... have been any other serious ...ents involving radioactive ...rials on the reservation.

...t other government officials ...yesterday that in addition to ...1964 explosion, radiation haz... forced the evacuation of ...ers on several occasions at ...reprocessing plant.

...ese officials said that in the ...blast, none of the victims ...killed or as seriously con...nated as two of those affect... Monday. The 1964 explosion ...place at a plant operated ...he General Electric Co.

**Signs of Poisoning**

...but two of the workers ...minated in Monday's ex...on have been decontaminated ...released. But medical offi... said yesterday that one of ...emaining two workers shows ... of extremely high levels of ...tion poisoning, externally and ...nally.

...e officials said Harold Mc...cy, 64, is receiving emergency ...ment to attempt to remove ...cium from his body. Amer..., a highly toxic substance, ...moved from nuclear waste ...g reprocessing.

...illip Craig, chief of the nu...-materials management and ...essing branch of the ERDA, ...h owns the 570-square-mile ...ar reservation near this city, ...the past evacuations occurred when special monitoring devices sounded alarms in the reprocessing area.

On several occasions, he said, workers in the americium reprocessing unit of the reservation's three-story concrete plutonium-reprocessing plant were evacuated when a monitor mounted on the wall of the unit showed leakage of radioactive alpha particles.

**Can Cause Cancer**

Alpha particles can cause bone cancer. They are generally turned back by human skin but can enter the body through any open sore or wound.

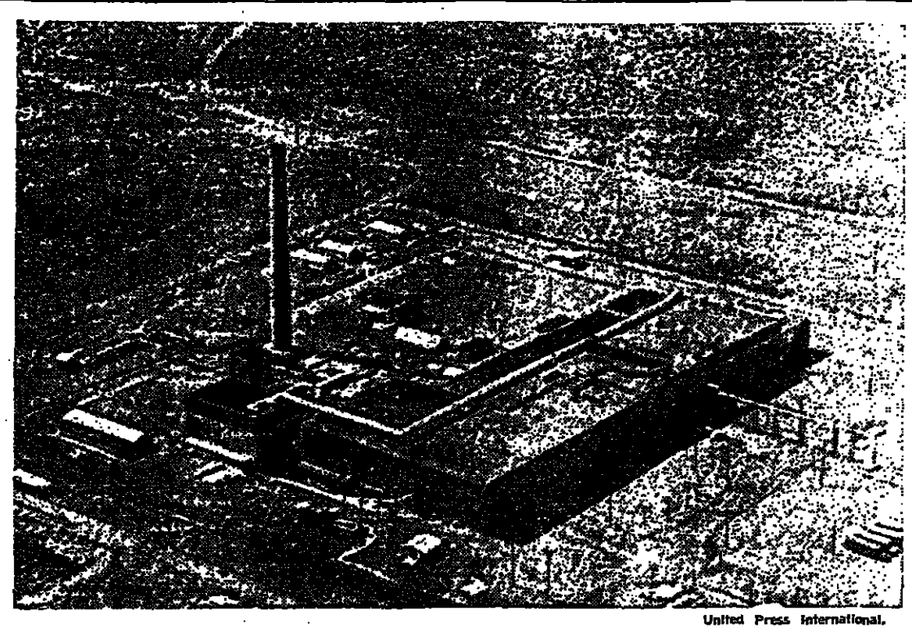
In addition to the alpha radiation alarms, Mr. Craig said a second warning device, called a "criticality incident" alarm, also sounded in the facility in 1962 during a reprocessing operation.

The device went off when plutonium present in the waste built up to higher than acceptable levels. Mr. Craig and other federal officials said that a "criticality incident" involving such a buildup would prompt an instant escalation of heat and energy and release of dangerous gamma rays and neutron radiation.

No explosion took place when the incident occurred, the officials said. But they acknowledged that the same type of buildup occurs on a larger scale in nuclear explosions when the force of the heat and energy is restricted and directed.

Nuclear safety is a sensitive issue in this state. Washington is one of six states that will have propositions on their ballots in November to curb nuclear-power development.

"Nuclear proponents have been saying that this is a risk-free operation," said Robert Lamson, director of research for a group in Seattle known as the Coalition for Safe Energy. "The Hanford explosion demonstrates that accidents do happen and that we don't even know why in many cases."



United Press International.

**The Atlantic Richfield plant at the Hanford Nuclear Reservation in Washington.**

**'Just Another Industrial Job'**

## ...But Atomic Workers Shrug Off Blast

By Wallace Turner

RICHLAND, Wash., Sept. 2 (NYT).—The employees of the Hanford Nuclear Reservation where an explosion injured a workman Monday take exception to the view that they skirt disaster in the fiery breath of an atomic dragon.

"The reaction of most of the men is that an ideal situation would be if the plant was right across the road from home so they don't have to travel 40 miles to and from work," said Tom Deen, president of the Hanford Atomic Metal Trades Council, which represents 15 affiliated unions with 2,015 members.

"I know a lot of people don't believe that," Mr. Deen said, "but it's true. To us it's like working around where they make high-test gasoline. That's all. It's just another industrial job."

National attention was focused here by the blast during the removal of the element americium from plutonium. The injured man was cut by flying pieces of plexiglass and was contaminated with radioactive materials. The cause of the explosion, which occurred in an ion exchanger, is not yet known.

Officials withheld the names of those involved in the accident because, according to a plant employee, "people tend to think it's dangerous to be around you if you've been exposed to radiation."

The federal Energy Research and Development Administration operates the Hanford reservation.

Franklin Standerfer, assistant manager for programs for the Richland office of the energy agency, said the workman who was injured was alone in the room where the chemical explosion occurred, but another workman came from an adjoining room and assisted the victim. Both of them were heavily contaminated and were being scrubbed to remove radioactive material from their bodies.

Six other workmen who sealed off the room also picked up contamination, as did two nurses who treated the cuts suffered by the operator involved in the explosion. All eight were scrubbed down and returned to work Tuesday, Mr. Standerfer said.

Mr. Deen, who is also president of the Nucleonics Alliance, a union with 600 members employed at the Hanford reservation, said he had worked in plutonium manufacturing since 1951.

**A Boom Town**

"The ad was in the paper the day I got home from the Marine Corps—the 20th of October, 1951," he said. "The only thing I regret is how the place has changed. It's all a boom town now with problems of growth like crime and overcrowding. But the quality of life still is better than in a lot of other places."

The three cities in this area —Kennewick, Pasco and Richland—have grown from a total population of 6,000 in 1940, before the Hanford works was established, to 65,000 now.

Mrs. Jean Dreher, a bank clerk in Richland, is married to a chemical-process operator, and her younger brother, James Williamson, 42, was involved in a radiation accident in 1962.

"We'd always been told that if you saw the blue flash, you're dead," Mrs. Dreher said. "But that isn't true. They saw it that day and all he had was what looked like a sunburn."

Her brother still works at the Hanford reservation, she said, and repeated medical tests over 14 years have shown no ill effects from the massive radiation.

"What happened is just an accident," Mrs. Dreher said. "Health risks out there can't be any worse than in a mine. How safe is the air-filtering system here in our bank?"

Tom Doyle, a 59-year-old chemical plant operator, went to work at Hanford in 1942. Does he worry? "Not particularly," he said. "We have a very good safety program. Most of our safety problems are with chemicals, not with the radioactive stuff."

Has he ever had a contamination problem?

"I've had a little stuff on my hands. We wear surgical gloves a lot and sometimes something with a sharp edge will puncture the glove and you get it on your hands. But it comes off. Easier than ink does, too."

**News Analysis**

# Medicaid and U.S. System's Flaws

By David E. Rosenbaum

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 (NYT).—When a scandal breaks over a government program, the reflex of officials seems to be to pass the blame. The report by a Senate subcommittee this week of rampant fraud and waste in the Medicaid program provided a case in point.

The subcommittee, headed by Sen. Frank Moss, D-Utah, found poor management over the years by federal, state and local administrators. David Mathews, Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, accused Sen. Moss of grandstanding and laid part of the blame for the program's mismanagement on Congress. In New York, city and state officials blamed each other.

The fact of the matter, according to experts in the field, is that there is plenty of blame to go around. It has been apparent for years that there was widespread abuse in the Medicaid program, and, until recently, little was done about it at any level of government.

Dr. Wilbur Cohen, secretary of health, education and welfare in the Johnson administration, was the one man most responsible for writing the law that created Medicaid. He said in an interview that "the blame can be about equally divided among three parties."

**Necessary Controls**

Congress, Dr. Cohen said, did not enact the kind of constraints and controls necessary to prevent fraud and failed to monitor the mammoth program it established 11 years ago.

The executive branch, he went on, did not recommend the needed legislative changes, did not police the program itself and did not use its authority to demand that the states enforce the law.

For the most part, Dr. Cohen said, the states abdicated their responsibility to see that the joint federal-state program was run legally and efficiently.

In addition, Dr. Cohen, who is now dean of the School of Education at the University of Michigan, faulted local medical societies for shutting their eyes to obvious abuses by members of their profession.

The Medicaid program was one of several dozen social programs enacted in the mid-1960s. Some of the programs have faded out of existence for lack of money. Others, like Medicaid, have expanded far beyond the bounds that were initially envisaged. In nearly all cases, however, Congress has been reluctant to go back and take a look at the programs it had a hand in launching, and there are several reasons.

Politically, the Democrats who control Congress have been less than eager to take a critical view of their party's programs, especially at a time when they were fighting with Republican administrations about the very existence of the programs.

**New Bills Barred**

Structurally, the committees in Congress that concentrate on oversight, like Sen. Moss's special subcommittee on long-term care of the aging, do not have authority to bring legislation before Congress.

The Moss subcommittee has been investigating Medicaid fraud for years. This latest report gained widespread attention primarily because Sen. Moss dramatized it by posing as a Medicaid patient himself. Despite the repeated investigations, no corrective legislation has been forthcoming.

Personally, most members of Congress find oversight unrewarding. There is more fun, more glory and more political credit in creating new programs than there is in reviewing old ones.

Within the executive branch, the attitude during the Republican administrations has been that the states should be given the loosest possible rein in administering federal grant-in-aid programs. The Department of Health, Education and Welfare in recent years has thus viewed the management of Medicaid as chiefly a problem for the states.

The law instructs the secretary of HEW to assure that the states administer Medicaid properly and efficiently but officials of the Nixon and Ford administrations, in keeping with their philosophy of state control, have put little pressure on local administrators to police their programs.

Within the federal government, there has been almost no enforcement of the law. Until this year, there was not a single person assigned full time to investigating Medicaid fraud.

**Appropriation Granted**

Last year, for the first time, the administration asked Congress for an appropriation for a staff to conduct such investigations and the money became available in January.

Of the 119 auditors and other professionals authorized by Congress, about 80 are now on the job, according to department officials, and investigations are now under way in Massachusetts and Ohio. It is doubtful, however, that 100 or so investigators can have a profound impact on a program that involves nearly 30 million patients and outlays totaling $15 billion a year.

At the state level, there has been neither the resources nor the will to monitor the Medicaid program. State officials say that they simply do not have the money, the personnel or the expertise to control such a vast, diffused operation. They also acknowledge that doctors have such political power, both individually and as a group, that politicians in state governments are often unwilling to confront them.

There are signs that the situation may be improving.

A special Senate study group has recommended a new system of oversight by the Senate. If put into practice, the system could lead to a more careful review of laws. As for Medicaid specifically, the attention gained by the Moss investigation seems likely to lead to legislative action next year.

**Allusion to Carter Seen**

## *Ford Warns on Defense Cuts, Unilateral Troop Withdrawal*

By Philip Shabecoff

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 (NYT).—President Ford warned yesterday against any unilateral troop withdrawals or reductions in defense spending by the United States and seemed to include Jimmy Carter among "the voices of retreat."

Speaking at the annual conference of the National Guard Association, Mr. Ford said that "the world is still a dangerous place. We cannot lay down our arms in the simple hope that others will follow our lead. We cannot retreat from the front lines of freedom if we are to preserve our freedom here at home."

Then Mr. Ford, who is expected to make defense policy a major issue in his campaign this fall, asserted that "there are those in this political year who want to withdraw our troops from their positions overseas."

"The voices of retreat talk about a phased withdrawal," Mr. Ford said. "They talk as if our defenses won't be weakened if we only dismantle them one brick at a time. They are very, very wrong. Preparedness preserves peace; weakness invites war."

**Not Mentioned**

The President did not mention Mr. Carter in his speech. But at a White House news briefing shortly afterward, Ron Nessen, the President's press secretary, said that "the Democratic platform and Mr. Carter's statements speak for themselves."

Mr. Carter has said that some U.S. troops could be withdrawn gradually from overseas posts, specifically from South Korea, without endangering the nation's security. The Democratic presidential nominee has also said that improved management would allow substantial cuts to be made in President Ford's proposed defense budget.

Mr. Ford's speech at a hotel here was interrupted frequently by applause. He delivered it in the punchy, forceful style that he used in his acceptance speech at the Republican National Convention last month.

The President assailed Congress, saying it had "chopped away at America's defense budgets, cutting more than $50 billion from defense appropriations in the last 10 years."

"I knew that dangerous trend had to be reversed—and I reversed it. Cutting the muscle out of America's defenses is not the best way to insure peace. It is the best way to destroy it," Mr. Ford said.

## *Viking-2 Heads For Landing in Martian Dunes*

PASADENA, Calif., Sept. 2 (UPI).—Project engineers turned their attention to Viking-2 today, readying it for a Mars landing tomorrow in a field of 50-foot-high dunes that are believed to be wetter and more hospitable to life than the Viking-1 site 4,600 miles away.

Most of the descent preparations centered on a five-hour series of tests of parts in the three-legged landing section that have not been checked since a few months after Viking-2's launch from Florida a year ago.

The craft, a twin of Viking-1, is scheduled to touch down at 2258 GMT tomorrow in an area called Utopia. The site was selected because it offers biologists the best chance of answering the question raised by the puzzling findings of Viking-1's life-seeking instruments.

Geologist Harold Masursky, head of the site-selection team, said some of the wind-blown dunes in the landing area have steep slopes, making the landing "considerably" more risky than Viking-1's descent six weeks ago. But he is optimistic.

"We feel there's a very good chance of survival," he said in an interview. "We think it will survive on the dunes."

The biggest hazard, he said, is that the lander might come down on one of the steep slopes, slide down and be buried by dust or sand.

## Stoessel Named To Bonn Embassy

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 (AP).—President Ford confirmed today that he is nominating Walter Stoessel jr., ambassador to Moscow while the U.S. Embassy was the target of microwave beams, to be envoy to West Germany.

Diplomatic sources said last week that Mr. Stoessel, 57, who has been ill, was being reassigned. U.S. officials stressed that the reassignment was unrelated to the microwave bombardment of the embassy, evidently part of a Soviet intelligence operation. They said Mr. Stoessel's illness, which includes symptoms of anemia, was not caused by radiation.

Mr. Stoessel would succeed Martin Hillenbrand, 61, in Bonn, the White House announcement said. It said Mr. Hillenbrand is retiring.

## GOP Candidate, Wife, Child Die in Air Crash

SPOKANE, Wash., Sept. 2 (AP).—Republican congressional candidate Charles Kimball died with his wife, infant son and two other persons in a plane crash, the Spokane County coroner said yesterday.

Coroner Lois Shanks identified the victims of last night's crash during a campaign trip as Mr. Kimball, 36; his wife, Vivian, 19; their month-old son Patrick; Mark Bruce, 19, a campaign worker, and John Alexander, 40, the pilot.

*But Study Notes Forces Are Growing*

# Balance in Europe Seen Precluding War

...ONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuters).—...ite increases in strength of ...h NATO and Warsaw Pact ...es during the last year, the ...ral balance makes military ...ression appear unattractive, ... International Institute for ...ategic Studies said today.

...he independent London-based ...itute, in its annual report on ...military balance between the ...power blocs, said that the ...nses of NATO and the ...et-led Warsaw Pact in Eu... were of such size and ...lity that any attempt to ...ch them would require a ...or attack.

...he consequences for an at... tacker would be incalculable, and the risks, including that of nuclear escalation, must impose caution," the 111-page report for 1976-77 said.

It said that the 15-nation Western alliance had emphasized quality, particularly in equipment and training, to offset numbers, but that this advantage was in danger of erosion.

It warned that if defense budgets in the West were maintained no higher than their present level and manpower costs continued to rise, the Warsaw Pact might be able to buy more of the new weapon systems than NATO.

Soviet spending has been increasing steadily, in real terms, for many years, and technology cannot be counted on to offset numerical advantages entirely, it said.

The report also concluded that, while an overall balance could be said to exist today, the Warsaw Pact appeared more content with it than the Atlantic Alliance.

It was NATO that sought to alter the numerical balance through the Vienna negotiations on mutual force reductions in Central Europe, while the Warsaw Pact sought to maintain the existing relationship.

The institute was founded in 1958 as a center for information and research on the problems of world security, defense and arms control in the nuclear age. It is international in its council, staff and membership, the latter drawn from more than 50 non-Communist countries.

The report observed that arms sales have flourished throughout the world, with willing sellers competing to sell to willing buyers. Change in southern Africa, it noted, was being sought and resisted by growing armed strength.

Extensive sales of advanced armaments continue to reflect a buyers' market and the desire of the producers both to offset high energy costs and to maintain industrial employment in recession, the report said. These factors, it said, emphasized the urgency of arms control but also its difficulty.

The Middle East, it said, remained by far the largest outlet for arms sales. In comparison, it said, very small quantities of weapons were exerting disproportionate influence in Africa.

The report said that the United States and the Soviet Union have continued to modernize or increase offensive strategic nuclear forces within the limits of their 1972 Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT) agreement. Each had extensive improvement programs for nuclear forces under way, it was noted, but each continued to improve conventional forces as well, notably in Europe, as did the NATO allies.

## *California Bars Defoliant Burial*

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 2 (UPI).—California officials have refused to permit a Texas company to bury surplus poisonous defoliant of the type that contaminated the Italian city of Seveso last month.

Dr. Jerome Lackner, director of the Department of Health, said yesterday that the Agent Chemical Co. of Houston requested permission to store 800,000 gallons of tetrachlorodibenzo-dioxine in sealed steel containers 100 feet underground at a storage facility in West Covina, Calif. Such a defoliant had been used in Vietnam.

A department spokesman said, "There are too many unanswered questions" concerning the requested burial of the defoliant. "We have no proof that the packing is going to last."

## ...tfety Issue Invoked in ...pain 'Strike'

By Henry Giniger

...ADRID, Sept. 2 (NYT).—...t 700 ground controllers, ...esting what they claim is ...rdous air traffic, are applying ...safety regulations so closely ... they have thrown air traffic ...pain into total confusion.

... Madrid, Barcelona and Pal...de Mallorca, where the traf...s heaviest, there have been ...s of delay and some flights ... been canceled or rerouted. ...tioners have been waiting for ... charter flights to obtain ...ance and financial losses for ...airlines and tour operators ...reported to be considerable.

...e work-to-rule movement be... two weeks ago as a protest ...ast what the controllers as... to be hazardous air traffic ...ed, they say, by inadequate ...pment and insufficient per...el.

...e government so far has not ...onded to what is, in effect, a ...e, since it is difficult to ...e the controllers for obeying ...lations.

...plying the rules means pro...ing the intervals between ...rtures and landings well ...nd normal practice, with the ...t that airlines cannot meet ...dules based on the tightened ...rvals. One of the services ...t affected is the hourly shuttle ...veen Madrid and Barcelona.

**Ministers Meet**

...remier Adolfo Suarez met in...ally yesterday with some of ...ministers but no announce... it was made about possible ...sures to deal with the emer...y.

...here were reports that the ...ers, for disciplinary reasons, ...ht be placed under military ... But they already are, in ef..., under such jurisdiction since ...l aviation is under the Air ...istry.

...he controllers met in Madrid ...sday and demanded govern...t recognition of an elected ...ional commission that would ...y measures to improve air...t conditions. They have de...nded that their numbers be ...bled and that equipment be ...nded and improved.

...nder the authoritarian labor ...tem still nominally in effect, ...ernment employees are for...den to form unions. The gov...ment consequently appeared ...ictant to accept the controllers' ...nand for a commission that ...y themselves would elect.

## Carter Increases Lead on Ford to 15 Points in Poll

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 (IHT).—Jimmy Carter's lead over President Ford, which dropped to 10 percentage points after the Republican National Convention, has widened to 15 points, according to the latest Gallup poll.

The Democratic presidential nominee leads Mr. Ford, the Republican candidate, by 52 per cent to 37 per cent in the most recent survey, taken from last Friday to last Monday. Eleven per cent of those questioned were undecided.

A week earlier, in the first poll after the convention, Mr. Carter led the President by 49 per cent to 39 per cent. After the Democratic Convention in July, the President had trailed Mr. Carter by 33 percentage points.

The most recent survey consisted of in-person interviews with 1,287 adults in 300 localities across the nation.

## Swiss Gets 4 Years In Soviet Labor Camp

MOSCOW, Sept. 2 (UPI).—A Moscow court has sentenced a 29-year-old Swiss man to four years in a labor camp on drug-smuggling charges.

The man, Willy Schaffner of Zurich, was arrested June 2 at Moscow's Sheremetyevo Airport. He was carrying 2.4 pounds of marijuana and two-thirds of a pound of hashish.

## *House Ethics Panel Drops Probe After Hays Resigns*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 (IHT).—The House Ethics Committee dropped its investigation into sex-payroll allegations against Rep. Wayne Hays after the once-powerful Ohio Democrat resigned his congressional seat yesterday.

The committee voted 12 to 0 last night to abandon the investigation it began three months ago into charges by Elizabeth Ray that Rep. Hays kept her on the public payroll at $14,000 a year solely to be his mistress.

When Mr. Hays resigned, in a one-sentence letter delivered yesterday, the committee felt it had lost jurisdiction over the case, the Ethics Committee chairman, Rep. John Flynt, D-Ga, said.

He told reporters there was "no deal" with Mr. Hays that the panel would stop its investigation if he resigned. There was, he said, "no prior agreement of any kind."

But Rep. Floyd Spence, the senior committee Republican, said Mr. Hay's lawyer, Judah Best, had sought "assurance from us ahead of time" that the investigation would be dropped upon his client's resignation. Rep. Spence said the committee had given Mr. Best no such assurance.

Three weeks ago Mr. Hays asked whether the committee would stop the investigation if he agreed not to run for another term. Although he received no assurance, he resigned his nomination anyway in mid-August.

It is still conceivable that some House member may try to censure Mar. Hays. There are precedents for the House to censure members after they resign.

Rep. Flynt indicated that the Ethics Committee would file no report on the Hays case, which was begun at Mr. Hays's request in late May, in the hope that the committee would clear him.

There remains the federal grand jury inquiry here into whether the Hays-Ray relationship constituted misuse of public funds. That investigation cannot be stopped by the resignation.

Mr. Hays, a 28-year House member and once a power through his House Administration Committee's control of members' campaign funds and office allowances, had been on an accelerating slide since Miss Ray's charges were first reported in The Washington Post on May 23. He admitted a "personal relationship" with her but denied her charge that she did no office work.

## *$100,000 Fine Levied on Exxon In Pollution Case*

SEATTLE, Sept. 2 (AP).—Exxon Corp. has agreed to pay a $100,000 fine, the largest ever assessed under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, for illegally dumping 500,000 gallons of polluted waste water from exploratory drilling operations in Alaska's Beaufort Sea.

The penalty was part of a consent order entered yesterday in U.S. District Court in Anchorage, Alaska. A consent order is not an admission of guilt, although the accused party does not contest the allegation.

Donald Dubois, regional administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, said the case was referred to the U.S. Attorney's Office last October because of the substantial duration and magnitude of the sanitary wastes and waste-water dumpings.

The incident occurred during a two-week period of drilling on Flaxman Island, east of Prudhoe Bay, in late June and early July of last year.

The consent order requires Exxon to keep the EPA informed of its exploratory drilling operations on the North Slope and of its pollution control measures for the next five years.

## Cosmos-853 Launched

MOSCOW, Sept. 3 (UPI).—The Soviet Union launched the 853d in its series of Cosmos earth satellites yesterday "to continue investigation of outer space," Tass said.

## House Votes Ban Of U.S. Pay Rise

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 (AP).—The House voted yesterday to deny a cost-of-living pay rise this year to its own members and to senators, federal judges, Cabinet members and other top-ranking officials of the executive branch.

It adopted, 325 to 75, an amendment to bar funds for such a pay rise from the legislative branch appropriation bill, and then passed the appropriation bill by voice vote.

The issue now goes to the Senate, which is expected to act on the appropriation after the Labor Day congressional recess. A pay rise, the exact amount of which is still to be determined, would automatically take effect Oct. 1 in the absence of congressional action.

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Sotheby Parke Bernet
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Sale of Fine Jewels
November 1976
Pearl and diamond pendant sold Zürich May 76
for SF 25,000
At the same sale, Sotheby's obtained SF. 2,700,000 for a 24.44 carat pink diamond, a world auction record for a diamond
Entries for the November 1976 sale should be submitted as soon as possible
Sotheby's jewel expert will be visiting
Monte Carlo 7 and 8 September
Paris 9 and 10 September
For appointments and further advice please contact :
Sotheby & Co 20 Bleicherweg 8022 Zürich, tel. 25 00 11
Sotheby Parke Bernet (France)
3 rue de Miromesnil 75008 Paris, tél. 266 40 60
Sotheby Parke Bernet (France) Le Panorama
57 rue Grimaldi Monte Carlo, tél. 30 88 80
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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 4—Friday, September 3, 1976 *

# The Touch of Lockheed

The Netherlands is the latest country to have suffered what might be called a touch of Lockheed, a particularly painful political disease that could be contracted, apparently, by almost anybody in recent years who simply looked like a prospective purchaser of Lockheed's aircraft. The disease was induced by that company's compulsion to encourage customers by bribing them. From the standpoint of the victim, the bribes themselves are not the painful part—it is only when they come to light that they begin to hurt. That's what's happening now in the Netherlands: an official inquiry has found that Prince Bernhard, the Queen's husband and a man widely honored as an ambassador of Dutch industry and a leader in international good causes, dealt secretly with Lockheed over the years in "unacceptable" ways. While no evidence was found that he pocketed money or affected Dutch procurement policy, the inquiry did establish a pattern of contacts so pervasive and dubious as to lead the prince himself to relinquish all his official and business posts and to concede he had acted "along wrong lines." This response helped convince the Dutch government not to pursue prosecution, as a few deputies, holding up the banner of equality before the law, wished to do. Thus a grave constitutional crisis was averted, for it was widely expected that if her husband were prosecuted Queen Juliana would have abdicated. The Dutch are left to ponder the reconciliation of the profound trust they have traditionally reposed in the royal family with the corruptions of power.

The Netherlands may be recovering, however agonizingly, from its touch of Lockheed. But the disease is still acute in Japan, where a former Premier currently out of jail on bond is to go on trial on bribery charges. In Italy there seems to be a lull while the political community considers how to handle bribery allegations made earlier. In West Germany the (unproven) suspicion that Lockheed had nefarious links with conservative politicians in the 1960s shows signs of taking on new life as a campaign issue. There is scarcely a precedent for the international havoc wrought by a single corporation. In the palmy business days of the 1960s as in its more desperate financial circumstances of the 1970s, Lockheed has seemed peculiarly ready to play dirty pool. While the company has emerged as the model or caricature of the corrupt corporation, however, there is some question whether it is unique, at least in the aircraft industry. With a few (mostly U.S.) firms competing among a small number of prospective buyers on deals of make-or-break dimensions, this industry may be more vulnerable than most to the sort of crudities revealed in the Lockheed case. So, reprehensible as its conduct has been, it may be somewhat unfair to single Lockheed out.

What can be done? The first requirement, of course, is to recognize corrupt corporate behavior as a grievous public problem. Some people myopically argue that it is only the disclosure of the corruption that is troublesome—but that is a cynical viewpoint which overlooks the fact that in open democratic societies, disclosure is not only "normal" and expectable but desirable, the very method by which the society works. Corporate self-correction, whether instituted by officers or directors or stockholders, offers one answer. Continuing review by the Securities & Exchange Commission and congressional investigations, like the one by the Senate Multinational Corporations Subcommittee which produced the Lockheed information, provide another sort of answer. But there should also be legislation requiring prompt public disclosure of corporate payments made abroad to promote sales. Passage of such legislation would sober would-be corporate bribers and would-be foreign bribe-takers alike. Above all, a public attitude needs to be shaped and sharpened: Corporate bribery is wrong.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

# Hypocrisy at the UN

On the initiative of Cuba and a few other self-styled "nonaligned" nations, the UN Decolonization Committee seems headed for its annual exercise in hypocrisy concerning the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. Last year, after strenuous lobbying by Ambassador Daniel P. Moynihan, the 24-nation committee shelved, by a narrow margin, a resolution that would have pompously affirmed "the inalienable right of the people of Puerto Rico to self-determination and independence."

Adding to the problem now faced by the United States and Puerto Rican governments at the UN is the Ford administration's inertia in reacting to the unanimous recommendation last year by a joint commission, appointed by the two governments, for a "compact of permanent union" that would enlarge considerably Puerto Rico's already substantial political autonomy.

Had President Ford pushed vigorously in Congress for enactment of the "compact," uninformed UN members might have come to understand the unique commonwealth status. As matters stand, the Cubans can cite the stalled "compact" as evidence of Washington's unwillingness to expand the self-governing capacities of Puerto Rico's 3 million people.

Yet, any UN delegate willing to examine the facts will know that the Puerto Ricans have exercised their inalienable right to self-determination—continue in reality to exercise it in free elections—and that the advocates of independence regularly get a very small per cent of the votes. In a 1967 referendum on the island's status, pro-independence forces mustered exactly 0.4 per cent against 60 per cent for the commonwealth and 39 per cent for statehood.

In the last general election in 1972, the Puerto Rican Independence party won 4.5 per cent, its highest poll since 1956. Because of high unemployment, it may do better this November, though the election as usual will be fought out primarily between the pro-commonwealth Popular Democrats of Gov. Rafael Hernandez Colon and the pro-statehood New Progressive party.

New nations that struggled for their independence against a colonial power may find it difficult to understand commonwealth status. And countries that never permit free elections will always try to discredit them. But the basic facts about Puerto Rico ought to impress any UN delegate interested in authentic self-determination and not merely in helping Fidel Castro and a handful of discredited Puerto Rican malcontents stir up trouble for the Commonwealth and the United States.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

## International Opinion

### A Wretched History

South Africa has gone its own perverted and increasingly bloody way, uninfluenced by outside opinion. Now, as the pressure increases, it is struggling on two fronts: At the constitutional talks in Windhoek where sweetness and light prevails; and in Ovamboland, on the Angolan border, where atrocities, of the kind we have given reports of, have clearly become the rule. Unless it makes concessions on the first, the violence will inevitably continue. A wretched history, wretchedly continuing.

—*From the Guardian (London).*

### India's Constitution

It is impossible not to regret, on grounds of principle, the changes to the Indian Constitution which are now going ineluctably through the Parliament in New Delhi. For many years Indians boasted, with some justice, of the liberalism of their parliamentary arrangements, of the independence of their judiciary, of the freedom of their press and of their intellectuals, in all of which respects India appeared to be set apart from most of the rest of the developing world. These elements of democratic liberalism were sharply curtailed by the state of emergency declared by (the Indian Prime Minister) Mrs. (Indira) Gandhi a year ago, and the process will be carried still further by the new amendments to the Constitution.

—*From the Financial Times (London).*

### Disillusioned Indian Communists

Though the Moscow-oriented Communist party of India originally gave full support to Mrs. Gandhi's draconian measures and described the opposition to them as pseudo-democratic nonsense, the party is now parading itself as a defender of democracy. The disillusioned Communists have been particularly critical of the new measures to permit private business to finance political parties, of Mrs. Gandhi's family approach to government and of the refusal of her administration to make any concessions to the Communists in repayment for their previous backing. The Communists have therefore decided to drop all support of Mrs. Gandhi, call for abrogation of the state of emergency and work towards the calling of a new general election.

—*From The Neue Zuercher Zeitung (Zurich).*

## In the International Edition

### Seventy-Five Years Ago

September 3, 1901

PARIS—The British Ambassador to France, Edmund Monson, has condemned the use of the automobile in a letter printed in the Times of London today. He calls them a "diabolical phenomenon" and refers to their "hideous appearance, asphyxiating odor and excruciating noise." He goes on to say that he considers the automobile extremely dangerous and that the pleasure of riding in the Bois de Boulogne has been completely lost owing to their advent. He ends by expressing his regrets as to its invention.

### Fifty Years Ago

September 3, 1926

LONDON—H.G. Wells has denied that the characters in his novels are real-life personages thinly disguised. He claims that all his fictional characters are "originals," although he does sometimes borrow certain features from various of his acquaintances. Mr. Wells's latest novel, "The World of William Clissold," is currently being serialized in the Daily Express, and has received a great deal of acclaim in literary circles here. No news has been heard regarding further books from the great novelist.




# *Kissinger's Role in Southern Africa*

By Anthony Lewis

NEW YORK—It is hard to avoid skepticism when Henry Kissinger calls for majority rule in southern Africa and says the United States, in acting there, "must be true to its own beliefs." For in the Nixon years he played a large part in tilting U.S. policy toward the redoubts of white supremacy in Africa.

Today, for example, the first object of Kissinger's African policy is a settlement establishing majority rule in Rhodesia. But in 1969 and thereafter, when change might have come less painfully, he encouraged Rhodesia's white minority government to believe that it would come under no effective pressure for change. An assistant of his at the National Security Council, Roger Morris, met regularly with the unofficial Rhodesian representative in Washington and gave him information.

But the doubts raised by past history should be put aside now by those concerned with the profound human and political problems of southern Africa. It is good to have Kissinger say that a system based in repression cannot last. It is a good thing that he is meeting again with the area's leading white politician, Prime Minister Vorster of South Africa. It will be better if he finds it possible to visit South Africa himself.

### Risks

Meeting Vorster immediately after the riots in South Africa's black townships does carry risks, most of all the danger of seeming to confer respectability on a government that has reacted to the unrest with such intransigence. Vorster is desperate for any signal of acceptance from the outside world, especially the United States. But Kissinger is aware of the dangers, and the ways of avoiding them are plain enough.

The first requirement is realism. Kissinger's African strategy is to dispose of the Rhodesian question first, with Vorster's help. But the British think he is too optimistic about what Vorster can do, and they may very well be right. Not even the powerful Vorster has found it easy to handle the slippery white Rhodesian leader, Ian Smith.

The recent Rhodesian raid into Mozambique is a case in point. Some thought the action was madness, because it might bring the Cubans in, but there may have been method in it. Smith always portrays the effort to keep the white 5 per cent of Rhodesia in control as a struggle for "the free world" against Communism. The threat of actual Cuban intervention—against which Kissinger has so darkly warned—would be used by Smith to seek U.S. support.

Kissinger can deal with that tactic simply by making clear that the United States will not rescue Smith in any event—that our answer to any Communist threat is a just settlement in Rhodesia. But it will not be so easy for Vorster to squeeze a Smith who appeals over his head to South Africa's white electorate not to let neighboring whites go down the drain.

### Save the Bacon

If we are understanding about the political difficulty for Vorster, we must on the other hand avoid letting him give the impression that he is doing us a favor in pressing the Rhodesians to settle. For it is essentially their bacon that Kissinger is trying to help save. The white people of South Africa hardly want a full-scale guerrilla war next door, ending in a Communist-influenced Rhodesia.

The danger here is the price that Vorster will surely try to exact for putting economic pressure on Rhodesia, and for taking further steps toward true independence for Namibia (South-West Africa). That price is U.S. acceptance of the status quo in South Africa.

No such arrangement could be made openly. It would be impossible for any U.S. government to defend politically at home or in the United Nations. But implicit acceptance would be more than enough for Vorster, and symbolic gestures could do that.

A visit by Kissinger to South Africa would be used by its government to the hilt. But whether it truly symbolized acceptance of the cruelties of the status quo would depend entirely on the way the secretary of state handled it. If he went with care, without hubris, with an eye for history, he could do much good.

At a minimum, Kissinger should not go unless assured that Vorster's government is going to take significant new action on Rhodesia. His visit would be seen as a concession of a kind, and he must have a quid pro quo.

But beyond that, Kissinger would have to send some signals on the situation in South Africa itself. He would have to state there, as he has here, our disapproval of apartheid. And he would have to make a point of meeting some of the black leaders whom the government detests. One would certainly be Chief Gatsha Buthelezi, the Zulu leader who has denounced official behavior in the riots. And it would be highly desirable for him to see some of the black figures who have been banned on political grounds.

In short, a visit could communicate the fact that the United States cares about all the people of South Africa, white and black. That may not seem like much to Americans. But in South Africa, as Robert Kennedy showed 10 years ago, there is enormous power in a simple gesture of belief in common humanity.

# Letters

### U.S. Tax Reforms

Many U.S. citizens abroad—if not all of them—soon might have to pay taxes for illusionary incomes, which at random will be tacked on them due to international forces beyond their control and the control of the Internal Revenue Service, should the new tax reform become law.

This and other major problems, so far undiscussed, are apt to produce explosive awakenings for many people.

Here is why:

- The new tax system will be based on a taxpayer's income in dollars. Yet most residents abroad are paid in foreign currencies, which have to be converted on the paper into dollars by the exchange ratio of the year's end.

And right there are the major problems.

First it is known that the various exchange ratios are generated by supply and demand of the currency, which does not represent a true comparative income value from country to country. Everyone knows that at present the dollar is undervalued.

Second, due to speculation and/or for other unpredictable factors, the currency might either skyrocket or drop within a short period, as recently did so by about 30 per cent even such hard currencies as the dollar and the West German mark versus the Swiss franc, or as the gold price changed to a much higher degree. This might also happen just before the year's end.

The effect is clear: Taxpayers in any country might face a sudden and considerable change—rising or falling—of their tax bracket, though there was no income change at all.

Hence it is not exaggerated to state that the new tax system will be based on illusionary dollar incomes.

- The living costs and social needs in all foreign countries are different from those in the United States. Hence the application of a fixed deduction per person, let's say $2,000, regardless of country, is also based on illusion.
- Any just tax must be a payment for the return of public benefits, such as schools, roads, police protection, etc. We, the financial aliens, are in no position to receive such a return. Hence, as a basic principle, financial aliens should not pay any taxes at all to the home country—a policy accepted by many countries.
- An exception to this principle could be a limited head tax for the potential return of political and military protection (such as the recent evacuation of U.S. personnel from the Middle East).

I fully agree with suggestions (IHT, Aug. 27, Aug. 30) for actions by residents abroad and, if necessary, to carry the issue up to the Supreme Court, also to the effect to reverse prior negative decisions by lower courts.

ERWIN FREI.

Zurich.

### Housing in Europe

Re the article by Jonathan Power, "A Close Look at Europe's Housing Woes" (IHT, Aug. 17):

The subject raised is so important, the conclusions drawn are so dangerous in their implications and the article is so full of contradictions and misinformation that it cannot be left unchallenged.

Firstly, the "five lines of attack [which] have to be implemented if the housing situation is not to run amok" have not been implemented by any of the countries such as West Germany or Belgium, which are praised as being "socially conscious" and having solved their problems of slums, homelessness and crowding.

Secondly, the "compulsory purchase by the poor of cheaper housing for renovation" is self-contradictory as by definition the poor have neither money to purchase houses nor the power of compulsory purchase. It is in fact a thinly disguised proposal for municipal government landlordism, which is itself criticized elsewhere in the article.

Thirdly, the suggestion that "the boom in center-city office building and a growing demand for more urban elbow room has led to an astronomic rise in land prices" makes good politics but does not stand up to factual analysis. The experience of the last few years has clearly demonstrated that, except in the highest luxury bracket, house and housing land prices are determined by the availability of mortgages and by mortgage interest rates, in conjunction with the future income expectations of mortgage seekers. This is largely because relative ease of mortgage availability and low rates encourages greater home mobility, particularly by people seeking a higher standard of accommodation. This in turn creates an artificially competitive house buying market, naturally pushing up house and land prices.

Fourthly, the statement that "most Eastern European countries have 50 per cent of their dwellings owner-occupied" would make me laugh if the truth were not so tragic. As a person of Hungarian birth, whose family are still living there, I can personally testify to the apalling and crowded conditions in which some Eastern Europeans still live. In any case, in a Communist society, what is the meaning of "ownership" when an elderly couple can be kicked out of their house by government officials because their children have left home and it is now considered too big for them alone to occupy?

This brings me to my final point, the article's proposed second "line of attack" (a telling phrase): "The take-over by the state or municipal authorities of development land." Development land is meant to suggest greedy developers, speculators kicking out poor defenseless people and making "obscene" profits from huge, ugly office blocks, etc. But the British now know what development land is because Mr. Power's millennium arrived in Britain on April 1, in the form of the Community Land Act. Development land in fact comprises all the land in the country, including private gardens larger than one acre, and how long can that minor proviso be expected to remain an exception? Under this law, no private individual or corporation will be able to do anything on any land in Britain without first selling it to the government at its existing, in other words unimproved, value. The government then gives itself the Planning (building) Permission it chooses, and leases the land back to whomever it desires, under whichever conditions it chooses to impose as a monopoly landlord. In time, estimates vary from 40 to 80 years, virtually all land will be government-owned and controlled...

Perhaps in Europe it is already too late, but America needs urgently to be reminded that without the safeguarding of private property rights the individual has no assets, no power to stand up against the ever-increasing government bureaucracy, no freedom and therefore no dignity. The threat is real, it is with us now and it must be taken seriously.

P. PINTER.

London.

### Vietnam Pardon

Re The New York Times editorial on "Carter Speaks Out" (IHT), Aug. 27):

The Times has the right to write what it pleases but I would like you to know how I feel about Mr. Carter's speech to the American Legion in Seattle.

First, your newspaper might forget the more than 50,000 U.S. servicemen killed in Vietnam; I am sure that I will never nor will I forget the servicemen killed in Korea and World Wars I and II. They all died for the same purpose: They died for liberty.

The Vietnam deserters have no right to U.S. citizenship. And so as a staunch Democrat, I will thus vote for a Republican President, Mr. Ford.

ANGUS CAMERON, USN Ret.
American Legion, Paris Post 1.

### Dole vs. Mondale

Sen. Dole has received an inhospitable press, yet Sen. Mondale a favorable one, since their respective adoptions as vice-presidential nominees. In your Aug. 30 edition you report that Mondale compared President Ford with Amin and Arafat, which is so puerile as to be laughable. Furthermore, Mondale is an advocate of socialist policies that have brought Britain, France and Italy to their knees.

I therefore suggest you show your lack of political bias by giving us an editorial on the shortcomings of Sen. Mondale.

PETER E.C. BRUN.

Luxembourg.

### Women Priests

In the story headlined "Pope Cautions Anglicans on Women Priests" (IHT, Aug. 23) the Pope is quoted as having written to the Archbishop of Canterbury that "it is not admissible to ordain women to the priesthood for truly fundamental reasons." E.g., Christ chose only men as apostles.

The Anglicans might like to reply with chapter and verse, the Epistle of Paul the Apostle to the Galatians, 3:27-28:

"There is neither Jew nor Greek, there is neither bond nor free, there is neither male nor female: for ye are all one in Christ Jesus."

VIRGINIA CHAQUET.

St. Paul, France.

# Ford's Comeback At the Polls

By Joseph Kraft

WASHINGTON—President Ford's rebound in the public opinion polls goes well beyond the anticipated afterglow of the Republican convention. The comeback reflects the full range of strengths and weaknesses associated with the two candidates. It serves to establish the dynamic of the campaign, and to underline the vital importance of the coming debates.

To be sure it was generally expected that Mr. Ford would make a comeback in the polls following his nomination in Kansas City. He'd been down so long he had no place to go but up.

Indeed, three days before the convention began, Jimmy Carter's pollster, Pat Caddell, moved to put an advance discount on the Ford recovery. In a news conference, notable because he crossed the line between analyst and advocacy, Mr. Caddell predicted that there would be a temporary surge for Ford but that it would not threaten Carter's basic lead.

In fact the lead has been importantly diminished. Just after the Democratic convention, the Gallup Poll showed Mr. Carter ahead by 33 points—62 to 29 percent. The gap in the Gallup Poll had narrowed to 10 points before widening again to 15 points. That finding conforms with similar results in two other reputable polls—one by the Opinion Research Corp. of Princeton; the other done by Daniel Yankelovich for Time magazine.

Given the 2-to-1 lead Carter enjoys below the Mason-Dixon line, the latest polls mean that the two candidates are practically even outside the South. The pace and the size of the Ford comeback are thus without precedent in presidential polling. But not without an explanation—an explanation arising from the very nature of the two candidates.

Mr. Carter has all along been the fresh face. In the early running he was the only Democratic candidate without a long record in Washington. He spoke as no other candidate did of loving God, country and family. He was probably the first Southerner in national politics who promoted harmony, not tension, between the races.

Most important, there was the golly, gee whiz, novelty factor. The meteoric rise from nowhere to presidential contender captured imaginations and begot wonder. The Carter campaign became like Evel Knievel, a TV phenomenon. Success generated success.

But only up to a point. The U.S. public still knows next to nothing about Jimmy Carter. So as the prospect of entrusting the national destiny to such a leader becomes serious, hesitations develop. Thus Carter did poorly in the late Democratic primaries and dipped in the public opinion polls as the primaries came to a close. So now the awareness that he might become president diminishes his stock. The novelty has worn thin, if not off.

President Ford presents the opposite case—the case of what familiarity breeds. His verbal and physical slips have become a national joke. His campaign strategy—like his policies on energy and defense—has been chopped and changed in full public view. And all these weaknesses were underlined during the campaign against Ronald Reagan for the Republican nomination.

But low expectations serve to show off the President's good points as the serious choice draws near. However uninspiring it may be, his bumbling has not yielded disaster. Despite ups and downs his policies have not prevented economic recovery, return to peace and a revival of trust. Moreover if it happens to the President to make a good speech or a crisis decision, he looks like a cross between Aristotle and Ulysses.

As it happens, he did both of these things in Kansas City. His acceptance speech was perhaps the best of his political life. His call for debates rang loud and clear. Hence the abnormal spurt in his standing in the country and the polls.

What all this indicates is that neither candidate has yet established a commanding grip on public opinion. Enthusiasm for both men is shallow, and the country is still groping for their essential qualities.

Hence the overriding importance of the debates. They now shape up as the central means by which the public will take the measure of the two candidates. Accordingly they have already come to dominate the campaign and they are apt to be far more influential in determining the outcome than the Kennedy-Nixon debates in 1960.

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## iticians Silenced Uruguay

### Order Issued ew President

EVIDEO, Sept. 2 (NYT). ilitary regime yesterday as President a conserva- er, Aparicio Mendez, who ely canceled the political the leaders of all par-

ecree denies for 15 years of thousands of political including former Presi- an Maria Bordaberry, to ed or to hold public of-

endez, a 72-year-old con- al lawyer, was the choice uay's senior military of- replace Mr. Bordaberry, elected in 1971 but dis- ongress in 1973 and had since with military

ordaberry was forced to une 12 after a disagree- with the military chiefs, nounced that they had wn their support of him. replaced provisionally by Demichell, the 80-year- ident of the Council of 27-member body created ce Congress.

**Balked at Decree**

Mr. Demichell reportedly to issue the decree de- by the military that abol- e leadership of all the al political parties, so Mr. was chosen to carry out k as a condition for be- President for a five-year

g those whose political ere suspended was Walter Aldunate, the presiden- ddidate of the National gainst Mr. Bordaberry in r. Ferreira Aldunate, who ported then by Mr. Men- National party member, is exile and is described by itary as a subversive. andidates of the leftist ho ran in 1971 on the tick- led by Gen. Liber Sere- w in jail, were banned. former President Jorge Areco of the Colorado elected in 1966.

decree said that the ban nishment for "the subver- d inertia of the political that led to shedding of t blood, limitation of lib- collapse of security and istrative chaos."



Associated Press.

**ZOO ZANINESS—Young zebra jumping about nervously as it is approached by circus clowns rigged up in a zebra costume in West Berlin zoo. It was a publicity stunt.**

*Despite Rejection in Neighboring Countries*

## South Vietnamese Still Fleeing in Boats

By George McArthur

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia, Sept. 2.—The exodus of refugees from South Vietnam continues unabated despite typhoons, harsher surveillance and the fact that those who make it are finding little welcome in the non-Communist countries around the South China Sea.

Estimates from official sources indicate that about 1,800 refugees are being held in coastal camps or aboard their boats in usually isolated foreign anchorages.

Officials say others almost certainly are fleeing South Vietnam and still more are sailing back and forth from one inhospitable country to another, having been furnished supplies and told to sail on.

"These boats bounce around like Ping-Pong balls," a U.S. official noted.

A reason for the increasingly inhospitable treatment given the refugees is the virtual end of the U.S. refugee program. While refugees already accepted continue to go to the United States, the total number approved by Congress has been reached. Asian states with problems of their own are unwilling to undertake what they believe should be a U.S. burden.

It is impossible to gauge accurately how many refugees are leaving. The storms prevalent at this time of year may have engulfed some boats. In June, it was estimated that 1,500 "boat people" had received some kind of help in Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, Kong Kong, Borneo, the Philippines and elsewhere. Since then, perhaps 400 of these have been accepted by one country or another.

In theory, the UN High Commission for Refugees, with small offices in Bangkok and Kuala Lumpur, is supposed to keep track of fleeing Vietnamese. In theory also, U.S. consular officials screen all who wish to go to the United States.

In practice, U.S. and UN officials admit, it does not work that way. The Asian states are increasingly reluctant to have refugee arrivals publicized and by the time they notify the Americans or the UN the boat in question may have been sent elsewhere.

**Unknown Boats**

"I am sure there are a lot of boats we are not aware of," a U.S. official in Malaysia said.

"Our refugee program is practically over," an American in Thailand admitted. "We do not want to give anyone real hopes that we cannot fulfill. Even if we hear that a boat has arrived, we call the United Nations and they go out and do the interviews."

Part of the problem is that no central coordinating agency exists on the spot. UN refugee offices in Kuala Lumpur and Thailand have little liaison. And the U.S. refugee office in Thailand has been largely disbanded and its duties turned over to individual consulates.

In Kuala Lumpur, the U.S. Consulate notes that refugees are now scattered in six camps over the country's somewhat remote east coast. The favorite landing spot is a remote Australian sawmill on the north coast that keeps a large number of security lights on all night. The refugees seem to use it as a beacon.

© Los Angeles Times.

**4 Families Saved at Sea**

SINGAPORE, Sept. 2 (UPI).—Four Vietnamese families totaling 22 persons have arrived here, safe after an eight-day sea voyage that nearly ended in disaster.

The Vietnamese were plucked from the wheelhouse roof of their sinking 36-foot riverboat in the South China Sea during the weekend by an Australian offshore oil rig's service boat, the Lady Cynthia.

The Lady Cynthia arrived here Monday. Australian officials indicated that approval has been granted for the Vietnamese to migrate to Australia if they choose.

A spokesman for the refugees told newsmen that other vessels saw their sinking boat but ignored them.

*Regime Ousts Illegal Occupants*

## ome Seized Land Is Restored in Portugal

y Marvine Howe

MIRA, Portugal, Sept. 2 —The 66-year-old tenant proudly showed visitors his rice fields and said, n our rights but it had one by force."

peaceful now at the Cuba which has been divided new collective farmers higher land and the ten- mer, Francisco Maria dos in the valley.

state, 1,212 acres of wheat ce fields, cork and eu- s groves, is situated here southernmost part of Province. The province n the center of Portugal's agrarian reform program, after the revolution of 5, 1974. The government gun cautiously to restore hat had been illegally oc- before they were expro- but it is not an easy and has been marked olence.

ers aided by the Commu- ty had seized most of the ndholdings in the Alen- o vowed to defend the th their lives. They have attempts to recover it.

**Correcting 'Abuses'**

with a fait accompli, the of Agriculture has rec- most of the take-overs ing the occupation of 5 million acres of land. ressure from the Portu- onfederation of Farmers, the ministry in March a complaints bureau and to correct any "abuses s."

A total of 1,200 complaints have been made so far but very few are justified, according to Joaquim Castro Guerra, the secretary of state for agrarian reform.

He said that the ministry had ordered the return of 50,000 acres, or only about 2 per cent of the occupied land. The land to be restored was generally made up of small holdings that did not come under the Agrarian Reform Law. He conceded that some of this acreage had not yet been turned over to the old owners because of "resistance" by the workers.

"Nobody else in the Odemira area has managed to get any land back, although there have been orders to hand some back," Mr. dos Santos, the tenant farmer, said as he recounted his victory over what he described as "the Communist farm workers' union."

The owner of the Cuba Estate was Dr. Vitor Leite Serrao Marreiros, a judge in the Lisbon Military Court. But Mr. dos Santos, as his tenant farmer, actually ran the property for the last 10 years, paying an annual rent of $5,666. Mr. dos Santos managed to buy a 150-acre farm for his family.

*Adapted Quickly*

Mr. dos Santos quickly adapted to the Agrarian Reform Law of July of last year, which stipulated that landowners could not hold properties of more than 1,750 acres or 50,000 points, a classification based on type of soil, crop and equipment.

Mr. dos Santos gave high-point irrigated land of Upper Cuba to his farmhands and kept for himself 825 acres of timberland as well as a small, rich area of rice fields. Even with his own farm, he was still under the 50,000 points.

Last Nov. 20, the Agrarian Reform Commission approved the occupation of Upper Cuba but, according to Mr. dos Santos, the occupiers said that they had an order to take over all of the estate.

The tenant farmer took his case to the Farmers' Confederation, the Agrarian Reform Commission, the district governor and up to the Ministry of Agriculture. Finally, in April, he won an order for the restoration of his land.

The workers, however, mobilized 300 armed comrades to prevent his take-over, whereupon the authorities cracked down, sending a helicopter, six armored cars, 80 horses, jeeps, trucks and 500 members of the National Republican Guard.

The Cuba Estate has been quiet since then.

**Squatters to Go**

LISBON, Sept. 2 (AP).—The government vowed yesterday to evict thousands of squatters who have occupied residences since Portugal's 1974 revolution and to crush any illegal demonstrations against the policy. The announcement, made in a Cabinet communiqué, immediately came under fire from the left.

Premier Mario Soares's Socialist ministerial team renewed pledges of a "staunch defense of democratic legality."

It said that such a policy involved opposition to "illegal occupation or seizure of goods or property." The communiqué also promised government action to prevent or punish "sequestrations" of public officials and "demonstrations within 100 meters of a government building."

The communiqué said that the government policies are not "repressive," but rather are designed to secure "democratic order." It expressed "certainty that such measures will be perfectly understood and actively supported by the overwhelming majority of the Portuguese people."

## Intourist Will Get An IBM Computer

ARMONK, N.Y., Sept. 2 (AP). —Intourist, the Soviet government's travel agency, will buy a $5-million computerized hotel-reservation system from International Business Machines Corp., IBM announced here yesterday. It said the system will be shipped within the next few months.

The sale required the approval of the U.S. government. Last November, the Commerce Department rejected an IBM application for permission to sell an $11-million computerized reservations system to Intourist. A department spokesman said it had decided that "the system could not be adequately safeguarded from unauthorized use."

Industry sources said that the U.S. government apparently feared that the computer would have been used for police surveillance of travelers. Intourist originally ordered an IBM reservations computer in March, 1973.

### Crash Kills Dacca Aide

DACCA, Sept. 2 (AP).—Bangladesh's Air Force chief, Vice-Marshal Mohammad Khademul Bashar, was killed yesterday when a single-engine plane he was piloting crashed at Dacca Airport. The crash occurred on his 39th birthday.

## *Uganda Frees 5 With a Warning*

NAIROBI, Sept. 2 (Reuters).—Four officials and a businessman tried for their lives in Uganda on suspicion of subversion have been released with a warning, Uganda radio reported yesterday.

After their arrests in July, President Idi Amin told a military tribunal it should deal with the five Ugandans "without mercy."

The radio, monitored here, said that the minister of defense and army chief of staff had dismissed the four officials from their posts on the advice of the country's defense council.

### Cigarette Ads Banned

SYDNEY, Sept. 2 (AP).—A ban on cigarette commercials on radio and television took effect in Australia yesterday.

## *ik Resumes loring for Oil eath Aegean*

R, Turkey, Sept. 2 (UPI). Turkish research ship 1, center of the contro- tween Turkey and Greece abed rights, resumed its ion for oil in the Aegean y.

statement issued as the sailed, Turkish Energy r Selahattin Kilic said: m has never been provo- We are respecting our s rights as well as ng our own."

e has claimed oil drilling on the seabed surround- ek islands close to Tur- st coast. Turkey says the there is an extension of kish mainland.

nations put their armed on the alert and Greece e dispute to the UN when- 1 began its exploration in

**ir Links Resuming**

ENS, Sept. 2 (UPI).— and Turkish airlines will ying between Athens and d later this month for the ne since Greece and Tur- arly went to war over in 1974, a government said yesterday.

9. Homesick.

(A good reason to call home.)

An international call is the next best thing to being there.

## THEATER IN PARIS:

## *The Coming Season: New, Old and Foreign Works*

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

PARIS, Sept. 2 (IHT).—Theatrical announcements at this time of year are akin to election campaign oratory. The prospective playgoer is promised virtually everything except free tickets.

The September calendar is charged with new plays and visiting productions.

The Piccolo Teatro of Milan will present Chekhov's "The Cherry Ochard" in Georgio Strehler's direction at the Odéon on Sept. 9. Sept. 24 will bring Gerard Calvi's new version of Offenbach's "La Belle Hélène" to the Bouffes-Parisiens. The No Kyogen of Japan with the Zeamiza troupe will give guest performances at the Théâtre d'Orsay Sept. 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10. Yves Jamiaque's new play, "Acapulco Madame," with Micheline Boudet and Philippe Nicaud, will reopen the Théâtre Michodière Sept. 13. "Comme Avant"—which Pascal Jardin has adapted from John Mortimer's "Collaborations" —is to have its premiere at the Théâtre Fontaine Sept. 14 with Jean-Pierre Cassel and Tanya Lopert in its leading roles, and the Olympia will inaugurate its music hall season Sept. 7 with Nicole Croisille as its headliner.

**Last Year's Hits**

As is customary the Parisian season is sounding its overture with the return from summer vacation of several of last year's hits. Françoise Dorin's "Le Tube," with François Périer, all about a plodding professor with a rock-'n'-roll singer son, is back at the Théâtre Antoine.

Robert Dhéry's prancing production of Feydeau's farce "Monsieur Chasse!" has relighted the Théâtre Atelier. Jean Piat and Nicole Courcel have resumed their roles in "Même Heure, l'Année Prochaine" (an adaptation of the Broadway "Same Place, Next Year") at the Théâtre Montparnasse and Simone Desmarets and Daniel Ceccaldi theirs in the Barillet-Grédy comedy, "Peau de Vache," at the Théâtre Madeleine.

"Mayflower," the French musical comedy salute to the U.S. Bicentennial, has unfurled its sails anew at the Théâtre Porte Saint-Martin, while Ionesco's double bill—"La Cantatrice Chauve" and "La Leçon"—is entering its 22d year at the Théâtre Huchette and Marc Camoletti's "Boeing-Boeing" its 16th season at the Comédie Caumartin.

On Sept. 22 the Comédie-Française will begin a series of performances of Rostand's "Cyrano de Bergerac" at the Palais des Congrès, prior to returning to its official, renovated home, the Salle Richelieu, in November. The refurbished Salle Richelieu will ring up its curtain with De Musset's "Lorenzaccio," staged by Franco Zefirelli and with Claude Riche as the rebellious Florentine.

Later in the season Terry Hands of the British theater will direct a new version of Corneille's "Le Cid" and Pierre Dux will play "Le Misanthrope," "L'Impromptu de Versailles" and replace the late Jacques Charon in the title role of "Le Malade Imaginaire."

**New Comedy**

Marc Camoletti, author of the enduring "Boeing-Boeing," has a new comedy, "Happy Birthday" at the Théâtre Michel, and Francis Perrin has translated and will appear in Woody Allen's "Play It Again, Sam." Perrin has bestowed the title "Une Aspirine Pour Deux" on his adaptation and will enact the moony Woody who in his Walter Mitty fancies imagines himself the Humphrey Bogart of "Casablanca."

From the United States we shall also have Jacques Lanzmann's French version of Charles Schulz's "You're a Good Man, Charlie Brown" (due at the Théâtre Gaité Montparnasse Sept. 25) and Marcel Jullian's adaptation of Georges Furth's "Le Sequoia" with Jacqueline Gauthier and Claude Dauphin which is to open at the Théâtre Athénée Sept. 30.

Jean-Paul Sartre has granted permission for a revival of his 1947 play about political dictatorship, "Les Mains Sales," which the 25-year-old director Patrick Drelan is now rehearsing and which will come to the Théâtre des Mathurins Sept. 21.

**Festival d'Automne**

The Théâtre de la Ville announces three new productions for 1976-77: Durrenmatt's "La Visite de la Vieille Dame," Schiller's "The Robbers" and an Ionesco evening composed of "Jacques ou la Soumission" and "L'Avenir Est Dans les Œufs." It will also revive its modernistic staging of Claudel's "L'Echange." The Odéon will offer Ionesco's "Le Roi Se Meurt" and Euripides's "The Bacchanals," adapted by Maurice Clavel and directed by Michel Cacoyannis, while the Petit Odéon will present "Le Paradoxe du Comédien," after Diderot, arranged by Jacques Baillon, and Roger Pinget's "Paralchimie" with Yves Gasc as director.

The TEP program, beginning with monthly productions in October, includes Shakespeare's "As You Like It," directed by Benno Besson; Walter Weidel's "Chicago, Crime and Crash," directed by J. Pierre Dougnac; Claudel's "L'Otage," directed by Guy Retore; and Brecht's "Sainte Jeanne des Abattoirs" ("Saint Joan of the Stockyards"), directed by Retore.

Jerome Savary's "Magic Circus" in "Les Grands Sentiments" will pay a guest visit to be housed as a tent show and Le Petit TEP has scheduled for its small hall: "A La Campagne" by Griselda Gamboro, "Dialogues d'Exiles" by Brecht, "Autour d'une Porte" by Pierre Byland and "Risibles Amours" by Milan Kundera.

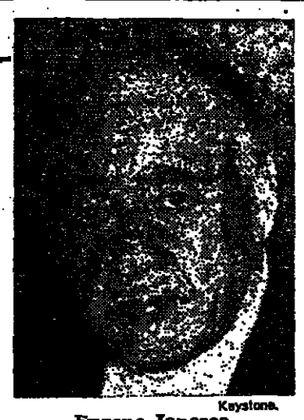
The theatrical section of the Festival d'Automne will bring to Paris the Ontological Hysteric theater of Richard Foreman in "Les Livres des Splendeurs" (Sept. 21-Oct. 7 at the Bouffes du Nord), the Robert Wilson-Philip Glass "opera," "Einstein on the Beach" which had its European premiers at the Avignon festival in July (Oct. 4-13 at the Opéra-Comique); Peter Stein's production of Gorky's "Summerfolk" (at the Maison de la Culture of Nanterre, October 11, 15, 16). "Sirius" by Karl Heinz Stockhausen (at the Sainte-Chapelle Sept. 23-26) and "La Bouteille à la Mer" by the Georges Aperghis Atelier (at the Bouffes du Nord, Oct. 15-30).

The Olivier Hussennot company is giving two special performances in the Hôtel de Sens. The first—tomorrow—is its production of Victor Hugo's satirical comedy, "Mangeront-Ils?" (which has had a successful summer engagement at the Théâtre La Bruyère). The second is a presentation of Shakespeare's "Two Gentlemen of Verona" Saturday. This is the first time that the famous house has served as a theater.

The 15th-century Hôtel de Sens, on the narrow Rue des Jardins, was once the residence of the archbishops of Sens and Burgundy. Later it was the home of the Reine Margot, the divorced wife of Henri IV, who lived there for two years and only abandoned the house after seeing a former lover killed before her eyes by his successor. During the Revolution the Hôtel de Sens became the offices of the Lyons coaches and is associated with the story of "The Lyons Mail," the popular 19th-century melodrama.

Revolutionary mobs sent shots into the face of the building in 1830. Since, the house and courtyard have been used in turn as livery-stable workshops and a jam factory.

In 1911 Les Amis du Vieux Paris prevailed on the city to buy it and class it among its monuments. The Hôtel de Sens contains more drama than a dozen seasons. Don't miss it.



Keystone.

**Eugene Ionesco**
*. . . revivals.*



Keystone.

**Jean-Paul Sartre**
*. . . "Les Mains Sales."*

## SHARPS & FLATS

PARIS—French singer Nicole Croisille headlines the bill at the Olympia, as does bluesman Memphis Slim at the Trois Mailletz. Joe Turner is back at the Calavados and Alice Darr is continuing her engagement at the Champs-Elysées Bar Tahonga.

* * *

SCEAUX (Southern Paris suburb)—The Stars of Faith will be at the Orangerie du Château, on Sept. 4 at 5 p.m.

* * *

BIARRITZ (France)—Bill Coleman, British blues singer Beryl Bryden and Marc Laferrière's Dixieland band will be the featured attractions at the American Bicentennial gala on Sept. 8.

* * *

LONDON—The Charles McPherson quintet and Brand X are appearing nightly at Ronnie Scott's.

* * *

GLOUCESTER (England)—Will Bill Davison will be at the Cambridge Theatre on Sept. 8.

* * *

GENEVA—Benny Waters is featured at the Popcorn Club through Sept. 8

* * *

BERN—Singer Vera Love will be appearing at the Club Mocambo for the month of September.

OSLO—Guitarist Jimmy Gourley is appearing nightly at the Downtown Keyclub.

* * *

This week's top single in the United States is "You Should be Dancing" by Bee Gees, and in Britain, "Let 'Em In" by Wings.

* * *

*Last week it was erroneously reported that the cost of the dinner-spectacle at the Nouvelle Eve in Paris's Montmartre was 100 francs. The correct figure is 155 francs (wine and service included). The IHT regrets the error.*

—FRANK VAN BRAKLE.

*Not Seen as Feminist Move*

## *John Smith & Daughter Replacing Traditional Son*

By Virginia Lee Warren

NEW YORK (NYT).—Sons traditionally go into their fathers' businesses, although it often entails strong urging on dad's part. But now, so many daughters are asking, even coaxing, to join their fathers that John Smith & Daughter may become no more unusual than John Smith & Son.

The feminist movement doesn't seem to have much to do with it, aside from creating general acceptance for women to work at whatever they want. Most of the daughters interviewed said that, for as long as they could remember, they wanted to work with father.

But with father, and his line of business being the magnet, young women can't restrict themselves to fields that have customarily been considered suitable for them, such as publishing, real estate or work in travel agencies or gift shops. Now it's as likely to be automobile dealerships or work in foundries or funeral homes.

While fathers may be delighted to employ daughters—especially if sons have turned elsewhere—and many pamper them in other ways, there is no pampering when it comes to business.

Thus, when 22-year-old Patti Capps, an only child and fresh out of Arkansas State University, asked for a job in Capps Motor Sales (Lincolns, Mercurys, Toyotas) in Searcy, Ark., her father said that he wouldn't hire her but that maybe his service manager would.

"If you're going to make a life of the automobile business," Mr. Capps told her, "you're going to have to start out like I did—from the bottom."

So that's where Patti Capps started, and it meant, among other tasks, pushing a broom. (But today she says, "You can't be a successful dealer if you've never had grease on your fingers.")

Vera Goehler of Portland, Ore., can't remember when she didn't want to be a "foundry woman," an ambition that was undoubtedly inspired by her father's owning Central Brass and Aluminum.

She was 22—that was three years ago—when her father said she could work for him full time. She spent six months on the sales force, six months doing cost accounting, six months in the foundry as a laborer. "Hot and dirty but the work wasn't too hard," she said.

Then came the business office.

Gail Green also always wanted to work with her father. By the time she was a high school freshman, she was spending virtually all her free time at Ray Green Chevrolet in Jacksonville, Ill. Last year, at 22, after she'd taken courses in automotive merchandising at Northwood Institute in Midland, Mich., she asked her father if she could work full time in his dealership.

He said that she would have to go through the various departments: parts, service, sales, business, "and I told the department heads to treat her like anybody else," Mr. Green said the other day.

Because Elena Perri's father is a funeral director in Upper Darby, Pa., her ambition was in that direction. "From the time I was a little girl, there was never any doubt in my mind that I wanted to work with him," Miss Perri said. "And he must have been thinking along that line, too, because when I was a sophomore in high school, and he was considering building a new place, he asked if I'd like to go into business with him if he did. I said yes."

She went to embalming school for 12 months. Then, to get a license, she had to serve an apprenticeship in a funeral home, where she handled 25 funerals in one year. She chose to be an apprentice to her father.

For a daughter to persuade a father to give her a chance is one thing. But to be able to get along in his line of business, especially if it's something like an automobile dealership or a foundry, is another. How have these young women been doing?

Within a year after Patti Capps had gone to work for her father, he became seriously ill, and she had to take over the running of his automobile dealership. While trying to cope with this, she was informed that a new interstate highway would run right through the site of her showroom.

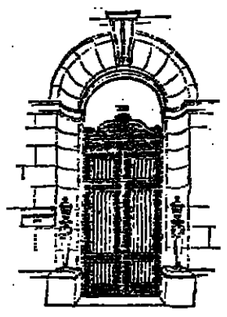
"And there wasn't anyone but me to talk with the lawyers and architects and politicians as we relocated," she said.

Her father died last October—she was 25 by then—and she had to decide whether to sell the dealership. She kept it. Recently, Patti Capps became Patti Capps Kock, the wife of a physician in general practice. She intends to continue selling automobiles.

Vera Goehler is now secretary-treasurer of her father's foundry.

Gail Green has married Tim Dresing, who sells Pontiacs, and at 23, she is assistant office manager for her father's Chevrolet dealership.

Elena Perri, now 31, has been with her father nine years. Several years ago, she became a full partner in his funeral home.



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# NYSE Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Sept. 2

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 36⅝ | 32¾ | ACF Ind 1.80 | 8 | 35 | 33¾ | 33½ | 33½— | ¼ |
| 4 | 1⅝ | AJ Indust | 7 | 554 | 3⅞ | 3⅝ | 3⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 24⅝ | 17⅞ | AMF Inc 1.24 | 10 | 173 | 19⅜ | 19⅛ | 19⅛— | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 12¾ | APLCorp 1 | 5 | 32 | 14⅝ | 14½ | 14½— | ⅛ |
| 60⅝ | 47¼ | ARASv 1.20 | 15 | 68 | 55 | 54½ | 54⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 33 | 12⅝ | ASALtd .0 | | 342 | 15¾ | 15¼ | 15⅝— | ⅛ |
| 11¾ | 7¼ | ATOInc .28 | 5 | 30 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | |
| 57⅞ | 37¾ | AbbtLab .88 | 19 | 408 | 52⅝ | 51½ | 52⅛+ | ¼ |
| 10¼ | 8⅛ | AcmeCiv .50 | 13 | 4 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | |
| 4½ | 2⅝ | AdmDg .04 | 6 | 7 | 2⅞ | 2¾ | 2⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 9⅞ | AdmEx .91e | | 17 | 11¾ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | |
| 5¾ | 4 | AdmsMillis | 8 | 3 | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ | |
| 13½ | 7¾ | Addressog | 9 | 32 | 9⅞ | 9 | 9⅛— | ¼ |
| 33⅞ | 22½ | AetnaLf 1.0 | 11 | x780 | 33 | 32¼ | 32½ | |
| 49½ | 36¼ | AetnaLf pf 2 | | x1 | 48½ | 48½ | 48½+ | 1½ |
| 14⅝ | 9⅝ | Ahmans .22 | 6 | 51 | 13⅞ | 13⅝ | 13⅝— | ¼ |
| 6⅞ | 2⅞ | Aileen Inc | 20 | 88 | 3⅝ | 3⅛ | 3⅛— | ⅛ |
| 39¾ | 34⅛ | AirProd .20 | 16 | 179 | 36⅛ | 35¼ | 35⅞— | ⅛ |
| 13⅞ | 11 | AirbnFrt .50 | 12 | 42 | 13⅛ | 13 | 13 — | ⅛ |
| 34⅞ | 17¼ | Aircolnc 1.15 | 8 | 173 | 32⅝ | 31¼ | 32⅛+ | ⅞ |
| 25⅝ | 17 | Akzona 1.20 | 10 | 27 | 17½ | 17¼ | 17⅜ | |
| 15⅞ | 13⅛ | AlaGas 1.28 | 7 | 3 | 14½ | 14½ | 14½+ | ¼ |
| 112 | 104½ | AlaPw pf 11 | | z1550 | 106¼ | 108 | 108 — | ¼ |
| 91½ | 77¼ | AlaP pf 8.28 | | z500 | 86 | 85½ | 85½ | |
| 17½ | 11⅛ | Alaskin .45e | 5 | 70 | 14½ | 14¼ | 14½— | ⅛ |
| 21¼ | 14 | Albanyln .72 | 11 | 1 | 20 | 20 | 20 — | ¼ |
| 8⅝ | 5⅞ | AlbertoC .36 | 14 | 3 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6⅝— | ⅛ |
| 23⅞ | 17⅞ | Albertsn .72 | 9 | 9 | 20 | 20 | 20 | |
| 30⅞ | 19⅜ | AlcanAlu .40 | 85 | 297 | 27⅝ | 27¼ | 27¼— | ⅛ |
| 76½ | 14⅛ | AlcoSld .72 | 5 | 21 | 16¾ | 16½ | 16½— | ⅛ |
| 8 | 21⅝ | AlconLb .28 | 19 | 132 | 24⅝ | 24½ | 24½— | ⅛ |
| 9¼ | 5½ | Alexdrs .36e | 5 | 20 | 6¼ | 6⅛ | 6⅛— | ⅛ |
| 11⅜ | 7½ | AllegCp .15e | 23 | 35 | 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10½— | ¼ |
| 43½ | 26½ | AllgLud 1.80 | 6 | 65 | 34¼ | 33¼ | 34¼+ | ¾ |
| 45¼ | 33¼ | AllgLud pf 3 | | 1 | 39½ | 39½ | 39½ | |
| 20½ | 16⅝ | AllgPw 1.60 | 7 | 595 | 20⅛ | 19⅞ | 19⅞— | ⅛ |
| 20 | 9⅜ | AllenGro .60 | 6 | 32 | 14 | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | |
| 44⅝ | 33½ | AlldCh 1.80 | 9 | 207 | 38⅜ | 37½ | 38¼+ | 1⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 9⅞ | AlldMnt .64 | 7 | 6 | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼— | ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 10⅜ | AlldProd .60 | | 6 | 12 | 11⅞ | 12 + | ⅛ |
| 67¾ | 43¼ | AlldStr 1.60 | 7 | 168 | 46⅞ | 46⅛ | 46⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 6 | 2¼ | AlldSupmkt | | 15 | 4⅞ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ⅛ |
| 27⅜ | 11⅞ | AllisChal .60 | 7 | 320 | 27½ | 27⅛ | 27¼ | |
| 9⅞ | 6⅛ | AllrtAut .60 | 5 | 13 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 — | ⅛ |
| 11 | 6½ | AlphaP Ind | 12 | 1 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 58½ | 38½ | Alcoa 1.40 | 27 | 187 | 57⅝ | 57⅛ | 57½— | ⅛ |
| 41½ | 32¼ | AmalSug 3a | 3 | 37 | 33 | 32 | 32 — | ½ |
| 60¼ | 47 | Amax 1.75 | 14 | 90 | 55½ | 55 | 55¼— | ½ |
| 5¾ | 52⅞ | Amax pfB 3 | | 5 | 54½ | 54⅛ | 54⅛ | |
| 22¾ | 11¾ | AMBAC .80 | 8 | 200 | 22 | 21⅛ | 21⅜— | ⅜ |
| 21¾ | 16¼ | Amerce 1.20 | 7 | 3 | 19½ | 19½ | 19½— | ¼ |
| 37½ | 29½ | Amrc pf 2.60 | | 2 | 35¼ | 35¼ | 35¼— | ¼ |
| 24¾ | 16⅝ | AHess .30b | 6 | 95 | 21½ | 21⅛ | 21⅛— | ⅛ |
| 59⅞ | 45⅝ | AHes pf 3.50 | | 125 | 53½ | 53 | 53½+ | ⅛ |
| 21¼ | 13¼ | AAirFilr .4 | 8 | 28 | 15⅛ | 15 | 15⅛— | ⅛ |
| 16⅝ | 8⅝ | Am Airlin | 20 | 784 | 15⅛ | 14⅞ | 15 + | ⅛ |
| 9½ | 4⅞ | Amcord .36 | 8 | 133 | 9¾ | 9½ | 9¾+ | ¼ |
| 15⅜ | 11⅜ | AmBaker 1 | 4 | 142 | 12⅝ | 12¼ | 12¼ | |
| 43½ | 58⅛ | ABrnds 2.80 | 8 | 120 | 41⅜ | 41⅛ | 41⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 25 | 21 | ABrnd pf1.70 | | 4 | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅝— | ⅛ |
| 39⅞ | 19⅜ | AmBdcst .0 | 23 | 330 | 35⅞ | 35¼ | 35½— | ⅜ |
| 12¼ | 9⅛ | AmBldM .40 | 6 | 1 | 9⅞ | 9⅞ | 9⅞— | ⅛ |
| 36 | 30⅜ | AmCan 2.50 | 8 | 106 | 36 | 35⅜ | 35⅝— | ⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 21 | ACan pf 1.75 | | 3 | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝— | ⅛ |
| 3 | 1⅛ | AmCen Mtg | | 13 | 1½ | 1⅜ | 1½ | |
| 16⅞ | 12½ | AmCredit .26e | 5 | 42 | 15½ | 15⅜ | 15½+ | ⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 23½ | ACyan 1.50 | 9 | 204 | 26⅞ | 26⅝ | 26⅝— | ⅛ |
| 11 | 7¾ | AmDistill | | 15 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛— | ⅛ |
| 28½ | 19¾ | ADistTel .84 | 11 | 12 | 24¼ | 24 | 24 | |
| 7½ | 4¼ | AmDualVt | | 5 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | ⅛ |
| 14 | 12½ | ADul pf .84a | | 5 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | |
| 23¾ | 20⅛ | AmElPw 2 | 9 | 369 | 22⅞ | 22⅝ | 22⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 15 | 10 | AFamily .2 | 6 | 33 | 12½ | 12⅜ | 12⅜— | ⅛ |
| 14 | 7⅝ | AmFinSy pf | | z60 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 2⅛ | AmFinSys | | 21 | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ | |
| 24⅝ | 22⅝ | AGIBd 1.96e | | 15 | 24⅝ | 24½ | 24½ | |
| 17⅞ | 15 | AGenCv 1.32 | | 3 | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | |
| 17⅝ | 12⅛ | AGnlns .68 | 8 | 135 | 17¼ | 17 | 17 | ¼ |
| 26⅛ | 21⅜ | A Glnpf 1.80 | | 18 | 26 | 25¾ | 25¾— | ⅛ |
| 18⅞ | 13 | AmHoist .80 | 4 | 79 | 15⅛ | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | |
| 37⅞ | 31¼ | AmHome 1 | 21 | 682 | 34⅞ | 33⅞ | 34⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 37⅝ | 29½ | AmHosp .40 | 21 | 286 | 35½ | 34⅞ | 35⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 2½ | Am Invest | 75 | 10 | 3⅞ | 3⅝ | 3⅝— | ⅛ |
| 10⅞ | 5⅞ | A Medici .24 | 8 | 39 | 10¼ | 10½ | 10½— | ⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 5½ | A Medicorp .10 | 5 | 42 | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7½ | |
| 7⅜ | 4½ | Am Motors | 7 | 230 | 4⅞ | 4¾ | 4¾+ | ¼ |
| 37½ | 32⅛ | ANatR 2.64 | 7 | 95 | 36¾ | 36⅜ | 36½ | |
| 12⅛ | 8⅝ | AmSeat .40 | 6 | | 10½ | 10 | 10⅛ | |
| 14 | 8⅛ | AShip 1.07t | 6 | 15 | 13¼ | 13 | 13⅛+ | ¼ |
| 28⅞ | 16⅛ | AmSrand 1.30 | 7 | 425 | 26¾ | 26⅛ | 26⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 78½ | 54⅛ | A Sldpf 4.75 | | 84 | 75½ | 74½ | 75 + | ½ |
| 8⅛ | 6 | AmSteril .30 | 12 | 16 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6¼— | ⅛ |
| 33 | 26½ | AmStrs 1.90 | 5 | 25 | 30 | 29½ | 30 + | ½ |
| 60⅝ | 50⅜ | AmT&T 3.80 | 11 | 1322 | 60 | 59¼ | 59½ | |
| 63⅝ | 55 | AmT&Tpf 4 | | 106 | 64 | 63½ | 63½ | |
| 47⅝ | 46⅝ | ATT pfA3.64 | | 15 | 47½ | 47⅜ | 47⅜— | ⅛ |
| 45⅝ | 45 | ATT pfB3.74 | | 21 | 48¾ | 48½ | 48¾+ | ¼ |
| 10⅞ | 8⅝ | AWatWk .70 | 6 | 3 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | |
| 14 | 12⅛ | AW prf 1.25 | | 136 | 13 | 12½ | 12½— | ¼ |
| 14⅝ | 12½ | AW 5pf 1.25 | | z100 | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼+ | ⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 15 | Ameron 1 | 6 | 10 | 15⅝ | 15⅜ | 15⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 10¼ | 5⅛ | AmesD .12e | 4 | 41 | 10 | 9⅝ | 9¾— | ⅛ |
| 24⅝ | 19¼ | Ametek 1.20 | 9 | 28 | 23¼ | 22⅞ | 22⅞— | ⅜ |
| 19⅞ | 14⅝ | Amfaclnc 1 | 6 | 21 | 15 | 14⅞ | 15 + | ⅛ |
| 35⅝ | 26 | AMPInc .41 | 37 | 328 | 34⅝ | 34 | 34 — | ⅝ |
| 12 | 8⅛ | Ampco .60 | 7 | 6 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | |
| 9⅝ | 4⅛ | Ampex Corp | 11 | 620 | 7⅛ | 6⅞ | 6⅞— | ⅛ |
| 3⅞ | 1⅛ | Amrep Corp | | 63 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 87⅜ | 36½ | Amstar 2.70 | 4 | x64 | 41⅜ | 40⅞ | 40⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 9 | 7⅝ | Amstr pf .68 | | x16 | 7¾ | 7⅝ | 7⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 46⅝ | 34 | Amsted 2 | 7 | 38 | 45⅝ | 45⅛ | 45⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 8 | 4⅞ | Amtel .32 | 6 | 16 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛— | ⅛ |
| 29⅛ | 17⅞ | Anacond .60 | | 59 | 29 | 28⅝ | 28⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 33⅝ | 22⅝ | AnchrH 1.40 | 7 | 11 | 31⅜ | 31 | 31¼+ | ⅛ |
| 45⅝ | 35¼ | AndCly 1.60 | 8 | 3 | 44⅞ | 44⅝ | 44⅝+ | ⅛ |
| ¾ | 5½ | Angelica .16 | | 34 | 6¼ | 6 | 6⅛ | |
| 10½ | 6⅝ | Anixter .20 | 5 | 7 | 7¼ | 7⅛ | 7¼+ | ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 8 | AnsulCo .53t | | 20 | 8⅛ | 8 | 8 | |
| 19½ | 10⅛ | Apache .50 | 7 | 35 | 18⅞ | 18 | 18⅛— | ⅝ |
| 29⅝ | 25⅜ | Apco Oil | 181 | 21 | 29 | 29 | 29 | |
| 3⅞ | 1⅛ | Apeco Corp | | 34 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | |
| 4⅝ | 2½ | Appild Mag | 13 | 16 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 14⅝ | 9⅝ | ArcataN .52 | 6 | 24 | 12⅝ | 11⅞ | 11⅞— | ⅝ |
| 31¼ | 20⅝ | ArchDan .20 | 10 | 20 | 22¾ | 22½ | 22⅝— | ⅛ |
| 6 | 3⅛ | Arctic Entr | 18 | 8 | 4⅞ | 4½ | 4⅝ | |
| 3⅝ | 1⅞ | Arister | | 145 | 3 | 2¾ | 3 + | ⅛ |
| 17⅜ | 15 | ArizPSv 1.36 | 7 | 76 | 16⅞ | 16½ | 16⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 113¼ | 103⅝ | ArizPpf 10.70 | | z150 | 111½ | 111 | 111½+ | ½ |
| 14⅝ | 6 | ArkBest .35 | | 17 | 11¾ | 11⅝ | 11⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 27½ | 21⅛ | ArkLGs 1.70 | 8 | 49 | 26⅝ | 26⅜ | 26⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 2⅛ | Arlen RltyD | | 37 | 2¾ | 2⅝ | 2⅝— | ⅛ |
| 5⅞ | 4⅛ | Armada Cp | 10 | 1 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| 35½ | 26⅜ | Armco 1.0 | 9 | 92 | 31⅝ | 31⅛ | 31¼— | ⅛ |
| 32⅝ | 27 | Arm pf 2.10 | | 22 | 30 | 30 | 30 | |
| 33⅞ | 23⅞ | ArmstCk 1 | 13 | 249 | 27⅞ | 26¾ | 27⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 21⅞ | 15 | ArmRu .88 | 3 | 9 | 20½ | 20⅛ | 20⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 12⅝ | AroCorp 1 | 7 | 2 | 16¾ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | |
| 16 | 9⅝ | Arvin .26e | 5 | 79 | 15¼ | 15 | 15 | |
| 27¼ | 25¾ | Arvinln pf 2 | | 9 | 27 | 26⅞ | 27 + | ⅛ |
| 20 | 13⅝ | Asarco .80 | 25 | 168 | 16⅝ | 16½ | 16½— | ⅛ |
| 29⅝ | 19⅞ | AshlOil 1.70 | 5 | 49 | 26¼ | 25⅞ | 26⅛ | |
| 40 | 27½ | AsdDrG 1.50 | 11 | 47 | 32⅞ | 32½ | 32½ | |
| 14⅝ | 8¾ | Athlone .60 | 5 | 16 | 13 | 12⅞ | 12⅞— | ⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 1⅝ | Atico Mtg | | 7 | 2 | 1⅞ | 2 + | ⅛ |
| 19¾ | 17⅝ | AtlCyEl 1.82 | 7 | 35 | 19⅛ | 19 | 19⅛ | |
| 104⅝ | 81 | AtlRich 3.20 | 12 | 353 | 101¾ | 101 | 101 — | ⅝ |
| 51¾ | 49⅝ | AtlRch wi | | 8 | 50¾ | 50⅝ | 50⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 67¼ | 54¼ | AtlRc pf 2. 8 | | 142 | 63⅝ | 63 | 63 — | ⅝ |
| 7¼ | 3¼ | Atlas Corp | 9 | 110 | 5 | 4⅞ | 5 | |
| 35½ | 29¼ | Auto Data | 25 | 142 | 31⅞ | 31¼ | 31¼+ | ⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 4⅛ | Autmind .24 | 5 | 86 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 15 | 4½ | Avco Corp | 2 | 385 | 13½ | 13⅛ | 13⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 1⅞ | 9-16 | AvcoCp wt | | 9 | 1¼ | 1⅛ | 1¼+ | ⅛ |
| 41½ | 18⅞ | AvcoCp pf | | 23 | 37⅞ | 36¾ | 37 — | ⅝ |
| 29⅛ | 23⅜ | AveryInt .36 | 31 | 32 | 25½ | 25⅛ | 25¼ | ⅛ |
| 13⅞ | 7½ | Avis Inc | 7 | 473 | 12⅞ | 12⅛ | 12¼+ | ⅛ |
| 20⅞ | 10⅛ | Avnetinc .60 | 8 | 201 | 19⅛ | 18⅞ | 18⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 4½ | 32¾ | AvonPd 1.80 | 16 | 1671 | 48⅝ | 47¾ | 48¼+ | ½ |

## B

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | 2 | BTMtg .50e | | 17 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 | |
| 36¾ | 16¾ | BabckWil 1 | 8 | 220 | 35½ | 34¾ | 35¼+ | ½ |
| 14⅝ | 4⅝ | Bache .40e | 4 | 135 | 9 | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | |
| 12⅛ | 8⅝ | Bakerln .24 | | 72 | 9⅛ | 8⅞ | 9 + | ⅛ |
| 56 | 40⅛ | BakrIntl .42 | 15 | 93 | 51½ | 51¼ | 51¼+ | ¼ |
| 13⅞ | 8½ | BaldDH .68 | 6 | 7 | 12⅛ | 12 | 12⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 25¼ | 18¼ | BallCp .80 | 6 | 6 | 20¼ | 20 | 20⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 21⅜ | 11⅝ | BallyMf .02e | 13 | 46 | 18½ | 18¼ | 18½ | |
| 26½ | 22¼ | BaltGE 2.08 | 9 | 160 | 26⅝ | 26⅜ | 26⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 16½ | 12⅝ | BanCa 1.15e | 258 | 18 | 13 | 12⅞ | 12⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 32⅞ | 16⅝ | Bandag .05e | 12 | 177 | 18½ | 18¼ | 18¼+ | ⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 4½ | Bangr Punt | 4 | 27 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 20 | 12½ | BangP pf 2 | | 2 | 17½ | 17½ | 17½— | ⅜ |
| 33 | 28⅝ | BkofNY 2.20 | 6 | 5 | 32¼ | 32 | 32¼— | ¼ |
| 16⅝ | 11⅛ | BkofVa .88 | 6 | 18 | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼+ | ⅛ |
| 57¼ | 49⅝ | BankAm 1.60 | 12 | 2 7 | 53¾ | 53 | 53½+ | ½ |
| 27⅝ | 25 | BankA wi | | 28 | 26⅞ | 26⅝ | 26⅞+ | ⅝ |
| 38 | 28⅛ | BankTr 3 | 8 | 37 | 33⅞ | 33½ | 33⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 28⅛ | 25¼ | BnkT pf 2.50 | | 105 | 27⅝ | 27½ | 27½+ | ⅛ |
| 34½ | 25¼ | BarbOil 1.60 | | 5 | 30¼ | 30⅛ | 30⅛— | ¼ |
| 18 | 11⅞ | BardCR .34 | 13 | 48 | 14¼ | 13⅞ | 13⅞— | ¼ |
| 16½ | 7⅝ | Basiclnc .80 | 6 | 4 | 15⅝ | 15¼ | 15¼— | ⅛ |
| 37 | 26½ | Basic pf 2.50 | | z10 | 35 | 35 | 35 | |
| 30 | 22⅝ | BatesMf .0 | 17 | 6 | 24 | 24 | 24 — | ⅛ |
| 39¼ | 27½ | BauschL .80 | 9 | 39 | 28⅞ | 28½ | 28⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 45⅝ | 33 | BaxtTrv .21 | 26 | 209 | 42½ | 41⅞ | 42⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 20½ | 17⅛ | BaySIG 1.8 | 7 | 5 | 20½ | 20⅜ | 20½+ | ⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 4⅛ | BaykCig .24 | 44 | 5 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| 2 | 17 | Bearing .50 | 11 | 7 | 25⅞ | 25⅝ | 25¾ | |
| 27⅞ | 21½ | BeatFds .84 | 14 | 403 | 26¾ | 26⅜ | 26⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 22⅜ | Beckmn .28 | 17 | 33 | 24½ | 24 | 24½+ | ⅝ |
| 42⅞ | 34 | BectDick .50 | 16 | 103 | 38 | 37½ | 38 + | ⅛ |
| 23⅝ | 14 | BeechA .80 | 7 | 134 | 21½ | 21⅛ | 21¼ | |
| 17⅞ | 8⅜ | Beker .28 | 70 | 253 | 9¼ | 9⅛ | 9⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 20½ | 16⅝ | BelcoP .60e | 7 | 710 | 17⅝ | 17½ | 17½— | ¼ |
| 24⅝ | 15⅝ | Belden 1.32 | 9 | 6 | 22¼ | 22⅝ | 22⅝— | ⅛ |
| 11¼ | 7 | BeldinHe .36 | 7 | 31 | 9⅛ | 8⅞ | 9 + | ¼ |
| 25½ | 15 | BellHow .84 | | 23 | 20½ | 20¼ | 20¼— | ½ |
| 51⅛ | 48 | BellCda 3.72 | 7 | 32 | 51½ | 51⅝ | 51½+ | ⅛ |
| 20 | 13⅝ | BemisCo 1.20 | 8 | 7 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18½ | ⅛ |
| 45¾ | 37½ | Bendix 1.72 | 9 | x409 | 40 | 38⅞ | 40 + | 1⅛ |
| 25½ | 17⅝ | BenflCp 1.45 | 5 | 205 | 24⅞ | 24⅝ | 24⅞ | ⅜ |
| 59½ | 46½ | Benef pf 4.30 | | 32 | 55⅝ | 55½ | 55½ | ¼ |
| 52½ | 45 | Benef pf 4.50 | | z20 | 49¼ | 49¼ | 49¼+ | ¾ |
| 112½ | 85⅛ | Benef pf 5.50 | | z120 | 110 | 110 | 110 | |
| 28½ | 25⅛ | BnH 5pf 2.50 | | z110 | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | 27⅝— | ⅜ |
| 4¼ | 1½ | BenfStd Mtg | | 2 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝— | ⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 1½ | Benguet B .07e | 6 | 43 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½— | ⅛ |
| 5¼ | 2⅝ | Berkey Pho | | 31 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 19⅞ | 15⅝ | Best Prod | 14 | 16 | 19 | 18½ | 18½— | ⅛ |
| 48 | 33 | BethStl 2 | 9 | 1134 | 41½ | 41⅛ | 41⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 33⅞ | 31 | BigThree .40 | 18 | 166 | 31¾ | 31½ | 31½ | ⅛ |
| 28¾ | 18⅞ | BlackDr .40 | 22 | 192 | 21⅜ | 20⅞ | 20⅞— | ⅜ |
| 11⅞ | 5 | BlairJhn .48 | 6 | 7 | 10⅛ | 10¼ | 10¼+ | ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 12⅛ | BlissLau 1b | 6 | 1 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | |
| 20⅛ | 14½ | BlockHR 1 | 11 | 91 | 19 | 18⅞ | 19 + | ¼ |
| 48½ | 35⅝ | BlueBell 1.60 | 5 | 25 | 40⅞ | 40½ | 40½+ | ⅛ |
| 5¾ | 3⅝ | Bluebird Inc | 6 | 22 | 5 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| 6⅞ | 2⅝ | Bobbie Brks | 7 | 55 | 3½ | 3⅜ | 3⅜— | ⅛ |
| 43½ | 24⅝ | Boeing 1 | 11 | 598 | 41 | 40⅜ | 40⅞+ | ⅜ |
| 30¾ | 23½ | BoiseCas .80 | 10 | 740 | 26⅜ | 25⅜ | 25⅞— | ⅛ |
| 20 | 17¾ | Bk Month | 7 | 7 | 17½ | 17½ | 17½ | |
| 32⅝ | 26 | Borden 1.40 | 9 | 307 | 31⅞ | 31½ | 31½— | ⅛ |
| 30½ | 19⅞ | BorWar 1.35 | 8 | 91 | 28⅞ | 28⅜ | 28⅜— | ¼ |
| 4¼ | 2⅞ | Bormans | 5 | 7 | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3½ | |
| 24¾ | 22⅝ | BosEd 2.44 | 11 | 40 | 24¼ | 24⅛ | 24⅛— | ⅛ |
| 91¼ | 81½ | BosE pf .88 | | z250 | 90 | 90 | 90 | |
| 12 | 10⅝ | BosE pf 1.17 | | 28 | 11⅞ | 11¾ | 11⅞ | |
| 15⅛ | 13⅞ | BosE pf 1.46 | | 13 | 14¾ | 14½ | 14½— | ⅜ |
| 14¼ | 8¾ | Braniff .24 | 13 | 187 | 11⅞ | 11⅝ | 11¾+ | ⅛ |
| 41¼ | 15¼ | BraunCF .50 | 7 | 40 | 27¼ | 27⅛ | 27¼+ | ¼ |
| 32¾ | 27¼ | Brig Str .92 | 15 | 12 | 29⅝ | 29⅛ | 29¼+ | ¼ |
| 83¾ | 76½ | BristMy 1.80 | 16 | 237 | 78 | 77⅝ | 77½+ | ⅛ |
| 30½ | 42¼ | BristM pf 2 | | 4 | 46½ | 45¾ | 45¾ | |
| 12½ | 9⅞ | BritPet .35e | 16 | 186 | 10⅜ | 10⅛ | 10⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 36½ | 25¾ | BrkwGl 1.20 | 7 | 12 | 33⅝ | 33 | 33¼+ | ¼ |
| 1½ | 16⅛ | BklyUG 1.72 | 8 | 39 | 18¾ | 18⅛ | 18⅛— | ⅛ |
| 26 | 25⅝ | BklUG pf2.47 | | 3 | 26 | 26 | 26 | |
| 8½ | 5⅜ | BwnShrp .20 | | 9 | 7⅝ | 7⅛ | 7¼+ | ⅛ |
| 13½ | 10⅞ | BrownC .76e | 5 | 23 | 12⅝ | 12½ | 12½ | |
| 26 | 18⅛ | BwnGp 1.30 | 8 | 16 | 22¾ | 22⅜ | 22¼+ | ⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 5⅞ | BrwnFer .20 | 10 | 38 | 6½ | 6⅜ | 6½ | |
| 18¼ | 11 | Brunswk .44 | 10 | 270 | 17¼ | 16⅞ | 17 — | ⅛ |
| 26⅞ | 11 | BrushW .80 | 9 | 23 | 22½ | 22⅛ | 22⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 30¼ | 18 | BucyEr .56 | 16 | 209 | 28⅞ | 27⅞ | 27⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 19½ | 9⅞ | BuddCo .60 | 4 | 87 | 19 | 18½ | 18⅞ | ⅛ |
| 6⅞ | 5 | BudCa pf .60 | | 4 | 6⅛ | 6 | 6⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 4⅝ | Budgind .241 | 5 | 20 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7¼+ | ⅛ |
| 26¼ | 20½ | BuffFo 1.20a | 15 | 16 | 23¼ | 22⅞ | 23 + | ¼ |
| 11⅝ | 6 | Bulova .05t | | 1 | 7½ | 7½ | 7½— | ⅛ |
| 21¾ | 19⅝ | BunkHil 1.6 | | x3 | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | |
| 16¼ | 11¾ | Bunkr pf1.50 | | 1 | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | |
| 9¼ | 4⅝ | Bunk Ramo | | 16 | 7¼ | 7½ | 7¼+ | ⅛ |
| 34 | 23⅝ | Burlind 1.40 | | 53 | 26¼ | 25½ | 25¾ | ⅛ |
| 4½ | 31½ | BurlNo .90e | 6 | 73 | 44 | 43⅞ | 44 | |
| 7⅝ | 6½ | BurlNo pf.55 | | 4 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛— | ⅛ |
| 30½ | 24⅝ | Burndy .88 | 11 | | 28½ | 28¼ | 28¼ | |
| 10⅞ | 83⅝ | Burrghs .68 | 22 | 502 | 94⅛ | 92¼ | 92¼— | 1⅝ |
| 30¾ | 18⅝ | ButtesG Oil | 6 | 77 | 20⅝ | 20¼ | 20¼ | ¼ |

## C

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 61 | 46½ | CBS 1.66 | 12 | 535 | 57⅛ | 56½ | 57 | |
| 3¼ | 1⅝ | CCI Corp | | 94 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 2⅛ | ½ | CIMtg Gp | | 18 | 15/16 | ⅞ | ⅞ | |
| 4¼ | 2⅝ | CIRIt Inv | | 15 | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3½— | ⅛ |
| 37⅜ | 28½ | CITFin 2.20 | 8 | 222 | 37¾ | 37¼ | 37½+ | ⅛ |
| 1 | ¾ | CL Assets | | 5 | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ | |
| 7 | 4½ | CL Asst pf1.16k | | 10 | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ | |
| 6 | 3⅞ | CLCAm .24 | 6 | 7 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 16⅞ | 8 | CMIlnv Cp | | 26 | 16 | 14½ | 14½— | ⅞ |
| 8¾ | 5⅝ | CNA Finl | 8 | 39 | 6⅝ | 6½ | 6½ | |
| 14 | 11 | CNA pfA1.10 | | 18 | 13½ | 13⅛ | 13⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 13¾ | 11 | CNAI 1.08a | | 8 | 12⅝ | 12½ | 12½ | |
| 48⅝ | 40½ | CPC Int 2.30 | 9 | 193 | 45⅞ | 45⅝ | 45⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 26½ | 14⅝ | CTSCp .60 | | 8 | 21¼ | 21½ | 21½— | ⅛ |
| 4⅛ | 2 | CabCa For | | 12 | 2 | 2 | 2 | ⅛ |
| 29¼ | 18⅝ | CaotC bi.08 | 7 | 34 | 28¾ | 27¾ | 28⅝+ | ⅝ |
| 5¼ | 3⅛ | Caesars Wrl | 15 | 2 | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | |
| 7⅛ | 3 | Cal Finani | | 56 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛— | ⅛ |
| 17½ | 15¼ | CalPUt 1.56 | 9 | 6 | 16⅞ | 16¾ | 16⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 10⅝ | Callahn .60r | 17 | 28 | 13⅝ | 13⅜ | 13⅝+ | ¼ |
| 3⅝ | 1¼ | Camrn Brn | | 4 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| 27½ | 16½ | CmpRL .60a | 16 | 52 | 18⅞ | 17⅞ | 17⅞— | ⅛ |
| 35⅞ | 29¾ | CamSp 1.36 | 11 | 33 | 33¾ | 33 | 33 — | ⅛ |
| 30½ | 29⅝ | CampTag 1.12 | 10 | 6 | 29½ | 29⅝ | 29⅝— | ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 13 | CdnPac .85e | 7 | 168 | 18⅞ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | |
| 55½ | 42¼ | CapCitis .20 | 13 | 222 | 51¼ | 51 | 51¼+ | ¼ |
| 24⅝ | 17⅛ | CapHold .40 | 11 | 149 | 21⅝ | 21½ | 21½+ | ⅛ |
| ⅝ | ⅛ | Capit Mtg | | 6 | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ | |
| 35⅞ | 30½ | Caror .90 | 9 | 10 | 32¾ | 32½ | 32½+ | ⅛ |
| 16½ | 10¾ | Carlisle .88 | 8 | 22 | 15 | 14⅝ | 15 + | ⅜ |
| 21⅞ | 17⅝ | CaroPw 1.72 | 8 | 1071 | 21⅝ | 21½ | 21½ | |
| 29⅝ | 26⅛ | CarP pf 2.67 | | 4 | 29⅛ | 29 | 29⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 34⅝ | 21½ | CarTec 1.80 | | 13 | 33⅝ | 33⅝ | 33⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 18¾ | 11¾ | CarrCp .52 | 14 | 140 | 15¾ | 15⅝ | 15¾ | ⅛ |
| 32¼ | 30⅛ | Carr pf 2.25 | | z100 | 31½ | 31½ | 31½ | |
| 25¼ | 17⅝ | CartHaw .90 | 9 | 106 | 20⅛ | 19¾ | 20 + | ¼ |
| 8⅝ | 6¼ | CartWall .40 | 34 | 42 | 7⅝ | 7⅛ | 7⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 11 | ⅝ | CascNG .71 | 4 | 36 | 9 | 8¾ | 9 | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 15 | CastlCk .80b | 6 | 14 | 15¼ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | |
| 62¼ | 55¾ | CaterpTr 1.50 | 12 | 451 | 60½ | 59⅞ | 60⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 19⅝ | 14 | CecoCp 1.15 | 8 | 5 | 15⅝ | 15 | 15⅝— | ⅛ |
| 58 | 42⅝ | Celanse 2.80 | 8 | 42 | 49⅛ | 48¾ | 48¾— | ¼ |
| 14 | 7⅝ | Centex .12 | 12 | 49 | 10½ | 10⅜ | 10⅜ | |
| 18⅛ | 13¼ | CenSoW 1.20 | 10 | 461 | 16⅛ | 15⅞ | 16 | |
| 19⅝ | 17½ | CenHud 1.72 | 7 | 17 | 19 | 18⅞ | 18⅞— | ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 15⅝ | CenIllLt 1.68 | 10 | 37 | 17¼ | 17¼ | 17¼+ | ⅛ |
| 31½ | 27½ | CnILt pf 2.87 | | z3300 | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | 29⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 29⅛ | 25½ | CnILt pf 2.62 | | z250 | 28⅛ | 28⅛ | 28⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 15 | 12⅞ | CenllPS 1.28 | 9 | 43 | 14⅞ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | |
| 22! | 18 | CenLaE 1.40 | | 37 | 22 | 21⅝ | 21¾— | ¼ |
| 15¾ | 14 | CeMPw 1.34 | 9 | 10 | 15¼ | 15 | 15¼+ | ⅛ |
| 18 | 13⅞ | CenSova .60 | 7 | 75 | 14⅞ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | |
| 23⅝ | 19⅛ | CenTel 1.36 | 10 | 196 | 23⅞ | 23⅜ | 23⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 35⅞ | 19¼ | CentrDat .60 | 15 | 63 | 31⅛ | 30⅝ | 30⅝ | |
| 22⅝ | 15 | Cert-teed .65 | 11 | 66 | 19 | 18⅝ | 18¾+ | ¼ |
| 29¾ | 21⅝ | CessnAir .76 | 10 | 24 | 28⅞ | 28¼ | 28¾ | |
| 29½ | 1 | Champint 1 | 9 | 158 | 23¼ | 23 | 23¼+ | ¼ |
| 26⅝ | 18⅞ | Chml pf 1.20 | | 23 | 23⅝ | 23 | 23⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 13⅞ | 11 | ChamSp .63 | 9 | 249 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝— | ⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 3⅜ | CharlrCo .08 | 23 | 22 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½— | ⅛ |
| 26⅝ | 21⅝ | Chartr NY 2.5 | | 14 | 24¾ | 24⅝ | 24⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 8½ | 7 | ChaseFd .60e | | 20 | 7⅞ | 7¾ | 7⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 32¼ | 26⅜ | ChaseM 2.20 | 12 | 207 | 29½ | 29⅛ | 29¼— | ¼ |
| 4 | 2½ | ChaseT .83e | | 5 | 2¾ | 2½ | 2½ | |
| 11 | 6 | Chelsea .40 | 12 | 8 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ | |
| 52 | 31⅞ | Chemin 1.40 | 6 | 87 | 35½ | 34⅝ | 34⅝— | ¼ |
| 42½ | 30⅛ | ChmNY 2.88 | 7 | 68 | 42¼ | 41⅞ | 42⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 30 | 25¼ | ChesebP .76 | 17 | 49 | 27⅝ | 27 | 27¼+ | ¼ |
| 40⅛ | 34⅝ | Chessie 2.10 | 7 | 77 | 36½ | 36⅛ | 36⅝+ | ¼ |
| 9¼ | 4¼ | ChiMilw Cp | | 14 | 6⅛ | 6¼ | 6½+ | ⅛ |
| 35¼ | 25 | ChiPneuT 2 | 13 | 33 | 29¼ | 29 | 29⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 2½ | ChkFull .10t | | 1 | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ | |
| 8⅝ | 4⅛ | Chr's Craft | | 44 | 5 | 4⅞ | 5 + | ⅛ |
| 15 | 9¼ | Chromal .84 | 7 | 57 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14⅝ | n |
| 67¼ | 53 | Chroma pf 5 | | 1 | 66 | 66 | 66 — | 1 |
| 22⅞ | 10⅛ | Chrysler .15e | 17 | 559 | 21¼ | 20⅞ | 20½— | ¼ |
| 21⅞ | 19⅛ | CinBell 1.60 | 8 | 11 | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | 21½— | ⅜ |
| 20⅛ | 17 | CinnGE 1.64 | 13 | 137 | 19¾ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | |
| 5 | 43½ | CinGE pf 4 | | z400 | 48 | 47½ | 48 + | 2 |
| 104 | 97 | CinG pf 9.30 | | z2000 | 101¾ | 101¼ | 101¼+ | ¼ |
| 104¼ | 99¾ | CinG pf 9.52 | | z550 | 102⅛ | 102¼ | 102¼+ | ¼ |
| 35½ | 16¼ | CinMila 1.40 | 15 | 11 | 28½ | 28⅜ | 28¼ | |
| 37⅝ | 27⅞ | Citicorp .96 | 12 | 1276 | 34⅜ | 33⅝ | 33⅞— | ⅜ |
| 55¼ | 38⅝ | CitlesSv 2.80 | 7 | 256 | 52¼ | 51¾ | 51⅞+ | 1⅛ |
| 5 | 1½ | CitzSR .30e | | 18 | 1¾ | 1⅝ | 1¾+ | ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 7 | Citylnvst .46 | 8 | 191 | 10⅛ | 10⅜ | 10⅝— | ⅛ |
| 22⅞ | 16½ | Citvln pfB 2 | | 12 | 23 | 22¼ | 22⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 10½ | 10 | Citvh pf 1.10 | | 72 | 10⅞ | 10½ | 10⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 45½ | 25⅛ | ClarkE 1.60 | 14 | 249 | 45 | 44½ | 45 + | ⅝ |
| 13⅞ | 9 | ClarkOil .50 | 9 | x15 | 12⅞ | 12⅜ | 12⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 73⅞ | 47 | ClvCliff 1.90 | 12 | 13 | 65⅞ | 64⅞ | 65⅞+ | 1⅝ |
| 30 | 26½ | ClvElIll 2.56 | 9 | 200 | 29½ | 29⅜ | 28½+ | |
| 86 | 77¼ | ClElll pf7.40 | | z160 | 82 | 81¼ | 82 | |
| 89⅛ | 78 | ClElll pf7.56 | | z100 | 85½ | 85 | 85½+ | 1½ |
| 122½ | 112½ | ClevEl pf 12 | | z150 | 122 | 121 | 122 — | ¼ |
| 14⅞ | 10⅝ | CloroxCo .52 | 11 | 261 | 12¾ | 12⅝ | 12⅝— | ⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 7⅝ | CluetPea .40 | 6 | 67 | 9 | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | |
| 14⅞ | 7¾ | CoastSt Gas | 4 | 91 | 10 | 9⅞ | 10 | |
| 24⅞ | 17⅝ | CstSG pf 3 | | 14 | 20⅛ | 19⅞ | 20 — | ⅛ |
| 19¼ | 13⅜ | CstSG pf1.19 | | 11 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝— | ¼ |
| 9⅝ | 6⅞ | CocaBtlg .40a | 10 | 268 | 7⅞ | 7¾ | 7⅞ | |
| 95¼ | 77⅝ | CocaCol 2.65 | 20 | 223 | 87⅞ | 87 | 87 — | ⅜ |
| 17⅞ | 8⅞ | ColdwBk .40 | 9 | 167 | 14¼ | 14 | 14¼+ | ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 8⅝ | ColeNal .60 | 6 | 3 | 12 | 12 | 12 + | ¼ |
| 6⅞ | 2¾ | Coleco Ind | 32 | 59 | 5 | 4¾ | 4¾— | ⅛ |
| 31¼ | 23⅝ | ColgPal .88 | 15 | 341 | 28⅝ | 27⅞ | 28⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 15⅞ | 9⅝ | CollinAik .56 | 5 | 34 | 10⅞ | 10⅝ | 10⅝— | ⅛ |
| 8½ | 4⅝ | CollinF .05e | 6 | 13 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7 — | ⅛ |
| 24⅝ | 18 | ColPenn .70 | 9 | 153 | 24⅞ | 24½ | 24⅞+ | ¼ |
| 25 | 19⅞ | ColonlSt 1.45 | 6 | 16 | 21⅞ | 21¼ | 21¼— | ½ |
| 56⅞ | 28½ | Collnd 2.50 | 7 | 41 | 51 | 50¼ | 50⅞— | ⅛ |
| 29¾ | 21⅛ | Colt pf 1.60 | | 1 | 26¾ | 26¾ | 26¾— | ¼ |
| 26⅞ | 22¼ | ColGas 2.14 | 8 | 63 | 24¾ | 24⅝ | 24½+ | ⅛ |
| 7⅞ | 4½ | Colum Pict | 6 | 33 | 5¼ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 25¼ | 21⅞ | ColSOh 2.04 | 7 | 282 | 25¼ | 25 | 25¼+ | ¼ |
| 108½ | 101 | CoSO pf10.52 | | z20 | 105¼ | 105¼ | 105¼+ | ⅛ |
| 2 3-16 | 9-16 | Colwel Mtg | | 8 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 20½ | 12⅝ | Combd Com | 9 | 43 | 17 | 15½ | 16½ | ⅛ |
| 49⅛ | 32¼ | CombEng 2 | 10 | 156 | 47 | 45⅝ | 46⅝+ | 1 |
| 32 | 26¼ | ComwE 2.40 | 10 | 225 | 31⅜ | 30⅞ | 30⅞— | ⅛ |
| 21½ | 17⅛ | ComE pf1.42 | | 51 | 21½ | 21⅛ | 21½+ | ⅛ |
| 22¾ | 20¼ | ComE pf1.90 | | 15 | 22¼ | 21⅞ | 22¼+ | ⅛ |
| 23⅞ | 21¼ | ComwE pf 2 | | 2 | 23⅝ | 23⅝ | 23⅝— | ⅛ |
| 27⅜ | 25⅝ | ComE pf2.37 | | 3 | 27 | 26⅞ | 27 | |
| 31⅞ | 27⅞ | ComE pf2.87 | | 11 | 31⅜ | 31½ | 31½ | |
| 11¼ | 8 | ComwO | | 94 | 11 | 10⅞ | 10⅞— | ⅛ |
| 31¼ | 25⅞ | Comsat 1 | 6 | 243 | 28 | 27⅝ | 27⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 33½ | 18⅝ | Compugrp .05e | | 15 | 27⅞ | 27⅝ | 28 + | ⅜ |
| 8 | 4 | Comput Scl | 11 | 66 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6¼ | |
| 13 | 8½ | ConAgr .75 | 3 | 10 | 11½ | 11¼ | 11¼ | |
| 56⅞ | 37¼ | ConeMil 2 | 4 | 19 | 42½ | 42⅛ | 42½ | |
| 27½ | 20⅞ | ConeMil wi | | 5 | 21½ | 21½ | 21½ | |
| 19⅞ | 12¼ | Congolm .50 | | 82 | 13 | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | ¼ |
| 15⅞ | 13½ | ConnM 1.60 | 12 | 51 | 16⅝ | 16⅛ | 16¼— | ⅛ |
| 25⅝ | 19⅝ | Conrac .80B | 7 | 11 | 22 | 21½ | 21½— | ½ |
| 19¼ | 15 | ConEd 1.60 | 5 | 410 | 19⅝ | 19⅛ | 19¼+ | ⅛ |
| 66 | 55½ | ConEd pf 6 | | 1 | 65½ | 65½ | 65½+ | ¼ |
| 51¾ | 44 | ConEd pf 5 | | 12 | 50½ | 50½ | 50½ | |
| 26¼ | 19⅝ | ConFds 1.35 | 8 | 323 | 25⅞ | 25⅜ | 25⅝ | ⅜ |
| 6 | 56½ | ConF pf 4.50 | | 12 | 66 | 65¾ | 65½— | ⅛ |
| 27⅝ | 17½ | ConFrel .80 | 10 | 22 | 25⅝ | 25 | 26 — | ½ |
| 29 | 24½ | ConNGs 2.24 | 7 | 24 | 29⅝ | 28¼ | 28¼ | |
| 22 | 19 | ConsuPow 2 | 7 | 90 | 21⅞ | 21⅛ | 21⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 48 | 40 | CnPw pf4.50 | | z90 | 46½ | 46 | 46 — | ½ |
| 76 | 63½ | CnPw pf7.45 | | z1900 | 74½ | 74⅛ | 74⅛+ | 1⅛ |
| 78 | 65 | CnPw pf7.76 | | z150 | 77¼ | 76½ | 77¼ | |
| 77½ | 67½ | CnPw pf7.68 | | z60.50 | 76¾ | 75½ | 76¾+ | ¾ |
| 68¼ | 60⅛ | CnPw pf5.50 | | 3 | 68¼ | 68⅛ | 68¼+ | ¾ |
| 8¼ | 5¼ | ContAir Lin | | 102 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | ⅛ |
| 8 | 5 | ContlCop .50 | | 9 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6¼ | |
| 57⅛ | 47⅝ | ContlCp 2.80 | 16 | 137 | 51¼ | 50⅝ | 50¾— | ⅜ |
| 55½ | 46 | CntC pfB2.50 | | 1 | 55½ | 55½ | 55½+ | ⅝ |
| 34⅞ | 26¾ | CntlGrp 1.80 | 7 | 274 | 31⅝ | 31 | 31⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 55⅝ | 35⅞ | ContlCp 2.40 | 7 | 131 | 50¼ | 50⅝ | 50¼+ | ⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 9⅞ | ContlIP 1.28 | 16 | 20 | 14¼ | 14⅛ | 14¼ | |
| 3 | 1¼ | Contil Rlty | | 25 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 40⅞ | 33⅞ | Cont Oil 1.20 | 9 | 577 | 38 | 37⅝ | 37⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 15½ | 12¼ | ContTele 1 | 11 | 421 | 15½ | 15 | 15⅛— | ¼ |
| 27⅛ | 17⅛ | Control Dat | 10 | 266 | 23½ | 22⅞ | 23 — | ¼ |
| 48 | 40¾ | CnDt pf 4.50 | | z60 | 45¼ | 45¼ | 45¼— | ¾ |
| 35½ | 26¼ | Conwood 2.20 | | 7 | 35¼ | 34¾ | 34¾— | ¾ |
| 6 | 2⅛ | CookUn .30t | 6 | 5 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 40½ | 29 | Cooperln .84 | 12 | 248 | 40⅝ | 40 | 40 + | ¼ |
| 10½ | 4⅞ | Cooper Lab | 15 | 13 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | ⅛ |
| 15 | 9⅛ | CoopTR .60 | 4 | 28 | 14½ | 14⅛ | 14½+ | ⅜ |
| 17½ | 12 | CopT of 1.25 | | 1 | 16½ | 16½ | 16½— | ⅜ |
| 18⅛ | 10¾ | Copelnd .60 | 10 | 13 | 16¼ | 16 | 16 — | ¼ |
| 25⅝ | 17⅝ | CoppRg .50a | | 18 | 23 | 22¾ | 22¾— | ⅜ |
| 53 | 36¾ | Coppw 2.40b | 8 | 1 | 49½ | 49½ | 49½ | |
| 2¾ | 1½ | Cordura Cp | | 16 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | |
| 0 | 43⅝ | CornG 1.12a | 21 | 177 | 76½ | 75⅞ | 76⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 4 | 1¼ | Cousins Mtg | | 30 | 1¾ | 1⅝ | 1⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 6⅛ | Cowles .56 | 13 | 3 | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¼— | ¼ |
| 37⅞ | 26¾ | CoxBdct .45 | 12 | 16 | 35⅝ | 35¼ | 35⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 16⅝ | 8¼ | Craig .20 | 4 | 22 | 12⅝ | 12½ | 12½ | |
| 39⅝ | 26⅝ | Crane 1.20 | 5 | 37 | 28⅞ | 27¾ | 28⅞+ | 1⅛ |
| 5 | 3¼ | CreditF .24 | 8 | 18 | 4¼ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 27⅞ | 21⅜ | CrockN 1.66 | | 112 | 24⅞ | 24½ | 24¾+ | ⅜ |
| 42⅞ | 35½ | CrockN pf 3 | | 1 | 40¾ | 40¾ | 40¾ | |
| 15¾ | 10½ | CrompK .80 | 7 | 16 | 12 | 12 | 12 — | ⅛ |
| 33½ | 1⅞ | CrouHi .80b | 11 | 3 | 30⅞ | 30⅞ | 30⅞— | ⅛ |
| 88 | 51¾ | CroHl pf3.35 | | 3 | 82 | 81½ | 81½— | 1½ |
| 22⅞ | 16⅞ | Crown Cork | 8 | 114 | 21¼ | 21 | 21 | |
| 49 | 35⅝ | CrwZel 1.86 | 12 | 75 | 43 | 42⅞ | 42⅞+ | ⅜ |
| 19⅞ | 13⅝ | Culbro 1.52 | 6 | 3 | 17½ | 17½ | 17½ | |
| 10⅞ | 7⅝ | Culligan .40 | 10 | 76 | 10½ | 10¼ | 10⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 114⅜ | 79 | Cum pf 7.50 | | z190 | 114 | 113 | 113 + | 1 |
| 13⅝ | 11 | Currinc 1.08 | | 8 | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11¾ | |
| 17½ | 10 | CurtisWr .60 | 10 | 97 | 16¾ | 16⅜ | 16½ | ¼ |
| 40⅝ | 25⅝ | CutlerH 1.8 | 9 | 12 | 36⅛ | 36¼ | 36⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 25⅞ | 15⅝ | CyclopsCp 1 | 5 | 11 | 21¾ | 21½ | 21½— | ⅛ |
| 31½ | 21½ | Cyprus 1.40 | 19 | 35 | 25¼ | 25¼ | 25¼ | |

## D

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8¼ | 4⅝ | DPF Inc | 18 | 39 | 7 | 6⅞ | 7 + | ¼ |
| 11⅞ | 6⅞ | Damon .20 | | 47 | 7 | 6⅞ | 6⅞— | ⅛ |
| 11¼ | 7 | DanRiv .40 | 6 | 43 | 8¾ | 8⅝ | 8⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 27½ | 19¾ | DanaCp .84 | 10 | 57 | 26¼ | 26 | 26 — | ¼ |
| 41 | 27½ | Dartind .64b | 9 | 63 | 36¾ | 36¼ | 36⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 41½ | 32¼ | Dartindpf 2 | | 2 | 39½ | 39½ | 39½+ | ¼ |
| 60¼ | 37⅝ | Data Genl | 28 | 48 | 49⅝ | 48¾ | 49⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 17⅝ | 10⅝ | Dayco .59b | 4 | 9 | 16⅞ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | ¼ |
| 66 | 50 | Dayc pf 4.25 | | z40 | 66 | 66 | 66 + | ¼ |
| 35½ | 26¾ | DaytnHud 1 | 9 | 66 | 32 | 31⅝ | 31⅞ | |
| 19⅝ | 17 | DaytPL 1.46 | 10 | 75 | 19⅛ | 18⅝ | 19 | |
| 80 | 69 | DPLpf 7.48 | | z50 | 77½ | 77½ | 77½ | |
| 73¾ | 51⅛ | Deere 2.20 | 8 | 83 | 66 | 65⅝ | 65⅝— | ⅛ |
| 33⅛ | 32⅞ | Deere wi | | 17 | 33⅝ | 33 | 33⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 29½ | 22⅞ | DelMon 1.40 | 7 | 56 | 29¼ | 28⅞ | 29 — | ⅛ |
| 13¾ | 12⅛ | DelmaP 1.28 | 9 | 122 | 13⅝ | 13½ | 13⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 45¼ | 36⅛ | DeltaAir .70 | 11 | 134 | 39 | 38½ | 38½ | ⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 2⅝ | Deltona Crp | | 42 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| 23⅝ | 19⅛ | DennisMfg 1 | 8 | 20 | 22½ | 22¼ | 22½+ | ⅛ |
| 22½ | 15¼ | DennMf pf 1 | | 1 | 21½ | 21½ | 21½— | ¼ |
| 25⅞ | 1⅞ | Dennys .44 | 12 | 187 | 23⅞ | 23½ | 23½— | ⅛ |
| 34⅞ | 27½ | Dentsply .8 | 16 | 25 | 33⅞ | 33⅜ | 33⅞+ | ¼ |
| 25⅝ | 15½ | Deseret .40 | 15 | 37 | 23⅞ | 23⅛ | 23¼+ | ⅜ |
| 11⅞ | 5¾ | DeSoto ln .40 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | |
| 15 | 13 | DetEdis 1.45 | 11 | 129 | 14⅞ | 14⅛ | 14⅝— | ⅛ |
| 62¼ | 55 | DetE pf 5.58 | | 4 | 62⅝ | 62⅝ | 62⅝ | |
| 93 | 82¼ | DetE pf 9.32 | | z90 | 90¼ | 90 | 90¼ | ¾ |
| 27¼ | 24⅞ | DetE pf 2.75 | | 13 | 26½ | 26⅜ | 26½+ | ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 24⅞ | DeE pfB2.75 | | 2 | 26⅞ | 26⅝ | 26⅝— | ¼ |
| 23⅝ | 12⅛ | Dexter .68 | 18 | 22 | 22⅝ | 22 | 22⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 4⅛ | DiGiorgio | 9 | 40 | 5⅞ | 5¾ | 5¾— | ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 9 | DialFinl .66 | 6 | 8 | 11 | 10⅞ | 11 | |
| 42½ | 33⅝ | Diamint 2 | 8 | 35 | 36½ | 36 | 36⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 22¼ | 15¼ | DiamM 1.72r | 3 | 18 | 16¾ | 16⅝ | 16¾+ | ¼ |
| 80 | 53⅝ | DiamSh 1.20 | 10 | 152 | 71¾ | 70⅞ | 70⅞— | ⅜ |
| 91½ | 68⅝ | DiaShpfC 2 | | 1 | 80¾ | 80¼ | 80¼ | ¼ |
| 36⅞ | 24½ | Dia pfD 1.20 | | 34 | 32⅝ | 31¾ | 31¾ | |
| 11⅞ | 7⅛ | DickAB .40 | 11 | 24 | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7½ | |
| 10⅛ | 8¼ | Dictaphn .68 | 9 | 36 | 9 | 8⅞ | 8⅞— | ⅛ |
| 15 | 10½ | Diebold .44 | 11 | 55 | 12½ | 12¼ | 12¼ | |
| 162½ | 135½ | Digital Eqpt | 27 | 263 | 164¾ | 162½ | 163 — | ¾ |
| 11½ | 7⅝ | Dillingm .48 | 5 | 39 | 9¼ | 9 | 9⅛ | ⅛ |
| 26⅛ | 22¼ | Dilingm pf 2 | | 1 | 25 | 25 | 25 | |
| 37⅝ | 28⅞ | DillonCo 1.86b | 13 | 12 | 33⅞ | 32¾ | 33⅝+ | ¼ |
| 63 | 47⅝ | Disney .12b | 21 | 525 | 51⅛ | 50⅛ | 50⅞ | |
| 3⅛ | 1 | Diversd Mtg | | 35 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1⅛ | |
| 17½ | 11 | DrPepper .40 | 20 | 140 | 15¾ | 15 | 15⅛ | |
| 45½ | 32½ | DomeM .80a | 12 | 123 | 37⅛ | 36⅞ | 35⅞— | ⅜ |
| 6⅝ | 2¼ | DonLuJ .18e | 11 | 61 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 24⅝ | 17⅜ | Donnelly .68 | 11 | 39 | 21½ | 21 | 21⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 19½ | 13¼ | DorOliv .20e | 6 | 5 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝— | ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 6⅝ | Dorsey .40 | 7 | 38 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝+ | ¼ |
| 6⅜ | 44 | Dover .90 | 18 | 65 | 63⅝ | 62¾ | 63⅝+ | 1 |
| 56⅛ | 43½ | Dow Ch 1 | 13 | 999 | 47 | 46⅛ | 46½ | |
| 26 | 19⅛ | Dravo .95 | 9 | 11 | 22¾ | 22⅝ | 22⅝— | ⅛ |
| 47 | 38½ | Dresser .80 | 107 | 1016 | 43¼ | 42⅝ | 42⅞ | |
| 9½ | 6¼ | Dreyfus .49a | 6 | 21 | 7⅞ | 7 | 7⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 161½ | 125½ | duPont 4.25e | 13 | 276 | 132¼ | 130⅝ | 131½+ | ½ |
| 63 | 59 | duPnt pf4.50 | | 6 | 62½ | 62⅛ | 62½ | |
| 21⅞ | 16⅝ | DukeP 1.50 | 9 | 210 | 20¾ | 20⅝ | 20⅝— | ⅛ |
| 97¾ | 86 | Duke pf 8.70 | | z90 | 96⅛ | 95¼ | 96¼+ | ¼ |
| 92 | 72⅛ | Duke fo .20 | | z110 | 90 | 89 | 89 — | ⅛ |
| 87 | 75½ | Duke pf 7.80 | | z640 | 86 | 85½ | 85½+ | ⅛ |
| 29⅞ | 26⅛ | Duke pf 2.69 | | 1 | 29 | 29 | 29 — | ⅛ |
| 33⅞ | 26⅝ | DunBrd 1.86 | 15 | 137 | 25 | 24¾ | 24⅝— | ¼ |
| 19⅝ | 17⅜ | DuqLt 1.72 | 8 | 73 | 19⅛ | 18⅞ | 19 | |
| 25¾ | 21¾ | DuqLt4pf 2 | | z218 | 24 | 24 | 24 + | ½ |
| 26 | 24⅛ | DuqL pf 2.31 | | z400 | 25⅝ | 25⅜ | 25⅜+ | ⅜ |
| 30 | 26⅛ | DuqL pf 2.75 | | z850 | 29 | 28⅝ | 28¾+ | ⅛ |
| 12 | 7⅛ | Dymoln .40 | 7 | 16 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛+ | ⅛ |

## E

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 19⅛ | 13½ | EG&G .14 | 15 | 88 | 16⅞ | 16⅝ | 16⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 3⅛ | EMILt .19e | 12 | 16 | 3¾ | 3⅝ | 3¾+ | ⅛ |
| 43¼ | 21⅞ | ESystems 1.60b | 10 | 52 | 42½ | 42 | 42⅛ | |
| 39½ | 25½ | EagleP 1.16 | 8 | 4 | 35¼ | 34⅞ | 34⅞— | ⅜ |
| 22⅛ | 16¾ | EascoCp .60 | 6 | 19 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 11¼ | 4⅛ | EastAir Lin | | 182 | 9⅝ | 9⅜ | 9⅜ | |
| 76¾ | 22⅛ | EastGF n.89 | 8 | 179 | 23⅞ | 23¼ | 23⅞+ | ⅜ |
| 16⅝ | 14⅜ | EastUtl 1.50 | 8 | 37 | 16⅛ | 15⅞ | 16 — | ⅛ |
| 120¼ | 92½ | EasKd 1.56a | 24 | 732 | 95⅝ | 94½ | 94¾— | ½ |
| 44⅞ | 29½ | Eaton 1.80 | 12 | 47 | 42⅛ | 41⅝ | 41⅞— | ⅛ |
| 27½ | 21¾ | Echlin .48 | 15 | 2 | 25½ | 25¼ | 25¼— | ¼ |
| 30 | 21¾ | Eckrdl.k .36 | 18 | 123 | 27¾ | 26½ | 26¾+ | ⅜ |
| 21⅞ | 16⅛ | EckdNC .32 | 10 | 43 | 17⅞ | 17⅝ | 17½ | ⅛ |
| 56¼ | 45½ | EdisBro 1.72 | 8 | | 49 | 49 | 49 + | ½ |
| 20⅞ | 9¾ | Edwrds .50 | 3 | 8 | 13⅝ | 13⅛ | 13⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 15¾ | 11⅝ | ElPaso 1.10 | 7 | 198 | 14⅝ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | |
| 5⅛ | 2 | Elect Assoc | 9 | 13 | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ | |
| 18½ | 11⅞ | EDS .68 | 15 | 310 | 17¼ | 16⅝ | 17 + | ⅜ |
| 3⅞ | 1⅛ | ElMem Mg | 7 | 33 | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3⅝ | |
| 10¼ | 5 | ElMM pf 1k | | 5 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9⅝+ | ¼ |
| 41 | 15¼ | ElginN .20e | 8 | 4 | 40¼ | 40 | 40 | |
| 8⅞ | 4⅛ | Elixir Ind | 16 | 6 | 7¼ | 7⅛ | 7⅛— | ⅛ |
| 31¼ | 25⅝ | EltraCp 1.16 | 8 | 41 | 29½ | 29 | 29 — | ¼ |
| 41½ | 34 | EmerEl .60 | 19 | 686 | 36⅞ | 36¼ | 36⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 50½ | 37½ | Emery 1.20 | 22 | 2 | 39⅝ | 39 | 39⅝ | |
| 15 | 8⅝ | EmeryIn .40 | 13 | 13 | 12⅞ | 12¾ | 12⅞— | ⅛ |
| 37 | 26¼ | Emhart 1.30 | 8 | x100 | 35 | 33¾ | 34⅞+ | 1⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 5 | EmD 5pf .58 | | z120 | 5½ | 5½ | 5½ | |
| 10 | 9⅝ | EmpDis pf.92 | | z90 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝— | ⅛ |
| 16 | 11 | EmpGas .28 | 6 | 1 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝— | ⅛ |
| 37⅞ | 22⅜ | EnglhdM 1 | 9 | 148 | 33¾ | 33⅜ | 33⅝ | |
| 6 | 3⅝ | EnnisB .32 | 5 | 5 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| 27¾ | 21¾ | Enserch 1.72 | 9 | 36 | 25⅝ | 24⅞ | 24⅞— | ⅝ |
| 33⅝ | 22⅛ | Entex 1.20 | 8 | 1 | 23⅝ | 23⅝ | 23⅝ | |
| 35 | 17¾ | Envrtec .10e | 12 | 190 | 33⅝ | 33⅛ | 33⅛ | |
| 35 | 21⅞ | Equifax 2 | 9 | 11 | 24⅝ | 24⅛ | 24⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 9⅛ | Equimrk .88 | 7 | 4 | 10⅝ | 10½ | 10½ | ⅛ |
| 33½ | 29½ | EquitGs 2.60 | 6 | 8 | 32⅞ | 32⅝ | 32⅝— | ⅛ |
| 22¼ | 17¾ | EqutLf 2.29a | 11 | 59 | 21⅝ | 21⅜ | 21⅜— | ⅛ |
| 42 | 30¼ | Esmark 1.76 | 7 | 69 | 33⅝ | 33¼ | 33½+ | ⅜ |
| 10 | 5⅞ | Esterline .36 | 7 | 8 | 7⅞ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | |
| 49¼ | 29½ | Ethyl 1.50 | 6 | 53 | 37⅝ | 37 | 37⅛+ | ½ |
| 63⅝ | 39¾ | Ethyl pf 2.40 | | 4 | 49 | 49 | 49 | |
| 11⅞ | 5 | Evans Prod | 8 | 233 | 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 22⅜ | 14½ | ExCelO 1.19 | 8 | 47 | 22 | 21½ | 21⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 20¼ | 18 | Exclsr 1.76e | | 16 | 20 | 20 | 20 | ⅛ |
| 55 | 50 | Exxon .70e | 9 | 1645 | 56½ | 52⅝ | 53⅛+ | ⅛ |

## F

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 27¼ | 19⅞ | FMC 1 | 14 | x68 | 24¼ | 24 | 24 — | ¼ |
| 39¼ | 31¾ | FMC pf 2.25 | | x278 | 35 | 35 | 35 + | ¼ |
| 8⅞ | 5½ | Fabrge .40 | | 28 | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7½— | ⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 8⅛ | FabriCtr .12 | 6 | 16 | 8⅝ | 8⅜ | 8⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 5 | Facet Entrp | 10 | 13 | 5⅛ | 5¼ | 5⅛ | |
| 53¼ | 36⅛ | FairCam .80 | 38 | 34 | 49¾ | 47⅞ | 47⅞— | 1⅛ |
| 11¾ | 8¾ | Fairind .30 | 12 | 71 | 10 | 9¾ | 10 + | ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 4 | Fedders Cp | | 179 | 6⅞ | 5⅞ | 6⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 16⅞ | 13¼ | FedNMt .8 | 6 | 1417 | 16¼ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 2⅛ |
| 15½ | 10¾ | FSignl .68e | 6 | 7 | 14 | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | |
| 60 | 42 | FedDSt 1.56 | 14 | 360 | 49 | 48⅛ | 48½ | |
| 36 | 21¾ | Ferro 1.18 | 8 | 209 | 32¾ | 31¾ | 32 | ¼ |
| 17⅞ | 8 | Fibrebd Cp | | 1 | 11½ | 10⅞ | 10⅞— | ⅛ |
| 5⅞ | 3⅛ | FidFin .64e | 5 | 18 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 22⅞ | 15 | FieldcrMil | 5 | 1 | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | 18⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 6 | Filtrol Cp | 5 | 18 | 8 | 7⅞ | 8+ | ⅛ |
| 16 | 9⅝ | FinSanB .2 | 5 | 26 | 15½ | 15 | 15 | |
| 17¼ | 12½ | FstChar .61t | 8 | 582 | 16¾ | 16¼ | 16¼ | |
| 23¼ | 16½ | FstChic .96 | 8 | 631 | 20⅝ | 19¾ | 20 | ¼ |
| 46½ | 36¾ | X InBn 1.20 | 11 | 66 | 48¾ | 48 | 48 + | ½ |
| 14 | 8½ | 1stMw .36 | 7 | 49 | 10 | 9⅞ | 10 + | ⅛ |
| 30 | 22⅝ | FstNBo 1 | 8 | 38 | 25⅝ | 25¼ | 25⅛ | |
| 24 | 20 | FstNStBn 2 | 8 | 6 | 22⅝ | 22⅛ | 22½+ | ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 14⅝ | FstPa 1.32 | 24 | 47 | 15⅝ | 15½ | 15¾ | |
| 4⅛ | 1⅞ | FstPa Mtg | | 5 | 1¾ | 1⅝ | 1¾ | |
| 11⅞ | 9⅞ | FstUnRl .96 | 14 | 2 | 10⅞ | 10⅝ | 10⅞ | ⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 4⅝ | FstVaBk .45 | 7 | 12 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 23⅝ | 11⅝ | FWisCp 1.76 | 9 | 6 | 221 | 22¼ | KKK | ⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 9⅞ | FishrScl .28 | 7 | 22 | 14⅞ | 14⅝ | 14⅝— | ⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 14 | FleetEnt .40 | 19 | 184 | 17¼ | 16⅞ | 16⅞— | ¼ |
| 18⅛ | 13¼ | Fleming .80 | 7 | 6 | 14⅞ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | |
| 12⅞ | 8 | FlexlVan .20 | 24 | 36 | 11⅞ | 11⅝ | 11⅝— | ⅛ |
| 20¼ | 16 | Flintkot 1.16 | 9 | 29 | 19¼ | 18⅞ | 19¼ | |
| 60 | 50¾ | Flin pfA 4.50 | | z100 | 57⅛ | 57⅛ | 57⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 29¾ | 25 | Flin pfB 2.25 | | 1 | 29 | 29 | 29 | |
| 24⅞ | 16½ | FlaE Coast | 9 | 9 | 19⅞ | 19⅝ | 19⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 18 | 13⅝ | FlaGas 1 | 7 | 145 | 17 | 16⅞ | 16⅞ | |
| 28⅞ | 20¾ | FlaPwL 1.56 | 8 | 414 | 24½ | 24¼ | 24⅜— | ⅛ |
| 30⅝ | 25⅝ | FlaPow 2.10 | 7 | 74 | 29 | 28⅝ | 28⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 29¼ | 19½ | FlaStl 1.50 | 12 | 13 | 22 | 22 | 22 | |
| 45½ | 30 | FluorCp .80 | 12 | 114 | 44 | 43⅛ | 43½— | ⅜ |
| 6½ | 4⅛ | FdFair .20 | | 7 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞— | ⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 10⅛ | FooteCB .90 | 7 | 12 | 13¾ | 13½ | 13½ | |
| 60¼ | 45⅝ | FordM 3.20 | 5 | 802 | 56¼ | 55⅞ | 55⅞— | ½ |
| 18½ | 13½ | ForMcK 1 | 7 | 32 | 15⅞ | 15⅝ | 15⅝— | ⅛ |
| 29⅞ | 23⅝ | FMK pf 1.80 | | 3 | 25½ | 25½ | 25½ | |
| 15¾ | 13⅝ | FtDear 1.24 | | 14 | 14½ | 14½ | 14½— | ⅛ |
| 40¼ | 26⅝ | FtHowP .64 | 11 | 80 | 31⅝ | 31½ | 31½+ | ⅛ |
| 34¼ | 21½ | FosWh 1.10b | 8 | 54 | 34¾ | 34¼ | 34¼+ | ¼ |
| 47⅝ | 27½ | Foxoro 1 | 11 | 42 | 46⅞ | 46⅝ | 46⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 35⅞ | 23¼ | FrnkinM .70 | 13 | 44 | 33⅝ | 32⅝ | 33⅝+ | ⅞ |
| 3¼ | 21½ | FreepM 1.60 | 13 | 207 | 31⅛ | 31 | 31 | |
| 29 | 18¼ | Fruehf 1.80 | 8 | 66 | 26⅞ | 25¾ | 26¼+ | ⅜ |
| 9⅞ | 4½ | Fuqua Ind.08e | | 33 | 8¾ | 8⅝ | 8⅝+ | ⅛ |

## G

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17⅝ | 10⅛ | GAFCp .60 | 8 | 34 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 22⅝ | 15¾ | GAFpf 1.20 | | 30 | 20¼ | 19¾ | 20 | |
| 32⅝ | 25⅛ | GATX 1.80 | 11 | 38 | 29¼ | 28⅞ | 28⅞— | ⅜ |
| 44½ | 36⅞ | GATX pf2.50 | | 5 | 39½ | 39 | 39¼+ | ⅜ |
| 7¾ | 4 | GCA Corp | 26 | 32 | 6 | 5⅝ | 6 + | ⅜ |
| 8¼ | 4½ | GFBusn .32 | 18 | 7 | 5¾ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | |
| 7½ | 5⅝ | Gable Ind | | 9 | 6½ | 6⅜ | 6⅜— | ⅛ |
| 29½ | 21⅝ | GamSk 1.40 | 5 | 8 | 25⅛ | 24⅞ | 24⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 3⅞ | 19⅝ | GamS pf1.60 | | 26 | 32 | 31½ | 32 + | ⅜ |
| 3⅞ | 20¼ | GamS pf1.75 | | 16 | 32 | 31½ | 32 + | ⅜ |
| 40⅛ | 32¼ | Gannett 1 | 20 | 25 | 38⅞ | 38⅛ | 38⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 14 | 6½ | GapStrs .10e | 9 | 59 | 9⅛ | 8⅞ | 9 | |
| 31 | 23¼ | GardDen .76 | 17 | 63 | 24½ | 24¼ | 24½+ | ⅜ |
| 16⅝ | 13⅝ | Garfink 1.04 | 7 | 10 | 15 | 14¾ | 15 — | ⅛ |
| 13¼ | 12⅛ | GasSvc 1.20 | 10 | 4 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | |
| 9⅝ | 4⅝ | Gateway In | 4 | 58 | 6⅛ | 6 | 6⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 15⅜ | 9¾ | Gemini Cap | | 1 | 14¼ | 14¼ | 14¼ | |
| 14¼ | 12⅝ | Gemln 1.20a | | 8 | 14¼ | 14⅛ | 14⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 9⅛ | GAInv 1.06e | | 2 | 10½ | 10⅜ | 10⅜+ | ⅛ |
| 45¼ | 35¼ | GenAmOil 1 | 12 | 12 | 38¾ | 38⅛ | 38⅛— | ⅜ |
| 11 | 8⅛ | GenBanc .80 | | 9 | 9¾ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | |
| 13⅞ | 9⅝ | GoCable .72 | 9 | 43 | 11 | 10⅞ | 10⅞— | ⅛ |
| 26¼ | 17 | GCinma .54 | 7 | 3 | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | |
| 6⅝ | 3⅝ | Gen Develpt | 4 | 11 | 4¾ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ⅛ |
| 65 | 37⅛ | Gen Dynam | 6 | 506 | 51⅝ | 50⅝ | 51⅛+ | ⅝ |
| 58⅝ | 45 | GenEl 1.60 | 14 | 687 | 53⅞ | 53⅛ | 53⅛— | ⅛ |
| 33⅛ | 26⅛ | GnFood 1.50 | 10 | 657 | 32⅝ | 32⅛ | 32⅛— | ⅛ |
| 20½ | 15⅜ | GnGth 1.34e | 19 | 29 | 20½ | 20½ | 20½+ | ¼ |
| 14⅞ | 8⅛ | GenHost .60 | | 18 | 10¼ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | |
| 17¾ | 8¼ | GenInst .221 | 31 | 85 | 15¼ | 14¾ | 14¾— | ¼ |
| 34½ | 27⅞ | GnInstr pf 3 | | 2 | 33⅝ | 33 | 33 | |
| 21 | 14⅝ | GenMed .20 | 9 | 5 | 15⅞ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | |
| 34¾ | 26⅝ | GenMills .76 | 16 | 129 | 33¾ | 33⅛ | 33⅝+ | ¼ |
| 72¼ | 57⅞ | GnMot 3.15e | 8 | 1037 | 68⅝ | 67⅞ | 67⅞— | ½ |
| 53¼ | 49⅝ | GMot pf 3.75 | | 1 | 52⅝ | 52⅝ | 52⅝— | ⅛ |
| 73¼ | 65 | GnMot5pf 5 | | 1 | 69⅝ | 69½ | 69½— | ½ |
| 7⅝ | 5 | GenPort Inc | 15 | 41 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | |
| 18⅞ | 15⅝ | GPubUt 1.68 | 9 | 214 | 18⅛ | 17⅞ | 18 — | ⅛ |
| 11⅛ | 7¾ | GenRefr .40 | 6 | 12 | 8⅞ | 8⅝ | 8⅞ | |
| 51⅞ | 34⅝ | GnSignal .84 | 15 | 115 | 52¾ | 51⅝ | 52⅛+ | ⅝ |
| 5¾ | 3⅛ | Gen Steel | 5 | 1 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 29¼ | 23¼ | GTelEl 2 | 10 | 560 | 29⅝ | 29 | 29⅛— | ⅛ |
| 35¾ | 31¼ | GTIEl pf2.50 | | 6 | 34 | 33¾ | 34 + | ¾ |
| 27¼ | 26½ | GTIEl pf2.48 | | 29 | 27½ | 27½ | 27½ | |
| 16½ | 14½ | GTFl pf 1.30 | | z100 | 14¼ | 14¼ | 14¼ | |
| 23⅛ | 18 | GTire 1.10b | 6 | 409 | 21⅞ | 20⅞ | 21¼+ | ⅞ |
| 9 | 5⅞ | Genesco Inc | 6 | 20 | 6½ | 6⅛ | 6⅛— | ¼ |
| 24⅝ | 18⅞ | Genstar 1.20 | 5 | 5 | 22¾ | 22¾ | 22¾+ | ¼ |
| 41⅝ | 34¼ | GenuPts .76 | 18 | 35 | 35⅝ | 35⅝ | 35⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 34¾ | 30 | GaPacif .80 | 17 | 627 | 33½ | 33 | 33⅛+ | ¼ |
| 28⅝ | 26 | GaPw pf2.75 | | 14 | 28⅝ | 28⅝ | 28⅝ | |
| 80 | 69 | GaPw pf7.80 | | z770 | 80 | 80 | 80 + | ¼ |
| 26⅝ | 19½ | Gerber 1.30 | 8 | 13 | 23⅝ | 23⅛ | 23¼— | ⅛ |
| 189¼ | 152 | GettyOil 2e | 12 | 36 | 178¼ | 177½ | 178¼+ | ½ |
| 18 | 16¼ | GettO pf1.20 | | 3 | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾— | ⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 9⅞ | GiantPC .60 | 8 | 4 | 10 | 9⅞ | 10 | |
| 9⅝ | 7⅛ | Gibr Fin | 7 | 241 | 9⅝ | 9 | 9⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 5⅝ | GiddLew .40 | 10 | 116 | 9⅝ | 8⅞ | 9⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 14⅝ | 9⅛ | GifldHill .64 | 8 | 3 | 14¼ | 14⅛ | 14¼— | ⅛ |
| 38⅝ | 28⅝ | Gillette 1.30 | 11 | 165 | 30⅝ | 30 | 30⅛+ | ¼ |
| 18 | 9¼ | Ginos Inc | 6 | 53 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9⅝— | ⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 6¾ | GlassW .18e | | 6 | 11¾ | 11 | 11 | |
| 11⅛ | 6⅝ | Global Mar | | 57 | 7 | 6⅞ | 7 + | ¼ |
| 32⅛ | 20⅝ | GlobeUn 1.50 | 4 | 17 | 29 | 28⅞ | 29 + | ⅛ |
| 19 | 11½ | GoldWl Fin | 6 | 102 | 19 | 18⅝ | 18⅝— | ⅜ |
| 19⅝ | 13⅝ | GoldW pf .78 | | 78 | 19⅝ | 19⅛ | 19⅛— | ⅜ |
| 29⅛ | 18 | Goodrh 1.12 | 18 | 231 | 28⅝ | 28 | 28⅛— | ½ |
| 25¼ | 20⅛ | Goodyr 1.10 | 11 | 317 | 22⅞ | 21¾ | 22⅛— | ⅝ |
| 16⅞ | 9¾ | GorJwlA .32 | 5 | 17 | 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10⅝— | ⅛ |
| 26 | 22 | Gould | 9 | 83 | 25 | 24⅝ | 25 + | ¼ |
| 29 | 19½ | Gould pf1.35 | | 9 | 25½ | 24¾ | 25⅛+ | 1 |
| 33⅝ | 24¼ | Grace 1.70 | 8 | 142 | 26⅛ | 25⅝ | 26⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 34⅞ | 24⅝ | Grainger .36 | 19 | 335 | 32¼ | 31⅜ | 32¼+ | ⅜ |
| 15⅞ | 12⅝ | GrandUn 1 | 5 | 2 | 15½ | 15⅜ | 15⅜— | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 12¼ | Granitvl .80 | 4 | 18 | 13⅝ | 13 | 13 | |
| 15⅞ | 10½ | GtAtlPac | 23 | 23 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛— | ⅛ |
| 19⅞ | 13⅛ | GrayDrg .60 | 5 | 4 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝— | ⅛ |
| 34¼ | 27½ | GtNorNek 1 | 8 | 109 | 30 | 29⅝ | 29⅝— | ⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 13⅝ | GtWnFin .50 | 10 | 1127 | 20⅛ | 19½ | 19⅝— | ⅜ |
| 31⅞ | 20½ | GrWest Unit | 2 | 19 | 21¾ | 21⅛ | 21¼+ | ⅛ |
| 20¼ | 17⅛ | GrWn pf 1.88 | | 4 | 17⅝ | 17½ | 17½+ | ½ |
| 18⅞ | 15⅛ | GrGlant 1.08 | 13 | 20 | 17 | 16⅞ | 17 | |
| 17⅝ | 13 | Greyh 1.04a | 7 | 221 | 14⅝ | 14⅜ | 14½ | |
| 3⅝ | 1⅞ | Greyhnd wt | | 9 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2¼+ | ⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 1½ | Grolier Inc | | 70 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 18⅞ | 14 | Grumm .80 | 5 | 20 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 17⅜ | 9⅝ | Guardin .30 | 9 | 15 | 15¾ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | |
| 3½ | 1 | Guard Mtg | | 11 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½— | ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 7½ | GlfLfHld .60 | 8 | 104 | 12 | 11¾ | 11⅞— | ¼ |
| 47½ | 35⅝ | GlfW pf 2.50 | | 11 | 41¾ | 41½ | 41½+ | ¼ |
| 20⅞ | 17½ | GulfWstn .60 | 5 | 598 | 19 | 18⅝ | 18¾ | |
| 3½ | 1⅝ | GulfMtg Rlt | | 7 | 1⅞ | 1¾ | 1¾ | |
| 28⅝ | 20⅝ | GulfOil 1.70 | 7 | 1815 | 27⅝ | 27½ | 27½+ | ⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 13⅝ | GulfResrc 1 | 7 | 94 | 15⅝ | 14⅞ | 15⅛+ | ¼ |
| 26¾ | 18 | GfR pfB 1.30 | | 4 | 19⅝ | 19 | 19⅝— | ⅜ |
| 15⅝ | 11⅞ | GlfStUt 1.12 | 9 | 215 | 15⅝ | 13⅞ | 14½— | ⅛ |
| 56 | 49 | GlfSU pf4.52 | | z100 | 53 | 53 | 53 + | 1¾ |
| 62 | 55 | GlfSU pf5.08 | | z100 | 58½ | 58½ | 58½+ | 1½ |
| 6⅝ | 3½ | Gulton Ind | 7 | 38 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |

## H

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7⅝ | 3⅝ | HMW Ind | 5 | 3 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 36 | 27⅛ | HackW 2.80 | 8 | 2 | 35 | 34⅝ | 34⅝— | ¼ |
| 19 | 14⅝ | HallFB .66 | 13 | 21 | 19½ | 19 | 19½+ | ½ |
| 17¼ | 10⅝ | HallPrt .80a | 7 | 3 | 16⅝ | 16 | 16 — | ⅛ |
| 66⅝ | 48⅛ | Hallibrtn .56 | 16 | 809 | 67 | 65⅝ | 66⅝+ | ¼ |
| 23⅞ | 16⅛ | HamrlP 1.20 | 7 | 53 | 20½ | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | |
| 6⅝ | 3⅝ | Hammond | 10 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 18⅛ | 15⅝ | HanJSec 1.47e | | 26 | 17 | 16⅞ | 16⅞ | |
| 22¼ | 19⅝ | HanJInv 1.86e | | 14 | 21½ | 21½ | 21½+ | ⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 5 | Handlmn .40 | 11 | 6 | 6 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | |
| 30½ | 21⅞ | HandyHar 1 | 5 | 2 | 25¾ | 25⅜ | 25⅜+ | ¼ |
| 28½ | 14⅝ | HanesCo 1 | 5 | 19 | 20 | 20 | 20 | |
| 60½ | 43¾ | Hanna 1.60 | 10 | 25 | 53 | 52½ | 52¾+ | ⅜ |
| 27⅝ | 21⅝ | HarBrJ 1.32 | 7 | 68 | 28 | 27⅝ | 28 + | ⅜ |
| 22⅞ | 16⅝ | Harnishf .80 | 6 | 83 | 18½ | 18⅝ | 18⅝— | ⅛ |
| 38⅝ | 33⅝ | HarrBk 1.50 | 7 | 7 | 36⅛ | 36 | 36⅛+ | ¼ |
| 54⅝ | 33⅝ | Harris 1.40 | 12 | 64 | 53 | 52¾ | 52¾ | |
| 27⅝ | 18⅝ | Harsco 1.30b | 6 | 7 | 21⅞ | 21¾ | 21⅞ | |
| 14½ | 8¾ | HartSMx .60 | 10 | 4 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝— | |
| 25¾ | 17⅛ | HarteHk .45 | 11 | 11 | 24¾ | 24 | 24¼+ | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 15⅝ | HattSe 1.44s | 22 | 11 | 17⅝ | 17⅛ | 17⅛+ | ¼ |
| 24 | 20 | HawilEl 1.76 | 8 | 19 | 21⅝ | 21⅛ | 21½— | ⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 11⅝ | HayesAlb 1b | 7 | 14 | 16¼ | 16 | 16 — | ¼ |
| 12⅝ | 3⅝ | Hazeltine | 4 | 26 | 8⅝ | 8⅛ | 8½ | |
| 8⅝ | 6⅝ | Hecks .12 | 8 | 73 | 8 | 7⅝ | 7⅝— | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 10⅝ | HeclaM .30t | 248 | 45 | 13⅝ | 12 | 12⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 16⅝ | 9 | HellmBr .40 | 6 | 8 | 14⅝ | 14⅜ | 14⅝— | ⅛ |
| 51⅝ | 44⅝ | HeinzH 1.36 | 10 | 39 | 47⅝ | 47⅛ | 47⅛— | ½ |
| 29⅝ | 20½ | Hellerint .92 | 8 | 70 | 21⅝ | 20⅝ | 21 | |
| 42 | 30¼ | HelmerP .35 | 10 | 45 | 40 | 39 | 39⅛— | ⅜ |
| 38 | 27⅝ | Hercules .80 | 19 | 268 | 30⅛ | 29⅝ | 29⅝— | ⅜ |
| 27⅝ | 16½ | HershyFd 1 | 7 | 70 | 23 | 22⅝ | 23 + | ½ |
| 23⅝ | 11⅛ | Hesston | | 8 | 11⅝ | 11⅜ | 11⅜ | |
| 25½ | 16⅝ | Hesln pf 1.60 | | 6 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 58⅝ | 46½ | Heublin 1.20 | 15 | 100 | 52½ | 51⅝ | 52¼+ | ⅝ |
| 117⅝ | 84 | HewltPk .30 | 30 | 264 | 90⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞— | ⅜ |
| 7⅝ | 4½ | High Voltg | 16 | 18 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5⅝ | |
| 24 | 17½ | Hillenbd .78 | 8 | 3 | 20 | 20 | 20 + | ¼ |
| 20⅝ | 15 | HiltonHtl .70 | 11 | 10 | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | 19⅝— | ⅛ |
| 28 | 20⅝ | Hobart .92 | 12 | 6 | 23⅝ | 23½ | 23½+ | ¼ |
| 9⅝ | 5⅝ | HoffEle .06e | 6 | 17 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝— | ⅛ |
| 20 | 11⅝ | Holiday .40 | 12 | 221 | 13⅝ | 12⅝ | 13⅛— | ⅛ |
| 46⅝ | 32⅝ | HollyS 3.40a | 3 | 46 | 36 | 35½ | 36 | |
| 44⅝ | 24⅞ | Homestk 1a | 13 | 236 | 27⅝ | 27 | 27¼+ | ⅛ |
| 56⅛ | 32⅝ | Honywll 1.60 | 12 | 538 | 45⅝ | 44⅝ | 44⅞— | ⅜ |
| 24½ | 21¼ | HoovBB 1 | 8 | 21 | 22⅝ | 22½ | 22½ | |
| 3⅝ | 1½ | Horizon Cp | | 10 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝— | ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 11⅝ | HospAff .24b | 7 | 9 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | |
| 28½ | 20¼ | HospCpA .32 | 9 | 227 | 23½ | 23⅝ | 23⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 16 | 9⅝ | HostIntl .40 | | 2 | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| 17⅛ | 10¼ | Houdail .90 | 6 | 4 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝— | ⅛ |
| 16⅛ | 11½ | HougMif .72 | 6 | 14 | 12¼ | 12⅛ | 12⅛— | ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 8 | HousFab .28 | 8 | 24 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝+ | ¼ |
| 20½ | 15¼ | HoushF 1.10 | 7 | 453 | 20⅛ | 19⅞ | 19⅞ | |
| 44⅞ | 35½ | HouF pf 2.37 | | 3 | 44⅝ | 44⅝ | 44⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 36⅛ | 29⅝ | HouF pf 2.50 | | 1 | 35⅝ | 35⅝ | 35⅝+ | ½ |
| 27 | 20⅛ | HousLP 1.56 | 8 | 254 | 27⅝ | 26⅝ | 26⅝ | |
| 36⅝ | 28⅝ | HousNG .60 | 12 | 504 | 31⅞ | 31½ | 31½— | ⅜ |
| 17⅝ | 11⅛ | HowJohn .28 | 9 | 145 | 11⅞ | 11½ | 11⅝— | ¼ |
| 15⅝ | 11 | Hubbrd 1.20 | | 21 | 15 | 14¾ | 14¾— | ¼ |
| 22⅝ | 14⅝ | HudsnA .80 | 25 | 1 | 18¼ | 18½ | 18¼+ | ¼ |
| 22 | 14⅝ | HudsnB .80 | 25 | 1 | 18½ | 18½ | 18½— | ⅜ |
| 8⅝ | 4½ | HoghHat .40 | 6 | 4 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝— | ⅛ |
| 52½ | 37⅝ | HughsTl .40 | 15 | 82 | 49¾ | 49 | 49⅝+ | ⅝ |
| 15⅝ | 11⅝ | Humana .40 | 8 | 13 | 13⅝ | 13½ | 13⅝— | ⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 10⅝ | HuntCh .30 | 13 | 12 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | |
| 25⅝ | 13⅝ | HuttnEF .60 | 4 | 112 | 16 | 15⅝ | 15⅝+ | ⅜ |
| 17⅝ | 12 | Huyck .60 | 15 | 31 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝— | ⅝ |
| 15 | 8⅝ | Hydroml .36 | 5 | 8 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | |

## I

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 21⅛ | 16⅝ | ICInds 1.40 | 6 | 69 | 20⅝ | 20½ | 20⅝ | |
| 42⅝ | 33⅝ | ICInd pf 3.50 | | 19 | 40⅝ | 40⅝ | 40⅝+ | ⅝ |
| 5⅞ | 3 | ICN Pharm | 19 | 41 | 4⅛ | 3⅞ | 4 | |
| 5⅛ | 1⅝ | IDS Rlty | | 23 | 1⅞ | 1⅝ | 1⅝— | ⅛ |
| 45½ | 34½ | INACp 2.10 | 16 | 106 | 44⅞ | 44⅝ | 44½ | |
| 19½ | 16¾ | INAIn 1.59a | | 8 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝— | ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 9⅝ | IUIntl .90 | 8 | 156 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅞+ | ⅛ |
| 35 | 29⅝ | IUInt A | | 7 | 31½ | 31 | 31 — | ¼ |
| 21 | 15⅝ | IUInt pf 1.25 | | 1 | 18½ | 18⅝ | 18½+ | ⅛ |
| 29½ | 26 | IdahoP 2.16 | 11 | 41 | 29 | 28⅝ | 29 + | ¼ |
| 19½ | 13⅝ | IdealBa 1.20 | 8 | 148 | 19 | 18⅞ | 19 + | ⅛ |
| 83½ | 58 | Ideal pf 4.75 | | 1 | 79 | 79 | 79 + | ⅜ |
| 9⅝ | 6⅛ | IdeaToy .32b | 6 | 11 | 8¼ | 8 | 8 — | ⅛ |
| 27⅝ | 22½ | IllPowr 2.20 | 10 | 460 | 27 | 26½ | 26⅝+ | ¼ |
| 50 | 46½ | IIPow pf4.12 | | z4500 | 49⅝ | 49⅝ | 49⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 45½ | 41 | IIPow pf3.78 | | z50 | 44¼ | 44¼ | 44¼+ | ¼ |
| 52 | 50 | IIPow pf4.47 | | z100 | 52⅝ | 52⅝ | 52⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 30 | 21 | ITW .56 | 16 | 35 | 25 | 24 | 24¾+ | 1 |
| 15⅝ | 10¼ | ImplCpA .24 | 6 | 1153 | 15⅝ | 15⅛ | 15⅝— | ⅛ |
| 37 | 25⅝ | INCO 1.40a | 16 | 152 | 33 | 32⅝ | 32⅝— | ⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 4⅛ | Income Cap | | 2 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 81½ | 67½ | IndiM pf7.76 | | z600 | 79 | 79 | 79 + | 3 |
| 113 | 102 | IndiM pf 12 | | z10 | 112½ | 112½ | 112½— | 1½ |
| 23 | 20 | IndpIPL 1.82 | 9 | 456 | 22⅞ | 22⅛ | 22¼ | |
| 84 | 77 | InPL pf 6.25 | | 1 | 80 | 80 | 80 + | 1 |
| 17⅛ | 12½ | IndiNat 1.20 | 9 | 43 | 15½ | 15⅝ | 15½— | ⅜ |
| 14⅝ | 6⅝ | Inexco Oil | 28 | 76 | 12 | 11⅝ | 12 | |
| 95½ | 70 | IngerR 2.68 | 14 | 100 | 84⅝ | 84⅛ | 84½+ | ½ |
| 57½ | 45⅝ | IngR pf 2.35 | | 46 | 52½ | 51½ | 52 + | ½ |
| 34 | 27⅛ | Inind Con 1 | 7 | 10 | 28 | 28 | 28 + | ⅜ |
| 58⅝ | 41 | InindSH 2.60 | 12 | 73 | 50⅝ | 50⅝ | 50⅝— | ⅛ |
| 14 | 7⅝ | Inmont .50 | 6 | 22 | 12⅝ | 12 | 12¼ | |
| 13⅝ | 8⅝ | Insilco .76 | 7 | 103 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝+ | ⅝ |
| 31⅝ | 20⅝ | InspirCopp .25e | | 2 | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | 27⅝— | ⅛ |
| 2 | 1½ | Instif InvTr | | 18 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1⅝ | |
| 9⅝ | 7 | Integon .32 | 6 | 1 | 8½ | 8½ | 8½— | ⅛ |
| 48⅝ | 38⅝ | Interco 1.66 | 8 | 66 | 42⅝ | 42 | 42 — | ⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 4⅝ | Intercl Div | 3 | 2 | 5¼ | 5⅛ | 5¼ | |
| 42½ | 25⅝ | Interlak 2.20 | 5 | 11 | 39⅛ | 39 | 39 + | ⅛ |
| 280¾ | 223⅝ | IBM 9 | 19 | 465 | 278 | 276 | 276⅝— | ⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 21⅝ | IntFlavF .32 | 28 | 132 | 24⅝ | 23⅞ | 24 + | ¼ |
| 37⅝ | 22⅝ | IntHarv 1.70 | 11 | 181 | 31⅝ | 31⅛ | 31¼— | ⅛ |
| 42¼ | 32¼ | IntMinC 2.40 | 5 | 200 | 35⅝ | 35½ | 35⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 8⅝ | IntMng .25e | 6 | 22 | 13 | 12⅝ | 12⅝— | ⅛ |
| 37⅝ | 24⅝ | IntMultf 1.50 | 7 | 8 | 34¼ | 34 | 34¼ | |
| 79¾ | 57¾ | IntPaper 2 | 11 | 445 | 70⅝ | 69 | 69 — | 1⅜ |
| 8 | 5⅝ | IntRectif .20 | | 3 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | |
| 32½ | 24½ | IntTT 1.60 | 9 | 833 | 32 | 31½ | 31⅝ | |
| 59½ | 44 | IntTT pfH 4 | | 5 | 59⅝ | 59 | 59⅝+ | ⅝ |
| 56 | 42½ | IntTT pfJ 4 | | 5 | 55¼ | 54⅝ | 55¼+ | ⅜ |
| 54⅝ | 41⅝ | IntTT pfK 4 | | 19 | 54⅝ | 53½ | 54 — | ⅝ |
| 59⅛ | 47 | IntTT pfO 5 | | 4 | 58⅝ | 58⅝ | 58⅝+ | ⅝ |
| 39 | 27⅝ | ITT pfN 2.25 | | 124 | 38⅝ | 38¼ | 38½— | ⅛ |
| 59 | 45⅝ | ITTpfI 4.50 | | 7 | 58⅝ | 58 | 58½+ | 1 |
| 30⅝ | 23¼ | Intrpce 1.45 | 6 | x1 | 27½ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | |
| 13⅛ | 10⅝ | IntraBrd .80 | 6 | 2 | 12½ | 12½ | 12½ | |
| 16¾ | 9⅞ | IntrsPw 1.45 | 9 | 38 | 16¼ | 16⅛ | 16¼+ | ⅛ |
| 34 | 23⅛ | IowaBf .30e | 3 | 55 | 30⅝ | 30½ | 30½— | ⅜ |
| 16⅝ | 13½ | IowaEl 1.40 | 9 | 29 | 16¼ | 16⅛ | 16¼+ | ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 17⅛ | IowaIlG 1.72 | 10 | 34 | 19½ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | |
| 26 | 24⅛ | Iowll pf2.31 | | z300 | 26 | 26 | 26 + | ¾ |
| 23⅞ | 21⅝ | IowaPwLt 2 | 10 | 111 | 23½ | 23⅝ | 23½+ | ⅝ |
| 20⅛ | 17⅝ | IowaPS 1.72 | 10 | 2619 | 19¾ | 19⅝ | 19⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 5⅝ | 3⅝ | Ipco Hosp | 7 | 37 | 4¼ | 4⅛ | 4⅛— | ⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 8⅛ | Itek Corp | 31 | 38 | 16⅝ | 16¼ | 16⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 15 | 5⅝ | ItelCorp .20 | 8 | 75 | 12⅝ | 12¼ | 12⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 12¼ | JamesF .80 | 11 | 30 | 18⅝ | 18½ | 18½+ | ⅛ |
| 22⅝ | 13⅝ | Jantzen .80 | 5 | 35 | 18½ | 18 | 18 | |
| 10⅝ | 7½ | JapanF .91e | | 11 | 9 | 8⅞ | 9 + | ⅛ |
| 31¼ | 24⅝ | JeffPilot .80 | 12 | 133 | 31¼ | 31 | 31 + | ¼ |
| 44 | 36 | JerCen pf 4 | | z100 | 40⅝ | 40⅝ | 40⅝— | ¼ |
| 96 | 82 | JerCe pf9.36 | | z210 | 95 | 94½ | 95 | |
| 121½ | 110½ | JeC pf 13.50 | | z30 | 120 | 120 | 120 — | 1½ |
| 24¼ | 19¼ | JewelC 1.30 | 9 | 127 | 23 | 22½ | 22½— | ⅛ |
| 8¼ | 4½ | Jewelcor | | 9 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅝— | ⅛ |
| 32½ | 23 | JhnMan 1.40 | 10 | 217 | 29½ | 28¾ | 29¼+ | ⅛ |
| 96½ | 82¼ | JohnsonJn 1 | 26 | 361 | 90¼ | 89⅛ | 89⅝— | ⅜ |
| 25½ | 12⅝ | JohnCon .90 | 8 | 11 | 21⅝ | 21½ | 21⅝— | ⅛ |
| 45 | 26 | JhnCont pf 2 | | 1 | 40 | 40 | 40 | |
| 19⅝ | 12⅝ | JonLogn .50 | 6 | 99 | 15 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | |
| 37⅝ | 27⅝ | Jorgen 1.80 | 5 | 18 | 38 | 37⅛ | 38 — | ⅛ |
| 24⅝ | 19⅝ | Jostens .80 | 8 | 12 | 23¼ | 23¼ | 23⅝— | ⅛ |
| 50⅝ | 30⅝ | JoyMfg 1.10 | 11 | 153 | 44⅝ | 44¼ | 44¼— | ⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 1⅞ | Justice Mtg | | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 — | ¼ |

## J - K

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 48⅛ | 27½ | KaiserAl 1.30 | 11 | 122 | 39⅛ | 38½ | 38⅝— | ⅛ |
| 66 | 50¼ | KaiAnf 4.12 | | 1 | 63½ | 63½ | 63½+ | ¼ |
| 9 | 5⅞ | KaisCem .50 | 15 | 5 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |
| 15⅝ | 12⅝ | KaiCe pf1.37 | | 2 | 14⅝ | 14½ | 14⅝ | |
| 13⅛ | 10⅛ | Kane Mil .24 | 4 | 14 | 10⅝ | 10½ | 10⅝ | |
| 28¼ | 19⅝ | Kaneb 1 | 7 | 33 | 22½ | 22 | 22¼+ | ⅜ |
| 28½ | 25 | KCtyPL 2.36 | 9 | 20 | 28 | 27⅝ | 27⅞ | |
| 45 | 41⅝ | KCPL pf3.80 | | z5000 | 43⅝ | 43⅛ | 43⅛— | 1⅛ |
| 31 | 15 | KCSouln 1r | 6 | 6 | 27 | 26⅝ | 26⅞+ | ⅜ |
| 11⅝ | 9⅝ | KCSou pf 1 | | z280 | 11⅝ | 11¼ | 11⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 20 | 18 | KanGEl 1.68 | 7 | x36 | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | 19⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 17 | 14⅝ | KanNb 1.32B | 7 | 11 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 18 | KanPLt 1.60 | 8 | 27 | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | 19⅝+ | ¼ |
| 27 | 25½ | KaPL pf2.32 | | 139 | 27 | 27 | 27 | |
| 4⅝ | 3 | Katy Ind | | 4 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 16⅛ | 11⅝ | Kty pfB 1.46 | | 3 | 15⅝ | 15½ | 15⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 11¼ | 6⅝ | Kaufm Brd | 47 | 125 | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7½— | ⅛ |
| 17½ | 14¼ | Kaul pf 1.50 | | 2 | 16 | 16 | 16 | |
| 15⅝ | 7⅛ | Kawecki Brl | 22 | 328 | 14⅛ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | |
| 29⅝ | 19½ | KayMary .32 | 17 | 50 | 20 | 19⅝ | 19⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 7⅞ | 4⅛ | KeeneCp .20 | 6 | 48 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 9⅝ | 5⅝ | Keller .20 | 9 | 38 | 6⅞ | 6⅝ | 6⅝— | ⅛ |
| 27⅝ | 20 | Kellogg 1 | 15 | 136 | 25⅝ | 25⅛ | 25⅛— | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 12 | Kellwood .80 | 7 | 5 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 34⅞ | 28⅝ | Kennct .70e | | 172 | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | 29⅝— | ⅜ |
| 23⅝ | 20 | KyUtil 1.84 | 7 | 23 | 23⅛ | 23 | 23⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 22 | 13 | KerrGls .40 | 7 | 122 | 20¼ | 19⅝ | 19⅝— | ⅝ |
| 82⅝ | 60⅝ | KerrMc 1.25 | 14 | 147 | 71⅝ | 69⅝ | 70 — | 1⅝ |
| 21⅝ | 16⅝ | KeystCon 1e | 6 | 2 | 20¼ | 20¼ | 20¼— | ¼ |
| 33⅝ | 18⅝ | KiddeW 1 | 7 | 64 | 31½ | 30⅞ | 31⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 51 | 43 | KiddepfC 4 | | 11 | 49½ | 49¼ | 49½ | |
| 47⅝ | 36⅝ | KimbCl 1.80 | 8 | 393 | 38⅝ | 38 | 38⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 12⅛ | 8⅝ | KingDSt .20 | 7 | 40 | 10⅝ | 10½ | 10⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 12⅝ | KirschCo .90 | 14 | 24 | 15⅞ | 15⅝ | 15⅝— | ⅛ |
| 37⅞ | 28⅞ | KnlstRid .44 | 13 | 36 | 34½ | 34⅝ | 34⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 14 | 8⅝ | Koehring .15e | 13 | 42 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 60⅝ | 35⅝ | Koppers .60 | 10 | 59 | 55⅝ | 54⅝ | 55⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 46⅝ | 40⅝ | Kraftco 2.12 | 8 | 149 | 45⅝ | 45⅝ | 45⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 39⅝ | 31⅛ | Kresges .32 | 20 | 2048 | 40 | 39¼ | 39½— | ¼ |
| 14⅝ | 10 | Kroehler .Af | 18 | 10 | 14 | 14 | 14 + | ⅛ |
| 24⅝ | 17⅝ | Kroger 1.34 | 9 | 72 | 23⅝ | 23⅛ | 23⅝ | |
| 9⅝ | 4½ | Kysor .40 | 11 | 13 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |

## L

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5⅝ | 2⅝ | LFE Cp | 19 | 44 | 4⅝ | 3⅞ | 4⅛+ | ¼ |
| 19⅝ | 17⅝ | LacGas 1.66 | 9 | 6 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 16⅝ | 12 | LamsSess 1.10 | 11 | 2 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | |
| 15⅝ | 11¼ | LaneBry .80 | 6 | 24 | 11⅝ | 11½ | 11⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 9½ | LawtarCh .34 | 19 | 47 | 10⅝ | 10 | 10⅛— | ⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 6⅝ | LearSieg .50 | 6 | 170 | 11⅛ | 10⅝ | 11⅛+ | ⅛ |
| 32⅝ | 23⅝ | LearS pf2.25 | | 2 | 31⅝ | 31⅝ | 31⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 34 | 24⅝ | Leasway .80 | 9 | 35 | 29⅝ | 29⅛ | 29⅝— | ⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 10⅝ | LeedsN .50 | 9 | 20 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 12 | Leesona .75 | 7 | 22 | 18⅝ | 18⅛ | 18⅛— | ⅜ |
| 18⅝ | 10⅝ | LehPCt .80 | 14 | 9 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 2 | ⅞ | LehVal Ind | | 17 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛— | ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 10⅝ | Lehmn .84e | | 67 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | |
| 8⅝ | 4½ | Lennar Crp | | 1 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝— | ⅛ |
| 26⅝ | 18⅛ | Lenox 1 | 10 | 18 | 21⅛ | 20⅝ | 21⅛+ | ⅜ |
| 10½ | 6⅛ | LesFay .40b | 5 | 7 | 7 | 6⅞ | 6⅞— | ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 6⅝ | LevFd Cap | | 6 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝+ | ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 12 | LevFin .75e | | 3 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝— | ⅛ |
| 22⅞ | 18⅞ | LeviStrau .50 | 5 | 121 | 20¼ | 19⅝ | 20 — | ¼ |
| 8⅝ | 4 | Levitz Furn | 30 | 193 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | |
| 34⅞ | 27⅝ | LOF 1.50 | 7 | 174 | 33⅝ | 33 | 33 + | ⅛ |
| 72⅝ | 55⅛ | LOF pf 4.75 | | | 69 | 69 | 69 | |
| 18⅝ | 9⅝ | Liberty Co .32 | 6 | 40 | 18½ | 17⅞ | 18 + | ¼ |
| 3⅝ | 1⅛ | Liberty Loan | | 21 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 36⅛ | 29⅝ | LiggtGe 2.50 | 8 | 40 | 33¼ | 32⅝ | 32⅞+ | ⅜ |
| 90 | 82 | LiggtGo pf 7 | | z20 | 86¼ | 86¼ | 86¼ | |
| 60 | 45 | LillyEli 1.30 | 21 | 443 | 57⅝ | 55⅝ | 55⅝— | ⅝ |

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| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 33 | 24 | LincNat 1.60 | 12 | 45 | 32½ | 32 | 32¼ | |
| 4⅞ | 1⅝ | Lionel Corp | 8 | 66 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 17¾ | 6⅞ | Littonin .18t | 18 | 202 | 14 | 13¾ | 13⅞ | |
| 20¼ | 16¼ | Litton pfB 2 | | 12 | 20½ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | |
| 12⅝ | 6⅝ | LockhdAlrc | 3 | 151 | 10⅛ | 9⅞ | 10 | |
| 27⅝ | 21 | Loews 1.20 | 5 | 94 | 26 | 25⅝ | 25⅞ | |
| 9⅛ | 6 | LomaFin .50 | 7 | 88 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | |
| 17½ | 11⅝ | LomM 1.16e | 12 | 13 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | |
| 19¼ | 14 | LoneStind | 9 | 25 | 16⅝ | 16¼ | 16¼ | |
| 18 | 15⅝ | LngIsLt 1.56 | 7 | 82 | 17⅝ | 17½ | 17½ | |
| 47 | 42 | LILpf 4.35 | | z250 | 47 | 46⅝ | 47 | |
| 98¾ | 79 | LIL pf 8.12 | | z50 | 88¼ | 88¼ | 88¼ | |
| 123¼ | 112 | LIL pfN 13 | | z140 | 120¼ | 120 | 120 | |
| 26⅝ | 24⅝ | LIL pfO 2.47 | | 1 | 26¼ | 26⅛ | 26⅛ | |
| 39½ | 30½ | LongsDrug .12e | 21 | 121 | 30⅞ | 30½ | 30⅝ | |
| 16 | 8⅛ | LoralCorp .10e | 7 | 85 | 13⅛ | 13 | 13⅛ | |
| 30 | 22 | LaLand 1.20 | 11 | 264 | 27⅝ | 27 | 27⅝ | |
| 18 | 12 | LaPacif .20b | 13 | 71 | 14⅛ | 13⅝ | 13⅞ | |
| 26 | 21⅝ | LouisGs 1.88 | 8 | 24 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | |
| 19⅞ | 11⅝ | Lowenst .60 | 397 | 24 | 15⅛ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | |
| 44⅞ | 34⅝ | Lubrizol 1.10 | 18 | 193 | 40⅝ | 40 | 40⅝ | |
| 17⅝ | 13⅝ | LuckyS .68b | 12 | x71 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | |
| 9 | 6⅛ | Ludlow .40 | | 11 | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7⅝ | |
| 29⅝ | 22 | LukenSt 1.60 | 8 | 10 | 26 | 25⅝ | 26 | |
| 24⅝ | 13⅝ | LykesCp | 5 | 65 | 18⅛ | 17⅝ | 17⅞ | |
| 47½ | 28⅝ | Lykes pf2.50 | | 25 | 35⅝ | 35 | 35 | |
| 8⅝ | 4 | LynCSys .28 | 12 | 8 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | |

## M

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 15⅝ | 10⅛ | MBPX .48a | 3 | 12 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ |
| 36¼ | 28 | MGAInc | 5 | 83 | 28⅝ | 27⅝ | 27⅞ |
| 5⅝ | 3⅝ | MEI Cp | 5 | 5 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ |
| 17⅝ | 10⅝ | MGICln .10 | | 811 | 14⅝ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ |
| 12 | 8⅝ | MacAF .60b | 6 | 27 | 8½ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ |
| 5¼ | 2⅝ | MacDonal | 6 | 14 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ |
| 7½ | 4⅝ | Macke .36 | 9 | 29 | 6⅝ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 4¼ | Macmill .25 | 6 | 94 | 6⅛ | 6¼ | 6¼ |
| 17 | 13⅝ | Mcml pf 1.20 | | 3 | 15⅝ | 14⅞ | 14⅞ |
| 38½ | 26⅝ | Macy 1.20 | 7 | 161 | 30¼ | 29⅝ | 29⅝ |
| 13⅝ | 9⅝ | MadisFd .60 | | 51 | 11⅞ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ |
| 6⅞ | 4 | MadSq Gar | 7 | 15 | 5⅝ | 5¼ | 5¼ |
| 9⅝ | 6⅝ | MagicCf .32 | 4 | 94 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ |
| 37⅛ | 21⅝ | Mallory 1 | 26 | 18 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| 27⅝ | 31⅛ | MalHyde .68 | 11 | 8 | 23⅝ | 23¼ | 23¼ |
| 40⅝ | 29 | MfrHan 1.80 | 9 | 271 | 36⅝ | 36 | 36 |
| 41⅞ | 32⅝ | MAPCO .90 | 13 | 32 | 36⅝ | 36⅝ | 36⅝ |
| 12⅝ | 7⅛ | Marathn Mf | 3 | 32 | 10 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ |
| 60⅝ | 41¾ | MarathnO 2 | 12 | 224 | 59⅝ | 58 | 58½ |
| 21⅝ | 13⅝ | Maremt .50 | 7 | 19 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ |
| 13⅞ | 9⅝ | MarMid .80 | | 169 | 10⅝ | 10 | 10 |
| 15⅝ | 11⅝ | MarionL .52 | 13 | 38 | 13 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ |
| 61⅞ | 28⅝ | Marley 1 | 11 | 25 | 54 | 53½ | 53⅝ |
| 13⅞ | 8⅝ | Marbite .40a | 8 | 315 | 13 | 12⅞ | 13 |
| 19⅝ | 12⅝ | Marriot .25t | 16 | 985 | 13⅝ | 12⅝ | 13 |
| 61¼ | 52½ | MrshMcL 2 | 17 | 105 | 54⅝ | 54 | 54⅝ |
| 25⅝ | 16½ | MarshF 1.24 | 10 | 10 | 18⅛ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ |
| 26 | 16⅝ | MartMa 1.40 | 9 | 85 | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ |
| 27½ | 17 | MrldCup .68 | 8 | 38 | 25¼ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ |
| 31¾ | 21⅛ | MascoCp .20 | 15 | 696 | 24⅝ | 24 | 24⅝ |
| 22⅝ | 17 | Masonite .60 | 15 | x60 | 17⅞ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ |
| 12¼ | 9⅝ | MasM 1.11e | 10 | 11 | 11⅝ | 11½ | 11½ |
| 32¼ | 6⅞ | MassyFer 1 | 5 | 35 | 26⅝ | 26⅛ | 26⅝ |
| 17⅝ | 14⅝ | MasCo 1.60 | | 45 | 17 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ |
| 11⅝ | 10⅝ | Masinc .98e | | 25 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ |
| 25¼ | 19¼ | MatsuE .28e | 14 | 761 | 22¼ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 5⅝ | Mattel Inc | 6 | 107 | 6⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ |
| 33⅝ | 28⅝ | MayDStr 1.12 | 11 | 372 | 33⅛ | 32⅝ | 32⅝ |
| 30 | 24⅝ | MayerOsc 1 | 10 | 6 | 29⅝ | 29¼ | 29⅝ |
| 4¼ | 3½ | Mays JW | 14 | 7 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ |
| 39 | 30¼ | Maytg 1.50a | 14 | 27 | 33⅞ | 33½ | 33⅝ |
| 17¼ | 15⅛ | McCord .84 | 6 | 9 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ |
| 52⅝ | 37⅛ | McDermot 1 | 4 | 221 | 49⅝ | 48¾ | 49⅛ |
| 66 | 51¾ | McDnld .02e | 23 | 732 | 56⅝ | 56 | 56¼ |
| 24⅝ | 14⅝ | McDonD .44 | 9 | 1463 | 25 | 24⅝ | 24⅝ |
| 32⅝ | 21⅝ | McGEd 1.50 | 11 | 46 | 29⅝ | 28⅝ | 28⅝ |
| 17 | 12⅝ | McGrwH .64 | 10 | 43 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ |
| 28 | 20⅝ | MGH pf 1.20 | | 4 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ |
| 48½ | 31 | McIntyr .75e | 165000 | z500 | 33 | 33 | 33 |
| 20¼ | 13⅛ | McKee .90 | 8 | 33 | 19⅝ | 19¼ | 19¼ |
| 27⅝ | 22⅝ | McLeanTr .46 | 8 | 9 | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ |
| 23⅝ | 16⅝ | McLout 1.60 | 15 | 14 | 23 | 22⅝ | 22⅝ |
| 12¼ | 9⅛ | McNeil .80 | 11 | 2 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 23 | 18 | MeadCorp .92 | 7 | 128 | 19⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ |
| 57 | 35⅝ | Mea pfA2.80 | | 2 | 49⅝ | 49 | 49⅝ |
| 59½ | 36⅝ | Mea pfB2.80 | | 5 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 26¼ | 17 | Medusa 1.60 | 8 | 4 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 25⅝ | 17⅝ | Melville .68 | 11 | 258 | 24⅝ | 23⅝ | 24 |
| 15⅞ | 9⅝ | Menasc .68r | 5 | 57 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ |
| 64½ | 46⅝ | MercStr .80 | 9 | 14 | 47½ | 47 | 47 |
| 76 | 65 | Merck 1.40 | 23 | 405 | 75⅝ | 74⅝ | 75 |
| 18½ | 10⅝ | Meredith .70 | 5 | 11 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ |
| 13⅝ | 14½ | MerrLyn .80 | 9 | 620 | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ |
| 30⅝ | 19 | MesaPet .10 | 22 | 524 | 30½ | 29⅝ | 30⅛ |
| 37⅞ | 24½ | MesP pf 1.60 | | 100 | 34⅛ | 33⅝ | 33⅝ |
| 11⅝ | 6 | Mesabi 1.10e | 7 | 377 | 7⅝ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ |
| 28 | 16⅝ | MestaMch .90e | 9 | 1 | 26¼ | 26¼ | 26¼ |
| 15½ | 12⅞ | MGM 1r | 7 | 48 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ |
| 30⅛ | 15 | Metrom .80 | 8 | 67 | 26⅝ | 26¼ | 26⅝ |
| 41 | 35½ | MetE pf 3.90 | | z70 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 83¾ | 73½ | MetE pf 8.12 | | z100 | 80 | 79⅝ | 80 |
| 29 | 26⅝ | MhWl pf2.67 | | 6 | 28½ | 28½ | 28⅝ |
| 22⅝ | 13¾ | Microwave | 11 | 32 | 19⅛ | 19 | 19 |
| 16 | 12½ | MidCn 1.12 | 9 | 16 | 15⅞ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ |
| 16¼ | 13⅝ | MidSUt 1.32 | 9 | 703 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ |
| 3 | 1⅝ | Midind Mtg | | 4 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ |
| 26¾ | 18¼ | MidlRo 1.40 | 7 | 21 | 24⅝ | 24 | 24⅝ |
| 29½ | 22⅝ | MilesLb 1.28 | 9 | 8 | 24⅞ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ |
| 21⅞ | 15 | Milgo Elect | 11 | 58 | 16⅞ | 15⅝ | 16⅞ |
| 17⅝ | 9⅝ | MillBrad .44 | 7 | 11 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ |
| 65⅛ | 57⅞ | MinMM 1.45 | 24 | 425 | 63⅛ | 62⅝ | 62⅝ |
| 20⅝ | 18¼ | MinnPL 1.66 | 7 | 30 | 20⅝ | 20½ | 20⅝ |
| 15⅛ | 11⅞ | MirroAl .96 | 9 | 4 | 12 | 11⅞ | 11⅞ |
| 15⅝ | 8 | MissnEq .28 | 9 | 5 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ |
| 37⅛ | 22⅝ | MPacC 1.40 | 6 | 65 | 34⅝ | 34 | 34¼ |
| 32 | 17⅝ | MoPacR pf1 | | 20 | 29½ | 29 | 29⅛ |
| 13½ | 9¾ | MoPSv 1 | 7 | 16 | 13⅝ | 13½ | 13⅝ |
| 25⅞ | 24⅞ | MoPS pf2.44 | | 5 | 25⅝ | 25⅛ | 25⅝ |
| 61⅞ | 47½ | Mobil 3.40 | 7 | 787 | 59⅛ | 58⅝ | 58⅝ |
| 7 | 3¼ | Mobile Hom | | 13 | 4 | 3⅝ | 4 |
| 25 | 15⅝ | Mohasco .90 | 7 | 88 | 17 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ |
| 9⅛ | 3 | Mohk Data | 25 | 223 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ |
| 24 | 16⅝ | MohkR 1.30 | 5 | 11 | 20 | 19⅝ | 20 |
| 37⅝ | 18 | Molycorp 1 | 19 | 26 | 32⅞ | 32½ | 32½ |
| 24 | 16 | Monrb 1.20a | 4 | 2 | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | 20⅝ |
| 15⅝ | 8⅝ | Monogr .20 | 7 | 16 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ |
| 12⅝ | 7⅞ | MonrEq .20 | 21 | 85 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ |
| 100 | 76 | Monsan 2.80 | 8 | 317 | 89 | 88 | 88 |
| 34⅝ | 26⅝ | MonDU 2.20 | 7 | 14 | 33 | 32⅝ | 33 |
| 28 | 22⅝ | MonPw 1.80 | 9 | 26 | 25⅝ | 25 | 25 |
| 27⅛ | 21⅝ | MontSt 1.80a | | 12 | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ |
| 10 | 7⅝ | MONY .61e | 12 | 17 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9½ |
| 55½ | 29⅝ | MooreMcC 1 | 5 | 55 | 46⅝ | 45⅝ | 45⅝ |
| 64⅛ | 52⅝ | Morgan 1.80 | 11 | 212 | 55⅝ | 54⅝ | 54⅝ |
| 28⅝ | 18 | MorrisKnu 1 | 5 | 6 | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ |
| 12 | 10⅝ | MorseSh .30 | 4 | 38 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ |
| 4⅝ | 2⅝ | MtgeTr Am | | 13 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ |
| 19½ | 13⅝ | MorNor .88 | | 70 | 18⅞ | 18 | 18 |
| 59 | 41⅞ | Motorola .70 | 25 | 252 | 54⅝ | 53⅝ | 53⅝ |
| 44⅝ | 30⅝ | MtFuel 2 | 11 | 33 | 41⅝ | 41⅛ | 41⅛ |
| 23⅞ | 19 | MtStTel 1.68 | 9 | 10 | 23⅝ | 23⅝ | 23⅝ |
| 11⅛ | 7 | Munford .40 | 6 | 6 | 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ |
| 7½ | 5⅝ | Munfd pf .40 | | 4 | 6½ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ |
| 23⅝ | 16⅝ | MurphC 1.20 | 7 | 41 | 18⅝ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 16⅞ | MurpOil .60 | 6 | 68 | 21⅝ | 20⅞ | 21⅝ |
| 21⅛ | 12⅝ | MurryOh 1.20 | 7 | 7 | 20⅝ | 20⅛ | 20⅝ |
| 16½ | 14⅛ | MutlOm 1.37 | | 36 | 16 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ |
| 10 | 7 | MyersL .40 | | 3 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ |

## N

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 36⅞ | 23⅝ | NCRCp .72 | 14 | 1749 | 34⅝ | 32¾ | 34⅝ |
| 22⅞ | 12⅞ | NLInd .1 | 10 | 413 | 23⅝ | 21⅝ | 21⅝ |
| 23¼ | 15⅞ | NLTCp .44 | 7 | 219 | 23¼ | 22⅞ | 23⅛ |
| 12½ | 7 | NVF 2.45t | 7 | 40 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ |
| 44⅞ | 35⅝ | Nabisco 2.40 | 10 | 80 | 43⅝ | 42⅝ | 43⅝ |
| 36½ | 30 | NalcoCh .80 | 17 | 221 | 32¾ | 32⅝ | 32⅝ |
| 15⅝ | 10⅝ | NarcoScl .60 | 7 | 5 | 11 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ |
| 18 | 10⅝ | NashuaC .60 | 16 | 156 | 16⅝ | 16¼ | 16¼ |
| 18⅝ | 11 | NatAirl .50 | 25 | 37 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ |
| 16⅝ | 11⅞ | NAvla .77e | | 51 | 15 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ |
| 16½ | 10½ | NatCan .57 | 6 | 39 | 15⅝ | 15 | 15⅝ |
| 43¼ | 21 | NtlChem .40 | 15 | 133 | 25 | 24⅝ | 24⅝ |
| 9½ | 5⅝ | NatCity Lin.15e | 7 | 13 | 8⅞ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ |
| 52⅝ | 39⅝ | NatDet 2.72 | 6 | 6 | 48⅝ | 48⅝ | 48⅝ |
| 27⅝ | 16⅝ | NatDist 1.40 | 8 | 176 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ |
| 37 | 35⅝ | NDstpf 2.25 | | 1 | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | 37⅝ |
| 25⅝ | 21 | NatFuel 2.16 | 7 | 17 | 25 | 24⅝ | 24⅝ |
| 25⅝ | 24⅝ | NatFuel pf2.30 | | 2 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ |
| 17 | 11⅝ | NatGyp 1.05 | 10 | 44 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ |
| 8 | 3⅝ | Nat Homes | | 39 | 4 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ |
| 11⅝ | 6⅝ | Natind .38 | 3 | 30 | 7 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ |
| 14⅝ | 11⅝ | NtInd pf 1.25 | | 9 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ |
| 20⅝ | 14⅝ | NMedCare .03e | 11 | 20 | 17⅝ | 17 | 17 |
| 14 | 7⅛ | NMedE .32 | 6 | 30 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ |
| 18 | 15⅝ | NMineSv .50 | 9 | 54 | 18⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ |
| 51⅝ | 43⅝ | NatPrsto 2 | 9 | 99 | 52⅝ | 51 | 51⅝ |
| 55⅝ | 32 | Nat Semicn | 24 | 1303 | 35⅝ | 34⅝ | 34⅝ |
| 14½ | 9⅝ | NSvcInd .76 | 8 | 37 | 12⅝ | 12 | 12⅝ |
| 18 | 12⅝ | NStand .96 | 7 | 4 | 16⅝ | 15⅝ | 16⅝ |
| 56⅝ | 44⅝ | NStarch .88 | 14 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 52⅝ | 37⅝ | NatlStl 2.50 | 13 | 76 | 47⅝ | 45⅝ | 45⅝ |
| 5⅝ | 3⅝ | Nat Tea | | 2 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ |
| 31 | 22⅝ | Natoma 1.40 | 7 | 95 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ |
| 20 | 15⅝ | Neptune .40 | 8 | 16 | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ |
| 21⅝ | 17½ | NevPw 1.60 | 5 | 14 | 21⅝ | 21⅛ | 21⅛ |
| 21⅞ | 19 | NEngEl 1.86 | 9 | 180 | 22 | 21 | 21⅝ |
| 15⅝ | 12⅝ | NEnGE 1.32 | 8 | 20 | 15⅝ | 15 | 15⅝ |
| 29¾ | 25⅝ | NEnP pf2.76 | | 2 | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | 29⅝ |
| 31 | 25⅛ | NEngT 2.56 | 12 | 31 | 31⅝ | 31 | 31⅝ |
| 28 | 24 | NYSEG 2.40 | 8 | 904 | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | 27⅝ |
| 43 | 39 | NYSE pf3.75 | | z90 | 42⅝ | 42⅝ | 42⅝ |

(Continued on Page 8.)

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SEPT. 2, 1976 (In French Francs)

| COMPANY | INDUS. | 1976 HIGH-LOW | CLOS. PRICE Sept. 2 | MON.-WED. HIGH-LOW | P/E | b YIELD (%) | EARN. PER SHR.— '73, '74, '75 | SHRS. OUTS. (000) | LATEST COMPANY NEWS |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| AQUITAINE .......... | Petrol. | 397 - 307.50 | 308 | 328.10 - 314.50 | 4 | 4.9 | 42.63 - 89.14 - 83.00c | 9.549 | 1975 consolidated turnover = 6.172 MF vs. 6.126 MF in 1974. |
| ASSUR. GROUPE PARIS | Insurance | 318 - 258 | 264 | 266 - 258 | 30 a | 4.2 | 9.96 - 13.27 - — | 2,384 | Free share (1 for 10) Oct. '76. Same div. '77 despite new share distribution. |
| BSN GERVAIS DAN.... | Glass.food | 736 - 583 | 639 | 647 - 631 | — | 4.0 | 102 - 28.36 - —24.39c | 2,332 | Same net dividend of Fr. 25.20 per share maintained for fiscal 1975. |
| CHARGEURS REUNIS.... | Shipping Air trans. | 208 - 148 | 180.50 | 183.40 - 180.50 | 11 | 6.1 | 9.50 - 16.96 - 16.41 | 1,866 | Subsidiary UTA. Sales 6 months '76 = 924 MF (+ 21.4% vs. 6 months '75). |
| CHIMIQUE ROUTIERE.. | Public works | 152 - 111.10 | 113 | 119.50 - 114.10 | 6 | 6.2 | 9.74 - 11.18 - 18.62c | 1,672 | Fiscal '75 consol. net profit of 44.23 MF vs. 23.50 MF in '74. Net div. Fr. 7. |
| Cie. Gle. ELECTRICITE | Electric. | 374 - 278 | 281.50 | 298 - 286 | 14 | 6.1 | 29.70 - 27.60 - 20.66c | 5,044 | 1st semester '76 turnover (ex-taxes) = 9,296 MF (+17.5%). |
| CREDIT COMM. FRAN. | Bank | 161.50 - 102.50 | 102 | 106.50 - 102.50 | 6 | 6.9 | 13.02 - 10.36 - 15.85 | 5,758 | New CCF 30 Mil. Eurodollar notes (1983), floating rate (1/4% over libor). |
| CREDIT INDUS. COM.. | Bank | 147 - 85.70 | 106.50 | 108 - 106.10 | 10 | 6.1 | 8.63 - 6.77 - 10.84 | 4,528 | CIC successfully launched $30 million floating-rate notes issue. |
| CREDIT DU NORD .... | Bank | 95 - 73.50 | 75 | 76 - 75.30 | 11 | 7.3 | 6.72 - 5.54 - 6.64c | 4,800 | Net dividend: Fr. 5.50 (vs. Fr. 4.00 in '74) payable as of May 31. |
| CREUSOT-LOIRE ....... | Heavy Ind | 178 - 114 | 119.50 | 123.80 - 121.80 | 12 | 6.7 | 15.98 - 28.13 - 9.60c | 2,947 | 1st semester '76 turnover (ex-taxes) = F. 2,331,584,000 vs. F. 2,359,139,000 in '75. |
| EURAFRANCE .......... | Holding | 207 - 165 | 174 | 176 - 175 | 5 | 5.7 | (non signific.) - 36.50 | 2,193 | Oct. 1, '75-Sept. 30, '76 = 22.7 MF vs. 19.2 MF Oct. 1, '74-Sept. 30, '75. |
| FERODO S.A.F. ......... | Autom. Equip. | 489.90 - 387.50 | 398.20 | 416.50 - 400 | 14 | 4.4 | 27.19 - 23.02 - 29.27c | 1,495 | 1975 net profit = Fr. 36,376,000. Up 34% vs. 1974. |
| FRANÇAISE PETROLES. | Petrol. | 153.50 - 101.20 | 102.50 | 111.80 - 104.80 | 3 | 9.2 | 41.65 - 66.21 - 34.00c | 13,869 | Beginning of the 1976 drilling campaign in Labrador. |
| GEN. OCCIDENTALE... | Holding | 192 - 171 | 174 | 177 - 175 | 7 | 2.9 | — - — - 26.94c | 2,523 | Gén. Alimentaire turnover (ex-taxes), April-June '76=172.7 MF (—9.71%). |
| IMETAL ................ | Mining | 124.70 - 78.10 | 116.80 | 117.50 - 116.30 | 47 | 2.9 | 7.59 - 17.97 - 2.44c | 7,944 | Expect 1976 to evolve favorably and to profit from Copperweld. |
| MOET-HENNESSY ..... | Beverag. | 621 - 492 | 504 | 511 - 503 | 46 | 1.6 | 31.77 - — - 11.00c | 3,157 | Group consolidated turnover, 1st semester '76 = 539 MF (+27%). |
| NORD (Compagnie du). | Holding | 28.20 - 22.10 | 23.40 | 23.95 - 23.40 | 81 | 6.0 | 2.03 - 0.18 - 0.29 | 13,475 | Last news from Banque Rothschild and Imetal show favorable prospects. |
| PECHELBRONN ........ | Hold.(In.) | 88.10 - 74 | 78.20 | 79.40 - 78.50 | 7 | 7.7 | 11.71 - 6.52 - 10.76 | 2,825 | Fr. 6.00 net dividend proposal at June meeting: (+20%) vs. '74. |
| PECHINEY-UG.-KUHLM | Chem.min. | 119 - 90.50 | 95 | 95.80 - 94.90 | — | 5.3 | 14.50 - 29.50 - —6.30c | 25,162 | 1st semester '76 consolidated turnover = 11,025MF (+15%) of which 44.7% abrd. |
| PEUGEOT ............... | Holding | 489.80 - 250 | 250 | 268.80 - 250 | 5 | 4.0 | 71.04 - 38.24 - 54.71c | 6,002 | Net dividend increase from Fr. 9.10 to Fr. 10 for fiscal '75. |
| RAFFINAGE (Cie. Fr.).. | Petrol. | 129.70 - 84 | 89.10 | 94 - 90 | — | — | 15.54 - — - — | 5,450 | 1st semester '76 turnover = 10,785 MF (+17%). |
| REDOUTE ............... | Mail order | 723 - 564 | 596 | 604 - 595 | 19 | 2.5 | 35.94 - 25.87 - 31.18c | 924 | 1st 4 mos. '76 turnover (incl. taxes) = 770 MF (+18% vs. same period '75). |
| ROBECO ................ | Investm. Comp. | 371.70 - 310 | 366.70 | 364.50 - 359.30 | — | 3.4 | (not relevant) | 22,572 | As of May 1, tot.net assets: 4,443 MFls. Invest.: 36% USA, 37% Eur., 12% Jap. |
| SKIS ROSSIGNOL ...... | Ski manuf | 1980 - 1759 | 1876 | 1915 - 1853 | 36 | 1.2 | 64.64 - 71.76 - 52.21c | 227 | Period April-June '76 consol. turnover (ex-taxes) = 56.14 MF (+50.3%). |
| SUEZ (Cie. Financ.) ... | Holding | 284.90 - 208 | 210.50 | 220 - 210.50 | 6 | 7.6 | 55.76 - 54.00 - 35.00c | 8,419 | Fr. 16 net div. '76 (+1 Fr.). 29% stake acquired in Blyth Eastman Dillon & Co. |

(a) P/E calculated on '74 earnings; all others on '75. (b) Tax credit not included. C: Consolidated.

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FINANCE

PARIS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1976



# oreign Orders Soar t W. German Firms

NN, Sept. 2 (AP-DJ).—The of new orders to the West an manufacturing industry ly was up 14.7 per cent from and up 28.4 per cent from ar earlier, figures released e Economics Ministry showday.

July index was 172, up 150 in June and 134 in July, (1970 equals 100).

sharp gain over June was exclusively to what the Eco- Ministry termed an "ex- " increase in new foreign s, particularly for capital

foreign order index rose er cent month-to-month and per cent year-to-year. The n index figure for July was against 203 in June and 154 r earlier.

domestic orders dipped 0.8 per cent in July month- nth, although they showed per-cent increase over July.

The domestic new order for July was 133, against month earlier and 128 a earlier.

its analysis of the figures, Economics Ministry said forders for capital goods rose per cent month-to-month in but the ministry urged cain interpreting this figure. ajor orders to machine-build- ompanies and to the electri- quipment industry apparentlayed a decisive role," the try said. It added, however, "on the one hand, it should be considered that this probably is a matter of an accidental piling up of statistical reports of major orders in one month. On the other, such orders should also have effects for the further course of the economy."

Foreign orders for the two other major categories of manufactured goods declined month-to-month. New orders for basic and production goods—for example, chemicals and steel—declined 8.5 per cent, and new foreign business in consumer items was off 9.5 per cent.

The 0.8-per-cent month-to-month drop in new domestic orders was the net result of declines of 4.5 per cent in basic and production goods and 1.5 per cent in consumer goods, as well as a rise of 1 per cent in capital goods.

Comparing the two-month June/July period with April/May, overall manufacturing orders were up 9.5 per cent, resulting from a 2-per-cent increase for domestic orders and a 41-per-cent rise for new foreign business.

An Economics Ministry spokesman declined to name any specific orders that may have contributed to the extremely large jump in new foreign business.

However, three major contracts are known to have been signed during the month. On July 4, Kraftwerk Union signed a contract in Tehran for nuclear power plant construction in Iran. Unofficial reports put the value of the order at $4 billion. On July 22 it signed a pact to deliver nuclear plant components valued at 3.25 billion deutsche marks to Brazil.

Mannesmann announced on July 29 the signing of a contract to supply 500,000 tons of pipe to Canadian Arctic Gas Pipeline Ltd. The value of the contract was estimated unofficially at around 500 million DM.

In another report today, the government said the number of unemployed at the end of August totaled 939,500, some 0.5 per cent fewer than at the end of July but unchanged at 4.1 per cent of the labor force.

# P Net Falls Half Year, l Profit Up

NDON, Sept. 2 (AP-DJ).— h Petroleum Co. and Imal Chemical Industries Ltd., of Britain's largest compareported differing trends in ings today.

P's first-half net income fell 72 million from £79.5 million ar earlier. However, the de occurred entirely in the first months of the year, as nd-quarter net income ad- ed 39 per cent to £51.8 mil- from £37.3 million a year er.

though ICI's first-half net ne rose 57 per cent to £143 on from £91 million a year er, the rate of profit increase lowing. First-quarter earn- of £72 million were up 71 cent from a year earlier. second-quarter earnings of million were up 45 per cent a year earlier.

itish Petroleum's total sales eds before customs duties sales taxes rose in the first to £5.78 billion from £4.44 n a year earlier.

wever, BP said sales volume 9 per cent in the first half. peria! Chemical Industries half sales rose to £1.96 bilfrom £1.5 billion a year ear- Second-quarter sales totaled £1 billion, the first time this e has been exceeded.

ICI spokesman said ster- reduced value on foreign ange markets had been a r in the rise in sales. The any's British sales in the half increased 22 per cent 73 million while overseas including exports from in. increased 37 per cent to billion.

# rabs Warn U.S. on Move o Thwart Boycott of Israel

AIRO, Sept. 2 (AP).—Arab ue Boycott commissioner Mohamed Mahgoub said toArab states may take ter- offensive measures if the ed States applies sanctions st U.S. companies complying the Arab boycott regulations. mmenting on a debate in the Senate on legislation that d end certain tax concessions nerican companies that comwith league boycott regula- , Gen. Mahgoub said, "Any step will be met by stronger sures on our part. The rican companies will be hurt if such sanctions were a."

n. Mahgoub said, "Any sanc- or legislations in any coun- n the world will not prevent Boycott Office from imple- ting its regulations. In fact will take more offensive sures. Thus these govern- ts will be hurting their na- l companies whose activities the Arab market will be med."

oint congressional committee ashington voted yesterday to the foreign tax credit, for- tax deferral and tax benefits domestic international sales erations to companies complying with economic boycotts such as the Arab boycott against Israel.

The action was written into a bill overhauling the U.S. tax system that is subject to a full congressional vote and final approval by President Ford.

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## Helps Contain Inflationary Impulses

# *Productivity Spurts Ahead in U.S.*

NEW YORK, Sept. 2 (AP-DJ).—Many U.S. economists generally agree that a brisk increase in productivity has tended to hold down inflationary pressures in recent months.

Prices rose, on the average, at an annual rate of about 4 per cent in the United States during the first half of this year, a vast improvement from the 10-per-cent-plus inflation prevailing in much of 1974 and 1975. Many economic forecasters envision, at worst, a modest acceleration of the price climb as the election nears.

One analyst who points to productivity as a key factor in the improved price picture is Jerome Mark, a senior Labor Department official. "Productivity gains this year have been running higher than was generally expected, even for a period of economic recovery," he says. "As a result, inflation is proving milder than many people had feared."

Higher-than-expected productivity gains show up in data compiled by the Labor Department's bureau of labor statistics. At midyear, the index measuring the hourly output of employees in private businesses reached a record level of 116.3. That was 4.5 per cent higher than a year earlier, when the current economic recovery was beginning. In contrast, this productivity gauge rose only 2.1 per cent during 1975 and fell 3.4 per cent in 1974.

The recent 4.5-per-cent increase is high by almost any standard, analysts say. It compares with an average annual rise of 2.6 per cent since 1909 and 2.9 per cent since World War II.

**Faster Than Usual**

Productivity usually does rise extra rapidly in the early stages of a recovery. Labor Department analysts report, however, that in the present recovery the first-year rise in productivity has been even faster than usual for this phase of the business cycle. In the first year of the last economic upturn, which ran from late 1970 to late 1973, productivity rose only 3.2 per cent.

The current performance, in the view of many economists, reflects mainly the severity of the 1973-75 recession. During that slump, inefficient production facilities were discontinued even more widely than is usual in recession periods. Similarly, payrolls were pared with exceptional harshness. The ax, not surprisingly, fell heavily on inexperienced, relatively unproductive personnel.

When the economy began to turn up last year, analysts say, most businesses were therefore able to meet rising customer demand far more efficiently than would have been the case in, say, 1973. Then, factories operated much closer to full capacity, and unemployment was less than 5 per cent, far below today's rate.

**They Work Harder**

The depth of the recent recession has also prompted a more hardworking attitude in many employees, some analysts say. A recent productivity study by Merrill Lynch Government Securities Inc., a unit of the brokerage concern, states:

"We believe that one of the effects of the recession was to heighten motivation on the part of workers and managers alike; people now recognize that prosperity and profits are not assured, that they have to be earned."

Whatever underlies recent productivity increases, the consensus of economists is that the gains clearly serve to prevent a painful worsening of inflation now. A large productivity advance offsets the cost of a large pay increase.

If a worker in an appliance factory wins a 7-per-cent hourly pay increase but also begins turning out 7 per cent more appliances each hour, the per-unit cost of his labor does not rise. Climbing labor costs have been cited as a major source of inflationary pressure in recent years.

Current productivity gains are not quite large enough to entirely offset the pay increases being won by labor, but they are coming closer than in many years. As a result, unit labor costs rose at an annual rate of only 3.4 per cent in the first half of this year, sharply below increases of 7.5 per cent in 1975 and 13.2 per cent in 1974.

# Rise in Industrial Prices Hurts Stocks

NEW YORK, Sept. 2 (Reuters).—Prices on the New York Stock Exchange twice failed to hold small advances today and ended up mixed in moderate trading.

Analysts said investors were initially encouraged by the decline in the August wholesale price index, but on closer examination they were disturbed by the rise in the industrial segment of the index. President Ford said he was "concerned" over the increase.

In addition, analysts said profit-taking set in after four straight sessions on the plus side.

After the market closed, the Federal Reserve reported that the basic money supply, M-1, fell $800 million in the week ended Aug. 25. The broader-based M-2 rose $700 million. Business loans, the Fed said, rose $308 million after declining $168 million a week ago.

The Dow Jones industrial average fell 1.16 points to 984.79. It was ahead 3 1.3 points in early trading and was off 1.57 at 3 p.m.

Volume totaled 18.92 million shares, compared with 18.64 million yesterday.

Ampex slipped 3/4 to 6 5.8 before it was halted. The Securities and Exchange Commission charged that Touche Ross's 1971 audit report on Ampex was "materially false and misleading."

Sea Containers was off 3/4 to 36 after it ended a planned joint venture with Maritime Fruit Carriers.

Norfolk & Western fell 2 to 87 1/2. The company said its third-quarter earnings will be reduced about 27 cents per share as a result of a suit settlement with the trustees of Erie Lackawanna Railway.

Pitney Bowes picked up 5/8 to 14 3/4. A court approved a suit settlement under which the company will pay Alpex Corp. $ 11 million and Alpex will end litigation.

A.J. Industries, which did not trade yesterday pending an announcement, added 5/8 at 3 3/4 after the company said an investor group offered $5 per share to take over the company.

Moore McCormack lost 1 1 8 to 45 1/2. Sperry Rand 1 3/8 to 46 1/8. MCA 1 1/4 to 27 1/8. Polaroid 1 to 39 1/4. Fairchild Camera 1 1/2 to 47 3/4. International Paper 1 1/2 to 69 1/8 and Teledyne 1 1/2 to 69 1/2.

Prices on the American Stock Exchange closed slightly higher, with the index adding 0.07 to 102.48.

Harman International rose 1 to 21 after predicting higher first-quarter earnings.

In Chicago, concern over a possible short crop of soybeans pushed prices up the limit 20 cents a bushel.

Soybean oil gained slightly more than 50 points, or 1/2 cent a pound, while meal was about $7 a ton higher.

# *U.S. Firm Ends Plan to Aid Israeli-Founded Ship Firm*

*From Wire Dispatches*

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—A rescue package for the financially troubled Israeli-American shipping group, Maritime Fruit Carriers (MFC), collapsed today when the U.S. company involved withdrew out of consideration for Arab sensibilities.

Sea Containers—a U.S.-based shipping and container company with substantial U.K. interests—said it was terminating its plans to set up a joint venture with MFC to take over a number of its refrigerated vessels.

Sea Containers said James Sherwood, its president, "advised that he had received strong representations from his group's largest customers, including two of the major British liner companies and one Arab-owned line, as well as certain ship finance banks, to give up all association with the Israeli-founded MFC in light of the current Arab-Israeli tensions.

"Containerization is sweeping through Arab ports like wildfire and Sea Containers is extensively involved. Not only are our ships and containers being used, but we are installing container cranes in several of the ports. It would be imprudent of us to provoke ill-feeling on the part of any interests which provide important support to our group activities," Mr. Sherwood was quoted as saying.

Another problem with the MFC ships concerns the Swedish Salen group, which itself is planning to obtain control of most of the MFC refrigerated ships.

"By our withdrawal we do not want to imply that our initial ideas concerning the MFC ships have proven unsound, or that it will not be possible for others to fill our shoes. Prompt action could save 17 of the MFC refrigerated ships. Sea Containers would be prepared to buy some of these ships outright provided the mortgagees would agree," Mr. Sherwood was quoted as saying.

Maritime Fruit ran into trouble earlier this year when it was disclosed that the company was in default on $23.5 million in debt repayments for its ships. A number have since been arrested and some have been sold by creditors.

Under the plan outlined in late July, Sea Containers was to share in the ownership of up to 23 of MFC's 23 refrigerated cargo ships. Mr. Sherwood was quoted then as saying the maximum direct financial exposure of his firm in the proposed transaction would be around $5 million.

Meanwhile, earlier in July, it was reported that some or all of the seven MFC cargo vessels owned under the Israeli-flag registry had been equipped by Israel with guns and extra accommodations suitable for carrying troops. The remainder of the company's fleet were under foreign registry.

# *Zaire and Banks Open Talks on Debt Repayment*

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuters).—International bankers today opened talks here with Zaire on debt repayment problems involving commercial loans of around $750 million.

Ten banks from the United States, Britain, France, Belgium and Japan joined last month in a request for urgent talks with Zaire.

The banks are agents for loans raised on international capital markets on which Zaire has technically defaulted because it failed to pay interest on time.

London bankers said these were preliminary talks, covering legal aspects of Zaire's debt delinquency.

The commercial banks' approach to Zaire followed agreement by creditor governments in Paris in June to reschedule a major part of Zaire's official foreign debts, estimated at between $2 billion and $3 billion.

## Peso Falls 38 Per Cent

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 2 (AP-DJ).—Reopening after a one-day bank holiday, the Mexican central bank quoted the peso today at 20.4 to 20.6 to the dollar—an effective devaluation of about 38 per cent.

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# Fed Support For Currency Is 'Minimial'

## Dollar Escaped Market Turbulence

By Jack Egan

NEW YORK, Sept. 2 (WP).—Despite extremely turbulent conditions in foreign exchange markets over the six months ending July 30, the dollar was "only occasionally caught up in the turmoil" and intervention by the Federal Reserve Bank was minimal, according to a semiannual report on U.S. foreign exchange operations issued by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York yesterday.

"The dollar's greater resiliency, in contrast to other periods of exchange market unsettlement in recent years, largely reflected the lifting of many of the market's previous concerns over the U.S. economic performance," the report states, pointing to the economic rebound, moderating inflation and stable interest rates in the United States.

Most of the $36 billion in government direct purchases and sales of foreign currencies during the half-year period involved European central banks and was part of strained efforts to preserve exchange relationships within the European currency float, or "snake," as the lire, pound and French franc plummeted against the deutsche mark and Swiss franc.

Federal Reserve interventions accounted for only $500 million of this $36-billion total. "We've been blissfully free of these difficulties," Alan Holmes, executive vice-president for foreign activities at the New York Fed told reporters.

In fact, a strengthening dollar during the May to July period enabled the Fed to acquire currencies to repay more than $200 million in previous "swap" borrowings from the West German, Belgian and Dutch central banks.

**British Borrowing**

The Bank of England, through the end of July, meanwhile has drawn down roughly $1.1 billion of the $5.2-billion special international credit facility hastily set up earlier this year to help Britain defend the value of sterling, the report indicates.

Borrowings from the United States total $400 million—half from the Treasury Department and half from the Federal Reserve—out of a $2-billion maximum.

The report highlights the extreme currency swings that have taken place during the six month period covered:

"Between January and the end of July, against the dollar the Italian lira depreciated by a net 20 per cent, the pound by 14 per cent, the French franc—having left the "snake" arrangement—by 8 per cent. Maintenance of the EEC snake itself entailed large-scale intervention on several occasions."

By contrast, the mark and the Swiss franc, though both in heavy demand, appreciated against the dollar by only 2 and 4 per cent, respectively.

# *U.K. Spent $5.6 Billion Supporting Pound in '76*

LONDON, Sept. 2 (AP-DJ).—Figures released by the Treasury today indicated that the Bank of England has spent roughly $5.6 billion supporting sterling in the first eight months of this year.

Despite the large expenditure, the pound had dropped to $1.7764 by the end of August from $2.0233 at the end of December, representing a 12.2-per-cent decline.

The Treasury figures showed that Britain's total monetary reserves stood at $5.029 billion at the end of August, down $400 million from $5.429 billion at the end of December.

Aside from this loss of reserves, the figures showed that British government agencies had borrowed foreign currencies totaling $2.1-6 billion in the eight-month period. In addition, Britain drew $1.98 billion from the International Monetary Fund in the period and $1.1 billion on a $5.3-billion standby facility with foreign central banks.

**Support Spending**

The decline in reserves plus the total drawing of foreign currencies came to $5.63 billion in the eight-month period. Apart from special transactions, this would correspond to the Bank of England's support for sterling so far this year.

In announcing the August reserve changes, the Treasury said that Britain did not draw on its $5.3-billion standby facility during August or July.

In August, Britain's reserves fell $341 million after $185 million of government-sponsored foreign currency borrowing had been accrued to reserves. The Bank of England's support for sterling during August should therefore have been somewhere around the sum of the borrowing plus the reserve loss.

**Inflation Rate Cited**

According to some currency experts, the main reason for the fall of the pound in the eighth-month period stems from Britain's high rate of inflation, rather than the deficit in trade in goods and services with other nations.

Britain's current-account deficit in the first seven months, the latest period for which figures are available, totaled £1.041 billion.

This was about the same as the £1.060-billion deficit in the first seven months last year. However, Britain's rate of inflation has remained above that of most other nations for several years. Throughout the period, the interest on British Treasury bills has remained below the rate of inflation.

This negative yield has discouraged the oil exporting countries and other nations from increasing their investment in sterling, so that the Bank of England has had to offset both capital outflows and the current-account deficit through expenditure of its reserves and government-sponsored foreign currency borrowing abroad.

# Price Index Off .1% in U.S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 (Reuters).—The U.S. wholesale price index fell 0.1 per cent seasonally adjusted in August, following a 0.3-per-cent rise in July, the Labor Department reported today.

Sharp declines in food prices more than offset a continuing increase in wholesale prices for industrial commodities. The index now stands at 183.7.

The Department said the index for both farm products and processed foods and feeds fell 2.9 per cent in August, while the industrial commodity index rose 0.7 per cent.

In the past 12 months wholesale prices have risen by an unadjusted 4 per cent. In August, 1975 the wholesale price index rose by 0.9 per cent.

Among farm products, prices for raw cotton and oilseed fell sharply, while grain prices also fell.

The Department said that among industrial commodities the largest advances in August occurred in lumber and wood products, rubber and fuels.

The Department said wholesale prices for crude materials rose by 0.1 per cent in August, after rising by 3.8 per cent in July, while intermediate materials rose by 0.7 per cent.

Wholesale prices of total finished goods dropped by 0.2 per cent last month, while consumer goods prices at the wholesale level fell by 0.4 per cent, paced by a drop of 3.2 per cent in food.

NOTICE
GLOBAL NATURAL RESOURCES PROPERTIES LIMITED
SHAREHOLDERS
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Please write:
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Unconditionally guaranteed as to payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest by Chrysler Financial Corporation

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Early Maturity Option
The holder of any Debenture may elect that such Debenture mature on August 1, 1983. Such election may be made only after November 1, 1982 and prior to the close of business on February 1, 1983. The Company may increase the rate of interest payable on the Debentures after August 1, 1983, provided that notice of any such increase is given on or before January 1, 1983.

Price: 99.50 and accrued interest, if any, to yield approximately 11.10% to 1983 or 11.07% to 1991

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René T. Leclerc Incorporated

# NYSE Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Sept. 2

(Continued from Page 6.)

| 1976 High | 1976 Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 97 | 85 | NYSE pf6.80 | | z100 | 94½ | 94½ | 94½ | + 1 |
| 31 | 23 | Newmt 1.60 | 15 | 260 | 26 | 25¼ | 25⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 95 | 73½ | Nwml pf4.50 | | 1 | 79 | 79 | 79 | — 1 |
| 14¼ | 12½ | NiaMP 1.24 | 7 | 159 | 13⅝ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | |
| 114½ | 104 | NiM pf 11.75 | | z170 | 113½ | 113 | 113 | |
| 107½ | 95¼ | NiMpf 10.60 | | z2030 | 107½ | 107¼ | 107½ | + 1 |
| 81½ | 72 | NiaM pf 7.72 | | z50 | 80¼ | 80¼ | 80¼ | |
| 14 | 11⅛ | NiagShre .95c | | 2 | 12 | 12 | 12 | + ⅛ |
| 26⅞ | 22⅛ | Nicor 2.12 | 8 | 44 | 26¾ | 26⅛ | 26½ | — ⅛ |
| 26⅜ | 22⅜ | Nicor pf 1.90 | | 2 | 26½ | 26½ | 26½ | + ½ |
| 89⅞ | 63⅜ | NorfkWn 5.28 | 8 | 102 | 89½ | 87¼ | 87¼ | — 2½ |
| 19⅝ | 14½ | Norlin 1.25 | 5 | 94 | 19⅞ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | + ¼ |
| 45½ | 22¼ | Norris 1.60 | 6 | 42 | 37¾ | 37½ | 37½ | — ¼ |
| 49½ | 33 | NoACoal .90 | 8 | 2 | 40 | 40 | 40 | + ⅛ |
| 8¼ | 3½ | NoAmMl .60e | | 66 | 3¾ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 30⅝ | 19⅝ | NoAPhl 1.20 | 8 | 23 | 30¼ | 29⅞ | 30 | — ½ |
| 4⅞ | 2⅝ | NoCAir .10e | 6 | 129 | 3¾ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 1⅛ | ⅜ | NoCeAir wt | | 18 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 11⅞ | 9⅞ | NoestUt 1.02 | 6 | 284 | 10⅞ | 10½ | 10⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅜ | 16 | NIndPS 1.40 | 8 | 52 | 18⅛ | 18 | 18 | |
| 53 | 33¾ | NorNGs 2.08 | 7 | 225 | 44⅞ | 43⅞ | 44 | — ½ |
| 28½ | 23½ | NoStPw 1.94 | 10 | 387 | 26½ | 28¼ | 28⅜ | + ⅜ |
| 51 | 44 | NSPw pf4.08 | | z50 | 49½ | 49 | 49 | + ½ |
| 55 | 50½ | NSPw pf4.56 | | z100 | 54 | 54 | 54 | + 1½ |
| 80½ | 75 | NSPw pf6.80 | | z100 | 80 | 80 | 80 | — ½ |
| 82 | 77 | NSlaPw pf 7 | | z100 | 81 | 80½ | 80½ | — ½ |
| 42¼ | 25½ | NorTel .60 | 14 | 457 | 39 | 38⅝ | 38⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 46 | 22⅝ | Northrp 1.40 | 7 | 73 | 41⅛ | 40¼ | 40⅛ | |
| 36¼ | 23 | NwstAirl .45 | 15 | 332 | 31⅝ | 31 | 31 | — ⅛ |
| 55¼ | 43½ | NwtBnc 1.80 | 10 | 284 | 51¾ | 50½ | 51⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 30¼ | 24⅝ | NwtEnrgy 2 | 5 | 12 | 27⅛ | 27¼ | 27⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 30⅜ | 24⅝ | NwtEnr ct 2 | 5 | 8 | 27½ | 27¼ | 27¼ | + ⅛ |
| 49½ | 32¼ | Nwtind 2.25 | 4 | 196 | 48⅛ | 47⅛ | 47½ | — ½ |
| 26⅜ | 14½ | Nwstind wt | | 18 | 25⅛ | 24⅞ | 25⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 26½ | 24⅝ | NwtP pf 2.50 | | 1 | 25¾ | 25¾ | 25¾ | + ¼ |
| 12⅜ | 9½ | NwsMutL 1e | 15 | 24 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12¼ | |
| 36⅛ | 28¼ | NwtStW 1.20 | 18 | 3 | 30¼ | 30¼ | 30¼ | |
| 37⅝ | 25¼ | Norton 1.70 | 8 | 249 | 37 | 36¼ | 36¾ | — ½ |
| 24½ | 17¾ | NorSim .60 | 11 | 409 | 22 | 21⅛ | 22 | + ¼ |
| 54 | 39½ | NorlS pf 1.60 | | 27 | 47¼ | 46½ | 47¼ | + ⅞ |
| 31 | 14½ | NucorCp .32 | 7 | 20 | 24⅛ | 24¾ | 24⅞ | + ⅜ |

## O

| 1976 High | 1976 Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 14¾ | 9⅞ | OKCCp 1 | 5 | 18 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14⅛ | |
| 15⅝ | 12⅛ | OakiteP .92 | 8 | 3 | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼ | — ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 13½ | OccidPet 1 | 11 | 499 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18½ | — ⅛ |
| 9 | 5⅞ | OccidPet wt | | 26 | 7¾ | 7⅝ | 7¾ | |
| 62¼ | 46 | OcciP pf3.60 | | 4 | 59¼ | 59 | 59 | — 1 |
| 61 | 47⅛ | OccidPl pf 4 | | 5 | 58⅝ | 58¼ | 58⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 25⅞ | 20⅞ | OcciP pf2.50 | | 26 | 25⅞ | 25⅝ | 25½ | + ⅛ |
| 24 | 15⅝ | Ogden 1.20 | 4 | 23 | 21½ | 21½ | 21¼ | |
| 37 | 25¾ | Ogdn pf 1.87 | | 1 | 32½ | 32½ | 32½ | + ½ |
| 19⅝ | 16⅝ | OhioEd 1.66 | 89 | 177 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 52 | 45¼ | OhEd pf 4.56 | | z20 | 50½ | 50½ | 50½ | — 1 |
| 111⅛ | 102¾ | OhE pf 10.48 | | z50 | 106½ | 106½ | 106½ | + 1⅛ |
| 111 | 103 | OhE pf 10.76 | | z100 | 108¼ | 108½ | 108½ | + 1 |
| 83 | 71½ | OhPw pf8.04 | | z50 | 78½ | 78½ | 78½ | — 2½ |
| 77⅝ | 69½ | OPwC pf7.60 | | z60 | 77 | 77 | 77 | + 1⅛ |
| 125 | 112½ | OhP pfA 14 | | z620 | 124½ | 123 | 124½ | |
| 125⅝ | 116 | OhPw pf 14 | | z270 | 124 | 123½ | 123½ | — 1½ |
| 79 | 69 | OhPw pf7.76 | | z50 | 78 | 78 | 78 | — 1 |
| 20⅛ | 17½ | OklaGE 1.44 | 10 | 199 | 18⅝ | 18⅜ | 18⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 30½ | 23¼ | OklaNG 1.80 | 7 | 35 | 27⅝ | 27½ | 27⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 45⅛ | 30¼ | OlinCp 1.32 | 7 | 90 | 41¼ | 40⅞ | 41¼ | + ¼ |
| 36⅛ | 26⅛ | Olinkraft 1 | 8 | 84 | 31⅜ | 31 | 31 | — ⅛ |
| 14 | 9¼ | Omark .60 | 5 | 16 | 11 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 9 | Oneida .76 | 6 | 9 | 13½ | 13¼ | 13¼ | — ⅛ |
| 16¼ | 12¼ | Opelika 1 | 6 | 4 | 16 | 16 | 16 | |
| 15⅝ | 13 | OranRk 1.28 | 8 | 3 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 8⅜ | Orange .18b | 8 | 112 | 8⅞ | 8½ | 8⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 36⅛ | 25¼ | OutMar 1.40 | 8 | 21 | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 19½ | 12⅝ | OutletCo .80 | 5 | 6 | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | |
| 24⅞ | 19 | OvernitT .90 | 8 | 4 | 20½ | 20¼ | 20¼ | |
| 19¼ | 10⅞ | OverSh .20b | 5 | 82 | 19¼ | 18½ | 18½ | — ¾ |
| 59½ | 42 | OwensCng 1 | 73 | 46 | 52¾ | 52¼ | 52¼ | + ⅛ |
| 63¼ | 51¾ | OwenIll 1.88 | 8 | 218 | 56¾ | 55¾ | 55⅞ | — ¾ |
| 25⅝ | 16⅛ | Oxfrdind .68 | 4 | 4 | 18¼ | 18 | 18 | |

## P - Q

| 1976 High | 1976 Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 59½ | 35 | PPGInd 2 | 8 | 224 | 51 | 50¾ | 50¾ | — ¾ |
| 14¼ | 12½ | PacAS 1.24 | | 77 | 14⅛ | 13¾ | 13¾ | — ⅛ |
| 23⅝ | 20 | PacGas 1.88 | 9 | 240 | 21½ | 21½ | 21½ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅞ | 16⅜ | PacLtg 1.68 | 9 | 46 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | |
| 33⅝ | 25⅝ | PacLm .15 | 75 | 12 | 29⅞ | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 30¼ | 25⅞ | PacPetrl .80 | 70 | 78 | 28¾ | 28 | 28 | + ⅜ |
| 22½ | 20 | PacPw 1.70 | 10 | 95 | 21¾ | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | |
| 16⅛ | 13⅜ | PacTT 1.20 | 8 | 29 | 15⅞ | 15⅝ | 15⅞ | |
| 9⅝ | 8⅝ | PacTin .80 | 8 | 2 | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | |
| 12¾ | 5⅜ | PaineW .30e | 5 | 775 | 7¾ | 7⅜ | 7⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 17½ | 12⅞ | PaW pf 1.30 | | x5 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | |
| 8⅛ | 4⅞ | PalmBc .30 | 6 | 29 | 7⅝ | 7⅜ | 7½ | + ⅛ |
| 8½ | 5 | Pamida .10e | 6 | 16 | 5¼ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 7⅞ | 5⅜ | PanAm Air | | 118 | 5⅞ | 5¾ | 5¾ | |
| 40⅞ | 29⅞ | PanEP 2.30 | 7 | 30 | 38½ | 38⅛ | 38⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 8 | Paprcft .66b | 7 | 11 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 12⅝ | Pargasinc 1 | 71 | 3 | 15⅝ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 45 | 32 | Parg pf 2.64 | | 2 | 36 | 36 | 36 | — 2 |
| 32½ | 17⅝ | ParkerDrl .05e | 8 | 149 | 31¾ | 30⅞ | 31 | + ⅝ |
| 35⅞ | 21⅝ | ParHan 1.20 | 10 | 6 | 32⅝ | 32⅝ | 32⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 16⅝ | 11⅞ | ParkPen .40 | 9 | 12 | 16 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 14¼ | 7½ | PatrkP .86f | 6 | 49 | 11 | 10½ | 11 | + ⅛ |
| 23⅝ | 16½ | Paylsnw .40 | 8 | 7 | 18⅝ | 18½ | 18½ | |
| 19⅛ | 14⅝ | PeabGa .16 | 11 | 127 | 18⅞ | 18⅝ | 18⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 4⅝ | PenDix .24b | | 12 | 4⅞ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 60¼ | 48 | Penney 1.28 | 15 | 512 | 53⅛ | 52⅝ | 52⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 19⅝ | PaPwLt 1.80 | 8 | 63 | 21¼ | 21 | 21¼ | + ⅛ |
| 52 | 47 | PaPL pf4.50 | | z100 | 52½ | 52½ | 52½ | + ½ |
| 90½ | 80¾ | PaPL pf 8.40 | | z10 | 90¾ | 90¾ | 90¾ | + ⅛ |
| 112½ | 102½ | PaPLt pf 11 | | z100 | 112½ | 112½ | 112½ | + ¾ |
| 94 | 82 | PaPL pf 8.70 | | z200 | 93 | 93 | 93 | |
| 37⅞ | 27½ | Pennwlt 1.60 | 9 | 69 | 33⅛ | 33½ | 33⅞ | |
| 56¾ | 42 | Penwl pf2.50 | | 2 | 50½ | 50½ | 50½ | — ½ |
| 27½ | 21 | Penwl pf1.60 | | 14 | 25 | 24½ | 25 | + ⅛ |
| 34½ | 19⅛ | Pennzol 1.32 | 9 | 1093 | 31½ | 30⅞ | 31¼ | + ⅜ |
| 45 | 25½ | Pennz pf1.33 | | 1 | 40 | 40 | 40 | + 1¾ |
| 10⅛ | 5⅛ | PeopDrg .20 | 14 | 63 | 10⅛ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | — ½ |
| 39⅛ | 34¼ | PeopleGas 3 | 7 | 26 | 39½ | 38⅞ | 39⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 85½ | 69½ | PepsiCo 2 | 17 | x536 | 85¾ | 84¾ | 85 | |

| 1976 High | 1976 Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 27½ | 18¾ | PerkElm .30 | 20 | 156 | 21⅜ | 21 | 21⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 30⅜ | 23⅜ | Petinc 1.60 | 8 | 10 | 29⅜ | 29 | 29⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 16⅝ | 11½ | PslerPl .80a | 10 | 8 | 13 | 12¾ | 12¾ | — ⅛ |
| 80 | 63⅞ | PotrieSt 1.60 | 16 | 3 | 68⅛ | 68¼ | 68⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 26 | 19½ | Petrolan .60 | 7 | 311 | 22½ | 22 | 22½ | + ½ |
| 26 | 20¼ | Petrlm 2.55e | | 6 | 24¼ | 24⅛ | 24¼ | + ⅛ |
| 31 | 25½ | Pfizer .88 | 13 | 263 | 28⅜ | 28⅛ | 28¼ | — ¼ |
| 45¼ | 36¼ | PhelpD 2.20 | 17 | 82 | 41⅞ | 41¼ | 41¼ | — ¼ |
| 17⅝ | 14⅛ | PhilaEl 1.64 | 9 | 368 | 16¾ | 16½ | 16½ | — ⅛ |
| 46¼ | 38 | PhilE pf 4.30 | | z2000 | 44½ | 44½ | 44½ | — ⅜ |
| 75½ | 63½ | PhilaEl pf 7 | | z90 | 73¼ | 73¼ | 73¼ | — ¼ |
| 90¼ | 78 | PhilE pf 8.75 | | z160 | 88 | 87 | 87 | |
| 82 | 70 | PhilE pf 7.85 | | z200 | 80¾ | 80¼ | 80½ | |
| 100½ | 96 | PhilE pf 9.52 | | z2050 | 100 | 100 | 100 | + ⅛ |
| 82½ | 69⅞ | PhilE pf 7.80 | | z100 | 79½ | 79 | 79½ | + 1 |
| 80 | 66½ | PhilE pf 7.75 | | z250 | 78 | 77⅝ | 77⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 15½ | 12⅝ | PhilaSub .80 | 6 | 51 | 13 | 12⅝ | 12⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 59⅛ | 49½ | PhilMorr 1.30 | 14 | 804 | 57¾ | 56¾ | 57⅛ | — ¼ |
| 8¼ | 3¼ | Philips Ind | | 18 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7 | |
| 64¼ | 49½ | PhillPet 1.80 | 13 | 447 | 60¼ | 59¾ | 59¼ | — ⅜ |
| 12⅝ | 7⅝ | PhilVnH .60 | 9 | 12 | 9⅞ | 9¾ | 9⅞ | |
| 23⅞ | 14¼ | Pickwick .32 | 9 | 26 | 18⅞ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | + ¼ |
| 17¼ | 15 | PiedNG 1.44 | 7 | 5 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 8⅛ | 4½ | Pier1 Imprt | | 26 | 5⅞ | 5¾ | 5⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 44¼ | 33¼ | Pillsbury 1 | 15 | 138 | 41¼ | 40⅞ | 41 | + ⅛ |
| 36⅞ | 27⅝ | Pioner 1.20b | 9 | 17 | 33¾ | 33⅜ | 33⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 18 | 13½ | PitneyB .68 | 7 | 237 | 15⅛ | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | + ⅜ |
| 23⅞ | 17⅝ | PittFrg .80b | 7 | 1 | 20¼ | 20¼ | 20¼ | + ⅛ |
| 48 | 31 | Pittsln .80a | 8 | 457 | 39¼ | 37½ | 38 | — ⅜ |
| 31¼ | 20⅝ | PizzaHt .06e | 12 | 184 | 27 | 26¼ | 26¾ | |
| 4⅞ | 3 | Plan Rearch | 8 | 12 | 4 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | |
| 5 | 2⅞ | Playboy .12 | 23 | 2 | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | — ⅛ |
| 16⅛ | 11½ | Plessey .86e | 9 | 8 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 16½ | 11⅞ | Pneumo 1 | 4 | 32 | 14⅞ | 14⅝ | 14¾ | |
| 42⅝ | 31¼ | Polaroid .50 | 18 | 726 | 40¼ | 39 | 39⅞ | — ⅜ |
| 14 | 7⅞ | Ponderosa | 16 | 89 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 24⅞ | 15⅞ | PopeTal .70 | 10 | 4 | 16¾ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 23 | 17⅛ | Portec | 10 | 61 | 22 | 21½ | 21⅞ | + ⅜ |
| 68⅛ | 60 | Portr pf 5.50 | | z30 | 69½ | 69½ | 69½ | + ⅞ |
| 20⅛ | 16⅝ | PorlGE 1.64 | 7 | 135 | 20¼ | 19¾ | 20¼ | + ⅛ |
| 113½ | 102 | PoG pf 11.50 | | z210 | 114 | 113½ | 113½ | + ½ |
| 28 | 26½ | PortG pf2.60 | | 8 | 27⅞ | 27⅞ | 27⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 65 | 48¼ | Potltch 1.50 | 11 | 70 | 56¼ | 56 | 56⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 14¼ | 11¼ | PotmEl 1.16 | 10 | 193 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | |
| 39⅛ | 33 | PotEl pf 2.44 | | 70 | 38 | 37¾ | 37¾ | — ¼ |
| 49½ | 43 | PotEl pf 4.50 | | z270 | 48 | 48 | 48 | + ½ |
| 58 | 52⅝ | PotEl pf 5.46 | | z790 | 55¼ | 55 | 55 | — ⅜ |
| 18½ | 14¼ | Premr pf .90 | | 3 | 16⅛ | 16½ | 16⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 100⅛ | 81⅞ | ProctrG 2.20 | 20 | 190 | 96⅞ | 95½ | 95½ | — ⅝ |
| 12⅝ | 8⅛ | ProdRsh .40 | 6 | 4 | 8⅝ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 17¼ | 14½ | PSvCol 1.30 | 8 | 209 | 15⅞ | 15½ | 15⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 28½ | 23⅝ | PSvcln 1.92 | 10 | 229 | 28¼ | 27⅞ | 28¼ | + ¼ |
| 43 | 39 | PSInd pf3.50 | | z40 | 43 | 43 | 43 | + 1 |
| 14 | 12 | PSInd pf1.08 | | z6250 | 13⅝ | 12¾ | 13¼ | + ¼ |
| 21¼ | 18⅝ | PSvNH 1.88 | 8 | 21 | 20½ | 20⅝ | 20⅜ | — ¼ |
| 29½ | 25½ | PSNH pf2.75 | | z100 | 28⅜ | 28¼ | 28¾ | — ⅛ |
| 21 | 17⅝ | PSvNM 1.44 | 9 | 171 | 21 | 20⅞ | 21 | + ⅛ |
| 21½ | 17⅝ | PSvEG 1.80 | 8 | 252 | 21⅛ | 21 | 21 | + ⅛ |
| 45 | 38¼ | PSEG pf4.08 | | z1250 | 45⅛ | 44¾ | 44¾ | + 1¼ |
| 47 | 40 | PSEG pf4.18 | | z1030 | 47¼ | 45 | 46 | — ¼ |
| 47½ | 41 | PSEG pf4.30 | | z40 | 47 | 46¼ | 46¼ | — ⅜ |
| 57⅜ | 48½ | PSEG pf5.05 | | z6280 | 57 | 55⅝ | 57 | + 1½ |
| 58½ | 52 | PSEG pf5.28 | | z1000 | 58½ | 58½ | 58½ | + 3⅛ |
| 74 | 66 | PSEG pf6.80 | | z410 | 73 | 73 | 73 | + 2⅛ |
| 27⅝ | 25 | PSEG pf2.43 | | 3 | 26⅞ | 26⅞ | 26⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 123 | 111½ | PSE pf 12.25 | | z60 | 120½ | 120 | 120 | — ½ |
| 85⅝ | 75 | PSEG pf7.70 | | z70 | 85⅞ | 83½ | 83½ | — 2⅛ |
| 89½ | 76 | PSEG pf7.80 | | 565 | 86½ | 85¼ | 86½ | + 1½ |
| 90 | 76½ | PSEG pf8.08 | | z210 | 87 | 85½ | 87 | + 1½ |
| 83 | 71½ | PSEG pf7.52 | | 130 | 83½ | 82 | 83 | + 2 |
| 103 | 94½ | PSEG pf9.62 | | z50 | 103 | 103 | 103 | + 1 |
| 6⅝ | 4 | Publckr Ind | | 147 | 6 | 5⅞ | 5¾ | — ¼ |
| 4¼ | 2⅛ | Pueblo Int | | 2 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| 30⅞ | 25⅝ | PugSPL 2.36 | 8 | 59 | 29⅛ | 29⅜ | 29⅜ | — ¼ |
| 38⅛ | 27⅞ | Pullmn 1.20 | 11 | 29 | 37¾ | 37⅜ | 37½ | — ¼ |
| 17¼ | 14¼ | PurexCp .96 | 8 | 75 | 16⅛ | 15⅞ | 16⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 6⅝ | 3 | Puritn Fash | 4 | 97 | 3¼ | 2¼ | 2⅞ | — ¼ |
| 45½ | 25¼ | Purolir 1.08 | 8 | 60 | 25⅞ | 25½ | 25⅛ | |
| 28½ | 22½ | QuakOat .84 | 10 | 131 | 24¾ | 24 | 24⅛ | + ½ |
| 70 | 63½ | QukOat pf 3 | | 3 | 65 | 64½ | 64½ | — 1½ |
| 20¾ | 15 | QuakStO .78 | 11 | 74 | 15¾ | 15⅜ | 15⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 7½ | 5⅝ | Questor .01r | 11 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 6 | + ⅛ |

## R - S - T

| 1976 High | 1976 Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30⅛ | 16⅞ | RCA 1 | 14 | 403 | 29 | 28½ | 28½ | — ⅜ |
| 71 | 52 | RCAcvpf 4 | | 11 | 71¼ | 70 | 71¼ | + 1¼ |
| 9 | 4⅞ | RTE .16b | 15 | 35 | 7¾ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 52⅞ | 46½ | RalstonPu 1 | 15 | 106 | 52⅛ | 51⅞ | 52⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 6⅞ | 3⅜ | Ramada Inn | 100 | 119 | 4 | 3⅞ | 4 | + ⅛ |
| 13½ | 7 | Rancoln .64 | 13 | 152 | 14⅛ | 12¾ | 13⅛ | + 1⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 5 | Rapid Am | | 4 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 34⅞ | 27 | Raybest 1.50b | 6 | 10 | 34⅛ | 34 | 34 | |
| 23⅞ | 15½ | Raymint .68 | 7 | 195 | 23⅛ | 22½ | 22⅞ | + ⅜ |
| 66½ | 44⅞ | Raytheon 1.20 | 12 | 290 | 61⅛ | 60 | 61⅛ | + 1⅛ |
| 23 | 16⅛ | ReadBat .60 | 4 | 59 | 17⅛ | 17½ | 17⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 5¾ | 2⅛ | Redman Ind | | 153 | 3⅞ | 3¾ | 3¾ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 10 | ReeceCp .74 | 11 | 14 | 11⅞ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 34 | 22 | Reeves 2 | 8 | 4 | 31¾ | 31⅛ | 31⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 19⅞ | 11⅝ | Reichlh .74 | 8 | 47 | 19⅝ | 19½ | 19½ | |
| 11 | 7 | ReliabSt .64 | 6 | 7 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | — ⅛ |
| 33⅝ | 18 | RelianEl 1.10 | 12 | 105 | 32½ | 31½ | 32⅛ | + 1⅛ |
| 94 | 51½ | Relian pf 3 | | 12 | 90 | 90 | 90 | + 4½ |
| 18⅜ | 6 | Relian Grp | | 129 | 17 | 16¼ | 17 | + ⅛ |
| 31 | 12 | RelGrp pfB | | 24 | 29⅞ | 29⅜ | 29⅞ | + ¼ |
| 21¾ | 8⅛ | RelGrp pfC | | 59 | 21¾ | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 9⅞ | 6⅞ | Republic Cp | 11 | 17 | 7½ | 7¼ | 7½ | + ⅛ |
| 18½ | 10 | RepFinS .80 | 8 | 13 | 17⅜ | 17¼ | 17¼ | + ⅛ |
| 3⅜ | 1 | RepMtg Inv | | 9 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 40⅛ | 27⅛ | RepStl 1.60 | 10 | 210 | 35¼ | 34⅞ | 35⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 13⅞ | 7⅞ | ResrvOil .16 | 8 | 72 | 11⅜ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | |
| 23½ | 17⅝ | Revco DS.22 | 16 | 68 | 23¾ | 23⅛ | 23¼ | — ¼ |
| 12¼ | 7⅛ | Rever Copp | | 44 | 11 | 10⅝ | 11 | + ⅛ |
| 86 | 69¾ | Revlon 1.60 | 18 | 95 | 86¼ | 86 | 86¼ | |
| 9⅝ | 3⅞ | Rexham .32 | 8 | 78 | 8¾ | 8½ | 8¼ | + ⅜ |
| 39½ | 20½ | Rexnrd 1.32 | 7 | 22 | 34½ | 34⅛ | 34¼ | — ⅛ |
| 68¼ | 55 | Reynln 3.08 | 8 | 346 | 60¼ | 59¾ | 59¾ | — ⅜ |
| 80 | 61 | Reyln pf2.25 | | 8 | 68¼ | 68¼ | 68⅛ | |
| 42⅝ | 22½ | ReynMet 1.20 | 9 | 214 | 41¾ | 41¼ | 41¼ | + ¼ |
| 91 | 56½ | ReyM pf4.50 | | 10 | 90 | 89½ | 90 | + 1 |
| 15¾ | 8⅞ | ReynSe .40a | 7 | 13 | 11⅛ | 10⅞ | 11 | — ⅛ |
| 13¾ | 9⅞ | Richardsn 1 | 10 | 20 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 26¼ | 21⅛ | RichMer .70 | 13 | 82 | 25⅞ | 25⅝ | 25⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 10½ | Richmnd .80 | 15 | 589 | 20⅛ | 19¾ | 20 | + ⅜ |
| 20¼ | 14⅞ | RiegelTex 1.10 | 5 | 17 | 16½ | 16⅜ | 16⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 24⅝ | 15 | RioGran .70 | 7 | 13 | 20½ | 19¼ | 20¼ | + ⅜ |
| 13⅝ | 9½ | RioGr pf .80 | | 45 | 12½ | 12 | 12¼ | + ⅜ |
| 20⅜ | 14½ | RiteAid .24 | 14 | 143 | 16⅞ | 16½ | 16¾ | + ¼ |
| 23⅝ | 13⅝ | Robshaw .90 | 9 | 8 | 21 | 20¼ | 20¾ | — ⅜ |
| 27¼ | 21 | Robrtsn 1.50 | 4 | 3 | 22½ | 22½ | 22½ | |
| 12¾ | 9½ | Robins .28a | 9 | 90 | 11 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | |
| 18 | 15½ | RochG 1.28b | 8 | 18 | 16⅞ | 16¾ | 16⅞ | + ¼ |
| 15⅛ | 12¼ | RochTel .88 | 8 | 101 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 13½ | 10¼ | Rockowr .64 | 6 | 62 | 12 | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 33⅛ | 23⅜ | Rockwllnl 2 | 9 | 184 | 28¼ | 28⅛ | 28⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 81 | 57 | RkInl pf 4.75 | | 10 | 69½ | 69½ | 69½ | |
| 29½ | 20⅝ | RkInl pf1.35 | | 2 | 25 | 25 | 25 | + ¼ |
| 76⅞ | 52 | RohmH 1.28 | 21 | 46 | 55¼ | 54½ | 54½ | — ¼ |
| 8⅛ | 4 | Rohr Ind | | 21 | 5⅞ | 5¾ | 5⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 27⅜ | 20 | Rollins .36 | 14 | 62 | 24 | 23¼ | 23⅞ | + ⅜ |
| 6 | 4 | Ronson Cp | | 13 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4⅛ | |
| 20⅛ | 16⅛ | Roper 1.20 | 6 | 5 | 17¼ | 17⅛ | 17¼ | |
| 25 | 17 | RorerA .94 | 11 | 407 | 20½ | 20¼ | 20⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 31½ | 18⅛ | Rosario .40b | 9 | 56 | 21¼ | 20⅞ | 21⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 36⅞ | 22⅝ | Rowan .20 | 5 | 7 | 33⅞ | 33 | 33⅜ | — ½ |
| 23⅝ | 16⅜ | RoyCCol .80 | 9 | 21 | 17¼ | 17 | 17 | |
| 50⅛ | 41¾ | RoylD 3.26e | 5 | 695 | 47¼ | 47⅛ | 47¼ | + ⅛ |
| 8⅛ | 4⅝ | Pcylind .10e | 6 | 16 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 29⅝ | 22½ | Rubbrm .48 | 14 | 5 | 24¾ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 10 | RussTog .76 | 6 | 143 | 10½ | 10 | 10½ | + ¼ |
| 15 | 9 | Ryder Sys | 10 | 167 | 14 | 13¾ | 13¾ | — ⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 2 | SCA Svc | 13 | 32 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 19⅝ | 11½ | SCMCp .80 | 5 | 93 | 18½ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 14⅛ | 8¼ | SOSCon .40 | 7 | 2 | 13 | 13 | 13 | — ⅛ |
| 47¼ | 35 | SabineR .60 | 11 | 5 | 44 | 43¾ | 44 | |
| 5¼ | 2¼ | Safegrd Ind.03e | 9 | 29 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | — ¼ |
| 48⅜ | 39¼ | SafewyStr 2 | 8 | 227 | 43 | 42¼ | 42⅝ | |
| 15 | 8 | SagaCp .28 | 8 | 3 | 11⅞ | 11¾ | 11¾ | |
| 50 | 33½ | StJoMin 1.30 | 12 | 402 | 41¼ | 40½ | 40¾ | — ⅜ |
| 13⅞ | 11 | StJoLtP 1.12 | 9 | 8 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 39 | 23¼ | StLSaF 2.50 | 9 | 17 | 38⅞ | 38½ | 38½ | — ⅛ |
| 12 | 10⅝ | StPaulS .96a | | 20 | 11¾ | 11⅝ | 11¾ | + ⅛ |
| 50½ | 34½ | StRegP 1.52 | 9 | 54 | 38 | 37⅞ | 37⅞ | |
| 9⅝ | 5⅜ | Salant .24b | 5 | 29 | 6⅝ | 6½ | 6½ | |
| 14⅛ | 11⅛ | SanDGs 1.20 | 7 | 95 | 14⅛ | 13⅞ | 14 | |
| 11⅝ | 6¼ | Sandrs Asso | 14 | 59 | 8¾ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |
| 40¼ | 30¼ | SFeInd 1.80 | 8 | 178 | 36⅜ | 36 | 36⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 11⅛ | 8¼ | SFeInd pf.50 | | 9 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 36 | 20⅛ | SanFeInt .30 | 10 | 94 | 35½ | 35⅛ | 35¼ | + ⅛ |
| 14 | 9⅛ | SargtWel .50 | 7 | 8 | 11⅝ | 11½ | 11½ | + ⅛ |
| 4½ | 3¼ | Saul REst | | 88 | 3⅝ | 3⅜ | 3⅞ | |
| 6⅞ | 3⅛ | SavA Stop | 32 | 23 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 11¼ | 6½ | SavOnDr .20 | 8 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | + ⅛ |
| 9¾ | 8 | SavEIP .50e | 4 | 8 | 8⅞ | 8¾ | 8¾ | — ⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 11 | SavEl pf1.28 | | 3 | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ | |
| 16⅛ | 6⅞ | SavinB Mch | 12 | 14 | 15¾ | 15½ | 15½ | — ⅛ |
| 8⅛ | 3¾ | Saxon Ind | 7 | 65 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 3 | Schaefer Cp | | 50 | 9⅞ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | |
| 60¼ | 47½ | SchergPl 1 | 20 | 707 | 54½ | 53⅝ | 54 | + ⅜ |
| 24 | 16¾ | SchlitzBr .68 | 11 | 255 | 18 | 17⅝ | 17¾ | — ⅛ |
| 95½ | 70 | Schlumb .80 | 21 | 563 | 95¼ | 94¼ | 95⅛ | + ½ |
| 16⅝ | 11⅛ | SCOAIn .70 | 5 | 5 | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 7¼ | 5⅛ | ScotLad .36 | 19 | 22 | 5⅜ | 5½ | 5⅜ | |
| 29 | 18 | ScotFet 1.20 | 9 | 10 | 24⅜ | 24⅛ | 24⅜ | + ⅜ |
| 19⅝ | 13⅛ | ScottFor .84 | 6 | 5 | 15 | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 24⅛ | 14⅛ | ScottPap .76 | 9 | 211 | 19½ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | |
| 10⅛ | 7 | Scottys .10 | 13 | 2 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| 18⅝ | 11¼ | ScovillMfg 1 | | 6 | 17⅝ | 17¼ | 17¼ | — ¼ |
| 44½ | 29½ | Scovll pf2.50 | | 2 | 42½ | 42½ | 42½ | |
| 7⅛ | 4⅛ | ScudDuoVl | 13 | 8 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | |
| 39 | 14½ | SeaCont .50 | 5 | 258 | 37¼ | 34⅞ | 36½ | — ¾ |
| 32¼ | 20½ | SeabCL 1.60 | 5 | 79 | 29¼ | 29 | 29 | — ⅜ |
| 6⅞ | 3⅜ | SeabWA .22t | | 13 | 3⅞ | 3¾ | 3¾ | |
| 31⅝ | 23 | Seagram .80 | 11 | 21 | 23⅝ | 23¼ | 23¼ | |
| 7¾ | 4⅞ | Seagrv .06e | 6 | 3 | 6⅞ | 6¾ | 6¼ | |
| 23 | 14 | SeaIdPw .80 | 7 | 5 | 20⅛ | 20 | 20 | + ⅛ |
| 18 | 12⅝ | SearleG .52 | 9 | 472 | 13 | 12¾ | 12⅞ | |
| 79¼ | 61½ | Sears 1.60a | 18 | 470 | 69⅛ | 68⅛ | 68¼ | — ½ |
| 7½ | 2⅜ | Seatrain Lin | 50 | 311 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7 | + ⅛ |
| 35⅞ | 22 | Sedcolnc .18 | 7 | 18 | 28⅛ | 28⅜ | 28⅜ | — ⅜ |
| 6⅛ | 4½ | SvcColnl .20 | 4 | 3 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 16 | 11½ | Servomt .76 | 7 | 72 | 14¼ | 13⅞ | 14⅛ | + ⅞ |
| 10⅞ | 5⅛ | Shakspre .32 | 6 | 6 | 8¼ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 18½ | 11⅞ | Shapell .10 | 6 | 10 | 13⅝ | 13½ | 13⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 70½ | 47⅝ | ShellOil 2.80 | 7 | 369 | 70⅜ | 69½ | 69¾ | + ⅜ |
| 33¼ | 27¾ | ShellT 1.01e | 6 | 5 | 28⅛ | 28⅛ | 28⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 14½ | 11⅛ | ShellrGl .60 | 4 | 16 | 12⅝ | 12½ | 12⅝ | |
| 23 | 18¼ | ShllGl pf1.35 | | 1 | 20¼ | 20¼ | 20¼ | + ⅛ |
| 19½ | 15⅞ | ShllG pf1.40 | | 3 | 17 | 16⅞ | 17 | + ⅛ |
| 41⅞ | 33¼ | SherwW 2.20 | 14 | 118 | 39⅞ | 39¼ | 39¼ | — ½ |
| 12⅝ | 9⅛ | SierrPac 1 | 8 | 30 | 12 | 11⅞ | 12 | |
| 24⅛ | 15⅝ | Signal 1b | 11 | 37 | 20⅜ | 20¼ | 20⅜ | |
| 23 | 15 | Signal pf 1 | | 1 | 19¼ | 19¼ | 19¼ | |
| 54 | 34 | Signal pf2.20 | | 3 | 46 | 46 | 46 | + 1 |
| 41 | 32 | SignodeCp 1.20 | 14 | 24 | 41 | 40⅝ | 40⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 5 | SimPrec .14 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 7 | |
| 23½ | 11⅛ | SimpPat .50 | 12 | 391 | 12¾ | 12½ | 12¾ | + ¼ |
| 26 | 8⅜ | Singer Co | | 141 | 21¾ | 21 | 21½ | + ¼ |
| 45⅜ | 24½ | Singr pf 3.50 | | 6 | 41½ | 41¼ | 41¼ | + ¼ |
| 28 | 19⅜ | Skaggs .50 | 11 | 19 | 22⅞ | 22⅜ | 22⅞ | + ⅜ |
| 114½ | 66 | Skelly 1.60a | 13 | 3 | 111¾ | 111¾ | 111¾ | |
| 12⅝ | 7⅜ | Skil Corp | 7 | 7 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9⅝ | |
| 22⅛ | 15⅛ | Skyline .32 | 28 | 88 | 17 | 16⅝ | 16⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 8⅝ | SmithAO .80 | 72 | 7 | 15⅛ | 15 | 15⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 41½ | 28⅛ | SmithInl .52 | 9 | 79 | 36½ | 36¼ | 36⅜ | + ¼ |
| 77⅝ | 58½ | Smithkline 2 | 17 | 155 | 77⅛ | 77⅜ | 77⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 13 | SmithTr .50 | 6 | 3 | 17¼ | 17⅛ | 17¼ | + ⅛ |
| 20 | 15⅝ | Smucker .80 | 7 | 3 | 16¼ | 16⅛ | 16¼ | + ⅛ |
| 18¼ | 11 | SolaBas .80 | 8 | 16 | 18⅛ | 18 | 18 | — ⅛ |
| 6⅛ | 3 | Sonesta Int | 9 | 11 | 3½ | 3⅜ | 3⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 8⅜ | SonyCp .02e | 29 | 643 | 9⅝ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | |
| 35⅛ | 27⅜ | SooLin 2.45e | 6 | 1 | 31¾ | 31⅝ | 31¾ | + ⅜ |
| 18⅛ | 15⅜ | SCarEG 1.52 | 9 | 66 | 18¼ | 18 | 18⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 17¼ | 14½ | SoJerln 1.56 | 7 | 11 | 17 | 16⅞ | 17 | |
| 13¼ | 9⅞ | Soutdwn .60 | 5 | 5 | 11½ | 11½ | 11½ | + ⅛ |
| 14⅜ | 9¾ | SoestBk .40b | 10 | 26 | 10 | 9⅞ | 10 | |
| 7 | 5 | SoeasPS .89t | 9 | 8 | 6 | 5½ | 6 | + ¼ |
| 21⅛ | 18⅛ | SoCalE 1.68 | 7 | 601 | 21⅛ | 20⅞ | 21 | + ¼ |
| 16⅛ | 13¾ | SouthCo 1.40 | 8 | 712 | 15⅛ | 14⅞ | 15⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 38½ | 31¼ | SoInGE 2.40 | 8 | 16 | 38⅛ | 37¾ | 38⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 58¼ | 48¼ | SoNRes 1.85 | 7 | 45 | 53¼ | 52¾ | 52¾ | — ⅜ |
| 38¼ | 32⅛ | SoNwEnTl 3 | 9 | 10 | 38¼ | 38 | 38¼ | |
| 38½ | 30 | SouPac 2.24 | 8 | 149 | 35⅛ | 34⅝ | 35⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 6¼ | 5½ | SoRy pf .50 | | 2 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| 38⅝ | 27½ | SoUnCo 1.76 | 9 | 1 | 37½ | 37½ | 37½ | — ⅛ |

| 1976 High | 1976 Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 26½ | 21 | Southind .50 | 12 | 341 | 25¼ | 24⅝ | 25 | + ⅜ |
| 74¼ | 40⅜ | SouRoyl 1.20 | 14 | 77 | 64⅝ | 64 | 64 | — ¼ |
| 24⅛ | 20⅞ | SwstBnksh .96 | 9 | 3 | 22 | 22 | 22 | — ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 6⅝ | SwstFor .20 | 14 | 39 | 9⅝ | 8⅞ | 9 | — ⅛ |
| 25¾ | 16¼ | SwtFl pf1.50 | | 29 | 21 | 20½ | 21 | + ¾ |
| 13⅝ | 11⅛ | SwPbSv .98 | 8 | 610 | 12⅞ | 12¾ | 12⅞ | |
| 9⅛ | 6⅝ | Sparton .40 | 5 | 5 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | + ⅛ |
| 16⅝ | 10 | SperryHut 1 | 7 | 7 | 14⅝ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ⅜ |
| 37 | 31 | SperryHpf 3 | | 2 | 36 | 36 | 36 | |
| 51¾ | 38⅞ | SperryR .92 | 11 | 595 | 47⅞ | 46½ | 46½ | — 1 |
| 15 | 6⅛ | Sprague El | | 41 | 13¾ | 13¼ | 13⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 15¼ | 10¼ | SpringM .75 | 9 | 11 | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11¾ | |
| 29⅛ | 20½ | SquarD 1.10 | 16 | 197 | 27¾ | 27½ | 27½ | + ⅛ |
| 38⅛ | 28½ | Squibb .90 | 14 | 164 | 31⅛ | 31⅛ | 31⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 31⅞ | 19⅛ | StaleyMfg 1 | 6 | 23 | 23⅜ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | — ½ |
| 23¼ | 21½ | StPoor 1.92a | | 15 | 23¾ | 23½ | 23½ | — ⅛ |
| 40⅜ | 32⅜ | StBrand 1.28 | 13 | 116 | 34¾ | 34½ | 34⅝ | |
| 49⅞ | 36⅜ | StBPaint .40 | 22 | 2 | 40¾ | 40½ | 40¾ | + ⅛ |
| 39¼ | 29⅛ | StdOilCl 2.20 | 8 | 766 | 37⅞ | 37⅜ | 37½ | |
| 54⅝ | 40⅞ | StOilInd 2.30 | 9 | 934 | 51⅜ | 51¼ | 51⅜ | + ⅜ |
| 79⅝ | 61½ | StOilOh 1.36 | 20 | 340 | 67½ | 66⅝ | 67½ | + 1 |
| 9⅞ | 6⅝ | StdPress .40 | | 37 | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ | — ⅛ |
| 7 | 5½ | StdPrud .66 | 33 | 20 | 6⅛ | 6 | 6 | — ⅛ |
| 16½ | 9¼ | Standex .75 | 7 | 5 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | |
| 33⅞ | 21 | StanWk 1.12 | 9 | 14 | 29⅜ | 29⅛ | 29⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 6⅜ | Stanray .60 | 10 | 10 | 9⅞ | 9⅝ | 9⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 16⅝ | Starrett 1a | 7 | 1 | 21¼ | 21¼ | 21¼ | |
| 2⅞ | 1⅜ | StaMut Inv | | 19 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2⅛ | |
| 12 | 10⅝ | StaMSe 1.05 | | 11 | 11⅜ | 11⅜ | 11⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 46⅛ | 41⅛ | StautChm 1.44 | 9 | 152 | 45¼ | 44⅝ | 45⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 21 | 15⅝ | SterDrug .70 | 18 | 421 | 16⅝ | 16⅜ | 16⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 6½ | 4⅛ | SterlPre .11t | 6 | 32 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 16 | 12 | Sterndnt .40 | 6 | 48 | 12⅛ | 11½ | 11½ | — ⅜ |
| 26⅜ | 17¾ | StevenJ 1.20 | 5 | 208 | 19⅞ | 19⅜ | 19½ | — ⅜ |
| 34⅛ | 23¾ | StewWa 1.96 | 6 | 10 | 32⅝ | 32⅞ | 32⅞ | + ½ |
| 26⅛ | 18¼ | StokVC 1.20 | 8 | 13 | 20⅜ | 20¼ | 20⅜ | |
| 14 | 10¾ | StokVC pf 1 | | z110 | 12 | 12 | 12 | + ⅛ |
| 63¾ | 48¾ | StoneW 2.50 | 6 | 34 | 52¾ | 52 | 52 | — ¼ |
| 15⅞ | 12⅛ | Stone Con.56 | 5 | 77 | 13⅛ | 12⅞ | 13⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 27 | 15⅛ | StopShop 1 | 5 | 7 | 15⅞ | 15⅜ | 15⅞ | |
| 18½ | 9 | StorTec .67t | 8 | 111 | 11⅞ | 11⅛ | 11⅞ | + ⅜ |
| 31½ | 15⅞ | StorerBdc 1 | 11 | 47 | 31⅜ | 31⅛ | 31¼ | + ⅜ |
| 15¼ | 10¼ | StridRite .80 | 7 | 10 | 13¼ | 13⅛ | 13¼ | + ⅛ |
| 60½ | 39⅜ | StuWor 1.32 | 5 | 242 | 61 | 60 | 61 | + ⅜ |
| 40 | 37¼ | StudWor wi | | 2 | 40 | 40 | 40 | + 2½ |
| 45 | 33½ | StW pfA 1.40 | | 106 | 45½ | 45 | 45⅛ | + ½ |
| 90 | 64 | StuWr pfB 5 | | 2 | 91 | 91 | 91 | + 1¼ |
| 20¾ | 14⅝ | SubPrG 1.08 | 7 | 27 | 18 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 11¼ | 6⅛ | SuCrest .50 | 4 | 12 | 8⅛ | 8 | 8 | — ⅛ |
| 25⅝ | 11⅛ | SunChm .40 | 7 | 7 | 23¼ | 23 | 23 | |
| 39⅝ | 26⅞ | SunCo 1.48 | 6 | 81 | 36⅞ | 36⅜ | 36½ | — ⅜ |
| 42⅛ | 31⅜ | SunCo pf2.25 | | 160 | 39⅛ | 38⅜ | 38¾ | |
| 28¼ | 20⅝ | Sunbeam 1.08 | 10 | 86 | 24⅛ | 24 | 24 | — ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 17 | Sundstrnd 1 | 9 | 61 | 33½ | 32½ | 33 | + ⅜ |
| 51¾ | 35¾ | Sunds pf3.50 | | 2 | 49¾ | 49½ | 49¾ | + ⅜ |
| 13⅛ | 9¾ | SunshMg .36 | 18 | 45 | 10⅛ | 10¼ | 10⅛ | |
| 19⅝ | 16 | SuperVal .66 | 9 | 37 | 18⅞ | 18¼ | 18⅛ | |
| 203 | 148 | SuprOil 1.80 | 16 | 28 | 187½ | 184 | 187½ | + 3½ |
| 7⅛ | 5⅛ | SupmkG .34 | 6 | 64 | 6 | 5¾ | 5⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 40⅝ | 16 | Superscpe | 7 | 63 | 21⅛ | 20⅝ | 21⅛ | + ¾ |
| 6½ | 4 | Sutro Mtg | | 1 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| 19½ | 10⅝ | Swank 1 | 7 | 62 | 17½ | 17¼ | 17⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 22¾ | 16⅛ | Sybron .84 | 9 | 2 | 19½ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 42⅛ | 31½ | Sybrn pf2.40 | | 6 | 37 | 36⅞ | 37 | + ⅛ |
| 16¼ | 10⅝ | Ticor 1 | 18 | 42 | 15¾ | 15½ | 15⅝ | |
| 11⅝ | 6¾ | TRE Corp | | 48 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | + ⅛ |
| 38½ | 26¾ | TRWIn 1.40 | 10 | 176 | 35½ | 35 | 35¼ | — ⅛ |
| 86¾ | 63⅝ | TRW pf 4.40 | | 1 | 81¼ | 81¼ | 81¼ | — ¼ |
| 78 | 58 | TRW pf 4.50 | | 6 | 74 | 74 | 74 | |
| 32½ | 22¾ | TaftBrd .80 | 9 | 27 | 27¾ | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 8 | 7⅜ | Talcott Nat | | 41 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7⅛ | + ¼ |
| 11 | 6⅛ | Talley .60 | 5 | 13 | 9⅛ | 8⅞ | 9 | |
| 12¾ | 8⅞ | TalleypfB 1 | | 5 | 11⅝ | 11⅛ | 11⅝ | |
| 19 | 15⅝ | TampEl 1.12 | 8 | 198 | 18¾ | 18½ | 18½ | — ⅛ |
| 47¾ | 26½ | Tandy Corp | 9 | 412 | 32⅜ | 31⅞ | 31⅞ | — ½ |
| 21¾ | 13½ | Tandycrft | 7 | 25 | 15⅝ | 15¼ | 15⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 12¼ | 5⅝ | Tappan .20 | 22 | 7 | 8 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 49⅛ | 16 | Technicr .16 | 16 | 108 | 42⅛ | 40⅝ | 40⅞ | — 1⅜ |
| 14⅛ | 9⅝ | Technicon | 12 | 30 | 12⅛ | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 67⅝ | 44¼ | Tektronx .24 | 17 | 301 | 60½ | 59¼ | 60 | + 1 |
| 10⅛ | 5¼ | Telecor .30 | 7 | 93 | 7¾ | 7½ | 7½ | — ⅜ |
| 80½ | 22⅛ | Teledn 1.45t | 8 | 166 | 71⅛ | 69⅞ | 69½ | — 1⅜ |
| 11¼ | 5¾ | Teleprmpt | | 236 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7 | — ¼ |
| 4⅛ | 1⅛ | Telex Cp | 11 | 67 | 3½ | 3 | 3⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 34¼ | 26 | Tennco 1.88 | 8 | 564 | 33⅝ | 33¼ | 33⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 126 | 97½ | Tennc pf5.50 | | 3 | 123 | 123 | 123 | |
| 16⅛ | 13⅞ | TesoroPet 1 | 6 | 167 | 15¾ | 15 | 15⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 31⅛ | 25⅞ | Tesor pf 2.16 | | 56 | 27 | 27 | 27 | |
| 28⅝ | 23⅝ | Texaco 2 | 8 | 1520 | 27¼ | 26⅞ | 27 | |
| 43½ | 34½ | TexComm 1 | 12 | 25 | 38½ | 38 | 38½ | + ⅜ |
| 39⅝ | 28½ | TexEastn 1.85 | 8 | 71 | 37⅛ | 35½ | 35½ | |
| 26¾ | 24⅝ | TxET pf 2.40 | | 2 | 26⅝ | 26⅝ | 26⅝ | |
| 30¼ | 27¾ | TxET pf 2.87 | | 19 | 29⅛ | 29 | 29 | — ⅛ |
| 45⅜ | 29 | TexGasTr 2 | 8 | 85 | 42¾ | 42½ | 42½ | + ⅛ |
| 42¼ | 28⅜ | TxGs pf 1.50 | | 1 | 42 | 42 | 42 | + ⅜ |
| 16⅛ | 11⅞ | Texasind 1b | 10 | 8 | 13⅞ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | |
| 109¾ | 93⅛ | TexInst 1 | 31 | 384 | 110⅛ | 107⅜ | 110⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 24½ | 13¼ | TexOGs .22e | 9 | 89 | 21⅜ | 21⅛ | 21⅜ | |
| 24¼ | 17 | TxPcLd .35e | 22 | 21 | 24¾ | 24½ | 24¾ | |
| 22¼ | 18 | TexUtil 1.32 | 10 | 856 | 20½ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 37⅛ | 28 | Texsgif 1.20 | 11 | 319 | 35⅛ | 35 | 35⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 31⅛ | 20¾ | Textron 1.20 | 10 | 204 | 30⅞ | 30⅝ | 30¾ | — ⅛ |
| 37¼ | 26⅛ | Textr pf 2.08 | | 1 | 35⅜ | 35⅜ | 35⅜ | |
| 28⅞ | 19½ | Textr pf 1.40 | | 2 | 27⅝ | 27⅛ | 27⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 12⅝ | Thiokol .84 | 7 | 35 | 17¾ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 43 | 33 | ThomBet .88 | 20 | 21 | 40½ | 40 | 40½ | + ½ |
| 13½ | 7⅝ | Thomln .40b | 9 | 8 | 9⅝ | 9⅛ | 9¼ | — ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 7⅜ | ThomJW .50 | 8 | 8 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 6⅛ | ThriftDg .40 | 10 | 18 | 7½ | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | |
| 40 | 28½ | TidwatM .80 | 6 | 25 | 36 | 35 | 35 | — 1⅛ |
| 19½ | 13¼ | Tigerlnt .40 | 8 | 120 | 15¼ | 14⅞ | 15⅛ | |
| 69½ | 57⅜ | TimeInc 2.30 | 12 | 24 | 64⅝ | 63⅛ | 64⅝ | — ½ |
| 23¾ | 16¼ | TimeMir .60 | 18 | 77 | 21¼ | 20¾ | 20¾ | — ½ |
| 59⅛ | 36¾ | Timkn 2.20a | 10 | 69 | 55¼ | 54⅜ | 55⅛ | + 1¼ |
| 15¾ | 9½ | Tish Rlty | | 20 | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 14 | 7½ | Todd Shipyd | | 1 | 8¼ | 8¼ | 8¼ | + ¼ |
| 25½ | 22⅛ | TolEdis 2.12 | 8 | 24 | 24¾ | 24½ | 24¾ | |
| 19¼ | 10½ | TonkaCp .48 | 5 | 35 | 13⅞ | 10⅜ | 10⅜ | + ⅜ |
| 8¼ | 6⅛ | TootRol .40b | 9 | 1 | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | + ⅛ |
| 14½ | 4⅞ | Tracor .20 | 7 | 11 | 10⅛ | 10⅜ | 10⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 28⅜ | 19½ | TrancCo .96 | 8 | 104 | 26½ | 26⅛ | 26⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 35⅜ | 29 | TranUn 1.76 | 12 | 108 | 32⅛ | 32⅝ | 32⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 7½ | TransW Air | | 250 | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | |
| 19¼ | 15⅜ | TWApf 2 | | 3 | 17⅜ | 17½ | 17⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 13¼ | 8¼ | Transam .62 | 10 | 754 | 13¼ | 13 | 13⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 95⅝ | 63 | Trans pf4.50 | | 1 | 95½ | 95½ | 95½ | + 4 |
| 23 | 20⅝ | Traninc 1.92 | | 8 | 22⅞ | 22⅞ | 22⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 15 | 8½ | Transco .80 | 7 | 296 | 14⅜ | 14½ | 14⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 8 | Transcn .45 | 9 | 1 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | |
| 12 | 6⅜ | TranOhF .20 | 5 | 37 | 10⅛ | 10 | 10⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 26¼ | 16⅞ | Tranwy 1.40 | 7 | 15 | 20½ | 20 | 20 | — ¼ |
| 37⅛ | 25 | Trevirs 1.08 | 12 | 1054 | 37⅛ | 36⅜ | 36⅞ | |
| 44 | 32¾ | Travelr pf 2 | | 100 | 43⅛ | 42⅝ | 43⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 21⅛ | 18½ | TriCon 1.52e | | 74 | 20⅜ | 20 | 20⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 32¼ | 29¼ | TriCn pf 2.50 | | 6 | 30⅝ | 30⅛ | 30⅝ | |
| 15⅛ | 10⅞ | TrianInd .90 | 26 | 2 | 12 | 11⅝ | 12 | |
| 12½ | 6½ | Triang Pac | | 5 | 11 | 10¾ | 10¾ | — ¼ |
| 20⅛ | 15⅛ | TrinityInd .56 | 5 | 58 | 18⅝ | 18½ | 18¾ | + ⅛ |
| 30½ | 24⅛ | Tropican .30 | 16 | 31 | 26⅛ | 25¾ | 25⅞ | — ¼ |
| 14 | 11½ | TucsonG 1.08 | 10 | 350 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 15 | 8⅝ | TwenCen .50 | 11 | 13 | 10 | 9⅞ | 9⅞ | |
| 19⅝ | 11½ | TycoLab .20 | 9 | 6 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13¼ | + ⅜ |
| 21⅝ | 16 | Tyler Corp .50 | 6 | 37 | 16⅞ | 16½ | 16½ | — ⅛ |

## U

| 1976 High | 1976 Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 29⅞ | 21⅜ | UALinc .40 | | 337 | 26⅛ | 25⅞ | 25⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 16⅞ | 13⅝ | UGICp 1.40 | 7 | 67 | 16⅜ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 29⅝ | 27 | UGI pf 2.75 | | z110 | 29¼ | 28½ | 28½ | |
| 15⅝ | 10⅛ | UMCInd 1 | 8 | 9 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 15⅞ | 10 | UOP .10e | | 48 | 14 | 13⅞ | 14 | + ⅛ |
| 35⅛ | 19⅜ | UVInd 1.48 | 4 | 26 | 30⅜ | 30 | 30⅜ | + ½ |
| 25¼ | 20⅛ | UARCO 1.30 | 7 | 1 | 20¼ | 20¼ | 20¼ | |
| 49 | 42½ | UniNV 2.86e | 7 | 2 | 45 | 45 | 45 | |
| 10⅛ | 8½ | UnBancp .84 | 10 | 13 | 10¼ | 10 | 10 | — ⅛ |
| 67⅞ | 59⅞ | UCamp 1.60 | 13 | 201 | 65 | 64⅝ | 64⅝ | |
| 76¾ | 60⅝ | UnCarb 2.50 | 10 | 467 | 65⅛ | 64⅝ | 64⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 9⅛ | 6⅛ | Un Commrc | | 25 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 10⅛ | 4⅞ | Union Corp | 30 | 57 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 15¾ | 12⅞ | UnElec 1.36 | 8 | 300 | 15¾ | 15⅝ | 15¾ | |
| 51⅛ | 44 | UnEl pf 4.50 | | z100 | 49 | 49 | 49 | |
| 68⅛ | 61 | UnEl pf 6.40 | | z200 | 67 | 67 | 67 | |
| 80⅛ | 72 | UnEl pf 7.44 | | 2 | 78 | 77 | 77 | |
| 55⅝ | 40⅝ | UnOCal 2.10 | 6 | 217 | 50 | 49¾ | 50 | + ⅛ |
| 71 | 52½ | UOCa pf2.50 | | 6 | 64½ | 64½ | 64½ | — ½ |
| 93 | 76 | UPacCp 2.80 | 10 | 184 | 88 | 87 | 87⅝ | + ½ |
| 2⅜ | 1⅜ | Uniona Inc | | 25 | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 10½ | 7⅜ | Uniroyal .50 | 19 | 97 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | — ⅛ |
| 82¾ | 71 | Uniryal pf 8 | | z120 | 79 | 78⅛ | 79 | |
| 11¼ | 5⅝ | Unit Brands | 7 | 14 | 7⅝ | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | |
| 10 | 6⅝ | UnBrnd pfA | | 6 | 11 | 10⅞ | 10½ | — ¼ |
| 9⅛ | 7⅛ | UnitCp .97e | | 19 | 9½ | 9¼ | 9⅝ | |
| 24⅜ | 14 | UnEnRes 1.32 | 4 | 71 | 22⅛ | 21⅞ | 22 | — ⅛ |
| 10½ | 5⅝ | UFinCal .24 | 6 | 83 | 10½ | 10¼ | 10¼ | |
| 13¼ | 7¼ | Un Guarnty | 20 | 38 | 11¼ | 11 | 11⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 25½ | 22⅝ | Ulllum 2.32 | 7 | 15 | 24⅝ | 24¼ | 24⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 9⅝ | UnitInd .60 | 7 | 12 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17¾ | — ⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 6⅝ | UnitIn pf .42 | | 6 | 10⅝ | 10¼ | 10¼ | — ⅛ |
| 7½ | 4⅛ | UnitInn .10 | 6 | 8 | 5¼ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 12¼ | 9¾ | UJerBk 1.04 | 7 | 10 | 11½ | 11½ | 11½ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 11½ | UnitMM .80 | | 25 | 12⅜ | 12⅛ | 12⅜ | |
| 41⅝ | 15⅝ | Un Nuclr | 15 | 155 | 33¼ | 32⅛ | 32⅛ | — ⅜ |
| 3⅛ | 1⅛ | UnitPk Min | 288 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 10⅝ | UnitRefg .56 | 5 | 13 | 12 | 11¾ | 11¾ | — ⅛ |
| 19 | 15 | USFoS 1.11e | | 2 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 47⅛ | 32½ | USFidG 2.48 | 14 | 357 | 47⅛ | 46¾ | 46¾ | + ⅛ |
| 25⅛ | 16¼ | USGyps 1.60 | 11 | 74 | 22½ | 22⅛ | 22½ | + ⅜ |
| 28⅜ | 22½ | USGy pf 1.80 | | 3 | 25¼ | 25¼ | 25¼ | — ½ |
| 10⅛ | 5¼ | USHom .16 | 10 | 90 | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6¼ | |
| 7¼ | 3⅜ | USInd .20 | 11 | 143 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| 12¼ | 6⅛ | USLeasg .32 | 5 | 41 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | |
| 38½ | 19⅛ | USShoe 1.05 | 7 | 56 | 25⅞ | 25⅛ | 25½ | + ⅜ |
| 57½ | 47½ | US Steel 2.20 | 9 | 450 | 50 | 49⅝ | 49¾ | |
| 23⅝ | 19⅝ | USTobac 1 | 12 | 32 | 23¼ | 22¾ | 23⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 37½ | 30⅝ | UnTech 1.20 | 8 | 238 | 34⅛ | 33¾ | 34 | |
| 168½ | 113½ | UnTech pf 8 | | 10 | 154¼ | 154⅝ | 154¼ | + ⅜ |
| 109 | 104 | UnTech pf7.32 | | 8 | 107¾ | 107½ | 107¾ | — ⅛ |
| 17½ | 14 | UniTel 1.20 | 16 | 320 | 17½ | 17⅜ | 17⅜ | |
| 2⅜ | 1⅜ | UnTel wt | | 1 | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 25⅝ | 21¾ | UnTel pf1.50 | | 3 | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | |
| 22½ | 18⅛ | UnTel 2pf1.50 | | 6 | 21⅞ | 21½ | 21½ | |
| 9⅝ | 4½ | Unitrod .10e | | 6 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ | |
| 15¾ | 10¼ | Univar .56 | 5 | 46 | 10⅛ | 9⅜ | 9⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 25⅞ | 18½ | UnLeaf 1.32 | 6 | 20 | 24¼ | 23⅞ | 24⅛ | + ¼ |
| 48½ | 37⅛ | Upjohn .96 | 16 | 230 | 45⅛ | 44¼ | 44⅞ | |
| 15¼ | 11⅛ | USLIFE .36 | 6 | 73 | 14¾ | 14½ | 14⅝ | |
| 11½ | 9⅞ | UsliteF .96a | | 13 | 11⅜ | 11 | 11⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 63 | 46¾ | Utahlnt 1a | 12 | 139 | 58⅞ | 58¼ | 58¼ | + ½ |
| 36¼ | 27⅜ | UtahPL 2.80 | 8 | 50 | 36⅛ | 35⅞ | 35⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 32⅝ | 29⅛ | UtPL pf 2.80 | | 2 | 31⅞ | 31⅞ | 31⅞ | |

## V

| 1976 High | 1976 Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 28¾ | 19 | VFCp 1.10 | 7 | 141 | 19½ | 19¼ | 19½ | + ¼ |
| 20½ | 11½ | VSICorp .68 | 7 | 7 | 19 | 19 | 19 | |
| 9⅛ | 6⅛ | ValleyIn .40 | 4 | 16 | 7 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 17¼ | 12 | Varian .20 | 12 | 66 | 14⅝ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 4⅞ | Varo Inc | 5 | 188 | 9⅝ | 9⅜ | 9⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 6⅛ | 3½ | Vendo Co | | 8 | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ | — ⅛ |
| 7 | 3¾ | Venice .20 | 6 | 21 | 4 | 3⅞ | 4 | |
| 14¼ | 12⅛ | VestSe 1.31e | | 6 | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | |
| 21 | 16½ | Vetco .10e | 5 | 183 | 17¾ | 16¾ | 17 | + ½ |
| 11⅞ | 7½ | Viacom Int | 11 | 7 | 9½ | 9⅜ | 9½ | + ⅛ |
| 8 | 3⅞ | Victor Comp | | 6 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 12¾ | VaEPw 1.24 | 8 | 499 | 14⅝ | 14½ | 14½ | + ⅛ |
| 43½ | 40 | VaEP pf4.04 | | z200 | 43⅝ | 43⅝ | 43⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 95 | 83 | VaEP pf8.84 | | z6150 | 95½ | 95 | 95 | |
| 102⅜ | 98 | VaEP pf9.75 | | z380 | 102 | 101⅜ | 101⅜ | |
| 30⅞ | 27⅝ | VaEP pf2.90 | | 13 | 30 | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 83¼ | 72½ | VE72 pf 7.72 | | z1000 | 83½ | 83¼ | 83½ | + ⅛ |
| 78 | 67½ | VaEP pf7.20 | | z30 | 77½ | 77½ | 77½ | — 1 |
| 80⅝ | 72½ | VaEP pf7.45 | | z200 | 79¼ | 79 | 79⅛ | — 1 |
| 8⅝ | 4⅛ | Vornado Inc | 5 | 19 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 27⅞ | 18⅝ | Vulcan Mtr 1 | 10 | 12 | 25 | 24⅝ | 25 | + 1 |

## W - X - Y - Z

| 1976 High | 1976 Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 48 | 42¾ | WabR pf4.50 | | z50 | 47 | 47 | 47 | + |
| 23 | 19⅛ | Wachova .30 | 10 | 36 | 19½ | 19 | 19 | — |
| 5⅛ | 2⅛ | Wach Rlty | | 35 | 3⅝ | 3¼ | 3⅜ | + |
| 17⅞ | 11½ | WalMart .08 | 16 | 102 | 15 | 15 | 15 | + |
| 16⅜ | 12⅛ | Walgreen 1 | 9 | 42 | 16¾ | 16⅜ | 16⅝ | + |
| 33¾ | 28⅝ | WlkrA 1.40a | 9 | 6 | 30⅜ | 30⅜ | 30⅜ | |
| 24⅞ | 18⅝ | WallBus .40 | 9 | 5 | 20¼ | 20¼ | 20¼ | — |
| 20 | 11⅛ | WallMu 1 | 7 | 3 | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17⅜ | |
| 44⅛ | 28¼ | Walt Jim 1.20 | 8 | 336 | 31⅞ | 31⅛ | 31½ | — |
| 12⅝ | 10⅜ | WaltJ pf 1 | | z10 | 12 | 12 | 12 | |
| 48 | 31½ | WaltJ pf1.60 | | 116 | 35⅝ | 34⅞ | 34⅞ | |
| 10⅛ | 6½ | WardFd .47t | 36 | 3 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — |
| 12⅛ | 6⅛ | Warnaco .30 | | 17 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | + |
| 30⅛ | 26⅛ | WarnS 1.28 | 14 | 15 | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | + |
| 25¾ | 17½ | WrnCom .60 | 6 | 234 | 18⅝ | 17⅞ | 18⅛ | — |
| 88 | 63½ | WrnC pf 4.25 | | 2 | 68 | 68 | 68 | — 1 |
| 51 | 35 | WrnC pf 1.25 | | 1 | 36¼ | 36¼ | 36¼ | + |
| 10 | 6½ | WrnerCo .50 | 8 | 3 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | + |
| 38⅝ | 29⅝ | WarnerL 1 | 16 | 442 | 34⅝ | 33⅞ | 34⅜ | + |
| 20 | | WashGs 1.68 | 10 | 39 | 19⅝ | 18⅞ | 19⅝ | + |
| 17 | 10⅛ | WashNat .80 | 6 | 28 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | + |
| 20 | 12⅛ | WashStl 1 | 6 | 16 | 19 | 19 | 19 | + |
| 23⅛ | 19½ | WasWat 1.68 | 8 | 26 | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | + |
| 9⅛ | 6⅜ | WasteM .10e | 9 | 299 | 9 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — |
| 35⅜ | 14 | WatkinJ .32 | 10 | 110 | 18⅛ | 18 | 18 | + |
| 8⅛ | 4⅜ | WayGos .40 | 7 | 2 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 19⅛ | 14½ | WayG pf1.60 | | 5 | 19½ | 19½ | 19½ | |
| 7 | 4 | Wean Unit | 9 | 2 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 9½ | 5½ | Weathrd .40 | 7 | 2 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | |
| 7⅛ | 3⅝ | WebbDel E | 13 | 26 | 7 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | |
| 26 | 19⅛ | WelsMkt .72 | 9 | 11 | 25 | 24⅞ | 24⅞ | |
| 26⅛ | 15⅝ | WellsFrgo 1 | 8 | 26 | 24 | 23⅝ | 23⅞ | + |
| 8⅝ | 5⅝ | WellFM .73e | 20 | 14 | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | + |
| 15⅝ | 10 | WescoF .70 | 8 | 1 | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | |
| 56 | 47½ | WPP pf4.50 | | z50 | 52 | 52 | 52 | + |
| 43⅝ | 32½ | WstPtPep 2.40 | 7 | 5 | 36¼ | 36 | 36 | — |
| 25½ | 21¾ | WstclTr 1.80 | 8 | 1 | 25¼ | 25¼ | 25¼ | |
| 12¾ | 9⅛ | WnAirL .40e | 15 | 141 | 10⅛ | 10¾ | 10¾ | |
| 25½ | 17¾ | WnBnc 1.40 | 8 | 78 | 25⅛ | 25¼ | 25⅜ | |
| 15½ | 11¾ | WnNorA .40b | 4 | 20 | 13⅛ | 13¾ | 13⅜ | |
| 14⅝ | 6 | WnPac Ind | 6 | 11 | 12⅛ | 12¾ | 12¼ | + |
| 18⅝ | 12¾ | WnPubl .80b | 6 | 8 | 16⅝ | 16½ | 16⅝ | — |
| 19⅛ | 15⅝ | WUnion 1.40 | 9 | 247 | 19⅝ | 19¼ | 19⅝ | + |
| 55½ | 45 | WnUn pf4.90 | | 1 | 53 | 53 | 53 | + |
| 25⅝ | 25 | WnUn pf2.56 | | 16 | 25⅛ | 25¼ | 25⅛ | — |
| 17⅝ | 13 | WestgEl .97 | 6 | 692 | 16⅝ | 17⅜ | 16½ | |
| 47½ | 32½ | Wstvco 1.65 | 8 | 209 | 39⅞ | 39 | 39⅝ | + |
| 25⅛ | 16⅝ | Weybrg 1.36 | 5 | 1 | 21 | 21 | 21 | — |
| 49⅝ | 37 | Weyerhr .80 | 26 | 339 | 43⅝ | 42⅝ | 43¼ | + |
| 66¾ | 55¼ | Weyr pf 2.80 | | 25 | 61 | 60⅛ | 60⅛ | |
| 23¼ | 18 | WheelFr .60 | 11 | 56 | 22⅝ | 22 | 22 | — |
| 23⅞ | 16⅝ | WheelPit Stl | | 17 | 19⅝ | 19 | 19 | |
| 34⅝ | 24¼ | Whirlpol .80 | 13 | 366 | 25½ | 25¼ | 25½ | + |
| 25⅛ | 18½ | WhiteCons 1 | 6 | 49 | 22¾ | 22½ | 22½ | — |
| 9⅛ | 3⅝ | White Mot | | 242 | 6¾ | 6⅝ | 6¾ | |
| 31¼ | 14⅝ | Whiting 1.30 | 6 | 2 | 29¾ | 29¾ | 29¾ | |
| 6⅞ | 3 | Whittaker | 14 | 91 | 5⅝ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — |
| 13⅝ | 9⅝ | Wickes .25r | | 82 | 11⅛ | 10¾ | 11 | |
| 6¾ | 4 | WiebdtSt .32 | 6 | 4 | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ | + |
| 29 | 20 | WllmsCos 1 | 7 | 316 | 23⅛ | 22½ | 22¾ | |
| 7½ | 5⅝ | WilsbrO .12e | 7 | 19 | 6⅛ | 5¾ | 6⅛ | + |
| 41¾ | 36½ | WinnDx 1.56 | 12 | 19 | 37⅞ | 36⅞ | 36⅞ | — |
| 9½ | 5⅛ | Winnebago | 86 | 110 | 6⅛ | 6 | 6 | |
| 16¼ | 13¼ | WinterJ .48 | 5 | 6 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | |
| 30 | 24⅝ | WiscElPw 2 | 10 | 55 | 29 | 28⅛ | 28⅞ | — |
| 92 | 84¾ | WisE pf 7.75 | | z20 | 90½ | 90½ | 90½ | — |
| 19¾ | 17 | WisGas 1.70 | 9 | 35 | 18⅛ | 17⅝ | 18 | |
| 28⅛ | 25⅝ | WisG pf 2.55 | | 12 | 27⅞ | 27⅝ | 27⅛ | + |
| 20 | 16⅝ | WisPL 1.60 | 9 | 28 | 19⅞ | 19¾ | 19⅞ | |
| 19⅞ | 15⅝ | WiscPS 1.46 | 9 | 51 | 18⅞ | 18¼ | 18⅛ | + |
| 29½ | 20⅛ | Witco 1.40 | 8 | 23 | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | + |
| 21⅛ | 10 | WittrD .60 | 4 | 52 | 14⅛ | 13⅞ | 14⅛ | + |
| 6⅞ | 3⅝ | WolvrW .10e | 6 | 12 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | + |
| 12⅝ | 10⅛ | Wometco .44 | 8 | 43 | 11⅛ | 11½ | 11⅛ | + |
| 10⅛ | 5½ | WoodCp .10e | 3 | 25 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8½ | |
| 32⅛ | 13⅝ | WoodPet .40 | 10 | 157 | 33⅛ | 31⅞ | 33 | + |
| 15⅝ | 15⅜ | WoodPet wi | | 27 | 16⅝ | 16 | 16⅜ | + |
| 27⅛ | 20¼ | Wolwth 1.20 | 6 | 349 | 23⅛ | 22⅝ | 23 | + |
| 39⅛ | 31⅛ | Wolw pf 2.20 | | 1 | 33 | 33 | 33 | |
| 6⅛ | 4 | World Airw | 24 | 71 | 4¼ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | + |
| 84 | 64⅜ | Wrigly 2.40a | 10 | 11 | 82⅛ | 82½ | 82⅛ | — |
| 14⅛ | 5⅝ | Wurlitzer .20 | 7 | 14 | 13⅛ | 13¾ | 13¾ | |
| 11¼ | 6¾ | Wylain .60 | 11 | 3 | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | — |
| 6⅛ | 1½ | Wyly Corp | | 144 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | + |
| 68⅝ | 48¾ | XeroxCp 1.20 | 15 | 630 | 65 | 64⅛ | 64⅞ | — |
| 12⅛ | 7⅛ | Xtra Inc | 18 | 72 | 11⅝ | 11½ | 11⅝ | + |
| 12⅝ | 6¼ | Yates Ind | 23 | 19 | 10⅞ | 10½ | 10⅞ | + |
| 17¼ | 9⅛ | YngSDr .15t | | 154 | 17¼ | 17¼ | 17¼ | |
| 25⅛ | 15 | ZaleCorp .88 | 7 | 24 | 17 | 16⅞ | 17 | |
| 16 | 11⅛ | Zapata .30b | 4 | 70 | 12½ | 12⅛ | 12⅝ | — |
| 9½ | 5⅞ | Zayre Corp | 6 | 82 | 7⅛ | 6¾ | 7⅛ | + |
| 40⅛ | 23⅜ | ZenithRad 1 | 15 | x428 | 31⅞ | 31⅛ | 31⅛ | + |
| 14⅝ | 9⅞ | Zurnind .40 | 9 | 21 | 13¼ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — |

# Toronto Stocks

Quotations in Canadian funds.
Quotations in cents unless marked $

Closing Prices Sept. 2, 1976

| Sales | Stock | High | Low | Last | Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6805 | Abby Glen | $6½ | 6¾ | 6⅛ | + ¼ |
| 1450 | Acklands | $12 | 12 | 12 | — ⅛ |
| 3920 | Agnico E | 310 | 285 | 305 | |
| 1400 | Agra Ind A | $6¾ | 6⅝ | 6⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 8750 | Alta Gas A | $14⅜ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 400 | Alta Nat | $28 | 28 | 28 | |
| 8200 | Alminex | $6⅜ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | + ¼ |
| 950 | Andres W | $8½ | 8½ | 8½ | — ⅛ |
| 2595 | BP Can | $8⅞ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 1000 | Banister C | $9⅝ | 8¾ | 8⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 500 | C Cablesy | $16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ | — ⅛ |
| 200 | Cdn Cel | $6⅛ | 6¼ | 6⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 22477 | Cl Bk Com | $27 | 26⅞ | 26⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 240 | Cdn Tire A | $45 | 44⅞ | 44⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 165 | C Ulilies | $12⅝ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | |
| 350 | Cassiar | $7⅛ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 2350 | Celanese | 450 | 440 | 445 | + 5 |
| 2450 | Chieftan D | $10⅛ | 9⅞ | 10 | — ⅛ |
| 100 | CHUM | $6½ | 6½ | 6½ | — ⅛ |
| 2100 | C Holiday I | 375 | 370 | 370 | — 5 |
| 200 | Con Bldg | 255 | 255 | 255 | |
| 3325 | Con Distrb | 355 | 350 | 350 | — 5 |
| 23415 | Cons Gas | $13⅛ | 13 | 13⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 2940 | Con Fardy | 400 | 400 | 400 | |
| 50 | Conwest | 330 | 330 | 330 | — 5 |
| 1450 | Craigmt | $6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 3300 | Crush Intl | $8¼ | 8 | 8 | — ⅜ |
| 6505 | Denison | $63¼ | 62½ | 63¼ | + 1 |
| 1100 | Dicknsn | 260 | 250 | 255 | |
| 1125 | Dofasco A | $26⅞ | 26¾ | 26⅞ | + ¼ |
| 700 | D Textile A | $9⅛ | 9 | 9⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 985 | Du Pont | $14½ | 14½ | 14½ | + ⅛ |
| 2350 | Dylex L A | $6⅞ | 6⅝ | 6⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 1725 | Falcon C | $7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | |
| 3269 | Falcon | $45 | 44¾ | 45 | + ¼ |
| 550 | Fed Ind A | $5½ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 250 | Francana | $6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | — ⅛ |
| 124 | Fruehauf | $6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 7366 | Gnt Masct | 116 | 112 | 115 | — 1 |
| 2730 | Gibraltar | $7⅜ | 7¼ | 7¼ | — ⅛ |
| 2930 | Granduc | 130 | 128 | 130 | + 5 |
| 7100 | GL Paper | $31 | 31 | 31 | + ⅛ |
| 1050 | Greyhnd | $18⅜ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 1600 | Guar Trst | $5½ | 5⅜ | 5½ | |
| 100 | Hard Crp A | $5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 294 | Hayes D A | $5½ | 5½ | 5½ | — ⅛ |
| 5650 | H Bay Co | $16¼ | 16 | 16¼ | + ⅛ |
| 1779 | IAC | $17½ | 17 | 17⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 400 | Indal | $14⅛ | 14¾ | 14⅛ | + ¼ |
| 1900 | Inland Gas | $9⅝ | 9½ | 9½ | |
| 550 | Int Mogul | 265 | 265 | 265 | |
| 10919 | Int Pipe A | $15⅛ | 15 | 15⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 1400 | Inv Grp A | $6¾ | 6⅝ | 6¾ | + ⅛ |
| 2100 | Kaiser Re | $15⅛ | 16 | 15 | |
| 2600 | Kaps Tran | 95 | 95 | 95 | |
| 850 | Kelsey H | $12¾ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 241 | Kerr A A | $12½ | 12½ | 12½ | + ¼ |
| 2400 | Koffler A | 465 | 460 | 465 | + 5 |
| 3100 | Labatt A | $16 | 16 | 16 | |
| 1880 | Lacana | 335 | 333 | 335 | — 5 |
| 100 | LL Lac | 145 | 145 | 145 | |
| 503 | Lob Co A | 365 | 360 | 360 | |
| 624 | Lob Co B | 385 | 380 | 385 | |
| 240 | Loeb M | 285 | 285 | 285 | — 15 |
| 12380 | MB Ltd | $22¼ | 21¾ | 22⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 1 | M Lf Mills | $29⅛ | 29⅛ | 29⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 775 | Matgmi A | $18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 100 | McGraw H | 455 | 455 | 455 | + 5 |
| 2895 | Met Stor A | $12½ | 12¼ | 12½ | + ½ |
| 18595 | Moore | $38¼ | 37⅞ | 37⅞ | — ⅜ |
| 300 | Nat Trust | $15¼ | 15¼ | 15¼ | + ⅛ |
| 17828 | Noranda A | $38⅛ | 37½ | 37½ | — ⅛ |
| 28337 | Norcen | $13⅛ | 12¾ | 13 | + ¼ |
| 300 | Nowsco W | $17¾ | 17⅜ | 17⅜ | |
| 540 | OSF Ind | 325 | 315 | 325 | + 5 |
| 100 | Orchan A | 310 | 310 | 310 | |
| 700 | Oshawa A | 390 | 390 | 390 | — 5 |
| 300 | Pamour A | 225 | 220 | 220 | |
| 1450 | PanCan P | $24⅛ | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | — ⅜ |
| 50 | Patino N V | $13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | — ¼ |
| 400 | Petrolina | $17⅛ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | |
| 410 | Pine Point | $29⅝ | 29½ | 29⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 50 | Pitts C | $5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ | + ¼ |
| 542 | Placer | $24⅛ | 24 | 24 | |
| 346 | Redpath A | $24 | 24 | 24 | + ¼ |
| 639 | Reed Oslr A | $6½ | 6½ | 6½ | |
| 300 | Reichhold | $22½ | 22½ | 22½ | — ⅜ |
| 2860 | Revnu Prp | 70 | 70 | 70 | |
| 850 | Rothman | $15⅜ | 15¼ | 15¼ | — ¼ |
| 7077 | Shell Can | $16 | 15⅞ | 16 | + ¼ |
| 1365 | Sherritt A | $7½ | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 2500 | Siebens | $13¼ | 13 | 13 | — ¼ |
| 32610 | Simpsons | $6 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | |
| 1950 | Simpson S | $9⅜ | 9 | 9⅜ | + ⅜ |
| 400 | Slater Stl | $8⅛ | 8 | 8 | + ⅛ |
| 4400 | Talcorp | $7½ | 9¼ | 9½ | + ¼ |
| 3500 | Southm A | $23 | 22⅞ | 23 | — ¼ |
| 130100 | St Brodcst | $8⅞ | 8¼ | 8⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 7865 | Stelco A | $27 | 26¾ | 26⅞ | + ⅜ |
| 200 | Steep R | 190 | 190 | 190 | — 10 |
| 250 | Sundale O | $16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | |
| 2350 | Teck Cor A | 400 | 400 | 400 | |
| 7932 | Teck Cor B | 335 | 325 | 335 | + 15 |
| 400 | Teledyne | $5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 575 | Tex Can | $24⅞ | 24¾ | 24⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 2750 | Thom N A | $13½ | 13½ | 13½ | + ⅛ |
| 6496 | Tor Dm Bk | $20⅝ | 20 | 20⅝ | + ⅝ |
| 500 | Tor Star B | $14½ | 14½ | 14½ | |
| 209 | Traders A | $13⅞ | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 2350 | Trns Mt A | $9⅝ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 12773 | TrCan PL | $12⅞ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 350 | Un Carbid | $22⅝ | 22⅛ | 22⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 4430 | UGas A | $8⅞ | 8¼ | 8⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 5750 | Union Oil | $5⅛ | 8 | 8 | — ⅛ |
| 1125 | U Siscoe | $6½ | 6½ | 6½ | — ⅛ |
| 3000 | Upp Can | 103 | 101 | 103 | + 2 |
| 1100 | Van Der | 265 | 260 | 265 | |
| 4350 | Voyager P | $14⅛ | 14 | 14⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 300 | Weldwcd | $10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 100 | Wslburne | $10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ | |
| 400 | West Mine | 445 | 445 | 445 | + 5 |
| 100 | Westnhse | $20⅞ | 20⅞ | 20⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 200 | Weston | $14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 100 | Woodwd A | $18⅞ | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | |
| 1900 | Yk Bear | 265 | 260 | 260 | — 5 |
| 1900 | Yukon C | 175 | 175 | 175 | + 9 |

Total sales 2,712,761 shares

## 1.5% Growth Seen In W. Germany GNP

BERLIN, Sept. 2 (AP-DJ).—Economic growth in West Germany slowed in the second quarter, registering a 1.5-per-cent advance from the first three months of the year, one of the nation's leading private economic institutes reported today.

Deutsches Institut fuer Wirtschaftsforschung's estimate compares with a 2-per-cent advance in the gross national product in the first quarter. The latest figures—after eliminating the distortions due to price increases—put the total value of goods produced in the second quarter 6.5 per cent above the year-ago figure. The official figures issued by the government are expected to be reported later this month.

## U.K. Car Output Off

LONDON, Sept. 2 (AP-DJ).—British weekly average auto production in August was 16 per cent down from a year earlier, but total output for the first eight months of 1976 was 5 per cent up from like 1975, provisional estimates of the Department of Industry showed today.

# Selected Over-the-Counter Stocks

NEW YORK (AP) — The following list is a selected National Securities Dealers Assn., over the counter Bank, Insurance & Industrial stocks.

Closing Prices Sept. 2, 1976

| Stock | Bid | Ask |
|---|---|---|
| APA PrS | 5 | 6 |
| AID Inc | 7 | 7¼ |
| AVM Cp | 11⅛ | 11⅝ |
| Addisn W | 6⅛ | 6⅝ |
| Adv Ros | 2¼ | 2⅝ |
| Alberts | 6¼ | 7 |
| Allerg Ph | 22¼ | 23 |
| Alico Inc | 10⅛ | 10⅞ |
| AEI Lab | 1⅛ | 1½ |
| Allyn Bac | 8 | 8½ |
| Am Exp | 41¼ | 41¾ |
| Am Finl | 9½ | 9⅞ |
| Am Furn | 2½ | 2⅞ |
| Am Greet | 9½ | 9⅞ |
| A Micro | 9¼ | 9¾ |
| Am Telev | 20 | 20½ |
| Am Weld | 10½ | 11½ |
| Amtr Dv | ¾ | 1 |
| Anadite | 5½ | 5⅞ |
| Anheus B | 30 | 30½ |
| ArkWIG | 23¾ | 24¾ |
| Arci Mav | 1⅛ | 1⅞ |
| AsCC Bot | 12¾ | 13½ |
| AllGas Lt | 14⅛ | 14½ |
| Baird At | 4⅛ | 4⅝ |
| Bang Hy | 13⅝ | 14¼ |
| Bkam Rlt | 6 | 6½ |
| Bassett F | 17½ | 18¼ |
| Bavis Mk | 8⅛ | 8⅝ |
| Beeline F | 5¼ | 5¾ |
| Betz Lab | 34 | 35½ |
| Bibb Co | 7⅞ | 8⅜ |
| B'rd Son | 31½ | 33½ |
| Birtchr | 1 | 1⅛ |
| Bick Hills | 19⅝ | 20⅛ |
| Bonza Int | 2⅞ | 3⅛ |
| Braden | 7⅜ | 7⅞ |
| Brinks | 7¼ | 8¼ |
| Brks Sca | 15¼ | 16½ |
| Brwnlns | 3⅛ | 4⅛ |
| Buckb M | 4⅞ | 5½ |
| Buckeveln | 7⅝ | 8⅛ |
| Burn Sim | 4¼ | 4⅝ |
| CalWSv | 30½ | 32 |
| Campl Ch | 3¼ | 3⅝ |
| Canrad H | 1⅝ | 2 |
| Cap Swst | 4⅝ | 4⅞ |
| Capin Air | 2⅛ | 2½ |
| Cap Tec | 1⅛ | 2⅛ |
| Care Cp | 2⅛ | 3⅜ |
| CnVt PS | 14½ | 14⅞ |
| Chm Lea | 10½ | 11½ |
| Chesa Ut | 10¼ | 11¼ |
| Chi Brids | 64½ | 66½ |
| Chitin Cp | 6⅛ | 6½ |
| ChrisSe | 112½ | 116½ |
| Circle F | 4⅛ | 5½ |
| CitznUt B | 31½ | 32 |
| CitznUt A | 34⅛ | 35⅛ |
| Clark Mf | 28¼ | 29¼ |
| Clow Cp | 6½ | 7 |
| Coly Vent | 1⅛ | 1½ |
| Com Clr | 10½ | 11¼ |
| Coml Sh | 21 | 22½ |
| Comw Pa | 28⅛ | 29¼ |
| Con Pap | 28⅛ | 29¼ |
| Crkr Co | 8⅞ | 9⅝ |
| Cross Co | 15 | 15¾ |
| Cutlr Fed | 2¼ | 3 |
| Danly M | 7¼ | 8½ |
| Data Dsn | 4⅛ | 5¼ |
| Data 100 | 9⅛ | 9⅝ |
| Dayl Inc | 28 | 29½ |
| Decor In | 2 | 2½ |
| DeKlb Ag | 32¼ | 33¼ |
| Delhi Oil | 4⅛ | 4¾ |
| DeLux C | 23¼ | 24 |
| Det CanT | 11¾ | 12¾ |
| Def IntBr | 29 | 30 |
| Dewey El | 1 | 1½ |
| Diam Cry | 14 | 14¾ |
| Disn Cru | 17¼ | 18½ |
| Docutel | 6⅛ | 6¾ |
| Dollar G | 8⅝ | 9¼ |
| Dorch G | 8⅛ | 8⅞ |
| Doyle DB | 14 | 14½ |
| Dunkin D | 5½ | 5⅞ |
| Duriron | 14¼ | 15 |
| Eberln In | 3½ | 3¼ |
| Econ Lab | 24⅞ | 25⅛ |
| ElPas El | 11 | 11⅝ |
| Elba Syst | 1⅝ | 1⅞ |
| Elder Be | 6½ | 7¼ |
| Elec Nucl | 7 | 7¾ |
| Elec Mod | 1⅞ | 2⅛ |
| Energy C | 19¼ | 20½ |
| Enhwistl | 3½ | 4¼ |
| Equty Oil | 22⅛ | 23 |
| Ethan Al | 18¼ | 19 |
| Fab Tek | ¾ | 1⅛ |
| FidUn Lf | 21⅛ | 21⅞ |
| Fingrht | 5 | 5 |
| IstBk Sy | 40 | 40⅛ |
| Fst Bost | 19⅝ | 20⅛ |
| IstEmp S | 6¼ | 7 |
| IstWn F | 1¼ | 2 |
| Fickngr | 11¾ | 12¼ |
| Fla WatU | 1⅞ | 7⅛ |
| Forest O | 16⅞ | 17¼ |
| Frmigli | 1⅛ | 1 |
| Fotomat | 12⅛ | 12⅝ |
| Frkln Cp | 5⅛ | 5⅞ |
| Frnkln El | 9⅛ | 10⅛ |
| Frnd Ice | 18½ | 19⅛ |
| Gen RIEs | 3½ | 4⅛ |
| G Reinsu | 179 | 183 |
| Gov EFin | 9¾ | 10½ |
| Graph Cn | 15¾ | 16½ |
| Green Mt | 11⅛ | 12⅛ |
| Grey Adv | 12½ | 13¼ |
| Gulf Intst | 14⅝ | 14⅞ |
| Gyrodn | 2⅞ | 3⅜ |
| Harper R | 8¾ | 9¼ |
| Harlt NC | 11⅞ | 12⅞ |
| Henred F | 16½ | 17¼ |
| Holobm | 1½ | 1⅞ |
| Hoover | 12 | 12½ |
| Horiz Res | 1 | 2 |
| Huds Pap | 23⅛ | 24⅛ |
| Hyatt Cp | 7 | 7⅜ |
| Hyatt Int | 4½ | 5 |
| Ind Nuclr | 4 | 4⅝ |
| Intra Ind | 1⅞ | 2⅛ |
| Intel Co | 62 | 63½ |
| Interc En | 7¾ | 8¼ |
| Intrmk In | 2¾ | 3 |
| Intrmk In | 2¾ | 3⅛ |
| Intrmt G | 13¼ | 13⅝ |
| InBk Wsh | 3⅝ | 4 |
| IaSou Ut | 23½ | 24 |
| Jamsby | 11⅛ | 12¼ |
| Jiffy Fds | ¾ | 1⅛ |
| Joslyn M | 14⅝ | 15⅜ |
| Kalsr Stl | 42¼ | 43¼ |
| Kalvar | 2⅞ | 2¾ |
| KaisStl pf | 17¾ | 18¼ |
| Kaman A | 21 | 21¾ |
| Kampg A | 6⅛ | 7⅛ |
| Kale Gre | ½ | ⅞ |
| Kaysam | 2⅞ | 3⅛ |
| Kear Tr | 7⅝ | 8 |
| Kelly Svc | 17¾ | 18½ |
| Keuff Ess | 12¾ | 13¼ |
| Keye Fib | 14½ | 14⅝ |
| Key CusF | 6¼ | 6¾ |
| Keys Int | 21 | 21¾ |
| King Int | 1⅛ | 1⅝ |
| Knap Vog | 15 | 16 |
| Lance In | 20¼ | 21 |
| Land Res | 1⅛ | 1½ |
| Lin Bcast | 16¼ | 16½ |
| Log Etrn | 3¼ | 4 |
| Madisn G | 14 | 14½ |
| Maj Rlly | ¾ | 15-16 |
| Mallkrt | 39⅛ | 40¼ |
| Manor C | 4 | 4½ |
| Maul LP | 10¾ | 11¼ |
| Maul LP | 10⅛ | 11¼ |
| McCor | 36⅛ | 37½ |
| McQuay | 15½ | 16¼ |
| Measur | 14⅝ | 14⅝ |
| Medtrn | 25½ | 26¼ |
| Merid In | 1½ | 2 |
| Mdisx W | 14¼ | 15½ |
| Midld Ca | 2⅝ | 3 |
| Midl Bks | 18½ | 19½ |
| Midw Gt | 13¼ | 14⅝ |
| Millipr | 23½ | 24⅛ |
| Miner In | ⅝ | 1⅛ |
| Minn Gas | 20⅜ | 21¼ |
| MissVl G | 14 | 15 |
| Mont Col | 4⅛ | 4½ |
| Moore S | 13⅛ | 14½ |
| Moore P | 7¼ | 8¼ |
| Morg Res | 1⅝ | 1⅞ |
| Mostek | 18¾ | 19⅛ |
| Mot Club | 2⅜ | 2¾ |
| Motch M | 4¼ | 5⅛ |
| Mueller | 14 | 15 |
| Narag Cp | 8 | 8⅛ |
| Nat G&O | 10¾ | 11½ |
| Nat Lib | 5¼ | 5⅛ |
| N SecRsh | 4¼ | 4⅛ |
| Nalnw Rl | 3⅛ | 4¼ |
| NJNat G | 14 | 14¼ |
| Nielsn A | 20 | 20½ |
| Nielsn B | 20 | 20½ |
| NoCar Gs | 11½ | 11⅞ |
| NoEOl un | 26½ | 27¼ |
| Nortrp Ki | 10⅛ | 11⅛ |
| NW NatG | 9 | 9⅛ |
| NW PuSv | 17⅜ | 18¼ |
| Noxel Cp | 14½ | 15 |
| Ogilvy M | 26½ | 27¼ |
| Ohio Ferr | 18½ | 19½ |
| Ormoni | 9 | 9⅜ |
| Otter TP | 19⅛ | 19⅝ |
| Over NA | 4½ | 5¼ |
| Pabst Br | 23¾ | 23¾ |
| PacGa R | 26 | 26¼ |
| Pakco | ¾ | 1½ |
| Parks H | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| Pauley P | 5⅜ | 6 |
| Peerl Mf | 13¼ | 14¼ |
| Pa Enter | 16⅝ | 17¼ |
| PnzlOff B | 14¼ | 14½ |
| Pensi BW | 10⅝ | 11⅛ |
| Petrsn H | 11⅛ | 12 |
| Petrolit | 75 | 77 |
| Pettibon | 21½ | 22½ |
| Pinkrtn | 32½ | 33¼ |
| Piedmt A | 4 | 4½ |
| Pion HiB | 17½ | 18 |
| Pisfilin | 2¼ | 3⅛ |
| Possis Cp | 1 | 1½ |
| Progrp | 1⅞ | 2⅛ |
| P Bennet | 19¾ | 20½ |
| Pubs NG | 11⅝ | 12 |
| PutD Cap | 6 | 6¼ |
| Qual Inns | 2⅛ | 2½ |
| Ragen Pr | 1½ | 2 |
| Rahall C | 5½ | 6 |
| Raych Cp | 115 | 120 |
| Raymnd | 13¼ | 14¼ |
| Recog Eq | 7½ | 7⅞ |
| Road Ex | 45½ | 46¼ |
| Robin M | 18⅞ | 19¼ |
| Roselon | 4¼ | 4¾ |
| Rouse | 4⅞ | 5 |
| Rus Slov | 15 | 15¾ |
| Sadlier | 2¼ | 2¾ |
| Scan Dat | 2 | 2 |
| Scripps H | 26½ | 28½ |
| Seis Doll | 1⅛ | 2½ |
| Seneca F | 2¼ | 3¼ |
| Seven U | 36¼ | 37½ |
| Shaw Cp | 20½ | 21½ |
| Snap Tls | 30¾ | 31¾ |
| SolidSt Sc | 9½ | 10½ |
| S CalWat | 13 | 13½ |
| SwGs Cp | 10⅛ | 10½ |
| SwEl Sv | 15¼ | 16 |
| Standyn | 21 | 21½ |
| Std Regis | 15½ | 16¼ |
| Sterlg Slr | 4½ | 5¼ |
| Stan HPd | 15¼ | 16¼ |
| Strawb Cl | 26 | 82½ |
| Super El | 5⅞ | 6⅛ |
| TIME DC | 4⅝ | 5⅜ |
| Tamrax | 35¼ | 36½ |
| Taylr Wi | 15⅝ | 16⅜ |
| Tech Pub | 11⅞ | 12¾ |
| Tecum P | 43 | 45 |
| Tennant | 25½ | 27½ |
| Tifny Co | 8½ | 9 |
| ToscoCp | 4½ | 4¾ |
| Transo O | 11¾ | 12¼ |
| Trico Pd | 30¼ | 31¼ |
| Triln OG | 2⅞ | 2⅞ |
| Tymshr | 24⅝ | 25½ |
| Tyson F | 15¼ | 15¾ |
| Un McGil | 11 | 12 |
| US Surg | 10 | 10½ |
| US TrkLn | 14 | 14½ |
| UVa Bks | 16⅛ | 16⅝ |
| UpPen P | 18¼ | 19 |
| Valley Gs | 9¼ | 10¼ |
| VanD Air | 9¼ | 10 |
| Vance S | 4⅛ | 4⅝ |
| Velcro | 6¼ | 7 |
| Ventron | 42 | 44 |
| VaN Bnk | 17 | 18 |
| Wads Pu | 8⅛ | 8⅝ |
| Wsh NG | 12⅛ | 12½ |
| Webb Re | 6½ | 7¼ |
| Weco Dvl | 2⅞ | 3 |
| Weight W | 7⅝ | 8 |
| Weldtrn | 1⅞ | 2½ |
| Welns M | 6⅛ | 7 |
| Well Gar | 4½ | 5¼ |
| Welsbch | 3¼ | 4 |
| Wstn Mtg | 1⅛ | 1½ |
| Westmd | 51½ | 52¼ |
| Wdwrd L | 27½ | 28 |
| Wright W | 4⅛ | 4⅝ |
| ZionUt B | 21½ | 22½ |

# International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds

| Bond | Bid | Ask |
|---|---|---|
| Air France 9½-82 | 102½ | 103½ |
| Ashland 8-87 | 96½ | 97½ |
| Aust.R.D. 9¾-80 | 102½ | 103½ |
| Aust-Swiss 8-87 | 96 | 97 |
| Bell Cdna 8¾-86 | 101½ | 102½ |
| BFCE 8¾-83 | 99½ | 100½ |
| B.N.P. 9½-81 | 103¾ | 104¾ |
| Bras Can 9¾-82 | 102 | 103 |
| British Gas 9-81 | 99½ | 100½ |
| Broken Hill 10-90 | 104½ | 105½ |
| Broken Hill 9½-81 | 103½ | 104½ |
| Carrier 8-87 | 94½ | 95½ |
| Charbogas 8¾-81 | 100 | 101 |
| CNE 9¾-85 | 100¾ | 101¾ |
| CN R. Line 10-80 | 103¾ | 104¾ |
| Cons Food 7¾-97 | 93 | 94 |
| Conoco 8-86 | 100 | 101 |
| Cont Tel 8¾-86 | 99 | 100 |
| Cut Ham 8-87 | 95½ | 96½ |
| Denmark 7½-90 | 86¼ | 87¼ |
| Dow Corn 8½-86 | 103 | 104 |
| Dupont 7½-76 | 101½ | 102½ |
| EEC 8¼-82 | 98 | 98½ |
| ECS 8¾-81 | 100½ | 101½ |
| ECS 9¼-86 | 101 | 102 |
| EIB 9½-85 | 103 | 104 |
| Erap 9¾-85 | 102½ | 103½ |
| Esso 7½-78 | 102 | 103 |
| Esso 8-86 Nov | 100¾ | 101¾ |
| Eurofima 8½-83 | 100¼ | 101¼ |
| First Chic 7-80 | 97 | 98 |
| Gen Mot 8½-86 | 105½ | 107½ |
| Gould 9¾-83 | 102½ | 103½ |
| Gulf Westn 9¼-82 | 101½ | 102½ |
| Haas 8¾-86 | 101 | 102 |
| Home Oil 9½-86 | 101½ | 102½ |
| I.D.B.J. 9½-27 | 101¾ | 102¾ |
| Intl Uni 8½-82 | 92½ | 93½ |
| ISE Canada 9-82 | 102 | 103 |
| Manitoba 8⅞-83 | 101½ | 102½ |
| Michelin 9¼-86 | 100 | 101 |
| Modo 9½-83 | 101½ | 102½ |
| Montreal 9¾-81 | 102½ | 103½ |
| Montreal 9¼-83 | 100½ | 101½ |
| Motorola 8-87 | 98¼ | 99¼ |
| Nac Financ 10-81 | 104½ | 105½ |
| NatWest 9-86 | 99½ | 100½ |
| New Brunsw 9-83 | 102 | 103 |
| N Zealand 9¾-82 | 102¾ | 102¾ |
| N Zealand 8¾-83 | 101 | 102 |
| NrgKomBk 7½-87 | 91½ | 92½ |
| Norpipes 9¼-86 | 100¼ | 101¼ |
| NorskHyd 9¾-85 | 104¼ | 105¼ |
| NorthAMR 7¾-79 | 100 | 101 |
| Norway 9-80 | 102½ | 103½ |
| Norway 8½-81 | 101 | 102 |
| Occidental 9¾-83 | 102½ | 103½ |
| Ontario H 8¾-86 | 102 | 103 |
| Oslo 9-88 | 100½ | 101½ |
| Otis-Elev 8¾-85 | 102¼ | 104 |
| Pac Light 9½-81 | 103½ | 104½ |
| Pennwit 8-87 | 97½ | 98½ |
| QuebProv 8½-81 | 100½ | 101½ |
| QuebProv 9-83 | 100¼ | 101¼ |
| QuebProv 7½-88 | 92½ | 93¼ |
| Ralston 7½-87 | 96 | 97 |
| ReadBates 9½-81 | 100½ | 101½ |
| Sandvik 9½-86 | 101 | 102 |
| S.A.S. 8-85 | 94½ | 95½ |
| Seagram 9-83 | 101½ | 102½ |
| SFE 9-83 | 100 | 101 |
| Shell 8-86 | 100½ | 101½ |
| Shell 7½-87 | 95½ | 96½ |
| SNCF 9¼-81 | 103 | 104 |
| St Ind 8½-80 | 102½ | 103½ |
| St Ind 8½-83 | 102½ | 103½ |
| S Handels 9½-86 | 101 | 102 |
| Tenneco 7½-79 | 100 | 101 |
| Tenneco 7¾-87 | 94½ | 95½ |
| Textron 7¾-87 | 94½ | 95½ |
| Transocean 8-86 | 100¼ | 101¼ |
| Transocean 7½-87 | 96½ | 97½ |
| Union Oil 7-79 | 100 | 101 |
| Union Oil 7½-87 | 95¼ | 96¼ |
| Utah 8-87 | 99 | 100 |
| Volvo 9½-85 | 103¼ | 104¼ |
| BroadHale 4½-87 | 77 | 79 |
| Carnation 4-88 | 83½ | 85½ |
| Chevron 5-88 | 116 | 118 |
| Chrysler 4¾-89 | 63½ | 65½ |
| Chrysle. 5-83 | 65½ | 67½ |
| Cont Tel 5½-88 | 78 | 80 |
| Cumm In 6¼-88 | 96 | 98 |
| Dart Ind 4¾-87 | 85 | 87 |
| EastKodak 4½-88 | 112 | 114 |
| Econ Lab 4¾-87 | 77 | 79 |
| Firestone 5-88 | 88 | 90 |
| Ford 6-86 | 96 | 98 |
| Ford 5-88 | 86½ | 88½ |
| Gen Elec 4¼-87 | 88½ | 90½ |
| Gen Food 4¾-87 | 93½ | 95½ |
| Gillette 4¾-92 | 85 | 87 |
| Gillette 4¾-87 | 77 | 79 |
| Gould 5-87 | 96½ | 98½ |
| Gulf West 5-88 | 96 | 98 |
| Honeywell 6-86 | 85½ | 87½ |
| I.S.E. 6¼-89 | 86½ | 89½ |
| ITT 4½-87 | 76½ | 78½ |
| Komatsu 7¼-90 | 108 | 109½ |
| Matsushita 6¾-90 | 117½ | 119½ |
| Mitsui 7¼-90 | 104 | 105½ |
| McDerm 4¾-87 | 142 | 144 |
| Morgan JP 4½-87 | 107 | 109 |
| Nabisco 5½-88 | 94 | 96 |
| Owens Ill 4½-87 | 98½ | 100½ |
| Penney JC 4½-87 | 81½ | 83½ |
| Phil Lamb 4¾-83 | 94 | 96 |
| R.C.A. 5-88 | 81½ | 83½ |
| Revlon 4¾-83 | 126½ | 128½ |
| Revlon 4¾-87 | 109½ | 111½ |
| Sperry 4½-88 | 97 | 99 |
| Squibb Intl 4¼-87 | 77 | 79 |
| Texaco 4½-88 | 78½ | 80½ |
| UnCarb 4¾-82 | 112 | 114 |
| WarnLam 4½-87 | 91½ | 93½ |
| WarnLam 4¾-88 | 83½ | 85½ |
| Xerox 5-88 | 79 | 81 |

Convertible Bonds

| Bond | Bid | Ask |
|---|---|---|
| Amevco 4½-87 | 85 | 87 |
| Ashland 5-88 | 82½ | 84½ |
| Beatrice 6¾-91 | 113½ | 115½ |
| Beatrice 4½-92 | 97 | 99 |
| Borden 6¾-91 | 109½ | 111½ |
| Borden 5-92 | 99 | 101 |

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966=100)

| | Mod. | Long | Conv. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Yesterday | 100.83 | 92.43 | 106.84 |
| Previous | 100.85 | 92.44 | 106.34 |

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:

| Commodity and unit | Thurs. | Year ago |
|---|---|---|
| FOODS | | |
| Cocoa Accra, lb. | *1.23½ | *.76 |
| Coffee 4 Santos, lb. | *1.46 | *.93½ |
| TEXTILES | | |
| Printcloth 64-60 38½, yd. | .39 | .31 |
| METALS | | |
| Steel billets (Pitt.), ton | 212.00 | 200.00 |
| Iron 2, Fdry, Phila., ton | 210.19 | 213.92 |
| Steel scrap No. 1 hvy Pitt. | 83-84 | 72-73 |
| Lead, spot, lb. | 24½-25 | 20 |
| Copper elec., lb. | 74⅝ | 63⅛-65 |
| Tin (Straits), lb. | 4.0304 | 3.2575 |
| Zinc, E. St. L. basis, lb. | 39-40 | 38½-39 |
| Silver N.Y., oz. | 4.260 | 4.38½ |
| Gold N.Y., oz. | 106.10 | 149.40 |
| COMMODITY Indices | | |
| Moody's index (base 100 Dec. 31, 1931) | 889.3 | 787 |

* Nominal.

NEW YORK FUTURES
September 2, 1976

SUGAR NO. 11 (50 tons)

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct | 8.85 | 9.03 | 8.75 | 8.85 | 9.31 |
| Mar | 10.75 | 10.75 | 10.50 | 10.53 | 11.18 |
| May | 11.00 | 11.11 | 10.85 | 10.85 | 11.55 |

## European Markets

(Yesterday's closing prices in local currencies)

### Amsterdam

| | |
|---|---|
| AKZO | 32.60 |
| Albert Heijn | 105.20 |
| Algembank | 306 |
| Amrobank | 71 |
| A'dam | 59.80 |
| Fokker | 32.30 |
| Heineken | 142 |
| H.V.A. | 53.50 |
| Holl-Am-H | 85.50 |
| Hoogovens | 51 |
| K.L.M. | 119.50 |
| Nit Nieder. | 83.90 |
| Pakhoed | 91 |
| Philips new | 29.20 |
| Robeco | 192.90 |
| Rolinco | 146.40 |
| Royal Dutch | 125.40 |
| Unilever | 118 |
| Van Ommer | 206 |
| VerMach | 129 |

### Brussels

| | |
|---|---|
| Arbed | 3,820 |
| Brux-Lamb | 1,820 |
| Cock Ougrée | 764 |
| Electrobel | — |
| GB-Inno-BM | 1,660 |
| Hoboken | 3,400 |
| Petrofina | 4,650 |
| Ph Gevaert | 1,100 |
| Soc. Générale | 2,250 |
| Solvay | 2,360 |
| Un. Minière | 1,180 |

### Frankfurt

| | |
|---|---|
| AEG | 88 |
| BASF | 159 |
| Bayer | 130.50 |
| Commerzbk | 188.50 |
| Cont.Gummi | 95.50 |
| Daimler | 345 |
| Degmag | 158 |
| DeutBank | 294.50 |
| DresdeBk | 221.50 |
| Hoechst | 140.50 |
| Gels Aktien | 78 |
| Hoesch | 56 |
| Karlstd | 387 |
| Kaufhof | 246 |
| KHD | 147.50 |
| Lufthansa | 98 |
| Mannesmann | 342 |
| Metallgesell | 237 |
| Neckermann | 88.50 |
| RWE new | 155.50 |
| Schering | 340 |
| Siemens | 275.50 |
| Thyssen | 121.70 |
| Veba | 122.20 |
| Volkswagen | 132 |

### London

| | |
|---|---|
| Anglo-Am | 2.30 |
| Anglo-Am co | 22.00 |
| Barclay Bk | 2.43 |
| Beecham Gr | 3.37 |
| BICC | 1.06 |
| Boots | 1.14 |
| Bowater | 1.77 |
| Brit-Am Tob | 2.55 |
| Brit Oxyg | 0.57½ |
| Brit Pet | 5.07 |
| Burmah | 0.38 |
| CadburySc | 0.45 |
| Charlered | 1.25 |
| Courtaulds | 1.14 |
| Dagafont | — |
| DeBeer D | 2.10 |
| Decca Rec | 1.98 |
| Distillers | 1.21 |
| Dunlop | 0.63 |
| E Mustline | 2.04 |
| GEC | 1.33 |
| FreeStGed | 8.00⅞ |
| GKN | 3.04 |
| Glaxo Gr | 3.60 |
| Gold Fields | 1.38 |
| Gt Un St | 1.77 |
| Guinness | 1.18 |
| Hawker-Sidd | 3.92 |
| Hudson Bay | 13.00 |
| Imp Chem | 3.31 |
| Imps | 0.73½ |
| Mark&Spen | 0.95 |
| MetalBox | 2.47 |
| Nichols | 0.69 |
| Plessey | 0.73 |
| Rand Mines | 1.53 |
| Rank Org | 1.46 |
| Royal Dutch | 38.00 |
| R.T.Z. | 1.72 |
| Shell | 4.04 |
| Thorn (A) | 2.10 |
| Tube Invest | 3.29 |
| Union Carb | 2.05 |
| Vickers | 1.57 |
| War L3½ | 26.00 |
| West Deep | 5.45 |
| West Drief | 14.00 |
| West Hold | 11.00½ |
| West Min | 1.63 |
| Woolworth | 0.56½ |
| ZCI | 0.25 |

### Milan

| | |
|---|---|
| Bastogi | 1,055 |
| Erba | 2,190 |
| Erc Marelli | 445 |
| Fiat | 1,601 |
| Finsider | 173.25 |
| Generali | 42,760 |
| IFI | 2,181 |
| Italgas | 758 |
| Italsider | 422.75 |
| LaRinas | 62.25 |
| Montedis | 425 |
| Olivetti | 1,175 |
| Pirelli | 1,185 |
| Snia Visco | 1,360 |
| Terni | 306 |

### Paris

| | |
|---|---|
| Air Liquide | 344.80 |
| Alimentaire | 87 |
| BSN | 629 |
| Carrefour | 1,429 |
| Cim Lafarge | 195 |
| Citroën | 50.10 |
| Cie Bancaire | 225 |
| CFP | 101.10 |
| CGE | 281.50 |
| CCF | 120 |
| Ferodo | 298.20 |
| Imétal | 114.60 |
| L'Oreal | 914 |
| Mach Bull | 33 |
| Michelin | 1,295 |
| Moët-Henn | 504 |
| Moulinex | 277.50 |
| Paribas | 150 |
| PUK | 95 |
| Penarroya | 50.90 |
| Perrier | 105 |
| Peugeot | 250 |
| Rh Poulenc | 84.80 |
| Saclior | 53 |
| St Gobain | 116.50 |
| Suez | 210.50 |
| Télémécan | 630 |
| Thomson | 182.80 |
| Usinor | 59.50 |

### Zurich

| | |
|---|---|
| Alusuisse | 1,375 |
| Buerlhe | 1,930 |
| B Boveri | 1,715 |
| Ciba Geigy | 1,380 |
| Cr Suisse | 2,675 |
| Fischer | 1,204 |
| HofRochN | 7,600 |
| Nestlé | 3,450 |
| Sandoz | 5,225 |
| Sté B Suisse | 460 |
| Sulzer | 2,825 |
| U.B. Suisse | 3,350 |

## Market Summary

### NYSE Most Actives

September 2, 1976
(4 p.m. closing prices)

| | Sales | Close | Ch |
|---|---|---|---|
| InlTelTel | 203,500 | 31½ | — ½ |
| Kresge SS | 196,300 | 39⅛ | — ⅜ |
| Texaco Inc | 193,500 | 27 | |
| Exxon | 181,700 | 53 | + ⅛ |
| NCR Corp | 180,700 | 34½ | + ⅜ |
| Avon Prod | 177,700 | 48⅛ | + ⅜ |
| Gulf Oil | 169,600 | 27¼ | + ⅛ |
| FedNat Mtg | 154,300 | 16¼ | — ⅛ |
| Gen Motors | 153,200 | 68⅛ | — ¼ |
| Am Tel&Tel | 153,000 | 59½ | |
| McDonnD | 148,200 | 24½ | + ½ |
| Citicorp | 145,900 | 33⅛ | — ⅜ |
| Travelers | 142,700 | 36⅛ | — ⅛ |
| Nat Semicn | 139,400 | 34⅝ | + ¼ |
| FstChi Co | 135,800 | 19⅞ | — ¼ |

| | Today NYSE Close | Prev Halloow Close |
|---|---|---|
| Volume (in millions) | 18.92 | 18.64 |
| Advances | 771 | 400 |
| Declines | 646 | 125 |
| Unchanged | 477 | 279 |
| Total Issues | 1894 | 804 |
| New 1976 highs | 49 | 3 |
| New 1976 lows | 10 | 1 |

### Dow Jones Averages

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Chg |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30 Ind | 989.28 | 993.10 | 980.14 | 984.79 | — 1.16 |
| 20 Trn | 221.01 | 222.28 | 218.85 | 219.91 | — 0.49 |
| 15 Util | 93.88 | 94.55 | 93.21 | 93.59 | + 0.16 |
| 65 Stk | 310.08 | 311.58 | 307.27 | 308.70 | — 0.33 |

### Standard & Poor's

| | High | Low | Close | N.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 425 Industrials | 117.36 | 115.85 | 116.35 | — 0.15 |
| 60 Utilities | 49.68 | 49.08 | 49.28 | — 0.02 |
| Finance | 12.11 | 11.92 | 11.99 | — 0.04 |
| Transport | 14.54 | 14.35 | 14.41 | + 0.01 |
| 500 Stocks | 104.84 | 103.47 | 103.92 | — 0.14 |

### NYSE Index

| | High | Low | Close | N.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Comp | 55.68 | 55.43 | 55.45 | — 0.05 |
| Inds | 61.62 | 61.41 | 61.41 | — 0.07 |
| Trans | 40.66 | 40.45 | 40.45 | — 0.02 |
| Utils | 37.99 | 37.90 | 37.90 | — 0.02 |
| Finance | 54.66 | 54.34 | 54.34 | — 0.09 |

### Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

| | Shares Buy | Sales | *Short |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sept. 1 | 108,458 | 263,316 | 1,791 |
| Aug. 31 | 113,560 | 256,641 | 1,098 |
| Aug. 30 | 111,042 | 247,711 | 1,204 |
| Aug. 27 | 101,832 | 208,637 | 2,017 |
| Aug. 26 | 114,866 | 219,576 | 1,385 |

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

### American Most Actives

| | Sales | Close | Ch |
|---|---|---|---|
| Syntex Corp | 73,100 | 26⅛ | — ½ |
| King Radio | 56,300 | 7 | — ⅛ |
| Presley Co | 44,400 | 9 | — 1⅛ |
| PGEB pf | 41,700 | 21⅜ | — ⅛ |
| HouslOil M | 36,000 | 59⅛ | — ½ |
| Kaiser Ind | 35,200 | 15⅞ | + ⅛ |
| Ryan Horn | 34,800 | 17⅛ | |
| ConOil Gas | 31,900 | 9⅛ | — ⅜ |
| Plantronic | 30,500 | 25¾ | + ⅛ |
| Resortintl A | 25,700 | 6⅞ | — ⅛ |
| Approx final total | | 1,660,000 | |
| Stock sales year ago | | 1,327,845 | |

American Stock Index:

| High | Low | Close | N.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 102.41 | 101.70 | 102.41 | + 0.43 |

# U.S. Commodity Prices

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jul | 11.40 | 11.43 | 11.19 | 11.20 | 11.80 |
| Sep | 11.67 | 11.75 | 11.35 | 11.40 | 11.95 |
| Oct | 11.90 | 11.90 | 11.43 | 11.47 | 12.02 |

Sales: 4,171.

WOOL (6,000 lbs)
No trades.

COCOA (30,000 lbs)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 111.50 | 112.10 | 111.00 | 111.60s | 114.25 |
| Dec | 109.70 | 109.70 | 107.80 | 108.60s | 111.70 |
| Mar | 104.00 | 104.02 | 102.55 | 103.00s | 106.00 |
| May | 99.60 | 99.60 | 98.00 | 98.70s | 101.65 |
| Jul | 95.90 | 95.90 | 95.35 | 95.10s | 98.00 |
| Sep | 92.45 | 92.45 | 91.50 | 91.55s | 94.40 |
| Dec | 87.90 | 87.90 | 86.70 | 86.95s | 89.45 |

Sales: 1,107.

COPPER (25,000 lbs)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 68.60 | 69.20 | 68.20 | 68.50s | 68.90 |
| Oct | 69.00 | 69.08 | 69.00 | 69.00s | 69.40 |
| Dec | 70.20 | 70.60 | 69.80 | 70.10s | 70.50 |
| Jan | 70.90 | 71.20 | 70.40 | 70.70s | 71.10 |
| Mar | 72.00 | 72.30 | 71.50 | 71.90s | 72.20 |
| May | 73.30 | 73.50 | 72.70 | 73.10s | 73.40 |
| Jul | 74.30 | 74.50 | 73.80 | 74.10s | 74.40 |
| Sep | 75.30 | 75.30 | 75.30 | 75.10s | 75.40 |

Sales: estimated 3,800.

MAINE POTATOES (50,000 lbs)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Nov | 4.78 | 4.84 | 4.70 | 4.84 | 4.79 |
| Mar | 5.50 | 5.60 | 5.50 | 5.55 | 5.54 |
| Apr | 5.85 | 5.97 | 5.84 | 5.93 | 5.86 |
| May | 7.54 | 7.54 | 7.54 | 7.54 | 7.51 |

Sales: 494.

SILVER (5,000 troy oz)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 429.50 | 431.00 | 424.00 | 430.00s | 426.70 |
| Oct | 426.70 | 426.70 | 426.70 | 431.00s | 427.70 |
| Nov | 434.50 | 437.80 | 428.30 | 435.50s | 430.00 |
| Dec | 434.50 | 437.80 | 428.30 | 435.50s | 432.40 |
| Jan | 436.00 | 439.00 | 431.50 | 437.50s | 434.60 |
| Mar | 440.80 | 444.00 | 436.00 | 442.20s | 439.40 |
| May | 446.50 | 448.00 | 441.00 | 447.00s | 444.20 |
| Jul | 451.50 | 453.20 | 446.00 | 451.90s | 449.30 |

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 455.50 | 458.00 | 452.00 | 457.00s | 454.30 |
| Dec | 463.50 | 466.00 | 460.50 | 465.00s | 462.40 |
| Jan | 466.50 | 469.00 | 466.50 | 467.50s | 465.70 |

Sales: estimated 9,680.

COTTON, NO. 2 (50,000 lbs)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct | 75.95 | 76.90 | 74.90 | 74.90 | 76.10 |
| Dec | 74.95 | 76.00 | 74.23 | 74.23 | 74.83 |
| Mar | 74.30 | 76.60 | 74.30 | 74.90 | 75.20 |
| May | 75.75 | 77.10 | 75.60 | 75.60 | 75.70 |
| Jul | 75.30 | 76.20 | 75.00 | 75.00 | 75.00 |
| Oct | 70.80 | 70.45 | 69.45 | b69.45 | 69.30 |
| Dec | 66.55 | 67.00 | 66.35 | b66.75 | 66.55 |

Sales: 3,450.

ORANGE JUICE (15,000 lbs)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 48.75 | 49.50 | 48.75 | b48.75 | b48.55 |
| Nov | 49.85 | 49.95 | 49.60 | 49.60 | 49.10 |
| Jan | 50.60 | 51.25 | 50.60 | 51.25 | b50.45 |
| Mar | 52.40 | 52.80 | 52.30 | 52.30 | b52.00 |
| Jul | 55.00 | 55.00 | 55.00 | 54.70 | 54.70 |

Sales: 300.

GOLD (100 troy oz)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct | 105.20 | 105.20 | 105.20 | 105.00s | 105.00 |
| Dec | 106.00 | 106.50 | 105.30 | 105.40s | 105.40 |
| Feb | 106.50 | 106.70 | 105.80 | 105.80s | 105.8 |
| Apr | 17.30 | 107.30 | 106.50 | 106.40s | 106.40 |
| Jun | 107.50 | 108.20 | 107.50 | 107.10s | 107.10 |
| Aug | 108.50 | 108.50 | 108.50 | 107.90s | 107.90 |
| Oct | 109.30 | 109.30 | 108.60 | 108.70s | 108.70 |
| Dec | 109.80 | 110.20 | 109.20 | 109.50s | 109.50 |

Sales 1,409.
s-settling

A—Asked. B—Bid. N—Nominal.

CHICAGO FUTURES
September 2, 1976

WHEAT (5,000 bu)

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 3.17 | 3.24½ | 3.17 | 3.21¼ | 3.14¾ |
| Dec | 3.30½ | 3.37 | 3.30½ | 3.33 | 3.26½ |
| Mar | 3.44 | 3.48½ | 3.43 | 3.45 | 3.38¾ |
| May | 3.48½ | 3.54½ | 3.4½ | 3.51 | 3.45⅞ |
| Jul | 3.52 | 3.59½ | 3.52 | 3.55 | 3.50¼ |

CORN (5,000 bu)

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 2.89 | 2.95 | 2.88 | 2.90 | 2.85¾ |
| Dec | 2.86 | 2.93 | 2.86 | 2.89½ | 2.84¾ |
| Mar | 2.95 | 3.01½ | 2.95 | 2.97½ | 2.93 |
| May | 2.99 | 3.07 | 2.99 | 3.03¾ | 2.97¾ |
| Jul | 3.01¼ | 3.08 | 3.01 | 3.04½ | 3.00¼ |
| Sep | 2.93½ | 2.95½ | 2.92½ | 2.94½ | 2.92¼ |

SOYBEANS (5,000 bu)

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 6.90 | 6.99½ | 6.90 | 6.99½ | 6.79 |
| Nov | 7.00 | 7.09 | 7.00 | 7.09 | 6.88 |
| Jan | 7.03 | 7.16½ | 7.03 | 7.16½ | 6.97 |
| Mar | 7.13 | 7.21½ | 7.13 | 7.21½ | 7.02 |
| May | 7.12 | 7.21½ | 7.12 | 7.21½ | 7.02 |
| Jul | 7.12 | 7.22¼ | 7.12 | 7.22¼ | 7.02½ |

SOYBEAN OIL (60,000 lbs)

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 23.28 | 23.55 | 23.20 | 23.45 | 22.85 |
| Oct | 23.50 | 23.70 | 23.35 | 23.50 | 22.90 |
| Dec | 23.50 | 23.84 | 23.40 | 23.65 | 23.10 |
| Jan | 23.60 | 23.95 | 23.50 | 23.75 | 23.15 |
| Mar | 23.60 | 24.00 | 23.55 | 23.80 | 23.25 |
| May | 23.75 | 24.05 | 23.65 | 23.90 | 23.30 |
| Jul | 23.75 | 23.98 | 23.75 | 23.80 | 23.25 |

SOYBEAN MEAL (100 tons)

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 192.00 | 196.50 | 192.00 | 196.50 | 189.50 |
| Oct | 194.00 | 198.00 | 194.00 | 198.00 | 191.50 |
| Dec | 199.00 | 200.50 | 195.50 | 199.00 | 192.50 |
| Jan | 199.00 | 200.80 | 197.50 | 199.50 | 194.00 |
| Mar | 197.50 | 201.50 | 197.50 | 200.00 | 194.50 |
| May | 198.00 | 201.00 | 198.00 | 200.50 | 194.00 |
| Jul | 201.00 | 201.50 | 201.00 | 201.00 | 195.50 |

SILVER (5,000 troy oz)

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | — | — | — | 42.50 | 427.50 |
| Oct | 431.00 | 435.00 | 424.00 | 429.00 | 429.30 |
| Nov | — | — | — | 433.50 | 431.50 |
| Dec | 434.60 | 437.00 | 427.00 | 434.00 | 434.00 |
| Feb | 439.50 | 442.00 | 432.50 | 438.00 | 438.30 |
| Apr | 444.00 | 448.50 | 438.00 | 443.00 | 443.50 |
| Jun | 44.00 | 450.50 | 443.00 | 447.50 | 449.00 |
| Aug | 454.90 | 455.50 | 450.50 | 453.00 | 454.00 |
| Oct | 457.00 | 460.50 | 456.00 | 458.00 | 459.20 |
| Dec | 463.50 | 465.50 | 462.00 | 463.00 | 464.20 |
| Feb | 468.50 | 471.00 | 468.00 | 468.00 | 469.50 |

LIVE BEEF CATTLE (40,000 lbs)

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct | 40.70 | 40.95 | 40.50 | 40.62 | 40.48 |
| Dec | 42.50 | 42.72 | 42.35 | 42.40 | 42.30 |
| Feb | 42.80 | 43.00 | 42.70 | 42.75 | 42.65 |
| Apr | 43.85 | 44.20 | 43.80 | 44.00 | 43.75 |
| Jun | 44.80 | 45.30 | 44.80 | 45.15 | 44.85 |
| Aug | 44.77 | 45.30 | 44.77 | 45.25 | 44.77 |
| Oct | 45.50 | 45.50 | 45.55 | a45.35 | b45.15 |

Sales: Oct 3040; Dec 2052; Feb 1443; April 216; June 88; Aug 7; Oct 1.
Open interest: Oct 13655; Dec 9803; Feb 5876; April 2025; June 397; Aug 160; Oct 13.

LIVE HOGS (30,000 lbs)

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct | 39.25 | 39.85 | 39.15 | 39.65 | 38.95 |
| Dec | 37.55 | 38.20 | 37.50 | 37.85 | 37.15 |
| Feb | 36.58 | 37.45 | 36.50 | 37.10 | 36.32 |
| Apr | 35.80 | 36.40 | 35.70 | a36.35 | 35.60 |
| Jun | 38.30 | 38.90 | 38.27 | a38.77 | b37.90 |
| Jul | 38.55 | 39.10 | 38.55 | b39.00 | b38.10 |
| Aug | — | — | — | b37.65 | 37.27 |
| Oct | 36.50 | 36.50 | 36.40 | a36.42 | 36.55 |
| Dec | — | — | — | n36.50 | b36.50 |

Sales: Oct 1810; Dec 1285; Feb 367; April 157; June 53; July 28; Aug 0; Oct 2; Dec 0.
Open interest: Oct 3204; Dec 2906; Feb 1106; April 681; June 297; July 287; Aug 74; Oct 3; Dec 2.

SHELL EGGS (22,500 doz)

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Prev |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 63.95 | 64.25 | 62.80 | 63.00 | 63.40 |
| Oct | 63.55 | 63.95 | 62.75 | 63.10 | 63.45 |
| Nov | 64.45 | 64.75 | 63.90 | 64.25 | 64.45 |
| Dec | 64.20 | 64.95 | 64.05 | 64.35 | 64.40 |
| Jan | — | — | — | b60.25 | n60.00 |
| Feb | — | — | — | n58.00 | n56.00 |

Sales: Sep 346; Oct 117; Nov 131; Dec 344; Jan 0; Feb 0.
Open interest: Sep 489; Oct 597; Nov 946; Dec 1377; Jan 23; Feb 18.

PORK BELLIES (36,000 lbs)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb | 58.30 | 59.70 | 58.20 | 59.20 | |
| Mar | 57.50 | 59.15 | 57.50 | 58.70 | |
| May | 58.50 | 59.80 | 58.20 | b59.50 | |
| Jul | 57.80 | 59.40 | 57.80 | b59.20 | |
| Aug | 56.05 | 57.60 | 56.05 | b57.00 | |

Sales: Feb 3588; March 535; May [illegible]; July 43; Aug 12.
Open interest: Feb 3594; March [illegible]; May 585; July 261; Aug 159.
b—Bid; a—Asked; n Nominal

## London Commodities

September 2, 1976

SUGAR

| | High | Low | Close (Bid Asked) | (Ch) Pre |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct | 130 | 125.50 | 127.50-127.75 | 134.25 |
| Dec | 148 | 137.50 | 138.25-138.50 | 148.15 |
| Mar | 160.25 | 151 | 157.50-157.75 | 160.05 |
| May | 165 | 157.10 | 157.70-157.25 | 165.80 |
| Aug | 167.50 | 164 | -165 | 172.50 |
| Oct | 175.50 | 167.75 | 168.25-168.50 | 175.05 |
| Dec | 172 | 170.50 | 172 -172.50 | 178 |

Lots: 4778.

COCOA

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 1480 | 1440 | 1450-1453 | 1465 |
| Oct | 1461 | 1418 | 1425-1425½ | 1447 |
| Mar | 1396 | 1358 | 1360-1361 | 1388 |
| May | 1354 | 1320 | 1322-1323 | 1349 |
| Jul | 1321 | 1293 | 1293-1296 | 1320 |
| Jul | — | — | 1255-1265 | 1285 |
| Dec | 1205 | | 1200-1210 | 1230 |

Lots: 4515.

COFFEE

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 1548 | 1537 | 1560-1565 | 1540 |
| Nov | 1540 | 1507 | 1538-1540 | 1516 |
| Jan | 1520 | 1486 | 1518-1519 | 1495 |
| Mar | 1512 | 1475 | 1509-1511 | 1480 |
| May | 1511 | 1475 | 1509-1510 | 1475 |
| Jul | 1499 | 1478 | 1499-1510 | 1470 |
| Sep | 1499 | | 1409-1499 | 1475 |

Lots: 1303.

## London Metals Mark

September 2, 1976

| | Today Bid Asked | Prev Bid A |
|---|---|---|
| Coper wire bars: Spot | 856.50-857 | 847.50- |
| 3 months | 886-886.50 | 877.50- |
| Cathodes: Spot | 844.50-845 | 838.50- |
| 3 months | 873.50-874 | 867.50- |
| Tin: Spot | 4,540-4,550 | 4,535- |
| 3 months | 4,655-4,660 | 4,635- |
| Lead: Spot | 268.50-269.50 | 271 |
| 3 months | 281.75-282 | 279.50- |
| Zinc: Spot | 413-413.50 | 412.50- |
| 3 months | 425.50-429.50 | 428.50- |
| Silver: Spot | 241.50-241.60 | 236.50- |
| 3 months | — | 240.50- |

## Paris Commodities

September 2, 1976

SUGAR

| | High | Low | Close (Bid Asked) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Oct | 1,540 | | — 1,555 |
| Nov | — | — | 1,510 — |
| Dec | 1,600 | 1,590 | 1,540-1,570 |
| Jan | — | — | 1,550-1,590 |
| Mar | 1,660 | 1,555 | 1,566-1,572 |
| May | 1,624 | 1,560 | — 1,560 |
| Jul | — | — | — |
| Aug | — | — | 1,578 — |
| Oct | — | — | — |

Lots: 270.

COCOA

| | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sep | 713 | 760 | 1,280-1,360 |
| Dec | 1,250 | 1,205 | 1,214-1,216 |
| Mar | 1,206 | 1,178 | 1,175-1,180 |
| May | — | — | 1,135-1,160 |
| Jul | — | — | 1,125 — |
| Sep | — | — | 1,100-1,120 |

Lots: 190.

## Thursday's New Highs and Lo

NEW HIGHS—49

Abbott Labs, Allis Chalm, Amcord Inc, AmT&T pf, Avon Prod, Bell GasEl, BaySta Gas, BelCnda, CIT Financl, CentTelUt, Citylnv pfB, Con Edis, Cont Corp, Cooper Ind, FinlSanta B, Gamb 1.60pf, Gamb 1.75pf, Gen Signal, GaPw 2.75pf, Hall Frank, Halliburtn, Harcourt, Houston LP, IllPw 8.04pf, Jorgensen, Kresge SS, May DStr, McDonnD, MesP 1.60pf, MetEd pfJ, Minn PwLt, MoPub Svc, MoPSv pf, NDist 4.50pf, NMineSv, NatPresto, NewEng El, NewEng TT, NiM 10.60pf, Nicorinc pf, Norlin Corp, OcciP 2.50pf, PaPL 8.40pf, PaPL 11pf, PepsiCo, Porter pf, PortGen, PortGE, PubS N, PSEG, PSEG, PSEG, PSEG, RCA, Ranco, Revco, Richard, Smithkl, SouCare, Stude, Stuller, StuWor, Transam, Trandall, Tucson, Union, VaEP, Woods, WoodsP

NEW LOWS—10

Amal Sug, AmWW pref, CL Assets, Dick AB, MCA Inc, Orangeco, Puritn Fash, Sterndnt, Univar, Wachov

حكمامن الأصل

# Amex Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Sept. 2

| Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| AEPlast P | 5 | 13 | 7⅞ | 7¾ | 7¾ | |
| ARCp .30 | 7 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| AVCos .32 | 4 | 1 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| ADM Indust | | 36 | 9-16 | 9-16 | 9-16 | -1-16 |
| SPRO .50a | 5 | 4 | 10½ | 10⅜ | 10½ | |
| TI Inc | | 6 | 15-16 | ⅞ | 15-16 | |
| VCCp .40 | 3 | 10 | 11¾ | 11⅝ | 11¾ | +⅛ |
| VXCp .12e | 10 | 13 | 11⅜ | 10⅞ | 11⅜ | +⅜ |
| cme Hami | | 1 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | -⅛ |
| clion .15e | 5 | 16 | 5⅞ | 5⅝ | 5⅞ | +⅛ |
| clonCp | 14 | 5 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | -⅛ |
| dam Russ | 9 | 2 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | -⅛ |
| dobeOil .16 | 16 | 9 | 11 | 11 | 11 | +¼ |
| egis Corp | 7 | 62 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| eronca Inc | | 9 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| fliCap .09t | 8 | 4 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| filPub .48 | 6 | 3 | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | |
| fterSix .20 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | -⅛ |
| iken Ind | 21 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| lan Wood | | 13 | 9¾ | 9⅝ | 9⅞ | +⅛ |
| laska Airl | 2 | 20 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5 | -⅛ |
| lbaWa .05e | 4 | 19 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| lcolac .15e | 6 | 10 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | +⅛ |
| llegheny Airl | 23 | 27 | 5⅜ | 5¼ | 5¼ | -⅛ |
| llegA wtC | | 10 | 2½ | 2¼ | 2¼ | -⅛ |
| llianT .36e | 4 | 3 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | -⅛ |
| lldArt Ind | | 27 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 | |
| lld Thrm .80 | 6 | 2 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | +⅛ |
| lpha Ind | 9 | 6 | 1⅞ | 1¾ | 1¾ | |
| ltamil .10e | 5 | 13 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| ltec Corp | | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| MAX wt | | 13 | 9⅞ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | -½ |
| mBusP .26 | 9 | 11 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |
| GarPd .34 | | 6 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ | +⅛ |
| Israel .11r | 4 | 1 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| MaizeA .40 | 4 | x12 | 10 | 9⅞ | 10 | |
| mMf 2.70e | 5 | 3 | 47½ | 47¼ | 47¼ | -½ |
| mMot Inns | | 1 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| mPetrof 2 | 6 | 5 | 30⅝ | 30⅛ | 30⅛ | -½ |
| Precs .20a | 6 | 2 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | -⅛ |
| SafEq .11t | 4 | 18 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5½ | -⅛ |
| mSciE .04e | 16 | 30 | 12⅝ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | |
| mUtIS .69e | | 1 | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¼ | +⅛ |
| MIC Corp | 7 | 16 | 13⅛ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | |
| AngloC .12e | 6 | 2 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | |
| Anken .20 | 7 | 7 | 6⅛ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | |
| Anthony .19t | 4 | 24 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | -⅛ |
| Applid Data | 8 | 10 | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ | +⅛ |
| ArizCL .10e | 10 | 15 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| ArzCol pf .48 | | 4 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| ArminCp .12 | 3 | 42 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | |
| Arrow Elect | | 6 | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3⅝ | +⅛ |
| Asamera .25 | 8 | 23 | 9⅝ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | |
| Askin Svc | 4 | 1 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| AtRicht wt | | 41 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 | |
| AtlasCM B | 8 | 36 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 | -⅛ |
| AtlasCp wt | | 41 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| Augalinc .16 | 17 | 15 | 15¾ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | +⅛ |
| Austral Oil | 14 | 28 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | +⅛ |
| AutoTrn .70t | 9 | 12 | 7¼ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | +⅛ |
| Auto Bldg | 7 | 2 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| Autmat Rad | 3 | 28 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | +⅛ |
| AutmSvc .15t | 6 | 20 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | +⅛ |
| AVEMC .16 | 5 | 3 | 3⅜ | 3¼ | 3¼ | -¼ |
| Aydin Cp | 8 | 6 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| **B** | | | | | | |
| BRTRI .30e | | 5 | ⅞ | 13-16 | 13-16 | |
| BakerM .15t | 9 | 3 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | -⅛ |
| BaldorEl .20 | 6 | 7 | 9¾ | 9⅝ | 9¾ | |
| BaldwS .32a | | 1 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | +⅛ |
| BanFd 1.15e | | 27 | 16⅞ | 16¾ | 16¾ | |
| BangPun wt | | 5 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | |
| BanistrCtl .20e | 6 | 19 | 9 | 8⅞ | 9 | +¼ |
| Banner .06 | 5 | 20 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| Barclay .04 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| Barnwl .10e | 25 | 12 | 7½ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | -⅛ |
| BarryWr .44 | 6 | 5 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| BarthSp .20 | 9 | 2 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| Bertons Cdy | | 4 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | +⅛ |
| Baruch Fost | 15 | 10 | 1⅞ | 1¾ | 1¾ | +⅛ |
| Barwick ET | | 16 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| BelInd .09A | 5 | 11 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| BenStMg wt | | 8 | ¼ | 3-16 | 3-16 | -1-16 |
| Benrus Crp | 4 | 14 | 3⅞ | 3¾ | 3⅞ | |
| Berg Bruns | 12 | 18 | 8⅝ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | -⅛ |
| BrgB pf 1.15 | | 3 | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | -⅛ |
| BervenC .06 | 48 | 6 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | +⅛ |
| Beverly Ent | 12 | 34 | 1⅞ | 1¾ | 1¾ | -⅛ |
| BicPen .36 | 9 | 5 | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼ | -⅛ |
| BigDad .30e | 6 | 7 | 6⅜ | 6⅜ | 6⅜ | |
| BinnySm .80 | 7 | 21 | 17⅞ | 17¼ | 17⅞ | +⅛ |
| Blessng .30 | 5 | 4 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5 | |
| BodinAp .40 | 7 | 20 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| BoltBer .20 | | 12 | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7½ | -⅛ |
| BowVall .10 | 719 | 73 | 25⅝ | 25 | 25 | -½ |
| Bowne .24 | 6 | 9 | 11⅛ | 11 | 11⅛ | +⅛ |
| BradfdN .20 | 9 | 49 | 9⅜ | 9 | 9⅜ | +⅛ |
| Branch .20 | 4 | 4 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | |
| BranitAr wt | | 4 | 10⅝ | 10⅜ | 10⅝ | +⅛ |
| BrascanA 1 | 3 | 79 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | |
| BrewerC .80 | | 34 | 12½ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | -¼ |
| Brody Seat | 28 | 1 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | -⅛ |
| BrooksP .28 | 4 | 9 | 9⅜ | 9⅜ | 9⅜ | -⅛ |
| BrownCo wt | | 5 | 3⅞ | 3½ | 3⅞ | |
| BrnFB .40 | 9 | 14 | 12⅜ | 12 | 12⅛ | +⅛ |
| Buellind .40 | 5 | 4 | 11 | 10⅞ | 11 | +⅛ |
| Bulldex Inc | 5 | 1 | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | |
| Bundy 1.08 | 7 | 5 | 15⅞ | 15 | 15 | -¼ |
| Burgess Ind | 7 | 2 | 3⅜ | 3¼ | 3⅜ | |
| BurlngFd .27e | 4 | 14 | 11⅝ | 11⅜ | 11⅝ | -⅛ |
| Burnsint .60 | 7 | x10 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | -⅛ |
| Botkint .50 | 5 | 4 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | +⅛ |
| **C** | | | | | | |
| CKPet .30e | 8 | 10 | 12¼ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | -⅛ |
| CDI Corp | | 60 | 1⅜ | 1¼ | 1¼ | +¼ |
| CHB Food | 4 | 10 | 7⅛ | 7 | 7 | -⅛ |
| CHCCp .30t | 4 | 2 | 6⅞ | 6½ | 6⅞ | +⅛ |
| CMIswt A | | 10 | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ | +1-32 |
| CMI Corp | 5 | 19 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| CRSDes .15 | 5 | 2 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| CWTran .48 | 6 | 1 | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | |
| Caldor .25b | 8 | 69 | 14 | 13⅞ | 14 | +⅛ |
| Calcomp | | 9 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| CalLife | 4 | 13 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | +⅛ |
| CalPrtCm | 11 | 2 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | -⅛ |
| Camco Inc | 8 | 16 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| CaChbA .25e | | 13 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| Campin .40b | | 1 | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | -⅛ |
| CdnExp .05e | 9 | 3 | 4 5-16 | 4¼ | 4¼ | -1-16 |
| Cdn Homstd | 20 | 23 | 6¼ | 6⅛ | 6¼ | +⅛ |
| CdnPA 1.50 | 6 | 6 | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | |
| CdnMarc .30 | 8 | 3 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| Cdn Merrill | 35 | 26 | 10⅞ | 10⅝ | 10¾ | |
| CdnOcci .50 | 10 | 4 | 16⅜ | 16⅜ | 16⅜ | |
| Cdn SuprOil | 12 | 8 | 45⅝ | 45½ | 45⅝ | +⅛ |
| Canehart Cp | | 26 | 15-16 | ⅞ | 15-16 | |
| Capital Res | | 11 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | +⅛ |
| CapitlFd .20 | 6 | 3 | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | -⅛ |
| Carbon .80a | 6 | 43 | 22⅞ | 22 | 22⅛ | -⅛ |
| Caressa .30 | 5 | 16 | 5½ | 5½ | 5½ | +⅛ |
| Carnat 1.40 | 75 | 33 | 76¾ | 72¼ | 76¾ | +¾ |
| CaroPipl 16 | 8 | 5 | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | 13⅞ | -⅛ |
| CaroPLpf 5 | | z40 | 56 | 56 | 56 | |
| Carrols Dev | | 5 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | +⅛ |
| CastleAM 1 | 5 | 1 | 18 | 18 | 18 | -⅛ |
| Cavitrn .10e | 10 | 10 | 10¼ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | -⅛ |
| CelloCraft | 6 | 1 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | -⅛ |
| Cenvill .30e | | 12 | 7½ | 7¼ | 7½ | |
| CenM pf2.25 | | 42 | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | +⅛ |
| Certron Cp | | 10 | 13-16 | 13-16 | 13-16 | +1-16 |
| ChadMill .40 | 7 | 1 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | +⅛ |
| Champ Hom | | 201 | 4 | 3⅞ | 4 | |
| Chartr Med | 5 | 13 | 4¼ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | -⅛ |
| Chem Exp | 4 | 3 | 2⅛ | 2½ | 2½ | -⅛ |
| Chleltn Dev | 15 | 10 | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¼ | -⅛ |
| Child World | 9 | 21 | 15⅞ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | -⅛ |
| Christian Co | 6 | 4 | 2⅞ | 2½ | 2⅞ | |
| Cinerama | | 14 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2¼ | |
| CircleK .32 | 7 | 11 | 7¼ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | -⅛ |
| CityGoFl .68 | 5 | 2 | 8½ | 8½ | 8½ | +⅛ |
| Clarkson .20 | 6 | 2 | 8⅛ | 8 | 8 | +⅛ |
| Clarostat | 6 | 11 | 3⅞ | 3⅝ | 3⅞ | |
| Clausing .64 | 5 | 11 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | +⅛ |
| Clopay .12e | 18 | 1 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | |
| Coachm .40 | 7 | 30 | 31⅝ | 30⅞ | 30⅞ | +⅛ |
| Coachm wi | | 7 | 15½ | 15⅝ | 15½ | +1⅛ |
| Cohulnc .32t | 18 | 14 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | -⅛ |
| Coleman .52 | 9 | 60 | 15¾ | 15½ | 15½ | -⅛ |
| ColwelC .26 | 4 | 2 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| ColwMtg wt | | 4 | 3-16 | ⅛ | 3-16 | +1-16 |
| CombE .05r | 10 | 24 | 17½ | 17⅜ | 17⅜ | |
| ComGrp 14 | 15 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | -⅛ |
| ComAll .30e | 5 | 11 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | -⅛ |
| ComMtl .60b | 6 | 5 | 12¾ | 12½ | 12¾ | -⅛ |
| Comdrin wi | | 1 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ | +⅛ |
| CoPsycC .20e | 6 | 11 | 8⅜ | 8⅜ | 8⅜ | +⅛ |
| ComPS 1.62 | 8 | 4 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | -⅛ |
| Compo Ind | 225 | 3 | 4⅝ | 4½ | 4½ | -⅛ |
| CompuDyn | 6 | 1 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| Comput Inv | 2 | 5 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -¼ |
| Conchem .40 | 6 | 2 | 11 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | -⅛ |
| Concrd Fab | 2 | 5 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | +⅛ |
| Condec Crp | 3 | 24 | 8½ | 8 | 8½ | +⅛ |
| Conrock .60 | 7 | 3 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | -⅛ |
| Conroy .05e | 7 | 5 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4⅛ | +⅛ |
| ConOil Gas | 6 | 268 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9½ | -⅛ |
| ConsRef .60 | 11 | 1 | 9 | 9 | 9 | +⅛ |
| Consyne Cp | 14 | 37 | 9⅝ | 9⅛ | 9⅝ | +⅛ |
| Cont Mater | 16 | 5 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| ContTel wt | | 24 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | +⅛ |
| CookEl .40 | 15 | 108 | 13⅞ | 13⅜ | 13⅞ | +⅛ |
| Cookind .40 | 3 | 2 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | +⅛ |
| Cooper Jar | 6 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | +⅛ |
| Cordon Intl | 13 | 8 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2½ | |
| Core Labs | 9 | 21 | 14⅛ | 13¾ | 13¾ | -⅛ |
| Cornelius .40 | 7 | 6 | 7⅞ | 7¾ | 7¾ | -⅛ |
| CorrBlk 1.20 | 9 | 17 | 25 | 24¾ | 24⅞ | -⅛ |
| Coll Corp | 18 | 11 | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| CottCorp wt | | 1 | 7-16 | 7-16 | 7-16 | -1-16 |
| CoxCbl Com | 18 | 3 | 16⅞ | 16⅜ | 16⅜ | -⅛ |
| CramrE .13t | 23 | 2 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | -⅛ |
| CrossAT | 11 | 6 | 33 | 33 | 33 | |
| CwnCPt .60r | 4 | 13 | 19¾ | 19 | 19¼ | +½ |
| Crowmln .20 | 8 | 3 | 4⅞ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| CrutcR .36 | 18 | 72 | 10⅛ | 9¾ | 10 | |
| CrysflO .40e | | 15 | 10½ | 10¼ | 10¼ | -⅛ |
| CubicCp .36 | 6 | 6 | 11 | 11 | 11 | +⅛ |
| Curtis Math .10e | 8 | 2 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | -⅛ |
| **D** | | | | | | |
| DCL Inc | 4 | 3 | 11-16 | 11-16 | 11-16 | -1-16 |
| DWG Cp .50t | 4 | 7 | 3½ | 3⅜ | 3½ | -⅛ |
| Damon Cre | 3 | 15 | 3⅞ | 3⅜ | 3⅞ | -¼ |
| Damson Oil | 19 | 90 | 6 | 5¾ | 5⅞ | +⅛ |
| Daniel .38b | 7 | 24 | 18⅛ | 17⅞ | 18 | +1 |
| Dataprod | 10 | 129 | 13 | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | -⅛ |
| DayMin .10e | 19 | 21 | 6⅞ | 6⅜ | 6⅜ | |
| DelLabs .32 | 7 | 13 | 15 | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | +⅛ |
| DelwdF .34 | 12 | 5 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | +⅛ |
| DenTal Ez | 18 | 7 | 8⅜ | 8½ | 8⅛ | |
| Digicon Inc | 10 | 1 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | -½ |
| Diodes Inc | | 31 | 15-16 | ⅞ | ⅞ | +⅛ |
| DisFab .10 | 9 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| Diversey .36 | 8 | 12 | 14⅜ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | -⅛ |
| Dixilyn .48e | 3 | 2 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |
| Dome Petrl | 9 | 6 | 40 | 39⅝ | 39⅝ | -⅛ |
| Donkeny .24 | 3 | 7 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | -⅛ |
| Driver Harr | | 2 | 10 | 10 | 10 | -⅛ |
| DrgFair .40b | 5 | 9 | 12⅜ | 12⅜ | 12⅜ | |
| DuplxPd .89 | 4 | 2 | 13⅜ | 13⅜ | 13⅜ | +⅛ |
| DurTst .25b | 8 | 5 | 6⅜ | 6⅜ | 6⅜ | |
| Dynlctn .06e | 9 | 21 | 4 | 3⅞ | 4 | +⅛ |
| DynAmer | 6 | 22 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | |
| DynelEl | 18 | 10 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| **E** | | | | | | |
| EAC In | 6 | 11 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | +⅛ |
| ELT .07e | 10 | 7 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | |
| Eagle Cloth | | 2 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| EarthRes 1 | 7 | 25 | 17⅞ | 17 | 17⅞ | +⅛ |
| Edgitcn .58r | 8 | 23 | 40⅞ | 40 | 40⅞ | +⅛ |
| Edmos Cp | | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| EDO Corp | 6 | 2 | 8⅜ | 8¼ | 8¼ | |

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7⅝ | 3¼ | EganM .48 | 6 | 2 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | |
| 9½ | 4⅜ | ElcorCh .10 | 8 | 19 | 7 | 6⅞ | 7 | +⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 1⅛ | Elect Rescn | 163 | 2 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 18⅝ | 12⅛ | ElectricA 1 | 10 | 1 | 15¼ | 15¼ | 15¼ | |
| 7⅝ | 5⅛ | EnrgyRes | 6 | 5 | 5¾ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | |
| 9¾ | 6⅛ | ErnstEC .56 | 5 | 6 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 | -⅛ |
| 2½ | 1⅛ | Ero Ind | 19 | 5 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | -⅛ |
| 8⅛ | 6⅜ | EssexCh .28 | 5 | 3 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | |
| 10⅞ | 7½ | EvanAr 10r | 9 | 38 | 11 | 10⅞ | 11 | +¼ |
| 7⅞ | 3⅞ | Execuin .27t | 16 | 3 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | -⅛ |
| **F** | | | | | | | | |
| 5⅞ | 2 | FDIInc .01e | 65 | 35 | 3¼ | 3⅛ | 3¼ | |
| 6¾ | 4¼ | Fabien .40 | 31 | 3 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | +⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 2⅞ | Fairfld Nob | | 1 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| 4⅞ | 2⅞ | FairmC .14e | 2 | 4 | 2¾ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | -⅛ |
| 25¾ | 20⅞ | Falcon .60 | 7 | 36 | 23 | 22⅞ | 23 | +¼ |
| 8⅜ | 4⅜ | FamDolr .16 | 6 | 9 | 5⅞ | 5⅝ | 5⅞ | +⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 1⅛ | Fash Fabric | 21 | 5 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 13 | 7⅞ | PayDrg .10e | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 8 | +⅛ |
| 6⅛ | 4⅞ | Fed Resrces | | 37 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 13⅛ | 8 | Felmnt .12e | 24 | 25 | 11⅝ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | -⅜ |
| 3⅛ | 1¼ | Fibrebrd wt | | 25 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| 5¾ | 2 | FilmCp Am | 4 | 10 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 5⅛ | Filmwy .85t | 6 | 8 | 7 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | -⅛ |
| 9⅞ | 5½ | FinGen .36b | 8 | 11 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | |
| 8⅛ | 5½ | FlComm .40e | 8 | 3 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | +⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 5⅞ | FstSLSh .12 | 29 | 8 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 17⅛ | 9⅞ | FischrP .46t | 6 | 7 | 15⅛ | 15 | 15⅛ | -⅛ |
| 16⅜ | 13⅛ | FitchbG 1.44 | 6 | 1 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | |
| 2⅞ | 1⅞ | Flagg Ind | | 1 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| 8⅜ | 4⅞ | Flavorland | 4 | 2 | 5¼ | 5 | 5 | +⅛ |
| 16¼ | 14⅝ | FlukeJ | 10 | 2 | 15¼ | 15 | 15⅛ | -⅛ |
| 20 | 13⅛ | FlyDia Oil | 6 | 65 | 15⅝ | 15 | 15⅛ | +⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 3⅛ | Foodrm .20e | 4 | 1 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 92½ | 72¾ | FordCan 5a | 5 | z200 | 88¼ | 88⅛ | 88⅛ | |
| 8⅞ | 4 | Forest City | 5 | 10 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5⅝ | +¼ |
| 4⅞ | 2½ | Forest Labs | 6 | 5 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 10⅞ | 6⅞ | FrankNu .36 | 5 | 13 | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7½ | |
| 23⅛ | 15⅜ | Fresnillo .40 | 7 | 4 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | -⅛ |
| 10⅛ | 6⅞ | Frigtmp .55t | 5 | 16 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |
| 17⅞ | 7¾ | Frigitronic | 17 | 148 | 12⅛ | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | +⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 7⅛ | Frischs .30b | 7 | 4 | 7⅝ | 7¼ | 7⅝ | -⅛ |
| 8⅜ | 5⅛ | Frontier Air | 6 | 4 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | -⅛ |
| **G** | | | | | | | | |
| 8⅛ | 3⅞ | GRICp .40 | | 5 | 3⅞ | 3¾ | 3¾ | -⅛ |
| 1⅛ | 1⅛ | GSCEn .42c | 11 | 2 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | -⅛ |
| 2 | ⅜ | GTI Corp | | 4 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| 11¼ | 5⅝ | Gabriel .30 | 5 | 2 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | +⅛ |
| 11⅝ | 7 | Garan .44a | 5 | 3 | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | -⅛ |
| 3⅞ | 2¼ | Garcia Corp | | 5 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | -⅛ |
| 5¾ | 1⅛ | Gaylord .05a | 3 | 2 | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | |
| 22 | 18 | Gearhrt .28 | 9 | 48 | 20⅜ | 19⅞ | 20⅜ | +½ |
| 4⅛ | 1⅛ | G Housewar | 6 | 1 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | -⅛ |
| 2¼ | 1⅛ | Gen Recrat | | 1 | 1¼ | 1⅛ | 1¼ | |
| 4⅛ | 1⅞ | Gen Resrch | 4 | 5 | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2⅝ | +⅛ |
| 3¾ | 1½ | Genoe Inc | 6 | 1 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 2 | 1⅛ | Genisco Tch | 6 | 1 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | -⅛ |
| 6 | 2½ | Gerber Sci | | 77 | 5¼ | 4⅞ | 5 | -⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 14¼ | GiantFd 1a | 5 | 8 | 15½ | 15⅜ | 15⅜ | |
| 8⅝ | 3⅜ | GiantYel .10t | | | | | | |
| 10⅛ | 2½ | Gladding Cp | | 5 | 4⅝ | 4½ | 4½ | |
| 5⅜ | 2½ | Glasrock Pr | | 1 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| 33⅝ | 28⅝ | Glatfltr 1.52 | 5 | 2 | 29½ | 29⅛ | 29⅛ | -⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 3⅜ | GlenGer .16 | 36 | 1 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | -⅛ |
| 13⅞ | 6⅜ | GlenDls .23t | 7 | 5 | 10⅜ | 10⅜ | 10⅜ | -⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 10⅝ | GlobeInd .60 | 4 | 11 | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | -⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 8¾ | Gloucstr En | 4 | 1 | 12 | 12 | 12 | |
| 7 | 3⅞ | Glover .10e | | 5 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | -⅛ |
| 5 | 3⅛ | Gldblatt .28 | | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| 16⅞ | 8 | Golden Cycl | 189 | 19 | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ | +⅛ |
| 12 | 4⅞ | GoldnW .27e | 7 | 2 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | +¼ |
| 1⅜ | ⅝ | Goldfield Cp | | 23 | ¾ | 11-16 | 11-16 | -1-16 |
| 8⅞ | 2⅝ | Goodrich wt | | 21 | 7 | 7 | 7 | |
| 6 | 3¼ | GorinSt .10e | 4 | 1 | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ | +⅛ |
| 5¾ | 2¼ | GtAm Ind | 3 | 2 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | |
| 4¼ | 2¼ | GtBasin Pet | | 94 | 3⅝ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | +⅛ |
| 37⅜ | 25⅝ | GtLkCh .24 | 14 | 29 | 30⅞ | 30½ | 30½ | +⅛ |
| 6⅞ | 2⅜ | Greenman | 5 | 2 | 4 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | -⅛ |
| 7¼ | 4⅜ | GREIT .40 | 4 | 25 | 5¾ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | -⅛ |
| 9 | 6⅛ | GrowC .32b | 8 | 18 | 9⅜ | 9 | 9 | |
| 2½ | 1⅛ | Gruen Ind | 113 | 5 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 9⅛ | 4⅜ | GuardCh .40b | 7 | 6 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | |
| ¼ | 1-16 | GulfMRlt wt | | 3 | 3-32 | 3-32 | 3-32 | +1-32 |
| 7⅞ | 3⅛ | Glstrm LD. | 40 | | 3⅞ | 3¾ | 3⅞ | |
| **H** | | | | | | | | |
| 10⅛ | 6¾ | HallsMot .50 | 5 | 33 | 9⅛ | 9 | 9⅛ | +⅛ |
| 5⅞ | 3⅛ | HampD .15e | 5 | 18 | 4⅞ | 4½ | 4⅞ | +⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 3⅞ | Hampin Ind | 3 | 5 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | +⅛ |
| 27 | 14⅜ | Harmn .40b | 5 | 90 | 20⅜ | 20 | 20⅛ | +⅜ |
| 7⅝ | 3⅝ | Hartfd Zdy | | 15 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 | -⅛ |
| 14⅝ | 10 | HartzM .15e | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11⅞ | 12 | +⅛ |
| 1¼ | ⅜ | Harvey Grp | 56 | 11 | 9-16 | 9-16 | 9-16 | |
| 8⅝ | 3⅛ | Hasbro Ind | 5 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 7 | -⅛ |
| 8¾ | 5 | Health Chm | 10 | 18 | 7½ | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | -⅛ |
| 6⅞ | 3⅜ | HealthM .30 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 6 | +⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 1⅛ | Heinick .05e | 13 | 29 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1⅝ | +⅛ |
| 15⅞ | 8¼ | HerMal .72 | 4 | 7 | 13⅞ | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | -⅛ |
| 4⅛ | 2⅝ | HIGinc .15t | 21 | 3 | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ | +⅛ |
| 8¼ | 5 | HiShear .07t | 85 | 3 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | -⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 3⅛ | Hillhavn .32 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| 13¼ | 6¾ | Hiptrnic .20 | 10 | 17 | 7 | 7 | 7 | +¼ |
| 2¾ | 1⅛ | Hofmn Ind | | 6 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2⅛ | |
| 3¼ | 2 | Holly Corp | 4 | 10 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | |
| 30½ | 22½ | HomeOB .50 | 7 | 1 | 25 | 25 | 25 | +1¼ |
| 20 | 16⅜ | HormelG 1 | 8 | 7 | 19⅞ | 19⅞ | 19⅞ | -⅛ |
| 8¼ | 5⅛ | HospM .60e | 13 | 9 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | -⅛ |
| 7⅜ | 4⅝ | HouseVl .32 | 8 | 2 | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | -⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 6⅝ | HospMtr In | 30 | 3 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | +⅛ |
| 66 | 32⅝ | HouOlIM .80 | 18 | 353 | 60 | 58⅞ | 58⅞ | -⅜ |
| 22¼ | 15 | HowelC .40e | 5 | 5 | 15¼ | 15¼ | 15¼ | |
| 37 | 28⅛ | HubelIB 1.50 | 9 | 44 | 31⅜ | 31½ | 31½ | |
| 41⅝ | 33¼ | HudBO 1.40 | 10 | 1 | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | -¼ |
| 10⅝ | 6 | Huffman .40a | 5 | 16 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | 10⅛ | |
| 3⅛ | 2 | HuntHit .05r | 4 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 23⅛ | 17⅜ | HuskyO .80 | 5 | 4 | 19¼ | 19¼ | 19¼ | |
| 5⅞ | 3⅜ | Hycel Inc | 20 | 15 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 | -¼ |
| **I** | | | | | | | | |
| 10¾ | 4¾ | ICMR .50t | | 7 | 4¾ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | +⅛ |
| 26⅝ | 21¼ | ImpOilA .80 | 12 | 157 | 21½ | 21⅛ | 21½ | -¼ |
| 20⅛ | 8½ | Incoterm A | 9 | 3 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | +⅛ |
| 2⅝ | 1⅛ | IndianHd wt | | 5 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 2⅞ | 1⅛ | Inflight Svc | 5 | 10 | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | +⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 1⅛ | Inolex Corp | | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | +⅛ |
| 5¾ | 3½ | Instron .70 | | 4 | 4⅝ | 4⅜ | 4⅝ | +⅛ |
| 2½ | 13-16 | Instrum Sys | | 63 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 | -⅛ |
| 6⅞ | 2⅝ | Infrmedco | 9 | 3 | 6 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | -⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 5¼ | IntlAlum .30 | 9 | 2 | 11½ | 11½ | 11½ | +⅛ |
| 2½ | 1¼ | Intl Banknot | 9 | 80 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 23 | 14⅛ | IntCour .24 | 11 | 6 | 15½ | 15½ | 15½ | |
| 3⅛ | 1⅛ | Inf Foodsvc | | 3 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| 2⅝ | 1⅝ | InFuneralS | 5 | 5 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 3⅜ | 1⅞ | Inf Proteins | 18 | 2 | 3⅜ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 7½ | 4⅜ | IntSeaw .15e | 3 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| 4⅛ | 1¼ | Int Stretch | | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | |
| 36 | 25⅜ | IntSyCon .25 | 10 | 10 | 29⅝ | 29 | 29⅝ | +⅝ |
| 1½ | ½ | Interphoto | | 5 | ⅝ | ½ | ½ | |
| 14¾ | 9⅞ | Interpool | 9 | 2 | 14 | 14 | 14 | -⅛ |
| 11⅛ | 5 | Interway Cp | | 23 | 10½ | 10¼ | 10½ | |
| 2½ | 1 | Investrn Fla | | 3 | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ | +⅛ |
| 15⅜ | 9¼ | InvDivers A | 7 | 25 | 15⅜ | 15 | 15⅛ | |
| 3⅝ | 2⅜ | InvDivers B | 8 | 37 | 3½ | 3⅜ | 3½ | |
| 5⅛ | 3 | InvestRlt Tr | | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 17⅜ | 13 | Ionics Inc | 15 | 1 | 17 | 17 | 17 | |
| 9¾ | 6⅝ | IrocBrd .16 | | 1 | 7½ | 7¼ | 7¼ | -¼ |
| 6½ | 3⅜ | Irvinlnd .16t | 4 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 5 | +⅛ |
| 8 | 6⅛ | IsraelD .75e | | 4 | 6⅝ | 6½ | 6½ | -⅛ |
| **J - K** | | | | | | | | |
| 11⅞ | 7¾ | Jaclyn .40a | 4 | 5 | 8 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |
| 8½ | 4½ | Jamswy .11t | 4 | 5 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 5⅞ | 2 | Jetronic Ind | 4 | 1 | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | +⅛ |
| 20⅛ | 10¼ | JohnPd .30 | 8 | 4 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| 4⅛ | 2⅝ | Juniper Pet | 9 | 4 | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ | |
| 16⅛ | 8 | KaisrInd .26 | 9 | 331 | 15⅝ | 15⅜ | 15⅜ | +⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 4⅛ | KaneMill wt | | 5 | 5½ | 5½ | 5½ | |
| 7⅞ | 4⅜ | KapokT .20t | 8 | 9 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | +⅛ |
| 5¾ | 2⅜ | KayCp .07e | 10 | 2 | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ | |
| 28¼ | 12⅞ | Kewanee .72 | 7 | 120 | 25¼ | 24⅞ | 25¼ | +⅜ |
| 9 | 5⅜ | Keystind .30 | 4 | 10 | 6⅜ | 6½ | 6½ | -⅛ |
| 2 | 1¼ | KinArk Crp | 7 | 6 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | +⅛ |
| 11 | 6⅜ | KingRd .15e | 10 | 560 | 7 | 6⅞ | 7 | -⅛ |
| 8⅜ | 4⅞ | Kingslip .20 | 5 | 11 | 6½ | 6⅜ | 6½ | -⅛ |
| 41⅜ | 16 | Kirbyln .26c | 4 | 15 | 17 | 16⅞ | 17 | +⅛ |
| 5⅞ | 1⅞ | Kit Mfg | 32 | 4 | 3½ | 3¼ | 3½ | |
| 6⅛ | 1¼ | KleerVu Ind | 8 | 3 | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | -⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 4¼ | Kleinerts | | 2 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | |
| 16⅞ | 13⅞ | KnickToy | 7 | 45 | 16⅜ | 16⅜ | 16½ | +⅛ |
| 29⅜ | 18⅜ | Kollmor .50 | 11 | 8 | 26⅛ | 25½ | 26⅛ | +⅝ |
| **L** | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 2⅛ | LSBInd .15t | 4 | 2 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| 2⅜ | ⅜ | LTVCorp wt | | 11 | 15-16 | 15-16 | 15-16 | |
| 4⅞ | 2⅜ | LaBarge .06 | 7 | 8 | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | |
| 6⅛ | 3⅜ | LaMaur .20 | 8 | 1 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 8⅞ | 5⅛ | LaPoint .30e | 10 | 2 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| 9⅝ | 5⅝ | LaQuintaM | 6 | 16 | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ | +⅛ |
| 11¾ | 7 | LafyRad .26 | 6 | 55 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | +⅛ |
| 2¾ | 1⅜ | Lake Shore | 4 | 18 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -1-16 |
| 2⅛ | 1¼ | Lndmrk Ld | | 1 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | +⅛ |
| 10⅞ | 6⅜ | LeaRon .28a | 6 | 14 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | |
| 11⅛ | 8¼ | LeathCo .40 | 7 | 4 | 8½ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | |
| 17⅞ | 15 | LeeEntr .52 | 10 | 27 | 16⅞ | 16⅜ | 16⅜ | -⅛ |
| 5⅞ | 3 | Lee Pharm | | 1 | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | |
| 14 | 6⅝ | LeighPr .60 | 5 | 3 | 10⅜ | 10⅜ | 10⅜ | |
| 4 | 1¼ | Leisure Tec | | 2 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 10 | 5¾ | Liberty Fab | 3 | 11 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | +⅛ |
| 7¼ | 4 | Lightolr .16 | 6 | 20 | 5¾ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | +⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 2⅝ | Lincoln Am | 31 | 3 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | |
| 11½ | 5⅝ | Lloyds Elec | 9 | 3 | 6⅜ | 6⅜ | 6⅜ | -⅛ |
| 3 | 1⅛ | LodgeS .08e | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 19⅜ | 13⅜ | Lohmn .80a | 7 | 10 | 14⅛ | 14 | 14 | -⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 4⅞ | LoewThe wt | | 45 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5⅝ | |
| 3 | 1⅜ | Logistic .08e | 6 | 3 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | +⅛ |
| 16⅞ | 9 | LaGenSv .78 | 6 | 21 | 16 | 15⅝ | 16 | +⅜ |
| 27 | 19⅞ | LouisCe 1.20 | 7 | 4 | 25¾ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | +⅛ |
| 7¾ | 1 | Lynch Corp | | 16 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | -⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 1⅜ | Lynnwear | | 1 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | -⅛ |
| **M** | | | | | | | | |
| 2⅞ | 1⅜ | MDC Corp | 16 | 1 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 11⅜ | MPBCp .80 | 5 | 8 | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | 17⅝ | |
| 8¾ | 7 | MWA .40b | 7 | 7 | 8⅜ | 8⅜ | 8⅜ | |
| 15⅜ | 13⅝ | MePbS 1.32 | 8 | 1 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | +⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 2⅞ | Mamm Mrt | 8 | 15 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3⅛ | +⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 3⅜ | ManhLife .24 | 8 | 5 | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | |
| 5½ | 4 | MansfT .02r | | 2 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 26⅝ | 18 | MarkCtl .28 | 6 | 11 | 22½ | 22¼ | 22½ | +⅛ |
| 6 | 3⅝ | Marshall Fd | | 2 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 8½ | 4⅜ | Marshal Ind | 5 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 7 | -⅛ |
| 32⅝ | 19 | MartPr .50e | 7 | 29 | 23⅜ | 23⅛ | 23⅛ | +1⅛ |
| 10½ | 6⅛ | Masind .40a | 7 | 1 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | +⅛ |
| 7⅞ | 4 | MaulBro .12 | 6 | 2 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 5⅞ | 2¾ | McCulO .21t | 35 | 95 | 3⅜ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | +⅛ |
| 19½ | 13⅝ | McDonh .80 | 5 | 4 | 18⅝ | 18⅛ | 18⅜ | +⅛ |
| 14 | 6⅞ | McIntsh .70 | 6 | 16 | 13 | 12⅞ | 13 | +⅛ |
| 13½ | 10½ | MeansF 1.08 | 6 | 7 | 12 | 11¾ | 11⅞ | -⅛ |
| 2¼ | 15-16 | Medaln Grp | | 5 | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | -⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 2½ | Medco Jwly | 19 | 1 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 9⅝ | 5⅞ | Medenco .12 | 7 | 8 | 8⅝ | 8⅜ | 8⅝ | +⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 2½ | Medfield Cp | 6 | 15 | 6⅝ | 6 | 6⅛ | |
| 19⅛ | 14¼ | MediaGn .40 | 8 | 19 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | +⅛ |
| 17 | 7⅝ | Mesoint .30 | 6 | 20 | 14 | 13¾ | 14 | +⅛ |
| 3⅛ | 1¼ | Mich Genl | 4 | 18 | 3¼ | 3⅛ | 3¼ | |
| 14½ | 10⅛ | MichSugar 1 | 4 | 15 | 11 | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | |
| 11⅛ | 5½ | Mickibry .16 | 4 | 10 | 6⅞ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | +⅛ |
| 15⅛ | 10 | MidlGls .24b | 6 | 16 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | +⅛ |
| 6 | 2⅞ | Miller H | | 2 | 5¼ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | +⅛ |
| 20 | 13⅛ | MillerWo .40 | 8 | 58 | 17⅞ | 17 | 17⅛ | -⅛ |
| 23⅛ | 12½ | MilRoy .25 | 9 | 3 | 17 | 17 | 17⅛ | -⅛ |
| 2⅛ | ⅞ | Mission IT | | 3 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | +⅛ |
| 32½ | 17⅝ | MoPfcR 1.20 | 6 | 9 | 29 | 28⅞ | 29 | +⅛ |
| 31 | 24⅝ | MitchlE | 7 | 75 | 26⅜ | 25½ | 25⅞ | -⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 3½ | MileCo .16 | 5 | 7 | 4⅞ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | +⅛ |
| 7⅞ | 4 | Modern Md | 3 | 2 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 22⅛ | 6⅛ | Molycrp wt | | 57 | 18½ | 18⅛ | 18⅝ | +½ |
| 50 | 44 | MonP pf4.40 | | z30 | 45⅝ | 45⅝ | 45⅝ | -½ |
| 13¼ | 8⅞ | Moog .40 | 7 | 2 | 9⅞ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | -¼ |
| 7⅛ | 4⅝ | MortonS .32 | 4 | 2 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | +¼ |
| 18½ | 14⅝ | MtVMll 1.20 | 8 | 2 | 16½ | 16¼ | 16¼ | |
| 8⅛ | 3½ | MultiAm .20 | 11 | 1 | 5½ | 5½ | 5½ | +⅛ |
| **N** | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 3⅞ | Napco .12e | 7 | 17 | 6½ | 6⅜ | 6½ | |
| 5⅝ | 3½ | NardaM .20 | 15 | 5 | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | -⅛ |
| 25 | 12¼ | Nat CSS .05e | 10 | 1 | 22 | 22 | 22 | -¼ |
| 2⅛ | 11-16 | NatHlth Ent | 8 | 7 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 2⅜ | ¼ | Natind wt | | 40 | 15-16 | ⅞ | 15-16 | +3-16 |
| 2⅞ | 1½ | NKinney Cp | | 5 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | +⅛ |
| 12 | 6 | Nat Paragn .20 | 5 | 2 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | |
| 13 | 7⅜ | Nat Patent | 61 | 66 | 8⅝ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | -⅜ |
| 4⅛ | 2⅞ | Nat Silver | 8 | 2 | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | +⅛ |
| 19½ | 10⅝ | NatwHo .32 | 7 | 7 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| 34½ | 22¾ | NENuclr .40 | 11 | 1 | 25⅞ | 25⅞ | 25⅞ | +¼ |
| 1⅛ | ½ | New Idria .04e | 9 | 14 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 26 | 15⅞ | NMex Ariz | 60 | 4 | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | 20⅛ | +½ |
| 16⅞ | 11⅛ | NProc .80e | 9 | 33 | 12½ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | +¼ |
| 17⅞ | 11½ | NYTimes .60 | 11 | 20 | 13 | 13 | 13 | +⅛ |
| 4⅛ | 3⅜ | NeworkR n | 8 | 6 | 4⅜ | 4 | 4 | |
| 16⅛ | 12½ | NiagFSv .44 | 5 | 3 | 13 | 12⅞ | 13 | +⅜ |
| 5 | 2⅛ | Nichols SE | 3 | 1 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | -⅛ |
| 12⅜ | 3⅝ | Nolex Cp | 35 | 133 | 4⅝ | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | +⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 8 | NorAmR .10 | 8 | 5 | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | +⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 4 3-16 | NorCdn Oils | 13 | 5 | 8⅞ | 8⅝ | 8⅞ | |
| 5⅞ | 2⅜ | Novo Corp | 11 | 2 | 3⅞ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | +⅛ |
| 5⅞ | 3 | Nuclear Dat | | 16 | 4⅝ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| **O** | | | | | | | | |
| 13⅝ | 6⅞ | OakwdHom .03r | 4 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | +⅛ |
| 21 | 13½ | Offshore Co | 4 | 7 | 16¼ | 16 | 16 | -⅜ |
| 6¾ | 4⅞ | OhioArt .24 | 13 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 38¼ | 28⅜ | OhioB 1.40a | 3 | 5 | 35⅝ | 35⅝ | 35⅝ | +⅛ |
| 12¼ | 7½ | OhSealy .40 | 6 | 4 | 7⅜ | 7¼ | 7⅛ | -⅛ |
| 10⅜ | 4½ | Oilaind .20e | 6 | 4 | 7½ | 7¼ | 7¼ | -⅛ |
| 22½ | 14¼ | OnLine Sys | 20 | 58 | 20½ | 19¾ | 19¾ | -¼ |
| 3⅛ | 1⅛ | Originala | | 5 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | |
| 10½ | 4 | OrioleHo .16t | | 10 | 5⅞ | 5⅝ | 5½ | +⅛ |
| 2⅝ | 1 | Ormand Ind | 16 | 1 | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | |
| 7⅝ | 3⅛ | Outdr Sport | 6 | 1 | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | |
| 10 | 6⅜ | OverhDr .50 | 6 | 11 | 8⅞ | 8⅝ | 8⅞ | +⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 2⅜ | OzarkA .05e | 8 | 30 | 4⅛ | 4 | 4⅛ | +⅛ |
| **P - Q** | | | | | | | | |
| 3½ | 1⅝ | P&F Indust | | 11 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| 18⅝ | 16¼ | PGE6pf 1.50 | | 19 | 17⅛ | 16⅞ | 17 | -⅛ |
| 15½ | 12⅜ | PGE5pf 1.25 | | 9 | 14⅝ | 14⅜ | 14⅝ | +⅛ |
| 14⅞ | 12½ | PGRd pf1.25 | | 6 | 13⅞ | 13⅝ | 13⅝ | -⅛ |
| 15 | 13 | PGpfA 1.25 | | 7 | 13⅝ | 13⅜ | 13⅝ | +⅛ |
| 28¼ | 26⅛ | P 10.18pf2.54 | | 7 | 28¼ | 27⅞ | 28¼ | +⅛ |
| 29½ | 26⅜ | P 10.46pf2.62 | | 28 | 28⅝ | 28¼ | 28⅝ | +¼ |
| 13⅞ | 11⅝ | PG 4.5pf1.12 | | 23 | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | |
| 29 | 24⅞ | PG 9.4pf2.37 | | 6 | 26⅛ | 26 | 26⅛ | +⅛ |
| 24 | 21⅛ | PG 8.2pf2.05 | | 22 | 23 | 23 | 23 | +⅛ |
| 23½ | 20⅞ | PGE8pf 2 | | 293 | 22½ | 21⅞ | 22¼ | +⅜ |
| 25⅝ | 22⅝ | PGE 9pf.25 | | 3 | 24⅝ | 24¼ | 24⅞ | -⅛ |
| 24 | 21⅛ | PG 8.1pf2.04 | | 15 | 23⅛ | 22⅞ | 22⅞ | |
| 11⅛ | 4⅛ | PHoldg .16 | | 25 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| 48 | 43 | PacLt pf4.36 | | z100 | 48 | 48 | 48 | |
| 17⅝ | 14⅛ | PNwTel 1.32 | 9 | 13 | 17⅝ | 17½ | 17⅝ | +⅜ |
| 33⅛ | 22⅜ | PallCorp .32 | 12 | 12 | 27⅛ | 27 | 27 | |
| 7⅛ | 4 | Pandl Bradf | 3 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| 5 | 3 | Pantast .20 | 6 | 4 | 4½ | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | -⅛ |
| 26¼ | 21⅜ | ParsonsR .60 | 6 | 16 | 23 | 22¾ | 22⅞ | -⅜ |
| 4⅝ | 2⅝ | Pat Fashion | 3 | | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | +⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 3¼ | PatoCG 1.40e | 4 | 8 | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | -⅛ |
| 13⅞ | 9¾ | Paxall .60a | 9 | z500 | 13¾ | 13½ | 13½ | |
| 5⅜ | 4½ | Pamcor | 4 | 2 | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | +⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 1½ | PennDix wt | | 5 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | -⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 6⅞ | PenEnM .60 | 7 | 3 | 8 | 8 | 8 | -⅛ |
| 32⅝ | 19 | PenTr 1.20b | 6 | 2 | 28⅛ | 28 | 28⅛ | +⅛ |
| 7 | 3⅜ | PECp .68t | 6 | 14 | 4⅛ | 4¼ | 4¼ | -⅛ |
| 1⅞ | ⅞ | Penfron Ind | 5 | 25 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1 | |
| 25½ | 17⅜ | PepBoys 1b | 5 | 1 | 18½ | 18½ | 18½ | -¼ |
| 15⅛ | 11 | PepCom .60 | 3 | 1 | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | +⅛ |
| 6½ | 4⅝ | PerinlCp .30 | 3 | 3 | 6⅛ | 6 | 6⅛ | +⅛ |
| 8⅛ | 3½ | Pertec Corp | 8 | 143 | 7¾ | 7¼ | 7¼ | -⅛ |
| 13⅜ | 6¼ | Petro Lewis | | 13 | 10⅝ | 10¼ | 10⅜ | +½ |
| 8⅝ | 5⅞ | PhilLD .56r | 5 | 1 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | |
| 4⅝ | 3 | Phoenix Stl | | 4 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 11⅛ | 7½ | PicNPay .20 | 7 | 15 | 8⅞ | 8⅝ | 8⅞ | +⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 6 | PionTex .80 | 3 | 46 | 7⅛ | 6⅞ | 7⅛ | +⅜ |
| 6⅛ | 5⅝ | PitWVa .56a | 10 | 2 | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | |
| 24⅞ | 14⅛ | PitDeM 1.20 | 6 | 5 | 19¾ | 19½ | 19¾ | +⅛ |
| 42½ | 31⅜ | Pittway .90 | 10 | 169 | 33 | 32⅜ | 32⅞ | -1 |
| 26⅝ | 18⅞ | PlacrDv .80 | 28 | 2 | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | -⅛ |
| 11⅞ | 7 | Plant Ind | | 48 | 8⅝ | 8 | 8⅝ | +⅛ |
| 25⅞ | 15⅝ | Plantrnc .12 | 16 | 300 | 25⅝ | 25 | 25 | |
| 4⅛ | 1⅛ | Poloron Pd | | 4 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | +⅛ |
| 7⅞ | 5⅞ | Polychr .29t | 9 | 13 | 7¼ | 6⅞ | 7¼ | +⅜ |
| 14¼ | 10 | PrattLmb 1 | 6 | 9 | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼ | |
| 26½ | 19⅝ | PrenHa 1.12 | 11 | 5 | 22¼ | 22¼ | 22¼ | |
| 4⅛ | 2⅛ | PresRealt B | | 5 | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | -⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 6 | Presley Cos | 23 | 292 | 10 | 9⅜ | 9⅞ | -1 |
| 5⅝ | 2¼ | PrimMt .12t | | 7 | 4 | 4 | 4 | +⅛ |
| 5 | 3⅛ | PrudBdg .24 | 4 | 18 | 3½ | 3⅛ | 3½ | +⅛ |
| 54 | 45⅛ | PSCol pf4.25 | | z100 | 50 | 50 | 50 | +1 |
| 5⅞ | 2¼ | Pulte Hmes | 9 | 7 | 5⅛ | 5 | 5⅛ | |
| 5 | 2⅜ | PuntaGrd ls | 9 | 16 | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | |
| 7⅞ | 4⅛ | Purepac Lb.03e | 11 | 5 | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | |
| **R** | | | | | | | | |
| 8¾ | 5⅛ | RB Ind | 7 | 22 | 6⅛ | 5⅝ | 6 | -⅛ |
| 1⅞ | 1⅛ | RETinc Fd | | 15 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | |
| 41 | 36⅜ | RET pf 4.38 | | 5 | 40⅝ | 40⅛ | 40⅝ | +⅜ |
| 3 | 1⅝ | RPS Prod | 9 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 10⅝ | 5 | RLC Corp | 5 | 13 | 9 | 9 | 9 | |
| 17⅞ | 7⅛ | RaganB .15e | 5 | 99 | 8⅛ | 7⅞ | 8 | |
| 22⅛ | 13½ | Ranchrs Ex | 26 | 24 | 17⅝ | 17¼ | 17⅜ | |
| 19⅝ | 12½ | RangrO Can | 52 | 97 | 15⅛ | 14⅜ | 15 | +⅜ |
| 16⅞ | 10⅞ | Ransrg .80 | 5 | 5 | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | +⅛ |
| 25 | 13⅝ | RaymPr .40 | 32 | 2 | 24½ | 24½ | 24½ | -⅛ |
| 8¼ | 5½ | RltIncT 1.05e | | 45 | 8⅛ | 8 | 8¼ | +⅛ |
| 19⅛ | 12⅛ | RltRef 2.06e | 9 | 16 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | +⅛ |
| 2⅛ | 1⅛ | Reeves Telc | | 2 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 10⅞ | 8⅛ | Regal B .40 | 10 | 1 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | +⅛ |
| 1⅞ | ⅜ | RelGrp wt | | 225 | 1⅝ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| 13⅞ | 10¼ | RemAr .80a | 6 | 2 | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼ | -⅛ |
| 1⅛ | ⅜ | RepMrtn wt | | 1 | ½ | ½ | ½ | |
| 18⅝ | 13⅞ | ReschCtl .08 | 13 | 216 | 15⅝ | 15 | 15⅛ | |
| 24⅛ | 14 | Resistflx .50 | 7 | 6 | 17⅞ | 17⅛ | 17⅞ | +⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 2 | Resrtsintl A | 11 | 197 | 7 | 6⅞ | 6⅞ | -⅛ |
| 9¾ | 2⅝ | Resrtsintl B | 13 | 4 | 8⅛ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 1 | RestAssoc | | 1 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 2⅝ | RilbetProd | 9 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| 3⅝ | 1⅝ | Richford In | | 10 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | |
| 7⅝ | 3⅛ | Richton .18e | 4 | 14 | 5⅞ | 5½ | 5⅞ | |
| 18 | 10½ | Riley Co | 7 | 11 | 14⅜ | 14 | 14 | -½ |
| 21¼ | 6⅜ | RisdonM .36 | 11 | 5 | 16¼ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | |
| 29⅝ | 17⅞ | Robintech | | 47 | 24 | 23¼ | 23¼ | +⅜ |
| 4⅛ | 2¼ | Roblin Ind | 3 | 11 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | +⅛ |
| 11⅛ | 8⅝ | Rockway .96 | 7 | 4 | 11⅜ | 11⅜ | 11⅜ | -⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 8⅛ | Rogers Corp | | 9 | 11 | 10⅞ | 11 | |
| 1 | ⅜ | RoyBsn Fd | | 2 | 9-16 | 9-16 | 9-16 | |
| 2⅛ | 1 | Rusco Ind | | 17 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | -⅛ |
| 10 | 7¼ | Russell Cp .40 | 4 | 2 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | |
| 10 | 5⅝ | RustCft .40 | 6 | 6 | 7¾ | 7⅝ | 7¾ | -⅛ |
| 25⅝ | 15⅝ | RyanH .40 | 10 | 149 | 18¼ | 18 | 18 | +⅛ |
| **S** | | | | | | | | |
| 7⅞ | 5⅛ | SGLin .12r | 6 | 5 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ | +⅛ |
| 2⅛ | 1⅛ | SGSec .51e | | 7 | 1⅜ | 1¼ | 1⅜ | |
| 16¼ | 12⅛ | SGSe pf 1.70 | | 9 | 16⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | +¼ |
| 3⅛ | 1⅜ | SMD Ind | 5 | 7 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | +⅛ |
| 12½ | 7¼ | STPCp .45e | 11 | 21 | 11⅝ | 11¼ | 11¼ | +⅛ |
| 8 | 3⅛ | SafranSy A | 5 | 1 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| 15⅝ | 8⅜ | Salem .89t | 4 | 12 | 9⅝ | 9¾ | 9¾ | |
| 19⅝ | 14½ | Sambos .32 | 10 | 118 | 15½ | 15¼ | 15½ | |
| 10 | 7¾ | SCarlo 1.26e | | 28 | 7½ | 7 | 7 | -⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 9⅛ | SDieG pf .90 | | 1 | 9⅞ | 9⅞ | 9⅞ | +⅛ |
| 82 | 71 | SDgo pf 7.80 | | z150 | 79 | 78⅞ | 79 | +⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 26 | SDgo pf 2.68 | | 3 | 28 | 28 | 28 | |
| ⅞ | ¼ | SFRE wt | | 2 | ½ | ½ | ½ | |
| 36 | 30⅛ | SanJW 2.68 | 7 | 1 | 35⅝ | 35⅝ | 35⅝ | +⅛ |
| 3⅜ | 1⅞ | Sargent Ind | 7 | 4 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| 10⅝ | 5⅜ | SaundrL .24 | 5 | 6 | 9⅜ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | |
| 18⅝ | 10¼ | SciAtlanta | 13 | 24 | 16⅞ | 16⅜ | 16⅞ | +⅛ |
| 17 | 10¼ | Scrivner .78 | 5 | 1 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | -⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 6⅛ | SbdAlMIl .40 | 4 | 2 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | |
| 1⅛ | ⅜ | Seaport Cp | 1 | 30 | ⅜ | ⅜ | ⅜ | |
| 9 | 8⅛ | SeasnAll .20 | 7 | 2 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | +⅛ |
| 9⅜ | 4⅛ | SelasCp .15e | 9 | 7 | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5½ | |
| 2 | 11-16 | Sellam Asso | | 2 | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ | |
| 20⅜ | 13½ | SellaLtz 1.20 | 5 | 18 | 17 | 16⅞ | 16⅞ | +⅛ |
| 6¾ | 4 | Semtch .16t | 8 | 19 | 4⅞ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | -⅛ |
| 6½ | 3½ | Servisco .30 | 8 | 25 | 6⅝ | 6⅛ | 6⅜ | +⅜ |
| 4⅝ | 2⅝ | Servo Corp | 4 | 4 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | -⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 2⅜ | Shaers .15e | 6 | 11 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 12⅛ | 7⅜ | Shawin .50b | 9 | 7 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |
| 13⅞ | 4⅞ | ShearH .20e | 3 | 19 | 8⅝ | 8½ | 8½ | |
| 4⅜ | 2½ | Shelter Res | | 6 | 2⅞ | 2¾ | 2⅞ | -⅛ |
| 33 | 21½ | Shnandh Oil | 29 | 67 | 21⅝ | 21¼ | 21⅛ | -⅛ |
| 19⅝ | 10⅝ | Sherwd Med | 15 | 4 | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | |
| 3⅜ | 1⅜ | Shopwell In | 18 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 8⅝ | 5⅝ | Sierrcin .20 | 7 | 1 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| 4⅛ | 3 | SikesCp A | | 2 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | +⅛ |
| 10⅝ | 7⅜ | SkyCity .15r | 5 | 6 | 9⅝ | 9½ | 9⅝ | +⅛ |
| 4⅜ | 2¼ | Solitron | | 12 | 2½ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | +⅛ |
| 13 | 6¾ | Sonder Brdc | 4 | 5 | 10½ | 10½ | 10½ | +⅛ |
| 20¾ | 12⅝ | Soundsn .40 | 7 | 15 | 20¼ | 19⅞ | 19⅞ | -⅛ |
| 7⅝ | 6⅜ | SoestCap .60 | 12 | 2 | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | +⅛ |
| 13 | 11⅝ | SC4.2pf 1.06 | | 6 | 12⅛ | 12 | 12⅛ | +⅛ |
| 14 | 11⅝ | SC4.3pf 1.08 | | 1 | 12⅝ | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | -⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 18⅞ | SCEO pf1.68 | | z50 | 19¾ | 19⅝ | 19¾ | +⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 15⅝ | SC5.8pf 1.45 | | 9 | 16⅝ | 16⅜ | 16⅜ | |
| 16¾ | 14⅛ | SC5.2pf 1.30 | | 1 | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | +¼ |
| 28 | 24⅝ | SC9.2pf 2.30 | | 28 | 27⅛ | 26⅞ | 27⅛ | +⅜ |
| 26 | 23⅛ | SC8.8pf 2.21 | | 5 | 25⅞ | 25⅝ | 25⅞ | +⅛ |
| 102¾ | 98⅜ | SCE pf 8.96 | | 5 | 100½ | 100½ | 100½ | |
| 20 | 9 | SwstAir .06e | 6 | 17 | 19¾ | 19 | 19⅛ | +¼ |
| 3⅝ | 2⅜ | SwIGFIn .10 | 6 | 1 | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | |
| 9⅛ | 5 | Spartek .40 | 9 | 2 | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | -⅛ |
| 6⅝ | 4¼ | Specity Rest | 5 | 1 | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ | -⅛ |
| 8⅜ | 5⅛ | Spector .10e | | 3 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | +⅛ |
| 2⅞ | 1⅜ | SpedOP .11t | 13 | 5 | 2⅛ | 2 | 2⅛ | +⅛ |
| 8⅛ | 3¼ | Spencer .08e | 10 | 105 | 6⅛ | 5½ | 5⅝ | +½ |
| 9⅝ | 6½ | SpencrF .32 | 6 | 9 | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | -⅛ |
| 7¼ | 4⅞ | Splentex .48 | 6 | 3 | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | |
| 8⅛ | 5⅛ | Stafld Lowd | 4 | 6 | 5 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | -¼ |
| 17½ | 12½ | StdAllianc 1 | 6 | 1 | 16¼ | 16¼ | 16¼ | |
| 7⅜ | 4⅝ | StdCont .14r | 3 | 11 | 5⅛ | 5¼ | 5¼ | -⅛ |
| 17⅝ | 13½ | StdCoosa .90 | 4 | 2 | 14¼ | 14¼ | 14¼ | +⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 2⅞ | StdMetl .50t | 6 | 11 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | -¼ |
| 14⅛ | 9 | StdMotA .48 | 5 | 9 | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | 11⅞ | +⅛ |
| 8⅞ | 3¼ | StdPac Corp | 4 | 12 | 6⅜ | 6⅜ | 6⅜ | |
| 26⅛ | 15½ | StdProd 1.20 | 4 | 6 | 22¼ | 22 | 22 | -⅛ |
| 1 | ½ | StdPrud wi | | 6 | ⅝ | 9-16 | 9-16 | +1-16 |
| 27⅛ | 21⅜ | StdShrs .40r | | 1 | 23⅞ | 23⅞ | 23⅞ | +⅛ |
| 15 | 8⅞ | Stange .12 | 21 | 9 | 15 | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | -⅛ |
| 13⅝ | 10¼ | StarSup .68a | 4 | 2 | 11 | 10⅞ | 11 | +⅛ |
| 19 | 13⅜ | StarrtHo .36 | 6 | 26 | 13⅞ | 13⅜ | 13⅜ | -⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 7⅝ | Steelmt .23r | 6 | 3 | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | |
| 19⅝ | 12 | StepnCh .52 | 7 | 2 | 18⅜ | 18⅛ | 18⅜ | |
| 2⅛ | 13-16 | Sterl Electr | 11 | 15 | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | |
| 10½ | 6⅞ | StrutW .10e | 8 | 1 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | -⅛ |
| 7⅞ | 7⅜ | SueAnn n .36 | 9 | 13 | 7⅝ | [illegible] | [illegible] | 7+ |
| 1⅞ | ⅜ | Summit Org | 8 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 4⅛ | 3⅜ | SunCityl .25 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | -⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 13½ | SunElec .48 | 10 | 12 | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | 16⅛ | +⅛ |
| 9⅛ | 5⅝ | Sunair .45e | 6 | 1 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | -⅛ |
| 16⅜ | 8⅞ | Sundanc .20b | 6 | 20 | 13⅞ | 13⅜ | 13⅞ | +⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 8⅜ | SupFdSv .32 | 8 | 6 | 12⅛ | 12 | 12 | -⅛ |
| 3⅝ | 1⅞ | Susquhana | | 13 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | -⅛ |
| 7 | 4⅝ | Synaloy .20 | 4 | 9 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 36⅛ | 23½ | Syntex .50 | 11 | 669 | 25⅛ | 24¼ | 24⅝ | -½ |
| 10⅝ | 5⅜ | System Eng | 363 | 30 | 7¼ | 7 | 7¼ | +¼ |
| **T** | | | | | | | | |
| 15¼ | 10⅝ | Tandy Brnd | 5 | 7 | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼ | |
| 20¼ | 16½ | Tasty 1.20a | 7 | 1 | 19 | 19 | 19 | +⅛ |
| 3⅜ | 1⅝ | Techcl Tape | 3 | 50 | 3 | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | |
| 5⅞ | 2⅞ | Techtrl .10e | 4 | 1 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | +⅛ |
| 7 | 3⅛ | TeleCm .07e | 6 | 15 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | +⅛ |
| ⅝ | ¼ | TelexCp wi | | 9 | 5-16 | 5-16 | 5-16 | |
| 7⅞ | 2⅛ | Tenna Corp | 13 | 13 | 3⅜ | 3½ | 3⅜ | +¼ |

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8⅛ | 4⅜ | Tenneco wt | | 49 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7½ | |
| 3 | 1 | Tenney Eng | 17 | 1 | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | |
| 2¾ | 15-16 | Tensor Cp | 94 | 14 | 15-16 | ⅞ | 15-16 | |
| 21¼ | 10½ | Teradyn Inc | 65 | 1 | 17 | 17 | 17 | |
| 13½ | 9 | TerraC .60a | 5 | 41 | 10½ | 10⅜ | 10½ | |
| 5½ | 2⅝ | Texstar .22t | 7 | 9 | 4⅞ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 21⅝ | 10⅝ | Textron wt | | 1 | 20½ | 20½ | 20½ | +¼ |
| 3⅞ | 1⅝ | ThrD Dpt | 5 | 3 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | -¼ |
| 9 | 6½ | Thriftimt A | | 3 | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | 7⅛ | +⅛ |
| 4⅛ | 2¼ | Tidwell Ind | | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 11 | 5⅞ | Tiffanyl .20 | 4 | 12 | 6 | 5⅞ | 5⅞ | |
| 6⅝ | 3 | Timpte Ind | 7 | 4 | 5¾ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | -⅛ |
| 18⅛ | 11¾ | Tokheim .60 | 7 | 23 | 16 | 15¾ | 15¾ | +⅛ |
| 48⅜ | 43 | TolEd pf4.25 | | z50 | 44½ | 44½ | 44½ | |
| 108 | 99 | TolEdpf 10 | | z200 | 103 | 102½ | 102½ | -½ |
| 9⅛ | 6⅝ | ToppsGu .28 | 6 | 6 | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7⅝ | +⅛ |
| 3 | 1 5-16 | TotalPH wt | | 18 | 2⅛ | 2 7-16 | 2⅛ | +1-16 |
| 3⅜ | 1⅛ | Trans Lux | | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | -⅛ |
| 15¾ | 10½ | TriStMtr .80 | 6 | 5 | 10¾ | 10⅝ | 10¾ | +¼ |
| 7⅞ | 3⅛ | Trico Ind | 7 | 12 | 5⅜ | 5¼ | 5⅜ | -⅛ |
| 4¼ | 2⅛ | TubosM .22e | 3 | 1 | 2¾ | 2¼ | 2¾ | -⅛ |
| **U** | | | | | | | | |
| 5⅜ | 3 | UIPCp .16 | 5 | 3 | 3⅜ | 3¼ | 3¼ | -⅛ |
| 4⅞ | 2⅞ | URSCp .10e | 7 | 10 | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | +¼ |
| 6⅝ | 3⅝ | UVind wt | | 39 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | +⅛ |
| 6⅞ | 3⅞ | Unimax Grp | 14 | 5 | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | |
| 4 | 1⅞ | UnimaxG pf | | 1 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | +⅛ |
| 3⅞ | 2¼ | Un Invest | 8 | 12 | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | |
| 11⅝ | 8⅛ | UnAirPd .56 | 9 | 2 | 10¾ | 10⅝ | 10¾ | +¼ |
| 5⅞ | 3⅝ | Un Asbestos | 6 | 10 | 4 3-16 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | +1-16 |
| 1½ | 7-16 | UnBrand wt | | 3 | ⅜ | ⅜ | ⅜ | -1-16 |
| 14⅛ | 12¼ | UnCosFn .50 | 8 | 4 | 12¾ | 12⅝ | 12¾ | |
| 2⅛ | 1¼ | Unit Foods | | 1 | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ | |
| 7⅛ | 5¼ | USBan Trst | | 2 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 12 | 8⅝ | USFiltr .24 | 7 | 25 | 9⅞ | 9⅜ | 9⅞ | +⅛ |
| 7¾ | 5⅝ | UnBltT .75e | 11 | 102 | 6⅞ | 6¼ | 6¼ | -⅛ |
| 3-16 | 1-16 | UnRltT wt | | 4 | 3-16 | ⅛ | 3-16 | |
| 5 | 3½ | USNat Rsrc | 5 | 48 | 4⅞ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 3⅜ | 1⅞ | US Radium | | 1 | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | -⅛ |
| 12⅞ | 7 | USRbR .75e | 7 | 16 | 13⅛ | 12⅞ | 13⅛ | +½ |
| 32⅛ | 18 | Unitek .24 | 14 | 2 | 27¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ | -⅛ |
| 3 | ⅜ | Univ Contnr | | 11 | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | +⅛ |
| 9½ | 4¼ | UnivRs .08e | 10 | 30 | 8½ | 8⅜ | 8½ | +⅜ |
| 10⅛ | 6¼ | UnivRun .44 | 4 | 1 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **V** | | | | | | | | |
| 13⅝ | 8⅝ | Valmac .70 | 2 | 35 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10½ | -⅛ |
| 2⅛ | 1½ | VLDvC .02e | | 13 | 2⅞ | 2¾ | 2⅞ | +⅛ |
| 9¼ | 5¾ | VanDorn .40 | 6 | 2 | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | |
| 13⅝ | 6½ | Veecolns .32 | 9 | 6 | 10⅝ | 10¼ | 10⅝ | +⅛ |
| 5 | 1⅜ | Verit Ind | 4 | 15 | 2¼ | 2 | 2 | -¼ |
| 30¼ | 14⅞ | VermtA .40b | 8 | 11 | 27¾ | 27¼ | 27¾ | +⅜ |
| 7⅞ | 2⅝ | Vernitron | 8 | 10 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | |
| 2⅛ | 1 | Vertipil Inc | 15 | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | -⅛ |
| 2¼ | ⅝ | Viking Genl | | 9 | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ | -1-16 |
| 4⅞ | 2 | Vintage Ent | | 10 | 2½ | 2⅜ | 2½ | |
| 4⅝ | 2½ | Vishay Intrt | 5 | 4 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | |
| 3⅞ | 2 | Vol Mer | 4 | 11 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 5⅛ | 1⅜ | Vulcan Corp | 10 | 2 | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | |
| 11⅛ | 6⅝ | Vulcinc .36 | 4 | 7 | 8⅞ | 8⅝ | 8⅞ | +⅛ |
| 16¼ | 11 | Vulcincpf 1 | | 1 | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | |
| **W** | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 2⅝ | WTC Inc .10 | 25 | x25 | 3⅛ | 3 | 3 | |
| 21¼ | 15½ | WUIInc .80 | 7 | 11 | 18¾ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | +¼ |
| 8⅛ | 3⅞ | Wabash .10a | 6 | 9 | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | +⅛ |
| 9⅝ | 6¼ | Wacknht .40 | 6 | 20 | 6⅞ | 6¼ | 6¼ | -⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 1⅝ | WadelEq .10 | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | -⅛ |
| 4⅛ | 2¼ | Wainoco Oil | 7 | 3 | 3¼ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | -⅛ |
| 24⅞ | 14⅛ | WalcoN .50b | 8 | 4 | 19⅝ | 19¾ | 19¾ | +⅛ |
| 20 | 10¼ | WangLb .12 | 14 | 48 | 16⅞ | 16½ | 16⅝ | +⅛ |
| 15⅝ | 9¾ | WangLB .22 | 11 | 9 | 13⅞ | 13½ | 13⅞ | +½ |
| 7⅛ | 3 | WarC pfC.05 | | 8 | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | |
| 41½ | 21⅝ | WasPstB .50 | 10 | 5 | 39⅞ | 39 | 39⅞ | +⅜ |
| 19⅞ | 14⅛ | WRIT 1.76 | 12 | 5 | 19½ | 19¼ | 19¼ | -⅛ |
| 8½ | 5½ | WeldTu Am | 4 | 17 | 7½ | 7¼ | 7½ | +⅛ |
| 11⅛ | 9⅛ | Westats Ptl | 19 | 26 | 9¾ | 9⅜ | 9⅜ | |
| 9⅛ | 6¼ | WstFinl .15a | 4 | 50 | 8⅛ | 7⅞ | 8 | +¼ |
| 1½ | ¼ | WstPacl wt | | 13 | 5-16 | 5-16 | 5-16 | |
| 7 | 4⅛ | Whitaker .40 | 9 | 1 | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | 5⅛ | |
| 3¼ | 1⅞ | Whitehal Cp | 5 | 5 | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | |
| 1⅛ | ⅝ | Whittakr wt | | 8 | 11-16 | 11-16 | 11-16 | |
| 3 | 1⅞ | Wichita Ind | 5 | 3 | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | |
| 2 | 1⅛ | Wilcx G | | 15 | 1⅜ | 1⅛ | 1⅜ | |
| 9¾ | 6½ | Wmhous .30 | 6 | 1 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |
| 4⅝ | 2⅞ | WilsonBr .30 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| 11⅞ | 5⅛ | Worcest Ctl | 12 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 7 | +¼ |
| 11⅞ | 6¼ | WorkWr .60 | 6 | 2 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |

| — 1976 — High | Low | Stocks and Div in $ | P/E | Sls. 100s. | High | Low | 3 p.m. Quot. | Ch'ge prev. Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1¼ | ¾ | Wright Har | 9 | 10 | 13-16 | 13-16 | 13-16 | |
| 6⅞ | 3⅝ | WyleLab .28 | 6 | 13 | 6⅛ | 6 | 6 | |
| 11¼ | 7 | Wynnin .15e | 7 | 3 | 9½ | 9⅜ | 9½ | |
| 12 | 9½ | WymBn .50a | 11 | 14 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | |
| **X** | | | | | | | | |
| 20⅛ | 13 | Xonics Inc | 16 | 31 | 15½ | 15¼ | 15½ | +⅛ |
| **Z** | | | | | | | | |
| 8⅜ | 7⅞ | ZeroMfg .28 | 5 | 5 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |
| 12 | 4½ | Zimmer .06e | 11 | 12 | 7⅞ | 7½ | 7⅞ | -⅛ |

Sales figures are unofficial.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. f—Declared or pid after stock lvidend or split up.·i—Pal this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. r—Declared or paid in precedin. 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

x—Ex-dividend or ex-rights. y—Ex-dividend and sales in full. z—Sales in full.

cld—Caled. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. ww—With warrants. xw—Without warrants. xdis—Ex-distribution.

vi—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies.

Year's high and ow range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

# Currency Rates

September 2, 1976

By reading across this table of yesterday's closing inter-bank foreign exchange rates, one can find the value of the major currencies in the national currencies of each of the following financial centers. These rates do not take into account bank service charges.

| | $ | £ | DM | FF | L. It. | Gldr. | BF com. | SwissF. | Dan.Kr. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amsterdam | 2.6345 | 4.6750 | 104.435* | 53.48* | 31.35y | — | 6.7880* | 106.50* | 43.55* |
| Brussels (a) | 37.795 | 68.87 | 15.395 | 7.884 | 4.62* | 14.742 | — | 15.6385 | 6.4255 |
| Frankfurt | 2.5225 | 4.4734 | — | 51.22* | 3.000x | 95.73* | 6.500* | 101.82* | 41.70* |
| London (s) | 1.7735 | — | 4.4715 | 8.74125 | 1491.50 | 4.6745 | 68.905 | 4.3875 | 10.7255 |
| Milan | 841.10 | 1491.70 | 333.43 | 170.70 | — | 319.20 | 21.67 | 340.02 | 138.99 |
| Paris | 4.9245 | 8.7490 | 196.445* | — | 5.8750x | 187.180* | 12.7075* | 199.175* | 81.650* |
| Zurich | 2.4753 | 4.3904 | 98.20* | 50.24* | 0.2943* | 93.92* | 6.38* | — | 40.35* |

The following are dollar values only: Danish krone: 6.04775; Escudo: 31.135; Israeli £: 8.25; Peseta: 67.975; Schilling: 17.85; Sw. krona: 4.3961; Yen: 288.625; Belgian financial franc: 39.90; Canada $: 1.02165; Hong Kong $: 4.8930.

(c) Commercial franc. (*) Units of 100. (x) Units of 1,000. (y) Units of 10,000. (s) Amounts needed to buy one pound.

## European Gold Markets

September 2, 1976

| | Open | Close | N.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| London | 107.35 | 106.10 | +0.40 |
| Zurich | 106.375 | 106.125 | +1.00 |
| Paris (12.5 kilo) | 107.94 | 107.22 | +2.58 |

U.S. dollars per ounce.

## Eurocurrency Interest Rates

| | Dollar | German mark | Swiss franc | Sterling |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 D. | 5⅛-5½ | 4⅛-4⅝ | ⅝-⅞ | 13 -13 |
| 1 M. | 5⅝-5⅞ | 4⅛-4⅜ | 1⅛-1⅝ | 13⅝-13⅞ |
| 3 M. | 5⅝-5⅞ | 4⅛-4⅞ | 1⅛-1½ | 13⅝-13⅞ |
| 6 M. | 6⅛-6⅜ | 4⅝-5⅛ | 2⅛-2⅝ | 14 -14¼ |
| 1 Y. | 6½-6⅞ | 5⅛-5⅝ | 2⅞-2⅞ | 14⅝-14⅞ |

## Tokyo Exchange

September 2, 1976

| | Price Yen | | Price Yen |
|---|---|---|---|
| Asahi Glass | 338 | Matsu E. Wks | 645 |
| Canon | 437 | Mitsubi Hvy. Ind. | 132 |
| Dai Nip. Print. | 524 | Mitsubi Corp. | 430 |
| Fuji Bank | 360 | Mitsui Co. | 423 |
| Fuji Photo | 585 | Mitsukoshi | 440 |
| Hitachi | 212 | Nippon Elec. | 199 |
| Honda Motor | 694 | Sharp | 408 |
| C. Itoh | 291 | Shiseido | 1,130 |
| Japan Air Lines | 1,990 | Sony Corp. | 2,690 |
| Kansai El Pwr. | 682 | Sumitomo Bank | 365 |
| Kao Soap | 700 | Taisho Marine | 287 |
| Kirin Brewery | 348 | Takeda | 246 |
| Komatsu | 425 | Teijin | 147 |
| Kubota | 337 | Tokyo Marine | 418 |
| Matsu Ind. | 648 | Toray | 143 |
| | | Toyota | 896 |

## International Stock Indexes

| 1976 | Yest. | Prev. | High | Low |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amsterdam | 91.30 | 90.60 | 105.60 | 87.80 |
| Brussels | 110.40 | 109.34 | 133.02 | 108.06 |
| Frankfurt | 143.94 | 141.94 | 159.66 | 140.75 |
| London 30 | 355.80 | 351.10 | 420.80 | 350.80 |
| London 500 | 155.97 | 153.73 | 183.00 | 153.39 |
| Milan | 81.70 | 82.17 | 91.17 | 73.33 |
| Paris | 87.90 | 88.70 | 112.10 | 87.90 |
| Sydney | 502.96 | 502.37 | 522.63 | 444.73 |
| Tokyo (n) | 353.96 | 350.61 | 359.61 | 326.88 |
| Tokyo (o) | 4781.81 | 4736.15 | 4865.55 | 4403.06 |
| Zurich | 292.80 | 294.30 | 304.00 | 282.50 |

(n) New. (o) Old.

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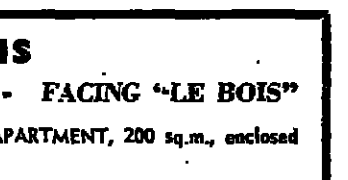
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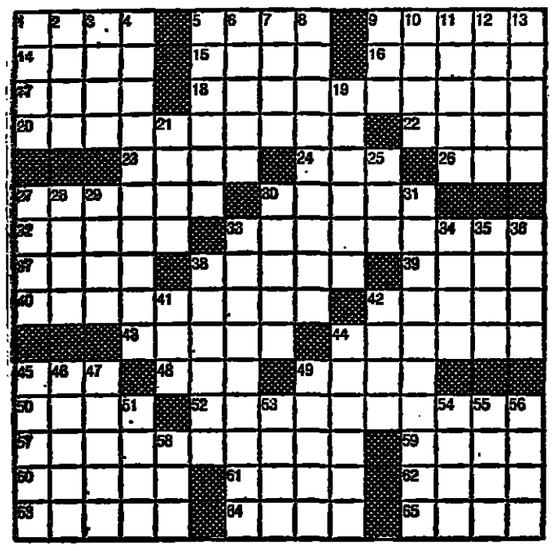
# CROSSWORD — Edited by Will Weng

**ACROSS**

1 Novelist Pierre
5 — Shankar
9 Start of a toast
14 Make — for it
15 Utopia
16 "— for Adano"
17 Alou or Helm
18 Skilled chef
20 Dog-show accolade
22 Ditto
23 Altar activity
24 Moon vehicle
26 Before omicrons
27 One of the leagues
30 Vivien or Janet
32 "Life is just — of . . ."
33 Centennial year
37 Before vidi
38 Peach, in Rome
39 Learning
40 Absolve
42 Track man
43 Top sheiks
44 Combined funds
45 Krazy —
48 Tennis round
49 Pub missile
50 At the peak of
52 Minimal nest egg
57 Aubusson products
59 Draft rating
60 Heighten
61 West Point initials
62 Carillon sound
63 Tag notations
64 Exploit
65 Poet Pound

**DOWN**

1 Caracul or mouton
2 Mr. Roberts
3 Fonteyn garb
4 Braid
5 Say one's piece
6 Hacienda brick
7 Parser's concern
8 Laziness
9 Author Suyin
10 Tidal refluxes
11 Take it easy
12 Lacquer resin
13 Turns on a pivot
19 Silverware city
21 Streamlet
25 Supervisor: Abbr.
27 Do ablutions
28 Wild goat
29 — avail (uselessly)
30 Yearns after
31 Garden flower
33 Fireside décor
34 Barbie or Raggedy Ann
35 Teak, for one
36 Cowboy's concern
38 Clergyman
41 German spa
42 Comic Sahl
44 "— Your Own Risk"
45 "Shrew" roles
46 "Down to get you in — . . ."
47 Yellow gem
49 Judges
51 Soccer V.I.P.
53 Seine tributary
54 Don Juan's mother
55 At hand
56 Festive
58 Blvds.



# WEATHER

| | C | F | | C | F |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ALGARVE | 21 | 70 | Overcast | 15 | 59 | Cloudy |
| AMSTERDAM | 14 | 57 | Showers | 21 | 72 | Clear |
| ANKARA | 29 | 84 | Clear | 13 | 55 | Cloudy |
| ATHENS | 27 | 81 | Clear | 20 | 68 | Cloudy |
| BEIRUT | 32 | 90 | Clear | 17 | 63 | Showers |
| BELGRADE | 20 | 68 | Cloudy | 22 | 72 | Rain |
| BERLIN | 18 | 64 | Overcast | 23 | 73 | Clear |
| BRUSSELS | 15 | 59 | Cloudy | 18 | 64 | Clear |
| BUCHAREST | 18 | 64 | Storms | 12 | 54 | Rain |
| BUDAPEST | 17 | 63 | Rain | 18 | 64 | Rain |
| CASABLANCA | 27 | 81 | Cloudy | 26 | 79 | Cloudy |
| COPENHAGEN | 14 | 57 | Cloudy | 18 | 64 | Storms |
| COSTA DEL SOL | 21 | 70 | Cloudy | 17 | 63 | Clear |
| DUBLIN | 14 | 57 | Cloudy | 36 | 97 | Clear |
| EDINBURGH | 13 | 55 | Showers | 30 | 86 | Clear |
| FLORENCE | 21 | 70 | Cloudy | 28 | 82 | Cloudy |
| FRANKFURT | 13 | 59 | Rain | 19 | 66 | Cloudy |
| GENEVA | 19 | 66 | Clear | 15 | 59 | Rain |
| HELSINKI | 16 | 61 | Cloudy | 21 | 70 | Rain |
| ISTANBUL | 27 | 81 | Clear | 15 | 59 | Rain |
| LAS PALMAS | 28 | 82 | Cloudy | 28 | 82 | Cloudy |
| LISBON | 24 | 75 | Clear | 18 | 64 | Cloudy |
| LONDON | 15 | 59 | Cloudy | 28 | 82 | Cloudy |
| LOS ANGELES | 29 | 68 | Haze | 19 | 66 | Cloudy |
| MADRID | 15 | 59 | Cloudy | 15 | 59 | Rain |
| MILAN | 21 | 72 | Clear | 18 | 64 | Storms |
| MONTREAL | 13 | 55 | Cloudy | 17 | 63 | Clear |
| MOSCOW | 20 | 68 | Cloudy | 12 | 54 | Rain |
| MUNICH | 17 | 63 | Showers | 18 | 64 | Rain |
| NEW YORK | 22 | 73 | Rain | 12 | 54 | Rain |
| NICE | 23 | 73 | Clear | 26 | 79 | Cloudy |
| OSLO | 18 | 64 | Clear | 18 | 64 | Storms |
| PARIS | 12 | 54 | Rain | 17 | 63 | Clear |
| PRAGUE | 18 | 64 | Rain | 36 | 97 | Clear |
| ROME | 26 | 79 | Cloudy | 30 | 86 | Clear |
| SOFIA | 18 | 64 | Storms | 28 | 82 | Cloudy |
| STOCKHOLM | 17 | 63 | Clear | 19 | 66 | Cloudy |
| TEHRAN | 36 | 97 | Clear | 15 | 59 | Rain |
| TEL AVIV | 30 | 86 | Clear | 21 | 70 | Rain |
| TUNIS | 28 | 82 | Cloudy | 18 | 64 | Cloudy |
| VIENNA | 19 | 66 | Cloudy | | | |
| WARSAW | 15 | 59 | Rain | | | |
| WASHINGTON | 21 | 70 | Rain | | | |
| ZURICH | 18 | 64 | Cloudy | | | |

(Yesterday's readings: U.S., Canada at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.)

## INTERNATIONAL FUNDS
### ADVERTISEMENT

September 2, 1976

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (m)—monthly; (r)—regularly; (i)—irregularly.

| | |
|---|---|
| (w) Alexander Fund | $7.20 |
| (d) Trustcor Int. Fd (AEIF) | $8.54 |
| Austral. Select Fd | $2.71 |

**BANK JULIUS BAER & Co. Ltd.:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (d) Baerbond | SF796.75 |
| — (d) Coubar | SF748 |
| — (d) Grobar | SF573 |
| — (d) Stockbar | SF880 |
| (w) Bowninvest | $13.73 |
| (d) Can. Gas & Energy Fd. | $13.15 |
| (d) Can Secur. Growth Fd. | $4.89 |
| (d) A.G.F. Japan Fd. | $8.50 |

**CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (w) Capital Int'l | $14.53 |
| — (w) Capital Italia S.A. | $8.10 |
| (d) Capital Rentinvest | LF1.1444 |
| (d) Citadel Fund | $3.15 |
| (i) Cleveland Offshore Fd. | $843.93 |
| (w) Convert. Fd. Int. A Certs. | $7.82 |
| (w) Convert. Fd. Int. B Certs. | $12.76 |
| (d) Convert. Bond Fd. N.V. | $8.75 |

**CREDIT SUISSE:**

| | |
|---|---|
| (d) Actions Suisses | SF355.25 |
| — (d) Canasec | SF529 |
| — (d) C.S. Fonds-Bonds | SF71 |
| — (d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l | SF67.75 |
| — (d) Energie-Valor | SF81.75 |
| — (d) Ussec | SF865 |
| — (d) Europa-Valor | SF117.75 |
| (i) Crosby Fund S.A. | $4.50 |
| (d) CSF Fund | SF34.92 |
| (d) Crossbow Fund | SF4.62 |
| (w) D.G.C. | $37.65 |
| (d) Dollar Fund (ex-div.) | $1.03 |
| (d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l | $13.09 |
| (w) Dreyfus Intercontinent | $11.96 |
| (w) Europa Obligations | LF1.044 |

**DIT INVESTMENT FRANKFURT:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (d) Concentra | DM21.10 |
| — (d) Int'L Rentenfond | DM71.60 |

**FIDELITY:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (w) Fidelity Amer. Assets | $17.76 |
| — (d) Fidelity Dir. Svcs. Tr. | $52.89 |
| — (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund | $17.15 |
| — (w) Fidelity Pacific Fund | $30.80 |
| — (d) Fidelity World Fd. | $11.91 |
| (w) First Intercont Fd. | $136.01 |
| (w) First Int'l Realty Sec. | $13.95 |
| (d) First Nat'l Citi Fund | $29.10 |
| (w) Fleming Fund S.A. | $53.56 |
| (w) Fleming Japan Fund | $31.68 |
| (w) Forsetic Issue Pr. | SF1.173 |
| (d) Formula Selection Fd. | SF89.30 |
| (d) Fondital | $10.01 |
| (d) Fund of N.Y. (ex-div.) | $0.83 |
| (w) Future Australia Fd. | Aus.$9.60 |

**G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd. | $32.88 |
| — (w) G.T. Dollar Fund | $8.21 |
| (w) Guardian Gr. Fd Int'l. | $7.69 |
| (w) Haussmann Holdgs. NV. | $7.078 |
| (d) H.O.T.F. Bobet | $25.42 |
| (d) Icofund | $9.97 |
| (d) Interfund S.A. | $8.68 |
| (w) Intermarket Fund | $113.76 |
| (w) Int'l Inc Fund (Jersey) | $23.85 |
| (r) Int'l Securities Fund | $5.71 |
| (r) Invest Atlantiques | $33.98 |
| (d) Italamerica S.A. Fund | $9.27 |
| (r) Italfortune Int'l Fd S.A | $7.94 |
| (d) I.T.F Fund N.V. | $7.75 |
| (r) Japan Growth Fund | $17.31 |
| (d) Japan Selection Fund | $52.45 |
| (w) Japan Pacific Fund | $13.70 |

**JARDINE FLEMING:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (r) Jardine Japan Fund | $49.53 |
| — (r) Jard. Sth East Asia | $12.61 |
| (d) KB Income Fund | LF1.108 |
| (d) Kleinwort Benson Int. F. | $11.25 |
| (w) Kleinwort Bens. Jap. F. | $22.33 |
| (r) Leverage Cap. Hold | $31.37 |

**LLOYDS INTERNATIONAL MGT S.A.:**

| | |
|---|---|
| —+(w) L&ST Multi-way Fd. | SF100 |
| —+(w) Lloyds Int'l Income | SF350 |
| (w) Luxfund | $19.35 |
| (m) MAGNUM Fund Ltd. | $37.08 |
| (d) Mediolanum Sel. Fund | $10.66 |
| (d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund | $1.55 |
| (d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund | $3.05 |
| (w) N.A.M.P. | $68.60 |
| (w) Nippon Fund | $43.99 |
| (w) Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund | $6.37 |
| (w) Nor Amer. Bank Fd. | $6.15 |
| (r) Pegasus Intern'l | $6.76 |

**PROPERTY GROWTH OVERS. Ltd.:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (w) U.S. Dollar Fund | $1.00 |
| — (w) Sterling Fund | £1.00 |
| (d) Putnam Internat Fund | $21.82 |
| (d) Renta Fund | LF1.918 |
| (d) Rentinvest | LF902 |
| (d) Safe Trust Fund | $18.46 |
| (w) Samurai Portfolio | LF63.40 |
| Share Realty N.V. | $15.51 |
| Share International N.V. | $4.62 |

**SEPRO:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (w) Sepro (N.A.V.) | $12.93 |
| (w) SMH Special Fund | DM89.30 |

**SOPHO GROUPE GENEVA:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (r) Parfon Sw. R. Est. | SF1.578 |
| — (r) Securswiss | SF981 |
| (d) Soros Fund | $234.01 |
| (w) Star Fund | $4.67 |

**SWISS BANK CORP.:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (d) America-Valor | SF466.25 |
| — (d) Intervalor | SF66.25 |
| — (d) Japan Portfolio | SF381.50 |
| — (d) Swissvalor New Ser. | SF217 |
| — (d) Univ. Bond Select | SF82 |
| — (d) Universal Fund | SF94.96 |
| (w) Talens Global Fund | $5.57 |
| (w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. (Sca) | $28.39 |
| (w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. N.V. | $38.92 |
| (w) Transpacific Fund | $21.50 |

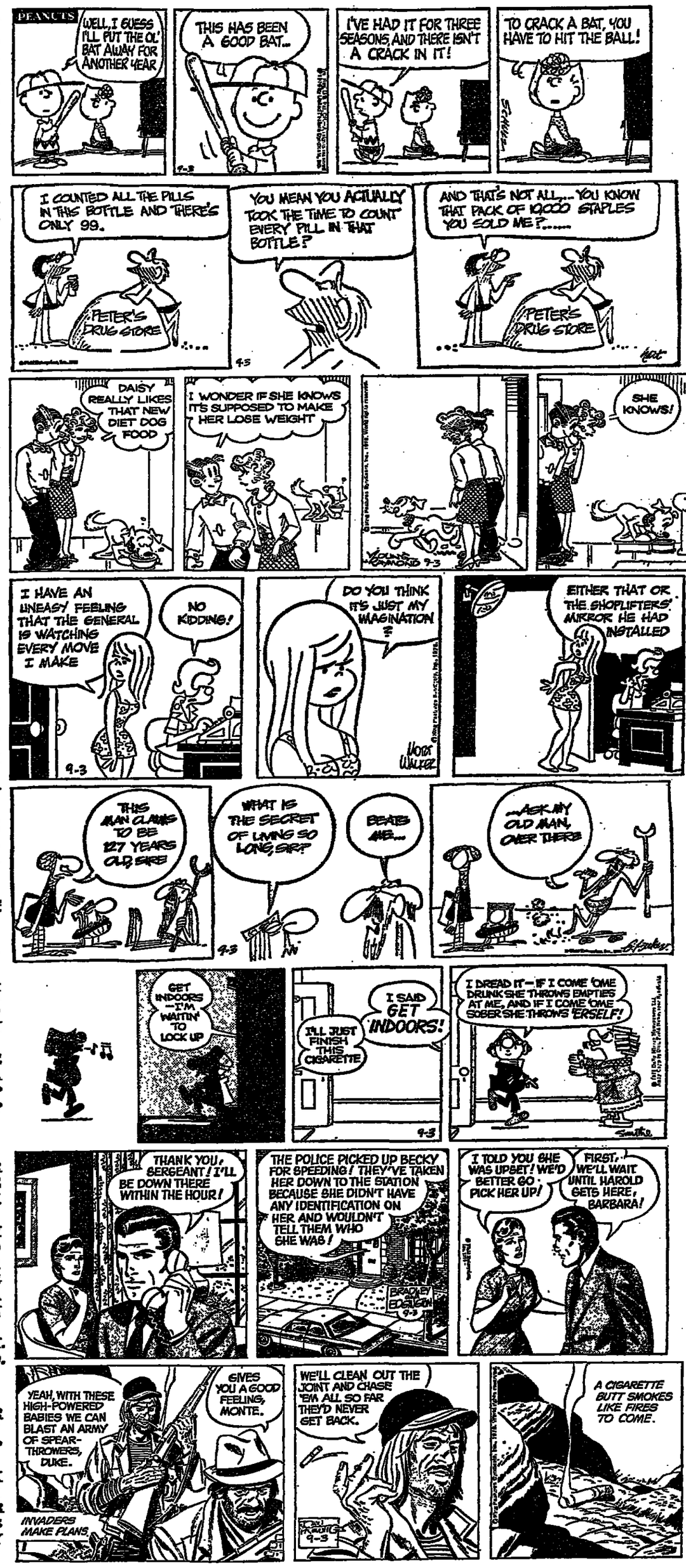
**UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (d) Amca U.S. Sh. | SF25 |
| — (d) Bond Invest | SF71.35 |
| — (d) Convert-Invest | SF75.50 |
| — (d) Eurit Europe Sh. | SF109.50 |
| — (d) Fonsa Swiss Sh. | SF91 |
| — (d) Globinvest | SF61.50 |
| — (d) Pacific Invest | SF50 |
| — (d) Rometac-Invest | SF359 |
| — (d) Safit South. Afr. Sh. | SF108 |
| — (d) Sima Swiss Rr. Est. | SF179 |

**UNION INVESTMENT, Frankfurt:**

| | |
|---|---|
| — (d) Atlanticfonds | DM16.55 |
| — (d) Europafonds | DM12.30 |
| — (d) Unifonds | DM20.10 |
| — (d) Unirenta | DM43.10 |
| — (d) Unispecial I | DM39.66 |
| (w) United Cap. Inv. Fd. | $2.97 |
| (d) U.S. Trust Invest. Fd. | $11.57 |
| (w) Western Growth Fd. | $8.03 |
| (w) Western Hedge Fund | $1,242.54 |
| (w) West Proprietary N.V. | $1,505.05 |
| (d) World Equity Grth Fd. | $415.81 |
| (w) Worldwide Securities | $48.97 |
| (w) Worldwide Special | $5,765.98 |

DM — Deutsche Mark; * — Ex-dividend; t — New; N.A. — Not available; BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxembourg francs; SF — Swiss francs; + — Offer prices; a — Asked; b — bid. Change P/V $10 to $1 per unit.




## JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

by HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

NARCH
DALLE
KRAYBE
WEREVS



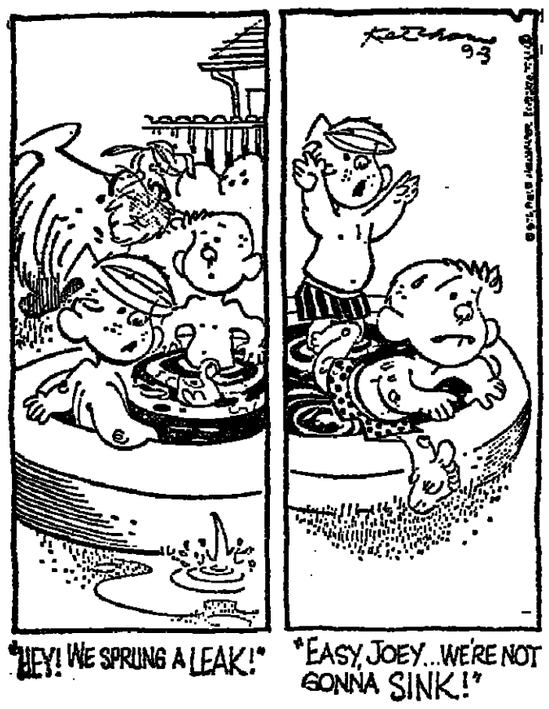

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: "_____"

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: BILGE CHALK DECEIT INNATE
Answers: *A warning to those who come after*—A TAILLIGHT

**DENNIS THE MENACE**




# BOOKS

## THE TRANSFORMATION OF SOUTHERN POLITICS
### Social Change and Political Consequence Since 1945

*By Jack Bass and Walter DeVries. Basic Books. 527 pp.*

Reviewed by Jonathan Yardley

THIS fat, rewarding book is jammed to its very considerable gills with facts and tables and charts and statistics, but as is almost always the case when the subject is the American South, the words of ordinary citizens carry the heaviest weight. One such citizen is the quaintly named Risley Claiborne (Pappy) Triche, who served in the Louisiana state legislature in the sixties and fought vigorously for segregationist measures. He retired in 1968, but changed his mind, won re-election, and in 1972 was on the floor speaking these words in defense of two measures written to combat discrimination in employment:

"Listen to that segregationist. Isn't that the guy who offered all the segregation bills in 1960 and fought the battle to preserve segregation in our public school system? The only reply I can make to that, gentlemen, is that yes, that occurred. And at that time in the state of development of the history of our state we thought that we were correct. And we now find that we were wrong . . .

"There's one thing that drove me back . . . And the thing that drove me back was I did not want to leave my children with the legacy that their daddy was a bigot and a racist. I am not a bigot and a racist. I want my family and my citizens and my friends and my constituents and the citizenry of this state to grow out of racism and bigotry. Let us join hands with all the people of this state, black and white, regardless of race, creed or color, for the advancement and betterment of our state and nation."

Those words, which Jack Bass and Walter DeVries properly (if insufficiently) describe as "remarkable," say worlds. Not merely do they describe the incredible political change that has swept through the South in the past several years. They also describe the mood and temper of the region: increasingly willing to acknowledge past wrongs while attempting to expiate them, determined to do what is right and honorable, clinging nonetheless to a past in which a father is "daddy" for life and the love and respect of his children are paramount considerations forever.

Pappy Triche and his words seem to me to summarize the fine and enormously valuable work that Bass and DeVries have done in a project that can only be called audacious. For "The Transformation of Southern Politics" is an attempt, in effect, to revise the single most important and influential study of Southern politics. Its title is "Southern Politics in State and Nation", and it's a measure of how t... his worked its way into t... of those who cut their eye teeth on it that, in this, I realized I'd actu... gotten the title; as, I ... thousands of others, I ... think of it as "Key."

V. O. Key was its au... when it was published ... it provided both vigor... mentation of the uniqu... of Southern politics and... and DeVries put it, "th... anecdote and the pungent ... Bass and DeVries can't ... candle to Key in the latte... but as statisticians and ... of the South they are s... first-rate.

They are also lucky. I ... coincidence (and let me ... my bias: I do mean happ... book appears a month ... nomination of Jimmy ... Presto, "The Transform... Southern Politics" is ... reading for all the ... Carterologists.

Bass and DeVries h... lowed the Key method ... lously. Their book beg... consideration of the ov... uation in the region: th... chapters, each of the ... the Old South is a... analyzed; the book e... three chapters of summa... five voluminous appendi... prose, presumably wri... Bass (he's a journalist, ... a pollster), is somewhat ... maintains a high level o... sion, though there's an o... lapse into bureaucratese, ... puteress, or whatever it ... The organization is ... forward and effective, ... conclusions, by and la... unexceptionable.

Anyone who has been ... the South closely over ... couple of decades will ... surprises here; what B... DeVries provide is over... documentation to sub... the conclusions most ... observers have already ...

Their view is one of ... optimism." They do ... "the lingering problems ... in all its manifestations; ... racist attitudes, unequ... dards of justice, a regre... structure, and a rate of ... participation less tha... outside the region." The... make blanket claims ... region, either; they ... state as a separate en... even at the level of ... states they make gener... only when the facts war...

Their individual por... the states, on the wh... penetrating. But their ... of Florida has serio... They skip all too lightly ... corruption that perme... tually every level of th... government. And they ... the deep divisions in th... Cuban community, whi... ever deeper as normali... relations with Castro be... likely prospect.

Their problem, howe... be that Florida isn't ... "Southern" state, and ... ficult to get a handle o... have a firm grasp on t... 10, more definably ... states.

*Jonathan Yardley is b... of the Miami Herald.*

(c) *The Washington P...*

**Solution to Previous Puzzle**

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| D | E | W | E | Y | ■ | E | T | U | ■ | S | A | W | I | N |
| I | C | A | M | E | ■ | A | R | S | ■ | O | M | A | N | I |
| V | O | L | U | P | T | U | O | U | S | W | A | L | T | Z |
| A | L | I | S | ■ | E | X | T | R | A | S | ■ | T | O | E |
| M | E | Z | ■ | B | A | I | T | E | D | ■ | C | Z | A | R |
| ■ | ■ | I | S | A | ■ | T | E | R | ■ | M | A | I | ■ | ■ |
| J | E | N | N | I | F | E | R | ■ | H | I | L | N | E | S |
| A | N | G | O | R | A | S | ■ | T | A | N | A | G | E | R |
| B | A | T | O | ■ | H | I | S | ■ | S | E | P | T | I | M | E | S |
| ■ | ■ | H | I | T | I | S | ■ | C | T | R | E | I | S | A | ■ | ■ |
| F | U | R | Y | ■ | F | L | A | R | E | D | ■ | T | A | V |
| J | N | O | ■ | E | R | O | T | I | C | ■ | N | I | S | I |
| B | L | U | E | D | A | N | U | B | E | W | A | L | T | Z |
| R | I | G | I | D | ■ | E | E | L | ■ | A | U | D | I | O |
| E | T | H | N | O | ■ | S | S | E | ■ | S | T | A | R | R |

# BRIDGE — By Alan T...

If you ask an expert to name the bid or play that gives him most satisfaction you might expect a number of answers: a subtle bidding inference in a competitive auction; the climax of a series of a carefully planned technical bidding sequence; an outrageous psychic that leaves the opponents reeling; a plan of play that saves an apparently hopeless contract, or the execution of a rare and difficult squeeze.

The most likely answer, however, is the deceptive play in defense that diverts the declarer from an obvious line of play that is due to succeed. An example of this is given on the diagram.

It is clear that six spades is an excellent contract and North-South had no trouble getting there after an artificial opening two-club bid. North began with an artificial response of two diamonds, concealing his strength as many experts do with a positive hand. After his partner had shown a powerful spade suit by bidding them twice, he used Blackwood before settling in six spades.

Assuming that West does not solve the declarer's problems with a club lead, South has two chances. He can try for a heart trick and if this fails he can fall back on the club finesse. It is easy to see that as the cards lie the heart play fails, but the reserve play in clubs succeeds.

But when West led his singleton heart, East found a way to make South think that he could score a heart trick and therefore did not need a club finesse. When South played the heart jack from dummy, East had summed up the situation quickly.

He knew that his partner's lead was a singleton, and ... would win the first tr... also knew that his part... no honor cards with a... taking potential.

East's solution was to ... first trick with the h... instead of the queen ... Lack the club eight. ... made South a present o... trick, but it was a Gr... Naturally, the declarer ... choose to risk a club fi... he was already sure of ... —or so he thought.

He grabbed his club ... cashed the K-A of spade... in the dummy.

But when he then co... threw his club queen ... heart king—"knowing" t... held the heart queen—t... duced his remaining t... defeat the slam. East ... 100 points and a dirty l... a shaken declarer.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | NORTH<br>♠ A 2<br>♡ K J 8 7<br>◇ 7 5<br>♣ 7 6 4 2 | |
| WEST<br>♠ 6 4 3<br>♡ 3<br>◇ J 10 8 4 3<br>♣ J 9 5 3 | | EAST<br>♠ 5<br>♡ A Q 1...<br>◇ 9 6 2<br>♣ K 10 ... |
| | SOUTH(D)<br>♠ K Q J 1...<br>♡ 6<br>◇ A K Q<br>♣ A Q... | |

Both sides were vulne...

The bidding:

| South | West | North | East |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 ♣ | Pass | 2 ◇ | |
| 2 ♠ | Pass | 3 ♡ | |
| 3 ♠ | Pass | 4 N.T. | |
| 5 ♡ | Pass | 6 ♠ | |
| Pass | Pass | | |

West led the heart 3.

To Rep...

Succ...

Inrite ... Player

جلنا من الأصل

*At U.S. Open Tennis*

# oungster Upsets Solomon

by Neil Amdur

T HILLS, N.Y., Sept. 2. The frantic pace of big- nis and the patience of young pro combined to he human backboard" on the first day of the Championships.

Martin, the 19-year-old nior whiz kid, who had he verge of beating some op names all summer, 10th-seeded Harold Sol- 5, 6-4, before a crowd at the West Side Ten-

a bitter and costly first- feat for the 23-year-old who is considered the clay court player. He a tirin four-set final to rg Monday night in the Championship and he ngrily at having to play second-seeded Borg was an extra day's rest. k it's a crock of bull g didn't have to play d to play Martin", snap- mon, who said he had prised to learn that he duled for opening day. why he was playing and not scheduled until to- lomon replied, "You tell we'll both know." the 16 seeded men ex- and Stan Smith played d matches yesterday.

**Sweeten Program**

Blanchard, the tourna- rector, said that opening- atches for Borg and the ed Smith were held over ten our program for to-

Gottfried, 17, and Gene 9, also won impressively slow clay-like Har Tru Gottfried, the younger of Brian, handled the stest server, Colin Dibley lia, with surprising ease, Mayer, another member his family, ousted Paolo i of Italy, who played could not wait to catch flight home to Rome. es were 6-4, 6-1. e may have proved the of 14th-seeded Wojtek Poland in a 2-hour, 38- narathon with Ray Moore Africa. 1-year-old Fibak, who had ctive summer, fought off one match point at 5-6 in the second set and another at 6-7 in a second set tiebreaker (which he won 9-7). But Moore, a seasoned competitor, ran off the last five games of the final set and won, 7-5, 6-7, 6-2.

**Some Problems**

The big guns had their share of problems, to the delight of spectators.

Seventh-seeded Arthur Ashe had to face a set point at 5-6, 30-40 against John James of Australia on a field court before salvaging the match, 7-6, 6-3.

Saying, "I'm too old to adapt myself to clay," the 33-year-old Ashe saw Connors, Borg, Guillermo Vilas or Ilie Nastase as the eventual singles champion.

Eighth-seeded Raul Ramirez let tricky wind currents and Patrick Proisy's passing shots unnerve him in the early going. The stylish Frenchman served for the first set at 5-4 in the grandstand, but Ramirez broke him at love, won a tie breaker, 7-6, and then marched through the second set at love.

**Nastase Victory**

The evening program was cut short when Onny Parun of New Zealand defaulted to the fifth-seeded Nastase. Parun suffered back pains in the opening game.

The default followed a nonevenitful 7-5, 6-1 victory by Manuel Orantes of Spain, the defending champion, over Jun Kuki of Japan.

Besides having had trouble "getting motivated" for his match, Solomon shunned his normal baseline retrieving game for more aggressive tactics.

"He was trying to come to the net, which he usually doesn't do," Martin said. "I sort of felt he was tired mentally, not physically."

Impatience was Martin's early problem as Solomon rushed to a 5-2 lead.

**Won Last 5 Games**

But the former national collegiate champion saved two set points with Solomon serving at 4-3. Martin saved two more on his serve from 15-40 in the next game enroute to winning the last five games of the set.

An errant Solomon overhead gave Martin the break for 4-3 in the second set. He won the match by luring Solomon to the net with a forehand drop then driving a forehand deep to Solomon's two-handed backhand.

Martin raised his arms in triumph and leaped over the net elated after a summer that had included close three-set losses to Ramirez, Fibak and Dick Stockton.

Another surprise was the 7-6, 7-5 victory by Steve Krulevitz over Balazs Taroczy of Hungary. Taroczy had a 5-3 lead in each set.

Vijay Amritraji of India was beaten by Kim Warwick, a 24-year-old Australian, 6-4, 6-4. Another Australian, Ross Case, escaped a match point serving at 4-5 in the final set against Zan Guerry, once an excellent clay player. But Case pulled out the match, 2-6, 6-3, 7-5.

AP



Manuel Orantes playing against Jun Kuki of Japan.

# A's Blue Shuts Out Yankees

## *Puts Oakland Close to K.C.*

OAKLAND, Sept. 2 (UPI).—If, as Vida Blue says, the fun has gone out of baseball and he is pitching now simply because it is his job, he must be taking his work seriously. Since the All-Star break, he has been one of the best pitchers in baseball.

In another awesome performance last night, Blue recorded his sixth shutout, stopping the New York Yankees, 5-0, on seven singles for his seventh straight complete game and his 14th victory.

Willie McCovey, long-time National League hitting star, made his American League debut and contributed a single in three at-bats. As the designated hitter for the A's, McCovey had a chance to watch Blue closely and he said he was impressed.

A's manager Chuck Tanner, overjoyed with the victory because it put his club seven games behind Kansas City in the AL West with 30 games to go, said he does not know where Oakland would be today without Blue.

Gene Tenace hit his 16th homer to help Blue to victory and said he is confident now the A's will catch Kansas City.

**Twins 3, Brewers 2**

At Bloomington, Rod Carew scored from first base on a wild throw by catcher Darrell Porter in the 12th inning to give Minnesota a 3-2 victory over Milwaukee.

Carew led off the inning with an infield single off loser Bill Castro, 3-3. On the next pitch, Lyman Bostock laid down a sacrifice bunt and Porter threw the ball over the head of first baseman George Scott, allowing Carew to score.

**Angels 4, Tigers 1**

At Anaheim, Frank Tanana tossed a six-hitter for his 15th victory and Dave Collins collected a double and two singles to drive in two runs to spark California to a 4-1 triumph over Detroit.

In completing an American League high 205th game of the season, Tanana struck out eight and didn't walk a batter in improving his record to 15-9. He blanked the Tigers until the ninth when Willie Horton singled home Mickey Stanley.

**Indians 2, White Sox 0**

At Chicago, Jim Bibby tossed a five-hitter and batterymate Ray Fosse hit a solo homer to lead Cleveland to a 3-0 victory over the White Sox.

Fosse staked the Indians to a 1-0 lead with his second home run leading off the fourth inning. The blast came off loser Ken Kravec and extended Fosse's hitting streak to 13 games. The Indians added two more runs in the ninth on a walk to George Hendrick, a run-scoring double by Buddy Bell and a run-scoring single by Frank Duffy.

**Orioles 7, Royals 1**

At Baltimore, Lee May hit his 24th home run to highlight a five-run fifth inning which gave the Orioles a 7-1 triumph over Kansas City and enabled Mike Flanagan to win his first major league game.

The Orioles, trailing 1-0, started their rally off starter and loser Doug Bird, 11-7, with two outs. Rick Dempsey singled and went to third when second baseman Dave Nelson booted Al Bumbry's grounder. After Bobby Grich walked to load the bases, Reggie Jackson delivered a two-run single up the middle and May smashed Bird's next pitch well over the leftfield wall.

**Cardinals 1, Reds 0**

At St. Louis, Cincinnati relief pitcher Rawly Eastwick issued a two-out walk to Don Kessinger with the bases loaded in the 11th inning to give the Cardinals a 1-0 victory over the Reds.

Keith Hernandez led off the Cardinals' 11th with a double into the leftfield corner and Eastwick intentionally walked Ted Simmons. Charlie Chant got his first major league hit when he bunted successfully to load the bases. Willie Crawford and pinch-hitter Ron Fairly hit fly balls to Cesar Geronimo, but Hernandez held at third against the Reds' strong-armed centerfielder. Then Eastwick, 9-5, walked Kessinger on four straight pitches.

**Mets 1, Giants 0**

At New York, Jerry Koosman tossed a three-hitter for his 17th victory and Felix Millan and John Milner hit consecutive doubles in the eighth inning to give the Mets a 1-0 triumph over San Francisco.

Koosman, 17-8, struck out six, walked only one and retired the last 17 batters in succession to best John Montefusco.

**Astros 1, Phillies 0**

At Houston, Cliff Johnson hit a solo home run in the seventh inning and rookie right-hander Bo McLaughlin hurled his second major league shutout to lead the Astros to their seventh straight victory and a three-game sweep in a 1-0 triumph over Philadelphia.

Philadelphia starter Jim Kaat, 11-10, allowed just three hits through the first six innings but suffered the loss as the Phillies went down to their season-high sixth straight defeat. Kaat had one out in the seventh before Johnson lined a 2-2 pitch just inside the leftfield foul pole for the game's only run.

**Pirates 4, Padres 1**

At Pittsburgh, Bruce Kison fired a seven-hitter for eight innings and drove in two runs with a single as the Pirates defeated San Diego, 4-1, for their sixth straight victory.

Kison's victory, achieved with the ninth-inning relief help of Kent Tekulve, raised his record to 11-8.

**Cubs 7, Braves 5**

At Atlanta, Jerry Morales knocked in four runs, including two with a single in the 14th inning off Buzz Capra, to lead Chicago to a 7-5 victory over the Braves.

Capra made his first appearance of the season in the 14th inning and walked three batters. With the bases loaded and one out, Bill Madlock hit a grounder to shortstop and was safe when second baseman Rod Gilbreath failed to touch second on an attempted forceout as a run scored. Morales followed with a sharp single to drive home two more runs.



Associated Press.

Boston pitcher Ferguson Jenkins is aided after he was injured in close play at first base against Rangers. The injury to his Achilles tendon put him out for year.

# *Battle for Heisman Trophy Is Near*

By Gordon S. White Jr.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2 (NYT.—The runs of Ricky Bell and Tony Dorsett will be carefully catalogued and compared during the 108th college football season that starts this week with a smattering of games.

Dorsett of Pittsburgh and Bell of Southern California begin their expected race for the Heisman Trophy on Sept. 11, when most major teams open their campaigns.

Not since Pat Sullivan of Auburn beat Ed Marinaro of Cornell for the 1971 Heisman Trophy after a season of outstanding accomplishments and bushels of publicity releases has there been such an inviting two-man race for the trophy as seems to be stirring between Dorsett and Bell.

If the two tailbacks remain as healthy as they have been during their first three varsity seasons, they could upstage most team achievements. And there will be just enough other excellent players competing for Heisman recognition to spice the race that may boil all fall.

**Griffin's Record**

In the case of Dorsett vs. Bell 1976, both are running tailbacks with strong teams. Bell is big and strong. Dorsett is medium size and strong. Dorsett can break Archie Griffin's college-career rushing record of 5,177 yards, set at Ohio State, because the Pitt senior enters this season with 4,134 yards. Bell can't compare in career yards because he played linebacker as a freshman and blocking fullback in his sophomore season. But Bell had 1,875 yards rushing last year to 1,544 for Dorsett as they ran first and third in the nation. Herb Lusk of Long Beach State, now graduated, was second in rushing.

Runners capable of challenging Bell and Dorsett include Fred Williams of Arizona State (1,316 yards in 1975), Mike Voight of North Carolina (1,250), Wendell Tyler of UCLA (1,216), Earl Campbell of Texas (1,118), and Leonard Willie from Ohio State in the highest rounds.

Two preseason games ago White began to make the big plays. The Viking's abbor preseason games and use them, if at all, to try out the one or two new players who have a chance to qualify for this seasoned team. White has been the qualifier this summer. Against the Cincinnati Bengals and, last Saturday night, against the Philadelphia Eagles the rookie from Grambling College made the impossible catches, on second and third downs, for the big yardage that Tarkenton must have.

## Foreman Fight Card Now Set for Oct. 15

NEW YORK, Sept. 2 (Reuters).—A boxing program featuring lightweight champion Roberto Duran of Panama and former heavyweight champion George Foreman, originally scheduled for Miami on Sept. 17, has been postponed until Oct. 15, promoter Don King announced.

Duran defends his World Boxing Association title against Alvaro Rojas of Costa Rica in a 15-rounder and Foreman meets undefeated John (Dino) Dennis over 10 rounds. King said Miami might still be the site, but there was a possibility the card would be shifted to Las Vegas or Landover, Md.

# Major League Leaders

**AMERICAN LEAGUE**
Based on 325 at-bats.

| | G | AB | R | H | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| McRae, KC | 121 | 421 | 64 | 148 | .352 |
| G. Brett, KC | 139 | 520 | 79 | 175 | .330 |
| Carew, Min. | 139 | 504 | 79 | 163 | .323 |
| Bostock, Min. | 106 | 386 | 53 | 124 | .321 |
| Lefiore, Det. | 125 | 506 | 84 | 160 | .316 |
| Garr, Chi. | 110 | 423 | 62 | 133 | .311 |
| Lynn, Bsn. | 115 | 452 | 66 | 140 | .310 |
| Rivers, NY | 120 | 536 | 84 | 164 | .306 |
| Carty, Cle. | 124 | 450 | 58 | 137 | .304 |
| Staub, Det. | 131 | 481 | 58 | 146 | .304 |

RUNS—R. White, NY, 85; Lefiore, Det., 84; Rivers, NY, 84; Otis, KC, 84; Grich, Bal, 80; North, Oak., 80.

RUNS BATTED IN—L. May, Bal., 90; Chambliss, NY, 86; Munson, NY, 84; Mayberry, KC, 84; R. Jackson, Bal., 83; Yastrzemski, Bsn., 82.

HITS—G. Brett, KC, 175; Rivers, NY, 164; Carew, Min., 163; Lefiore, Det., 160; Chambliss, NY, 158.

DOUBLES—Otis, KC, 38; McRae, KC, 30; Lynn, Bsn., 29; Rivers, NY, 29; Carty, Cle., 27; G. Brett, KC, 27; Rudi, Oak., 27.

TRIPLES—G. Brett, KC, 12; Garner, Oak., 12; Carew, Min., 10; Lefiore, Det., 8; 5 tied with 7.

HOME RUNS—L. May, Bal., 24; Rando, Oak., 24; G. Nettles, NY, 23; R. Jackson, Bal., 22; Hendrick, Cle., 21.

STOLEN BASES—North, Oak., 63; Lefiore, Det., 51; Campaneris, Oak., 49; Baylor, Oak., 45; Patek, KC, 44.

PITCHING (12 decision)—W. Campbell, Min., 14-4, .778, 2.10; Garland, Bal., 15-5, .750, 2.73; Fidrych, Det., 15-6, .714, 2.08; E. Figueroa, NY, 16-7, .696, 2.94; D. Ellis, NY, 12-5, .684, 2.35; Leonard, KC, 15-7, .682, 3.48; Bibby, Cle., 10-6, .667, 3.28; Palmer, Bal., 19-11, .633, 2.60.

STRIKEOUTS—Ryan, Cal., 252; Tanana, Cal., 205; Blyleven, Tex., 177; Hunter, NY, 149; Palmer, Bal., 148.

**NATIONAL LEAGUE**
Based on 325 at-bats.

| | G | AB | R | H | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Johnstone, Phl. | 107 | 357 | 55 | 121 | .339 |
| Madlock, Chi. | 123 | 444 | 59 | 150 | .338 |
| Morgan, Cin. | 115 | 391 | 101 | 131 | .335 |
| Griffey, Cin. | 132 | 464 | 98 | 153 | .330 |
| G. Maddox, Phi. | 124 | 449 | 67 | 147 | .327 |
| Rose, Cin. | 134 | 547 | 115 | 179 | .327 |
| A. Oliver, Pgh. | 105 | 413 | 58 | 135 | .327 |
| J. Cruz, Hin. | 109 | 353 | 41 | 110 | .312 |
| W. Crawf., StL. | 102 | 342 | 45 | 106 | .310 |
| G. Foster, Cin. | 123 | 488 | 73 | 151 | .309 |

RUNS—Rose, Cin., 115; Morgan, Cin., 101; Griffey, Cin., 98; Schmidt, Phl., 98; Monday, Chi., 95.

RUNS BATTED IN—G. Foster, Cin., 113; Morgan, Cin., 97; Schmidt, Phi., 87; Luzinski, Phi., 83; Watson, Hin., 81.

HITS—Rose, Cin., 179; Montanez, Atl., 164; Garvey, LA, 157; Buckner, LA, 156; Griffey, Cin., 153.

DOUBLES—Madlock, Chi., 33; Johnstone, Phi., 33; G. Maddox, Phi., 31; Simmons, StL., 30; Rose, Cin., 30.

TRIPLES—D. Cash, Phi., 11; Geronimo, Cin., 10; Tyson, StL, 9; W. Davis, SD, 9; D. Parker, Pgh., 8; Stennett, Pgh., 8; Cranney, Atl., 8.

HOME RUNS—Kingman, NY, 33; Schmidt, Phi., 33; G. Foster, Cin., 28; Morgan, Cin., 26; Monday, Chi., 26.

STOLEN BASES—Morgan, Cin., 50; Brock, StL., 47; Taveras, Pgh., 46; Cedeno, Hin., 44; Lopes, LA, 42.

PITCHING (12 decision)—Carlton, Phi., 16-4, .800, 3.14; Alcala, Cin., 11-3, .786, 4.34; Rhoden, LA, 11-3, .786, 2.93; Norman, Cin., 12-4, .750, 2.43; Candelaria, Pgh., 15-5, .722, 3.07; Underwood, Phi., 9-4, .692, 3.37; Zachry, Cin., 11-5, .688, 2.81; Hough, LA, 11-5, .688, 2.25.

STRIKEOUTS—Seaver, NY, 194; J. Richard, Hin., 172; Montefusco, SF, 154; Koosman, NY, 147; P. Nelicro, Atl., 144.

# Wednesday's Line Scores

**NATIONAL LEAGUE**

San Diego ..... 000 000 001..1 7 1
Pittsburgh ..... 000 400 00x—4 7 0
Strom, Johnson (5), Sawyer (8) and Kendall; Kison, Tekulve (9) and Dyer. W—Kison (11-8). L—Strom (11-14).

San Francisco ... 000 000 000—0 3 0
New York ..... 000 000 01x—1 7 0
Montefusco (12-12) and Sadek; Koosman (17-8) and Stearns.

Philadelphia .... 000 000 000—0 5 0
Houston ..... 000 000 10x—1 5 1
Kaat, Reed (8) and Boone; McLaughlin (3-2) and Johnson. L—Kaat (11-10). HR—Johnson (8th).

(11 innings)
Cincinnati .. 000 000 000 00—0 5 0
St. Louis .... 000 000 000 01—1 10 0
Norman, Eastwick (11) and Plummer, Bench (10); Rasmussen, Hrabosky (11) and Ferguson, Simmons (10). W—Hrabosky (7-6). L—Eastwick (9-5).

(14 innings)
Chicago ..... 002 000 020 000 03—7 14 0
Atlanta ..... 003 010 000 000 01—5 10 0
Bonham, Coleman (5), Sutter (7), Knowles (10), P. Reuschel (14) and Mitterwald; Ruthven, Beard (8), Devine (9), Dal Canton (11), Capra (14), Torrealba (14) and Correll. W—Knowles (5-8). L—Capra (6-1). HR—Henderson (13th).

**AMERICAN LEAGUE**

Texas ..... 000 000 000—0 4 1
Boston ..... 100 200 00x—3 6 1
Perry (12-12) and Sundberg, Jenkins, Murphy (5) and Fisk. W—Murphy (4-6).

Kansas City .... 000 010 000—1 6 1
Baltimore ..... 000 050 02x—7 7 1
Bird, Leonard (7), Littell (8) and Martinez; Flanagan (1-4) and Dempsey. L—Bird (11-7). HR—L. May (24th).

Cleveland ..... 000 100 002—3 5 0
Chicago ..... 000 000 000—0 5 0
Bibby (10-5) and Fosse; Kravec (1-3) and Downing. HR—Fosse (2d).

(12 innings)
Milwaukee ..... 000 101 000 000—2 7 1
Minnesota ..... 000 000 002 001—3 12 0
Colborn, Frisella (9), Sadecki (9), Castro (11) and Porter; Singer, Campbell (12) and Wynegar. W—Campbell (14-4). L—Castro (3-3). HR—Scott (14th).

Detroit ..... 000 000 001—1 6 1
California ..... 004 000 00x—4 10 0
Roberts, Lemanczyk (4) and Wockenfuss; Tanana (15-9) and Etcheberren. L—Roberts (12-14).

New York ..... 000 000 000—0 7 2
Oakland ..... 111 020 00x—5 10 1
Hunter, Guidry (5), Lyle (7) and Munson; Blue (14-11) and Newman. L—Hunter (14-13). HR—Tenace (16th).

# Major League Standings

**NATIONAL LEAGUE**

**Eastern Division**

| | W | L | Pct. | GB |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Philadelphia ..... | 83 | 48 | .634 | — |
| Pittsburgh ..... | 73 | 57 | .562 | 9 1/2 |
| New York ..... | 67 | 64 | .511 | 16 |
| Chicago ..... | 61 | 72 | .459 | 23 |
| St. Louis ..... | 57 | 76 | .429 | 26 |
| Montreal ..... | 48 | 81 | .347 | 35 1/2 |

**Western Division**

| | W | L | Pct. | GB |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati ..... | 84 | 50 | .627 | — |
| Los Angeles ..... | 74 | 56 | .569 | 8 |
| Houston ..... | 65 | 68 | .500 | 17 |
| San Diego ..... | 63 | 71 | .470 | 21 |
| Atlanta ..... | 59 | 74 | .444 | 24 1/2 |
| San Francisco ... | 56 | 77 | .421 | 27 1/2 |

**Wednesday's Results**

Chicago 7, Atlanta 5, 14 innings.
Pittsburgh 4, San Diego 1.
Los Angeles at Montreal, ppd., rain.
New York 1, San Francisco 0.
St. Louis 1, Cincinnati 0, 11 innings.
Houston 1, Philadelphia 0.

**Thursday's Games**

San Francisco at New York.
San Diego at Pittsburgh, n.
Los Angeles at Montreal, 2, n.

**AMERICAN LEAGUE**

**Eastern Division**

| | W | L | Pct. | GB |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York ..... | 79 | 50 | .612 | — |
| Baltimore ..... | 69 | 61 | .531 | 10 1/2 |
| Cleveland ..... | 67 | 63 | .515 | 12 1/2 |
| Boston ..... | 63 | 68 | .481 | 17 |
| Detroit ..... | 61 | 70 | .466 | 19 |
| Milwaukee ..... | 58 | 70 | .453 | 20 1/2 |

**Western Division**

| | W | L | Pct. | GB |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kansas City ..... | 78 | 54 | .591 | — |
| Oakland ..... | 77 | 57 | .538 | 3 |
| Minnesota ..... | 65 | 69 | .485 | 14 |
| Texas ..... | 60 | 72 | .455 | 18 |
| California ..... | 59 | 74 | .444 | 19 5/3 |
| Chicago ..... | 57 | 75 | .432 | 21 |

**Wednesday's Results**

Boston 2, Texas 0.
Baltimore 7, Kansas City 1.
Cleveland 3, Chicago 0.
Minnesota 3, Milwaukee 2, 12 innings.
California 4, Detroit 1.
Oakland 5, New York 0.

**Thursday's Game**

Minnesota 5, Milwaukee 4.

# Wednesday

## *Minnesota Tops Milwaukee, 8-4*

BLOOMINGTON, Minn., Sept. 2 (UPI).—Butch Wynegar had four singles, including one during a four-run sixth inning today that carried the Minnesota Twins to an 8-4 victory over the Milwaukee Brewers.

Lyman Bostock and Rod Carew added three hits each in the Twins' 17-hit attack and Tom Johnson, 2-1, stopped the Brewers on six hits over the last 8 1/3 innings. Johnson, now 2-1, came on with two out in the first after the Brewers bombed Eddie Bane for three runs on four hits.

*To Replace Gilliam*

# ings' Success May Depend a Rookie—Sammy White

By William N. Wallace

MINGTON, Minn., Sept. ).—How can the destiny ssive football team, as to ss or failure in the com- n, depend upon the abil- one 22-year-old rookie rom Ruston, La., named White? This could be a ball team, of Super Bowl —the Minnesota Vikings. ball team is a complexity and when they all mesh ngs take place. Sammy the key cog in this ma- at begins the trip to the wl on Sept. 12. The cy chain works in this

rage football game has e each team about 60 plays, not counting that means 12 to 14 dif- fensive series and the is to score on four of th touchdowns or field r a total of 24 to 28 Any competent defense e able to win with 24 to , giving up in retort 21 To score 24 to 28 points National Football League needs all its tools, run- l passing ability to left ight. It also must have r athlete in one or two who can make the big

se 60 plays, only four or really matter as to how score comes out. Those five big plays will be a r failure dependent upon ty of the super athlete them. And so back to White.

must be the big play- r the Vikings this season. oreman, the marvelous back, can gain 1,000 d catch 70 passes, the an hold the opponent to s a game, and these can still be wasted if White fails to achieve the ions set for him.

Gilliam, the former wide was the big playmaker Vikings over the last seasons. When Frank on needed the big play he Gilliam as his pass re- It was Gilliam's failure the big play, the impos- tch, four times in last 's playoff defeat to the Cowboys that cost the the opportunity to play uper Bowl again.

l left the Vikings to join anta Falcons. Knowing advance, the Vikings in age draft last April im- y struck for wide re- and took White and Leonard Willie from Ohio State in the highest rounds.

Two preseason games ago White began to make the big plays. The Viking's abbor preseason games and use them, if at all, to try out the one or two new players who have a chance to qualify for this seasoned team. White has been the qualifier this summer. Against the Cincinnati Bengals and, last Saturday night, against the Philadelphia Eagles the rookie from Grambling College made the impossible catches, on second and third downs, for the big yardage that Tarkenton must have.

# *NFL Giants Pick Up Snead, Released by San Francisco*

PLEASANTVILLE, N.Y., Sept. 2 (UPI).—Norm Snead, 37-year-old quarterback released by San Francisco, was signed yesterday by the New York Giants.

Snead was a starter for the Giants before being traded at the end of the 1974 exhibition season.

To make room for Snead, the Giants placed rookie quarterback Jerry Golsteyn of Northern Illinois on the deactivated list.

Earlier, they signed another of their former players, kick-returner Randy Colbert.

In other NFL action:

Detroit Lions—Boasting a new, mean linebacker, Ed O'Neill, they take on the Baltimore Colts tonight in the finale of their exhibition season. O'Neill, the Lions' No. 1 draft choice in 1974, was on the injured list much of last year, but "has become a mean player," assistant coach Jerry Glanville said.

The Colts bring a 2-3 record to the clash before an anticipated 50,000 fans at hastily repaired Pontiac Stadium, which was hit by a heavy storm last week. The Lions are 2-4.

Pittsburgh Steelers—Wide receiver Lynn Swann participated in drills after missing Saturday's Dallas game with an ankle injury.

Tight end Larry Brown's charley horse was sufficiently healed for him to practice in pads and middle linebacker Jack Lambert was practicing after missing five weeks with a shoulder separation.

Houston Oilers—Running back Altie Taylor, tardy in reporting to the camp after an Aug. 23 trade, will be ready this week to negotiate a $100,000 contract, his agent said. The Oilers acquired Taylor from Detroit on Aug. 23 only to find he had checked into a hospital Aug. 22 suffering from what doctors called "mental exhaustion." Peter Huthwaite, who represents Taylor, said Taylor was physically and mentally run down because of the treatment he received with the Lions.

New England Patriots—Offensive lineman Steve Corbett went on the injured reserve list, out for the year, with recurrence of a pinched-nerve condition in his neck. Wide receiver Randy Vatana left the hospital after surgery for a triple fracture of the cheekbone. He likely will be sidelined four to six weeks.

Chicago Bears—Activated defensive end Jerry Meyers, rookie from Northern Illinois; waived rookie kicker Rick Danmeier of Sioux Falls College.

**Salter Ends Holdout**

MIAMI, Sept. 2 (AP).—Safety Bryant Salter ended a one-week holdout and reported to the Miami Dolphins, but his attorney said that it might be a brief stay.

Salter was traded by the Washington Redskins to Miami last week for safety Jake Scott and a second-round draft pick in 1977. Coach Don Shula gave him until Friday to report, then began fining him $200 a day.

## *Castro Attacks IOC for Lack Of Baseball*

HAVANA, Sept. 2 (Reuters).—Cuban Premier Fidel Castro attacked the International Olympic Committee yesterday for keeping baseball from the Olympic Games while including such "aristocratic" sports as riding and yachting.

He blamed it on the weight of European countries within the committee—"countries which do not know anything about baseball."

"Maybe one day we shall have proletarian riders, but now everybody plays baseball here," he told a rally at the opening of a school in Camaguey.

Baseball, the national game of the United States, also is the national sport in Cuba.

## *Flames Invite Swedish Player*

NTA, Sept. 2 (UPI).— Sweden's top young players, Kent Nilsson, has an invitation to attend lanta Flames training this fall, the National League team announced. g with the Djurgardens tholm last season, Nilsson 28 goals and 26 assists in

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## Observer

# Dozing on the Beach

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK—For summer we went to the islands. Everyone said they were so much more well-bred than the swamps and not half so dressy as the Hamptons, and besides everyone we knew was going to the Hamptons, which was a bore.

Baker

Everyone else we knew was on the islands when we got there, and we all congratulated ourselves on not having gone to the hills. Afterward we went to the beach where I was run over by an automobile while dozing on the sand. We joked about it in the evening having cocktails at the Simpsons', and everybody said I would have had far fewer fractures if I had gone to the New Jersey Turnpike. On the islands, the wit was intense. Everyone attributed it to the good air and the less dressy ambiance.

We had dinner at the Bartlebys' and met the Cardozos, and then had dinner at the Cardozos' and met the Bartlebys. Bartleby enchanted us all by telling us we were the kind of people who could make a million dollars if we sincerely wanted wealth, which none of us did, because wealth was such an uncouth aspiration. Afterward we felt splendid about our indifference to materialism and went to the King's Dory for sazeracs and Irish coffee and to look at famous writers letting their hair down.

Next day we had lunch at the Hazeltines' and met the Bartlebys, the Cardozos and the Simpsons, who were terribly distraught because their daughter had been run over by a car while dozing on the beach. Hazeltine, who wanted people to talk about him instead of the Simpsons, got a fishbone caught in his throat in the middle of lunch and had to be rushed to the hospital.

One day we heard from the Hemphills that the Arlens were on the islands, with one of the Kennedys, or perhaps Jean-Paul Sartre. This was shocking news, for the Arlens never came to the islands, but always went to the inlands. The Arlens' taste for the inlands, in fact, was so pronounced that they never even went to the Hamptons, although both were extremely dressy.

Hazeltine was so distressed about having the conversation turned from himself that he went swimming and came back with a large shark bite, which he insisted on showing us right in the middle of cocktails.

One night after we had all been dancing at the yacht club, the Eckerts had too much to drink and took off all their clothes and waltzed in the nude to impress Jean-Paul Sartre, who, someone had told them, was seated at the commodore's table. The police came and reminded the Eckerts that these were not the Hamptons, but the islands, and would probably have arrested them on the spot except for an emergency call to the beach where the Bartlebys had just been run over by an automobile.

At the Cardozos' outdoor dinner that weekend we met the Lees, who usually went to the keys and were overdressed for the islands, which made them feel gauche. There was a good bit of talk about them at the Simpsons' dinner next night. Eckert said he couldn't stand people who overdressed on the islands, and Bartleby said he could forgive their being overdressed, but could never forgive their having felt gauche about it.

Infuriated at having the entire evening spent on discussions of the Lees, Hazeltine left in a huff to look for Jean-Paul Sartre and ran over Dr. Vetch who was lying on the beach to perfect his moon tan.

As the summer wore on, we sensed the need for dramatic complication. Cardozo tried to supply it by flying off to the cape for a fling with the widow from Mount Kisco, but the moment turned to dross when we heard they had both been run over by a car while dozing on the beach at Truro.

The Bartlebys took up Zen, the Eckerts took to giving Monday brunches on their patio, the Simpsons took to wearing Ronald Reagan teeshirts to the A&P, and Hazeltine began disguising himself as Jean-Paul Sartre.

It was quite hopeless. Nothing worked, and summer was ending, and so, one day, after cocktails at the Cardozos', we all went to the beach and lay down and dozed, and a car ran over us.

*Educators say—often with evangelical fervor—that, through an approach called 'mastery teaching,' virtually every student can be brought to levels now thought to be within the reach of only a few.*

# Arguing That Most Students Can Earn A's

By Edward B. Fiske

NEW YORK (NYT).—Most schools in the United States, at whatever level, presume a high rate of educational failure. Teachers expect a handful of "bright" students to learn the material they are exposed to and earn A's. The rest, it is assumed, will learn something less and receive grades from B to F.

Is there any reason, though, why most students should not get A's? A growing number of educators in the United States and elsewhere believe that the answer is an emphatic no. They argue—often with evangelical fervor—that, through an approach called "mastery teaching," virtually every student can be brought to levels now thought to be within the reach of only a few.

The term "mastery teaching" was coined by Benjamin Bloom, a University of Chicago professor who in the early 1960s began to study why different children learn at different rates.

### Basic Concept

The basic concept is deceptively simple. Mastery teaching assumes, reasonably enough, that, given enough time and the right kind of learning exercises, just about every student can learn whatever a teacher has to offer. The trick is to organize the class to give each student the time and teaching he or she needs without slowing down the class as a whole.

This is done by reversing the usual classroom method of giving all students the same amount of exposure to the teaching of a given amount of material and then assuming that they will learn it with varying degrees of thoroughness. Instead, the amount of material to be thoroughly learned is held constant, and time becomes the variable.

Under the mastery approach, the teacher divides the curricular material into units than can be covered in, say, two weeks. At the end of the first unit students are tested to see whether they have learned the material. Those who have not are then given special assignments (known as "correctives") and retested, a process that is repeated until each student has demonstrated "mastery" of the unit. Only when virtually everyone has done this does the class move on to the next unit.

Aina O'Malley uses the method to teach grammar in a ninth-grade English class at Milwaukie High School in Milwaukie, Ore. In talking about nouns, for instance, she first explains what they are and, after some practice, tests what the students have learned. "If only half the class passes the first time, then I have the students who did pass explain it to those who didn't," she said.

### Different Ways

In the course of this "corrective" work she makes sure that the subject is presented in different ways. "They can use work sheets, alternate texts or listen to a tape recorder with a headset," she said. "Sometimes just hearing it from a peer instead of myself is what makes the difference." Most students, she said, pass the test the second time around, and then the class moves on to, say, pronouns. "If they don't pass the second time, then I take the students aside myself and continue to work until they do," she explained.

The most obvious objection to the mastery approach is that it short-changes the fast learner by gearing the class to the slowest ones. Practitioners reply, though, that while at the beginning of the term the pace of the class as a whole may be slowed, this is soon overcome by the enhanced learning ability of everyone. Mr. Bloom's researchers found that, once the mastery approach is well established, most students tend to pass a test the first time.

Overall efficiency is also achieved because, as James Block, a professor at the University of California at Santa Barbara, noted, "You don't waste a lot of time at the end of the term teaching what should have been learned earlier." In practice, however, many teachers defuse the fast-learner issue by dividing classes into fast and slow tracks and then employing the mastery approach within each group—a practice abhorred by purists such as Mr. Bloom.

### The Evidence

Despite the enthusiasm of teachers who have used it successfully, there has been virtually no independent research on mastery methods at the elementary and secondary level. Thomas Sticht, associate director of the National Institute of Education, said recently that there is evidence that this approach has helped persons who might otherwise be expected to fail to complete certain courses. "While it is not an unreasonable expectation," he said, "there is no conclusive evidence that it increases the rate of learning." Studies of the mastery approach at the college level have found it to be generally effective but subject to the drawback of any kind of independent study: Procrastination on the part of the student.

Mr. Bloom estimates that several million students are now being taught under the mastery techniques in the United States and abroad. In all such situations, some fundamental educational assumptions are being challenged.

Foremost among these is the belief that some students are simply incapable of learning what the teacher is teaching. Mastery teaching firmly asserts that, with the exception of a small minority of students with physiologically-based learning problems, all children are capable of academic success as traditionally defined.

### Social Experience

The assumption that everyone can experience academic success strikes at the credentialing function of educational institutions. If everyone does well, how will employers and graduate schools sort people out? It also undermines the competitiveness that lies at the heart of American education. Learning becomes a social experience, which in the process teaches social skills, rather than another battleground in which individuals struggle against each other for rewards that lie outside the learning process itself.

In a recent article in the College Board Review, Patricia Cross, a research psychologist, notes that since the 1950s educators have concentrated on expanding "access" to higher education for minority and other students who were previously excluded. While they have succeeded in getting students into school, they have not always known what to do with them.

Miss Cross argues that mastery education may be the key to solving this problem. "American higher education has worked hard for the quarter of a century to achieve education for all," she observes. "It looks very much as though we shall spend the remaining 24 years of this century working to achieve education for each."

# PEOPLE: *Mayor Beame Asks Carter's Advice*

"I need your advice on this—what should I send him?" New York Mayor Abraham Beame said with a straight face. He was showing Jimmy Carter an "electiongram" from President Ford, who once turned a deaf ear to New York City's plea for a federal loan, urging the mayor to contribute to the Ford election campaign. The appeal warned that, if Carter were elected president, the Democrats "will give us on a national scale the same kind of all-out welfare-state government that has been so disastrous in New York City." Carter laughed but offered no advice.

* * *

"I'm still a louse, and I will always be a louse," said tennis star Jimmy Connors after winning the opening round at the U.S. Open Tennis Tournament at Forest Hills, N.Y. "I may have changed my manners off the court, but I am still nasty on the court," Connors said. "You guys called me a louse when I was 15 so I decided to be a louse. I like it now and it brings in the customers." Connors, 23, has cultivated his reputation as a "louse" by staging tantrums and making ugly gestures at opponents.

* * *

Though he has been dead for 10 years, satiric novelist Evelyn Waugh has some new unkind words for the British upper classes that he ridiculed in his books. Waugh's diaries were published Thursday, revealing gossip about the high and fashionable that he jotted down from the time he was 7 until his death at 64. Some examples:

- Hearing that Randolph Churchill, son of the late Prime Minister Winston Churchill, had been operated on to remove a benign tumor from a lung, Waugh wrote, "It was a typical triumph of modern science to find the only part of Randolph that was not malignant and remove it."
- Waugh sneered at a book of poems by John Betjeman, the current poet laureate, writing that "John demonstrates how much more difficult it is to write blank verse than jingles," and raises the question: Why did he not go into his father's workshop?
- Waugh also dismissed the lower classes, saying, "It is impudent and exorbitant to demand truth from them." He was relieved when servants were fired because "one can throw away all the presents they have given one."



Plennie Wingo
... on the r[oad]

* * *

At age 81, Plennie Wing[o is] again on the march. In rev[erse.] Wingo, the unchallenged wo[rld] backward-walking champion [is] striding south while facing n[orth] on California's coastal High[way] No. 1. On Wednesday he [was] about halfway between the t[owns] of Cambria and Harmony, [...] miles south of San Fran[cisco,] where he began his walk Ju[ly ...] Wingo, who is walking in a [...] a gray fedora and glasses eq[uip]ped with rear-view mirrors, [came] out of retirement at the re[quest] of Ripley's Believe It or Not [Mu]seum. The museum is pa[ying] his expenses on the trip. W[ingo] strode backward into histor[y in] 1931-32 when he walked [...] miles from Santa Monica to [Is]tanbul. This time he's bound for Santa Monica, a[bout] 400 miles from his starting p[oint.] He expects to reach Santa M[oni]ca in October.

—SAMUEL JUSTIC[E]

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